```
package jlisp;
  3
         import java.util.Scanner;
  4
  5
           * COSC 2P03 Assignment 1
  6
  7
  8
          * Created by Matt Laidman on September 10, 2014.
           * Student Number 5199807
10
           * This interpreter will allow you to set and call LISP data types.
11
12
           * Can set literally, but referencing other variables does not work :(
13
          * susus a sus a s
14
15
16
           * setq var '(atomic (atomic2 atomic3) atomic4)
17
           *print var
18
            *print
19
           *stop
20
           21
22
23
           *reserved Set of reserved words (lisp commands)
24
           *command Entered LISP command
25
                                Variable to be set/printed
26
           *statement Structure to store
27
           *literal If statement was literal
           *myLISP Stored LISPs
28
29
30
           *<u>@author</u> Matt Laidman (5199807)
31
           * <u>@version</u> 1.0 (September 19, 2014)
32
33
34 public class jLISP {
35
36
              private String[] reserved = {"setq", "print"};
37
              private String command, var, statement;
38
              private boolean literal;
39
              private Node myLISP;
40
41
              public jLISP(){
                  String in = "
42
                  command = "";
43
44
                  while (!in.equalsIgnoreCase("stop")) {
                                                                                                                                         // Main input loop, "stop" quits
45
                       in = new Scanner(System.in).nextLine();
                                                                                                                                              // Get input
46
                       if (!in.equalsIgnoreCase("stop")) {
47
                            parse(in);
                                                                                                       // Convert input to command/var/literal/
48
                            if (!isValid()) {
                                                                                                         // Check valid command and parentheses
49
                                 System.out.println("ERR - Invalid Input");
                                                                                                                                                 // statement variables
50
                            } else {
51
                                interpret();
                                                                                                       // Interpret command
52
53
54
55
              }
56
57
58
               *Method determines if command entered is setq or print and
```

```
calls the appropriate functions.
 60
 61
 62
       private void interpret(){
 63
         Node ptr = myLISP;
         if (command.equalsIgnoreCase("setq")) {
 64
                                                                 // If command is setq
           if (var.equals("") || statement.equals("")) { // No statement or var given
 65
 66
             System.out.println("ERR - No statement/var to set");
 67
           } else {
 68
             if (varExists(var)) {
                                                   // Check if var already exists
 69
                getNode(var).down = null;
                                                         // Clear subtree if it does
 70
             } else {
 71
               addVar(var);
                                                 // Create var if it does
 72
 73
             setq(getNode(var));
                                                     // Call setq
 74
 75
         } else if (command.equalsIgnoreCase("print")){
                                                                    // If command is print
 76
           if (var.equals("")) {
                                                   // If print all
 77
             while (ptr.right != null) {
               statement = ptr.data + " = (";
 78
 79
                                                         // Call print
               statement = print(ptr.down);
 80
               System.out.println(statement);
 81
               ptr = ptr.right;
 82
 83
             statement = ptr.data + " = (";
 84
             statement = print(ptr.down);
 85
             System.out.println(statement);
 86
           } else if (varExists(var)) {
  statement = ptr.data + " = (";
                                                     // If print single var and var exists
 87
             statement = print(getNode(var).down);
 88
                                                                // Call print
 89
             System.out.println(statement);
 90
           { else {
             System.out.println("ERR - No such variable");
 91
                                                                   // If var given does not
     exist
 92
 93
       }
 94
 95
 96
 97
        st Recursively builds the LISP data structure from the given input statement
 98
 99
        * <u>@param</u> ptr
                         The current Node to set
100
101
102
       @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
103
       private void setq (Node ptr) {
104
         if (statement.length() == 0) {
                                                        // If no statement, return
105
           return;
106
107
108
         statement = trim(statement);
                                                         // Trim statement (remove leading
109
         if (statement.length() > 0 \&\& statement.charAt(0) == '(') { // If opening
     parenthesis, build down
110
           ptr.down = new Node(null, null, null);
111
           statement = statement.substring(1);
112
                                                   // Call self with down Node
           setq(ptr.down);
         }
113
```

```
if (statement.length() > 0 && statement.charAt(0) == ')') \ // If closing
     parenthesis, return
115
            statement = statement.substring(1);
116
           return;
117
         if (statement.length() > 0 && statement.charAt(0)!=')') { // If element, build
118
119
           if (!literal && varExists(getElem(statement))) {
                                                                    // If not literal and var
     exists
120
              ptr.right = getNode(getElem(statement));
121
              statement = statement.substring(1);
122
                                                   // Call self with right Node
              setq(ptr.right);
123
                                             // If not literal, or literal and var does not
124
              ptr.right = new Node(getElem(statement), null, null); // exist
125
              statement = statement.substring(1);
126
                                                  // Call self with right Node.
              setq(ptr.right);
127
128
         }
       }
129
130
131
132
        *Recursively adds each element in the tree to the statement variable
133
        * to be returned and printed to the console.
134
135
        * <u>@param</u> lisp
                         The var to print
136
        * <u>@return</u>
                       The string representation of the LISP
137
138
139
       private String print (Node lisp) {
140
         if (lisp.data!= null) {
                                                    // If Node contains element
141
           if (statement.charAt(statement.length()-2) == ')') {
                                                                     // If previous char in
     statement is ')'
142
             statement = statement + " ";
                                                        // Add space
143
            }
           statement = statement + lisp.data + " ";
144
                                                              // Add element to statement
145
146
         if (lisp.right == null && lisp.data!= null) {
                                                                // If end of list/sublist
                                                        // If not parent var
147
            if (!lisp.data.equals(var)) {
              if (statement.charAt(statement.length()-\check{1}) == \check{1}) { // If space previous,
148
     remove it
149
                statement = statement.substring(0, statement.length()-1);
150
              statement = statement + ")";
151
                                                         // Add')' to statement
152
           }
153
154
         if (lisp.down!= null) {
                                                     // If sublist
            statement = statement + "(";
155
                                                         //Add '(' to statement
156
           print(lisp.down);
                                                    // Call self with down Node
157
158
         if (lisp.right != null) {
                                                    // If there is another element
159
            print(lisp.right);
                                                   // Call self with right Node
160
161
                                                    // Return completed statement
         return statement;
162
163
164
165
        * Parses the given input into the command, var, literal, and setq commands
166
```

```
<u> 167</u>
         @param in
                         The input to parse
168
169
170
       private void parse (String in) {
171
         char[] inA = in.toCharArray();
                                                           // Convert input to array
172
         command = "";
                                                   // Clear variables
         var = "";
173
         statement = "";
174
175
         literal = false;
176
         int i = 0;
177
         while (i < inA.length && inA[i] != ' ') {
                                                              // Get command from first
     piece of input
178
           command = command + inA[i];
179
           i++;
180
181
         i++;
182
         while (i < inA.length && inA[i] != ' ') {
                                                             // Get var from second piece
183
           var = var + inA[i];
184
           i++;
185
         }
186
         i++;
187
         if (i < inA.length && inA[i] == '\") {
                                                          // Get if statement is literal
188
           literal = true;
189
           i++;
190
191
         while (i < inA.length) {
                                                      // Get statement from rest of input
192
            statement = statement + inA[i];
193
            i++;
194
         }
       }
195
196
197
        * Gets the next element to be set from statement
198
199
200
        * <u>@param</u> in
                         The current statement variable to get element from
201
                       The next element to be set
        * <u>@return</u>
202
203
204
       private String getElem (String in) {
205
         String next = "";
206
         char[] inA = in.toCharArray();
                                                           // Convert in to array
207
         int i = 0;
208
209
         while (i < inA.length && inA[i] != ' ' && inA[i] != '(' && inA[i] != ')') {
210
            next = next + inA[i];
                                                    // While char is still part of element (
     valid
211
                                            // char)
           i++;
212
213
                                                // Return next element
         return next;
214
       }
215
216
217
        *Adds var to the LISP at the end of the LISP
218
219
        * <u>@param</u> v
                         The element to be added
220
221
222
       @SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
```

```
223
       private void addVar (String v) {
224
         Node ptr = myLISP;
225
         if (ptr == null) {
                                                 // If no items in list
226
            myLISP = new Node(v, null, null);
                                                              // Add at front
227
         else
228
                                                      // While there is a pointer
            while (ptr.right != null) {
229
              ptr = ptr.right;
                                                 // Get next pointer
230
231
           ptr.right = new Node(v, null, null);
                                                             // Add v to end of list
232
233
       }
234
235
236
        *Returns the Node of a given var if it exists
237
238
        * <u>@param</u> v
                         The var to find
239
        The Node containing v
240
241
242
       private Node getNode (String v) {
243
         Node ptr = myLISP;
244
         if (ptr == null) {
                                                 // If empty list
245
           return null;
246
247
         while (ptr.right != null) {
                                                      // While a var to the right exists
248
            if (ptr.data.equals(v)) {
                                                     // If Node contains v
249
              return ptr;
250
251
                                                  // Get next Node
           ptr = ptr.right;
252
253
         if (ptr.data.equals(v)) {
254
           return ptr;
255
         } else {
256
           return null;
257
258
       }
259
260
261
        * Checks if the given var already exists in the list
262
263
        * <u>@param</u> v
                         The var to check
264
        * <u>@return</u>
                       True if var is found, false if not
265
266
267
       private boolean varExists (String v) {
268
         Node ptr = myLISP;
269
         if (ptr == null) {
                                                 // If empty list
270
           return false;
271
272
         while (ptr.right != null) {
                                                      // While list has nor to the right
273
            if (ptr.data.equals(v)) {
                                                      //if Node contains v
274
              return true;
275
            }
276
           ptr = ptr.right;
277
278
         return ptr.data.equals(v);
279
       }
280
```

```
281
282
        *Returns the given string will all leading spaces removed.
283
284
        * <u>@param</u> in
                        The string to trim
285
        * <u>@return</u>
                       The trimmed string
286
287
288
       private String trim (String in) {
289
         while (in.charAt(0) == ' ') {
                                                      // While char is a space
290
           in = in.substring(1);
                                                    // Remove first char
291
292
         return in;
293
       }
294
295
296
        * Checks to see if entered command is a valid LISP command, and checks that the
     parentheses are valid.
297
298
        * <u>@return</u>
                       True is validCMD and validBraces return true
299
300
301
       private boolean is Valid () {
302
         return (validCMD() && validBraces());
303
304
305
306
        * Checks to ensure that the given statement has an equal number of opening and
     closing parentheses
307
        * and that they match up.
308
309
        * <u>@return</u>
                       True if given statement has valid parentheses
310
311
312
       private boolean validBraces(){
         if (command.equalsIgnoreCase("print") && statement.equalsIgnoreCase(""))
313
314
           return true;
315
316
         int count = 0;
                                                              // For each character in
317
         for (char c : statement.toCharArray()) {
     statement
318
           if (c == '(') {
                                             // Increase count if opening
319
             count++;
320
321
           if (c == ')') {
                                             // Decrease count if closing
322
             count--;
323
324
           if (count < 0) {
                                                // If too many closing parentheses
325
             return false;
326
327
         }
328
         return (count == 0);
                                                    // Return true if equal number of
     parentheses
329
       }
330
331
332
        * Checks the given command against the reserved words to ensure a valid command
     was entered
```

```
333
334
          * <u>@return</u>
                           True if a valid command was entered
335
336
337
         private boolean validCMD(){
           for (String s : reserved) {
  if (command.equals(s)) {
                                                              // For each String in reserved array
// If command equals reserved word
338
339
340
                return true;
341
342
343
           }
           return false;
344
345
346
        public static void main(String[] args) {new jLISP();}
347 }
```