12. Training neural networks for classification problems and project proposal discussion

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MANE 4962 and 6962

Regular announcement

- Quiz 4 on Feb 27.
- Quiz 4 is based on notes from Lecture 10.
- HW 4 is due Feb 27.
- Initial project proposal due March 2.

Outline

- We solved regression problems using a fully connected neural network, $y \in \mathbb{R}$
- Solve a binary classification problem using a fully connected neural network $y \in [0, 1]$
- Solve a multi-class classification problem using a fully connected neural networks $y \in \mathbb{R}^K$, K is the number of classes
- HW4 Hints
- Discussion about the initial and revised project proposal submission
- Study the notebooks for today's class



MNIST Digits

```
from keras.datasets import mnist

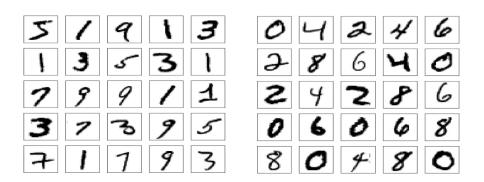
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()

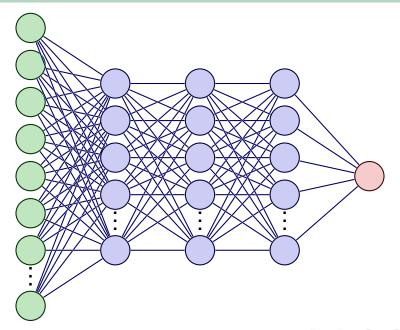
print("training images shapes: ", x_train.shape)
print("testing images shapes: ", x_test.shape)
print("training targets shapes: ", y_train.shape)
print("testing targers shapes: ", y_train.shape)
print("testing targers shapes: ", y_test.shape)

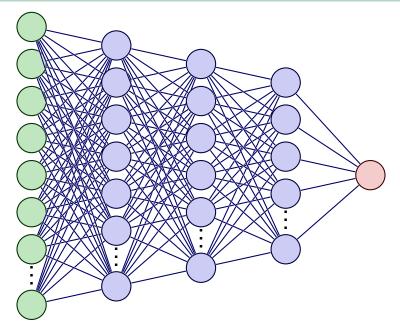
plt.imshow(x_train[0], cmap=plt.cm.gray_r, interpolation="nearest")
print(x_train[0])
```

Visualization of MNIST digits









Implementation in tensorflow

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
x_{train} = x_{train.reshape}(60000, 784)
x_{test} = x_{test.reshape}(10000, 784)
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255
x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255
v_train = v_train % 2
y_test = y_test % 2
```

Step 1: Preprocess the data as required by the problem.

9/19

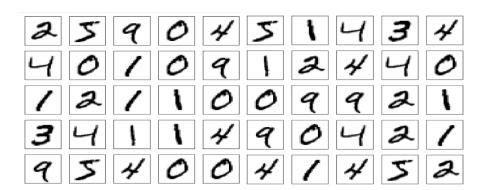
Step 2: Define model. You may need to perform cross-validation to find the optimal architecture.

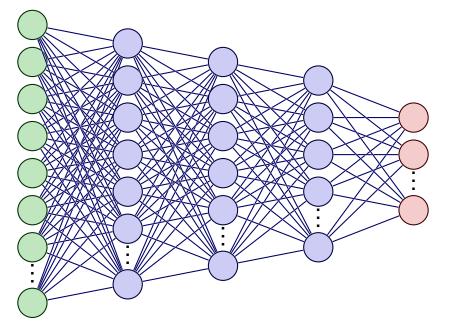
```
# Train the model
history = model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=10,
batch_size=64, validation_split=0.3)

plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Model Loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper left')

plt.show()
```

Step 3: Train model and analyze further. You can add more steps of postprocessing as needed.





Implementation in tensorflow

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
x_{train} = x_{train.reshape}(60000, 784)
x_{test} = x_{test.reshape}(10000, 784)
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255
x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255
# Convert the target data into one-hot encoding
y_train = to_categorical(y_train, 10)
v_test = to_categorical(v_test, 10)
```

Step 2: Define model. You may need to perform cross-validation to find the optimal architecture.

```
history = model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=10,
batch_size=64, validation_split=0.3)

plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Validation'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```

Step 3: Train model and analyze further. You can add more steps of postprocessing as needed.

HW4 hints

- P1. Identify the type of classification problem. Then use these ideas to code and answer the questions.
- P2. It is a regression problem. The question allows you to use any machine learning model to solve it. So, use whichever one you prefer. Try to identify the features and target and the rest should be pretty easy.

The CIFAR-10 image dataset

```
from keras.datasets import cifar10
      from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical
      import matplotlib.pvplot as plt
 5
      # First time you run this it will download the data
      (X train, v train), (X test, v test) = cifar10.load data()
 7
8
      cifar_classes = ['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird', 'cat',
9
                       'deer', 'dog', 'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck']
10
      print('Example training images and their labels: ' + str([x[0] for x in v train[0:5]]))
11
      print('Corresponding classes for the labels: ' + str([cifar_classes[x[0]] for x in y_train[0:5]]))
12
13
     f, axarr = plt.subplots(1, 5)
14
     f.set_size_inches(16, 6)
15
16
     for i in range(5):
17
          img = X train[i]
18
         axarr[i].imshow(img)
19
     plt.show()
```

Dataset description https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar.html

Project proposal

- Submit your initial project proposal.
- Revise it based on our feedback
- Follow the guidelines posted in LMS
- Work on your project and keep us informed.
- Better to work on something that you find interesting.