```
package SplayTree;
import List.LNode;
 * SplayTree class is a Binary Search Tree data structure that implements single and double, left and
 * right, AVL rotations to 'splay' a tree to the root any time that it is accessed. If an item is added
 * to the tree more than once; a counter, c, of TNode is incremented by one. Implemented operations are:
 * insert
               Insert a String into the tree.
               Locate a String in the tree and promote it to the root.
 * find
 * inOrder
               Perform an In-Order (Symmetric-Order) traversal of the tree.
 * preOrder
               Perform a Pre-Order traversal of the tree.
 * delete
               Find a String in the tree, promote it to the root, then remove it.
 * When an inOrder/preOrder traversal is performed, the word will be printed to the console with it's
  respective number of occurrences next to it (word - #).
 * ***************** Valid Input ************
 * words
               An LNode linear linked-list of Strings.
 Insert a given String into the tree.
 * find
               Locate a given String in the tree and promote it to the root.
 * inOrder
               Perform an In-Order traversal of the tree, output to console.
               Perform a Pre-Order traversal of the tree, output to console.
  preOrder
               Find and remove a given string from the tree.
 * delete
 * ******** Global Variables ***********
 * data
               Private variable for root pointer.
  <u>@author</u> Matt Laidman (5199807)
  @version 1.0 (November 2, 2014)
public class SplayTree {
                                                              // Private TNode root pointer
    private TNode data;
     * Public constructor to call private buildTree function with list of words.
                       The list of words to build the tree from.
      <u>@param</u> words
    public SplayTree(LNode words) {
       buildTree(words);
                                                              // Call private buildTree function
   }
     * Public insert function to call private insert function with data.
                       The String to add to the tree.
      @param item
      @return
                       The tree with item added.
    public TNode insert (String item) {
        data = insert(data, item);
                                                              // Call private insert function
       return data;
    }
     * Public find function to call private find function with data.
                       The String to find in the tree.
      @param item
      @return
                       The tree with item as the root.
```

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*/
@SuppressWarnings("unused")
public TNode find (String item) {
                                                             // Call private find function
    data = find(data, item);
    return data;
}
 * Public inOrder function to call private inOrder function with data.
public void inOrder ( ) {
    inOrder(data);
                                                             // Call private inOrder function
}
 * Public preOrder function to call private preOrder function with data.
public void preOrder ( ) {
    preOrder(data);
                                                             // Call private preOrder function
}
 * Public delete function to call private delete function with data.
 * @param item
                    The String to find and remove from tree.
  <u>@return</u>
                    The tree with item removed.
public TNode delete (String item) {
    data = delete(data, item);
                                                             // Call private delete function
   return data;
}
 * Private delete calls the find function to locate the item in the tree and promote it to the root.
 * If there are multiple occurrences of item in the tree, the TNode's count, c, is decremented,
 * otherwise it is removed from the tree.
 * @param tree
                    The tree to remove item from.
 * @param item
                    The String to remove form the tree.
 * <u>@return</u>
                    The tree with item removed.
private TNode delete (TNode tree, String item) {
    if (tree == null) {
                                                             // If null tree, return null
        return null;
    tree = find(tree, item);
                                                             // Find item in tree
    if (tree.key.compareTo(item) != 0) {
                                                             // If item not in tree
        return tree;
    if(tree.c > 1) {
                                                             // If multiple occurrences
                                                             // Decrement c
        tree.c--;
        return tree;
    if (tree.left != null && tree.right != null) {
                                                             // If node has left and right children
        TNode ptr = find(tree.right, successor(tree).key);
        ptr.left = tree.left;
                                                             // Promote successor to root of right
        return ptr;
                                                             // Attach left subtree to successor
                                                             // If right null child
    } else if (tree.left != null) {
        return tree.left;
                                                             // Point around root
                                                             // If left null child
    } else {
        return tree.right;
                                                             // point around root
```

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}
 * Private successor function performs the successor algorithm (right once, left as far as possible)
 * on a given node and returns it's successor
 * @param tree
                    The TNode to Locate successor of.
                    The successor of the given TNode.
  @return
private TNode successor (TNode tree) {
    tree = tree.right;
                                                             // Right once
   if (tree == null) {
                                                             // If null tree, return null
        return null;
   while (tree.left != null) {
                                                             // Left as far as possible
        tree = tree.left;
    return tree;
                                                             // Return successor
}
 * Private preOrder function recursively performs a Pre-Order traversal of the tree.
  @param tree
                    The tree to traverse.
private void preOrder (TNode tree) {
    System.out.println(tree.key + " - " + tree.c);
                                                            // Print node contents (visit)
    if (tree.left != null) {
                                                             // If tree has left child7
                                                             // Recursive call left
        inOrder(tree.left);
    if (tree.right != null) {
                                                             // If tree has right child
                                                             // Recursive call right
        inOrder(tree.right);
}
 * Private inOrder function recursively performs an In-Order traversal of the tree.\
                    The tree to traverse.
  @param tree
private void inOrder (TNode tree) {
    if (tree.left != null) {
                                                             // If tree has left child7
        inOrder(tree.left);
                                                             // Recursive call left
    System.out.println(tree.key + " - " + tree.c);
                                                             // Print node contents (visit)
    if (tree.right != null) {
                                                             // If tree has right child
        inOrder(tree.right);
                                                             // Recursive call right
}
 * Private insert function calls the find function to locate item in tree. If item is returned as
 * the root, the TNode's count is incremented. Otherwise, the String's insertion point will have been
 st promoted to the root and the item will be added to the tree. The function will then call the find
 * function on the item again to promote it to the root.
 * <u>@param</u> tree
                    The tree to add item to.
 * @param item
                    The String to add to the tree.
                    The tree with item added.
  @return
private TNode insert (TNode tree, String item) {
    TNode pres, prev;
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if (tree == null) {
                                                              // If null tree, return new TNode
        tree = new TNode(item);
        return tree;
    tree = find(tree, item);
                                                              // Attempt to find item in tree
                                                              // If new root is item
    if (item.compareTo(tree.key) == 0) {
                                                              // Increment c
        tree.c++;
        return tree;
    }
    pres = tree;
    prev = pres;
    if (item.compareTo(pres.key) < 0) {</pre>
                                                              // Locate insertion point
        pres = pres.left;
    } else {
        pres = pres.right;
                                                             // If no left/right child
    if (pres == null) {
        if (item.compareTo(prev.key) < 0) {</pre>
                                                              // Add to root left child
            prev.left = new TNode(item);
        } else {
            prev.right = new TNode(item);
                                                              // Add to root right child
        }
    } else {
                                                              // Otherwise add to root's child
        if (item.compareTo(pres.key) < 0) {</pre>
            pres.left = new TNode(item);
                                                              // Add as left child
        } else {
            pres.right = new TNode(item);
                                                              // Add as right child
                                                              // Find item again
    tree = find(tree, item);
    return tree;
}
 * Private find function locates a given String in the tree and calls the private splay function
 st with the appropriate TNodes along the way to promote it, or it's would-be parent to the root.
 * @param tree
                    The tree to locate item in.
 * @param item
                    The String to Locate.
  <u>@return</u>
                    The tree with item as root.
private TNode find (TNode tree, String item) {
    TNode grandparent, parent, ptr;
    if (tree == null) {
                                                              // If null tree, return null
        return null;
    if (item.compareTo(tree.key) == 0) {
                                                              // If current root is item, return tree
        return tree;
    } else {
                                                              // Point to root
        ptr = tree;
        while (true) {
                                                              // parent points to ptr
            parent = ptr;
            if (item.compareTo(ptr.key) < 0 && ptr.left != null) {</pre>
                                                              // Point left if less than
                ptr = ptr.left;
            } else if (item.compareTo(ptr.key) > 0 && ptr.right != null) {
                                                              // Point right if greater than
                ptr = ptr.right;
            if (parent == ptr) {
                                                              // Return ptr if root equal
                return ptr;
            } else if (item.compareTo(ptr.key) == 0) {
                                                              // Return splay if first child equal
                return splay(ptr, parent, null);
            grandparent = parent;
                                                              // grandparent points to parent
                                                              // parent points to ptr
            parent = ptr;
            if (item.compareTo(ptr.key) < 0 && ptr.left != null) {</pre>
                                                             // Point left if less than
                ptr = ptr.left;
            } else if (item.compareTo(ptr.key) > 0 && ptr.right != null) {
                ptr = ptr.right;
                                                              // Point right is greater than
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if (parent != ptr) {
                                                             // If three TNodes to splay
                ptr = splay(ptr, parent, grandparent);
                                                             // Point to splay of three TNodes
                                                             // Otherwise two TNodes to splay
            } else {
                return splay(parent, grandparent, null);
                                                             // Return splay of two TNodes
            if (item.compareTo(ptr.key) == 0) {
                return ptr;
                                                             // If ptr equals item return ptr as root
            }
        }
   }
}
 * Private splay function 'splays' the given ptr with respect to its parent and grandparent to the
 * local root by calling the appropriate AVL rotations. If grandparent is null, only a single
 * rotation is performed on the parent TNode.
 * @param ptr
                        The TNode to splay to the top.
 * @param parent
                        The parent of the TNode
 * @param grandparent
                        The grandparent of the TNode
                        The TNode splayed to the top.
  @return
private TNode splay (TNode ptr, TNode parent, TNode grandparent) {
    if (grandparent == null) {
                                                             // If null grandparent pointer
        if (ptr == parent.left) {
             return singleR(parent);
                                                             // Single right rotation with parent
        } else {
            return singleL(parent);
                                                             // Single Left rotation with parent
    } else {
                                                             // Otherwise three TNodes
        if (parent == grandparent.left && ptr == parent.right) {
                                                             // If left-right; double right rotation
            return doubleR(grandparent);
        } else if (parent == grandparent.right && ptr == parent.left) {
            return doubleL(grandparent);
                                                            // If right-left; double left rotation
        } else if (parent == grandparent.left && ptr == parent.left) {
            return doubleSR(grandparent);
                                                            // If left-left; double single right
        } else {
                                                             // Else right right
            return doubleSL(grandparent);
                                                             // Double single left rotation
    }
}
 * Private singleR function performs the single right AVL rotation on a given TNode and its left
 * child.
 * @param tree
                    The TNode to rotate.
                    The rotated TNode.
  @return
private TNode singleR (TNode tree) {
    TNode ptr = tree.left;
                                                             // Current points left to left child's
    tree.left = ptr.right;
                                                             // right child
    ptr.right = tree;
                                                             // Left child points right to current
                                                             // Return current TNode
    return ptr;
}
 * Private doubleR functions performs the double right AVL rotation by calling the singleL and
 * singleR functions.
  @param tree
                    The TNode to rotate.
                    The rotated TNode
  <u>@return</u>
private TNode doubleR (TNode tree) {
```

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tree.left = singleL(tree.left);
                                                             // Left rotation on left child
   return singleR(tree);
                                                             // Right rotation on current
}
 * Private doubleSR function performs the double single right AVL-like rotation for the top-down
 * implementation of a splay tree by calling the singleR function twice with the appropriate TNodes.
 * @param tree
                    The TNode to rotate.
 * <u>@return</u>
                    The rotated TNode.
private TNode doubleSR (TNode tree) {
    tree.left = singleR(tree.left);
                                                             // Right rotation on left child
    return singleR(tree);
                                                             // Return right rotation on current TNode
}
 * Private singleL function performs the single left AVL rotation on a given TNode and its right
 * child.
 * @param tree
                    The TNode to rotate.
                    The rotated TNode.
  @return
private TNode singleL (TNode tree) {
                                                             // Current points right to right child's
    TNode ptr = tree.right;
                                                             // Left child
    tree.right = ptr.left;
    ptr.left = tree;
                                                             // Right child points left to current
    return ptr;
                                                             // Return current TNode
}
 * Private doubleL function performs the double left AVL rotations by calling the singleL and singleL
 * functions.
 * @param tree
                    The TNode to rotate.
                    The rotated TNode.
  <u>@return</u>
private TNode doubleL (TNode tree) {
    tree.right = singleR(tree.right);
                                                             // Right rotation on right child
                                                             // Left rotation on current
    return singleL(tree);
}
 * Private doubleSL function performs the double single left AVL-like rotation for the top-down
 * implementation of a splay tree by calling the singleL function twice with the appropriate TNodes.
 * @param tree
                    The TNode to rotate.
  <u>@return</u>
                    The rotated TNode.
private TNode doubleSL (TNode tree) {
    tree.right = singleL(tree.right);
                                                            // left rotation on right child
                                                             // Return Left rotation of current
    return singleL(tree);
}
 * Private buildTree function adds each word given in the list to the tree. SplayTreeException is
 * thrown if a null list is given.
 * @param words
                    The list of words to add to the tree.
private void buildTree (LNode words) {
```

```
if (words == null) {
         throw new SplayTreeException();
}
while (words != null) {
         data = insert(words.key);
         words = words.next;
         // Get next word
}
}
```