



SWINBURNE
UNIVERSITY OF
TECHNOLOGY

SWE20001

Managing Software Projects

Lecture 1a

Software Development Life Cycle,
SDLC



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Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC)



- The different stages developing software-intensive system

Software Development Lifecycle Model



- A model of the stages in SDLC
 - “Set of activities and their relationships to each other to support the development of a software system” (Bruegge and Dutoit)
- May be prescriptive or descriptive
- May be activity-centred or entity-centred

Various SDLC models



- Waterfall

- and its variants such as V, Throwaway prototyping

- Iterative Development

- Spiral

- The Unified process model

- Scrum – an agile model (non-traditional)

Note: There are others SDLC models as well.



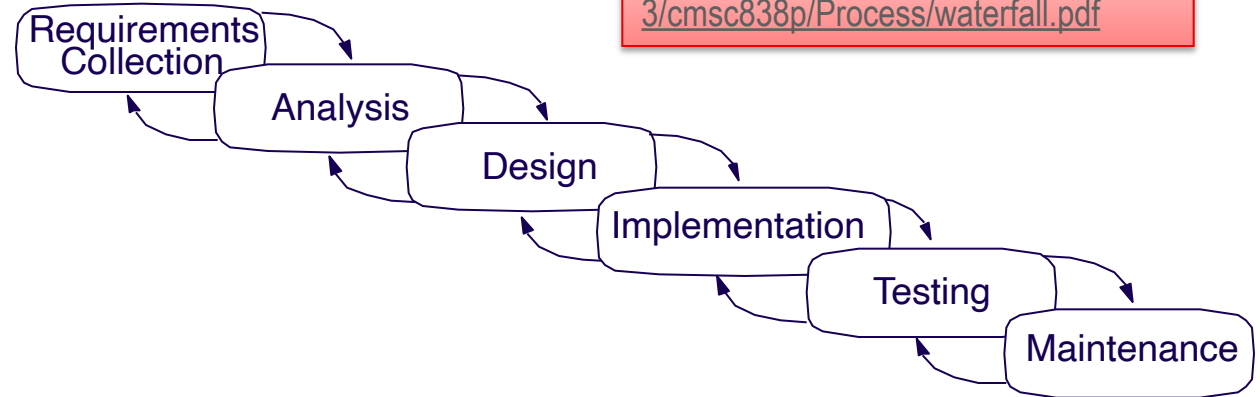
Macro Steps vs. Micro Steps

- Every SDLC model defines a process as an order of macro development steps
 - e.g.: Requirements analysis → design → coding → testing → ...
- Within each macro step, there may be lots of “micro” steps
 - e.g.: in the coding macro step, coding of each “module” is a micro step, and within that, writing the code and unit testing it are sub-steps
- A macro step may involve a repetition of micro steps

Waterfall Model



The classical software lifecycle models the software development as a step-by-step “waterfall” between the various development phases.



Winston Royce:

<http://www.cs.umd.edu/class/spring2003/cmsc838p/Process/waterfall.pdf>

The waterfall model is often problematic because:

- requirements must be *frozen early* in the life-cycle
- requirements are *validated late*



Problems with Waterfall Model

- No insight into **how** the transformation from one artefact to another takes place
- Requirements needed to be frozen at an early stage in the development (realistic for the kinds of military projects Royce was mainly concerned with)
- Too abstract to convey the complex process steps required to resolve the myriad of problems which arise at all stages of a software development.
- No recognition that software development is part science, part art.
- ☞ But: waterfall is quite adequate for *small, well-defined and well-scoped* problems!

Iterative Development



- In practice, development is often iterative, and activities progress in parallel (this has partly inspired recent approaches known as “*agile development*”).
- Plan to *iterate* your *analysis*, *design* and *implementation*

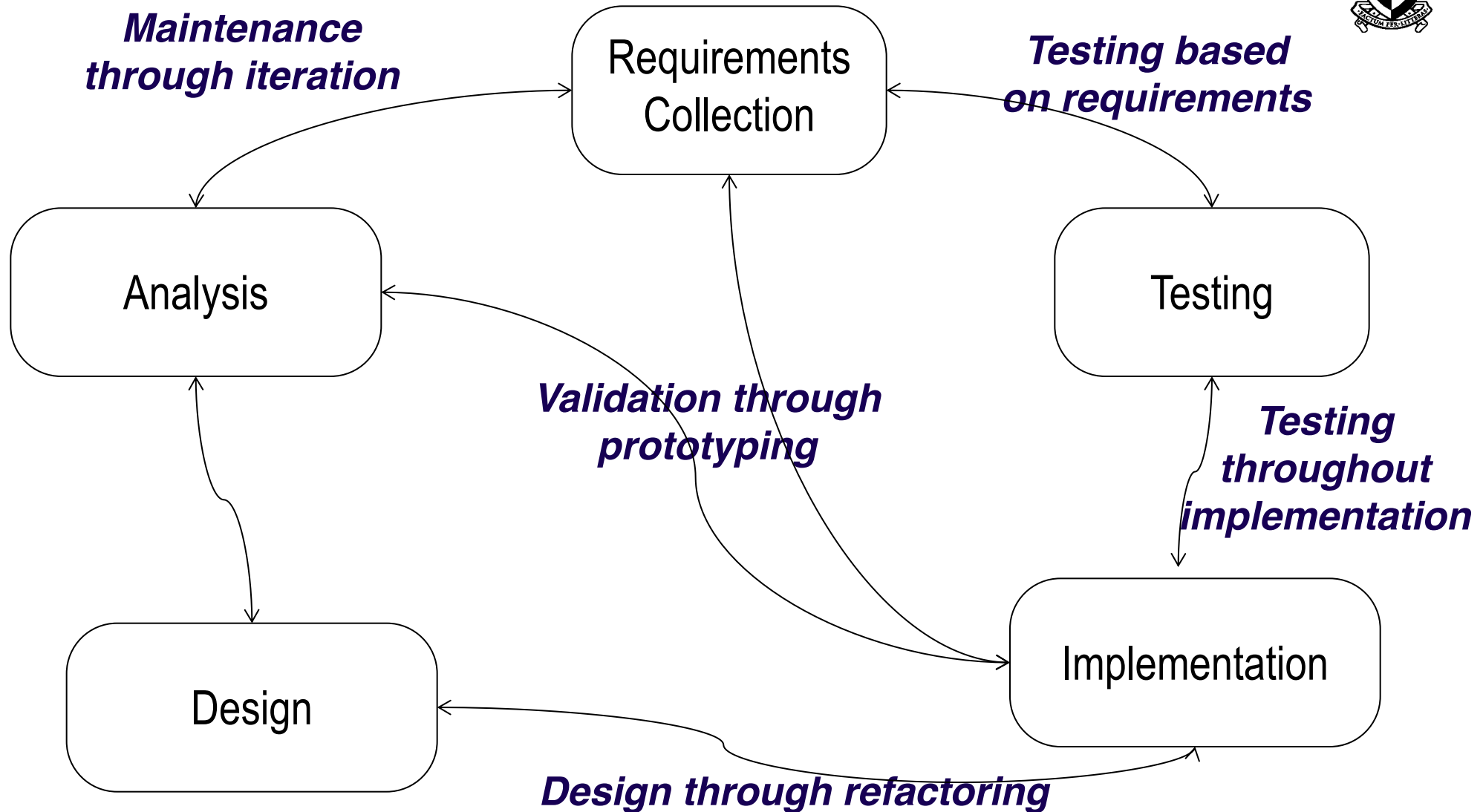
You will not get it right the first time, so *integrate*, *validate* and *test* as frequently as possible.

“You should use iterative development only on projects that you want to succeed.”

— Martin Fowler, UML Distilled



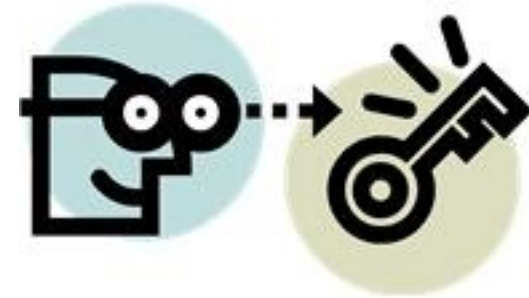
Iterative Development (cont'd)



Iterative Development (cont.)



But.....



*Needs a very understanding
and engaged client*

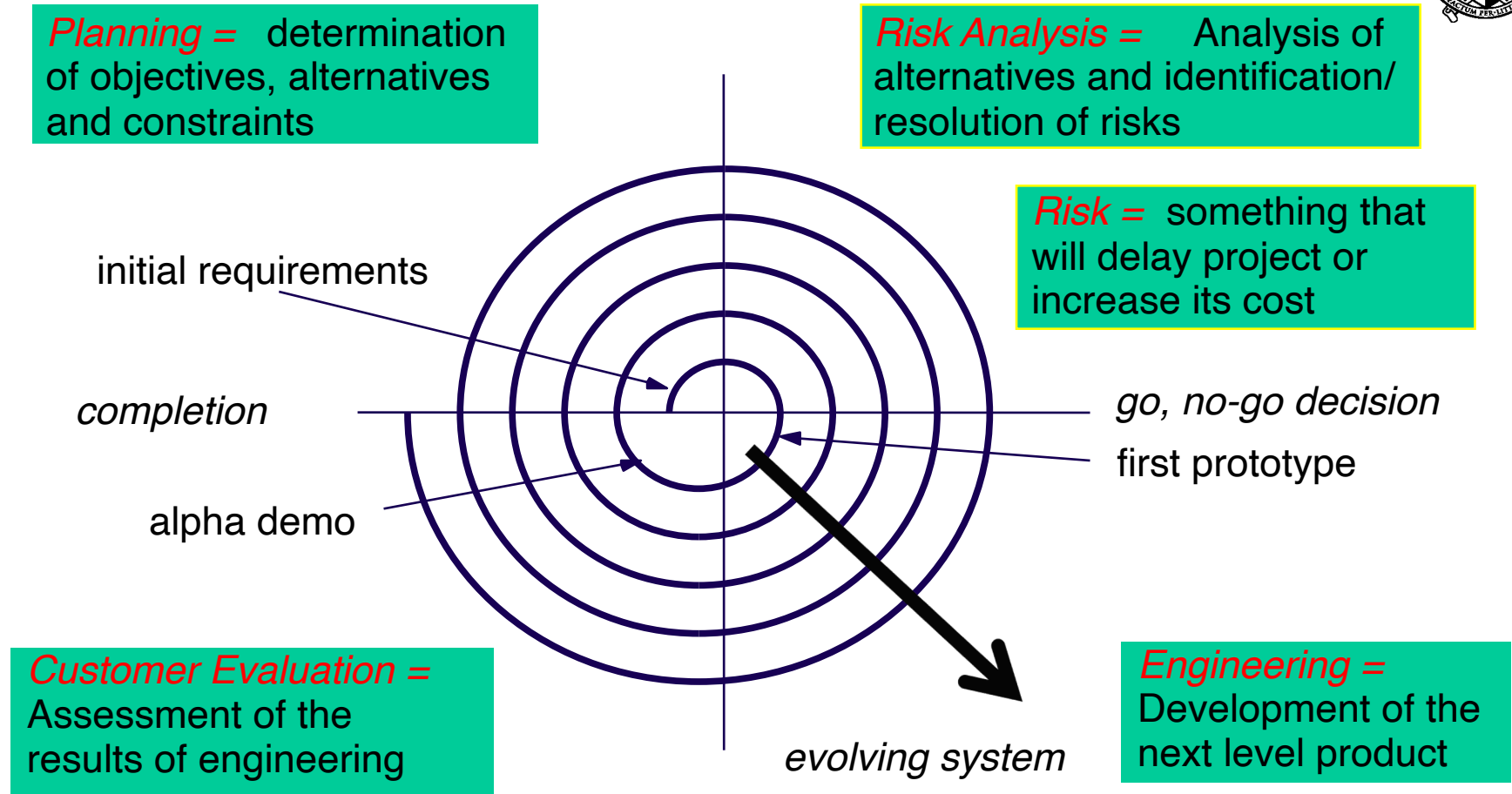


Boehm's Spiral Lifecycle

- A Management Process model with an emphasis on *analysing risks at regular stages* during development
- Risks are *consequences of inadequate information* and are resolved by initiating some actions to discover information which reduces uncertainty
 - ☐ interface risk -> develop prototype
 - ☐ feasibility risk -> buy information
- At each level of the spiral, any development model can be used
 - ☐ prototyping to resolve requirement risk
 - ☐ interface may be developed using reuse
 - ☐ conventional waterfall can be used too



Boehm's Spiral Lifecycle (cont.)

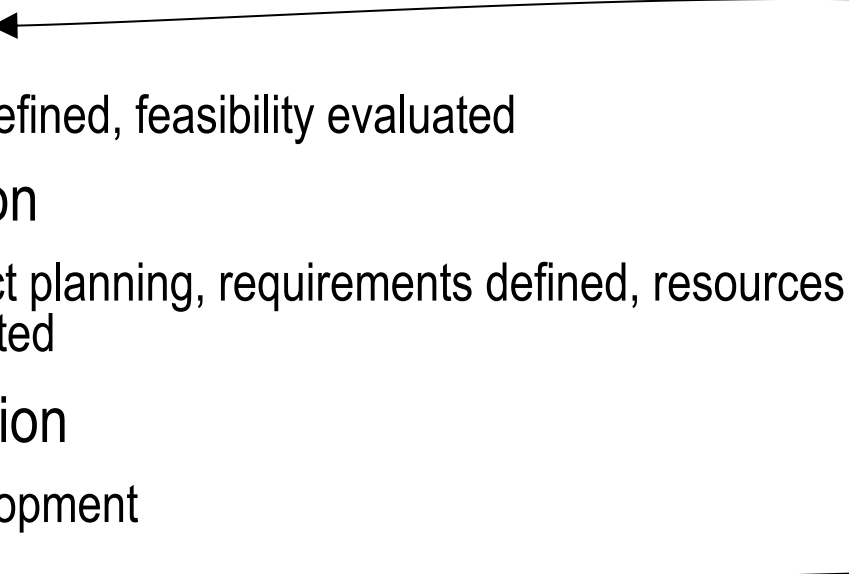


Source: Barry Boehm, *A Spiral Model of Software Development and Enhancement*, IEEE Computer, 21(5):61-72, May 1988

The Unified Process



4 phases:

- ☐ Inception 
 - ☐ Idea refined, feasibility evaluated
- ☐ Elaboration
 - ☐ Project planning, requirements defined, resources allocated
- ☐ Construction
 - ☐ Development
- ☐ Transition
 - ☐ Installation, maintenance

Cycle

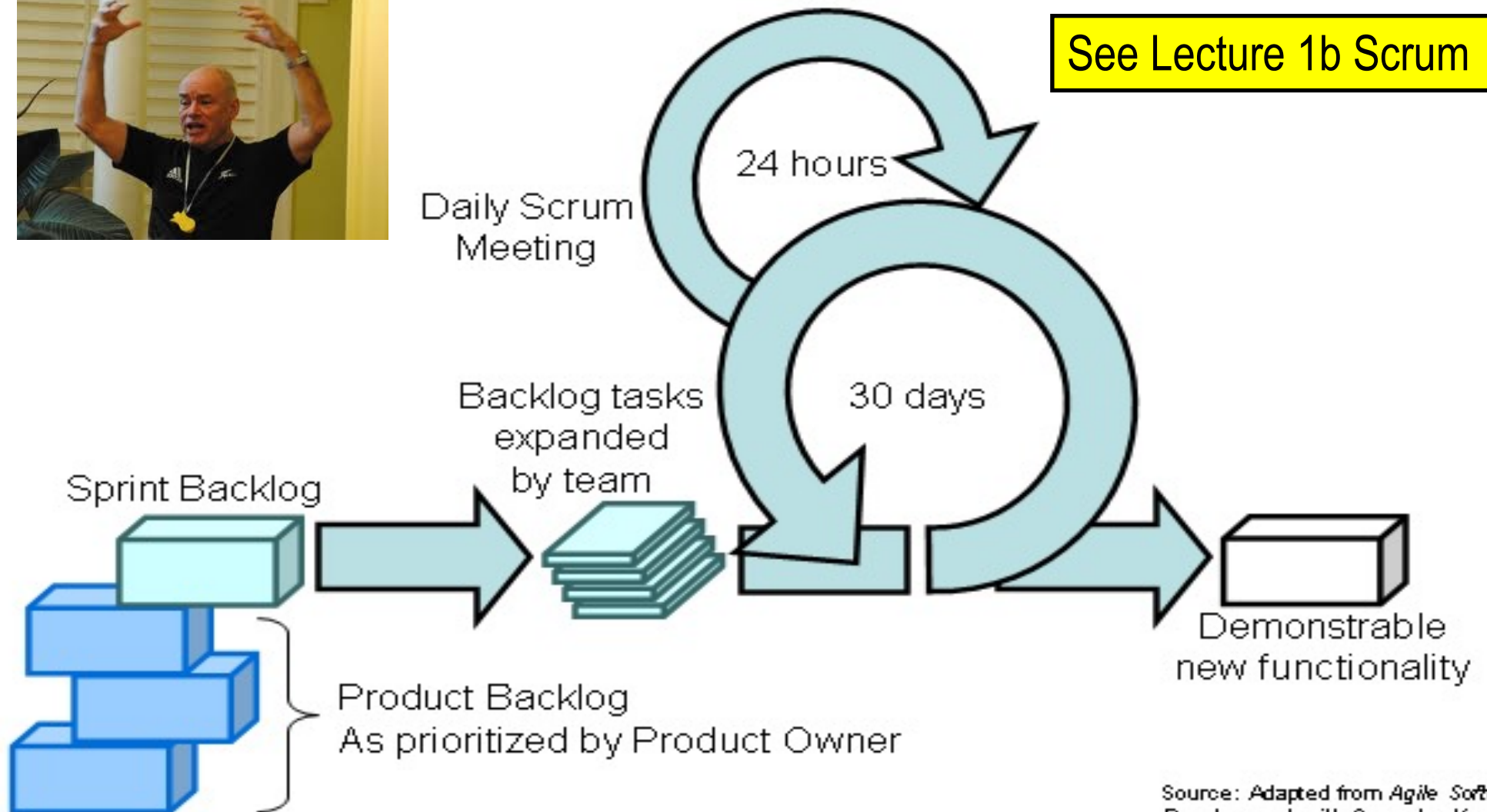
References: <http://www.rational.com/products/rup>
<http://www.ootips.org/rup.html>



Scrum – an Agile Development Method



See Lecture 1b Scrum



Source: Adapted from *Agile Software Development with Scrum* by Ken Schwaber and Mike Beedle.

Choosing an appropriate SDLC



- Monthly sales reporting system
 - ☐ Software that analyzes sales data and prints the monthly sales report
- Flight simulation system
 - ☐ Software that simulates the flying of an airplane to train the pilot
- X-ray medical imaging system
 - ☐ Software that controls an X-ray machine to take image of human body tissues

What you should know!



- What is an SDLC model?
- How many SDLC models can you name and describe?