

# Cat Café Management System

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# 1 Software Requirements Specification

## 1.1 Introduction

### 1.1.1 Purpose of the Document

This document specifies the functional and non-functional requirements for the **Cat Café Management System**, a Java application that supports day-to-day operations of a themed cat café, including table reservations, cat adoptions and staff administration.

### 1.1.2 System Overview

The Cat Café Management System is packaged as an executable JAR built with Oracle JDK SE 24. It exposes four primary capabilities:

UC1 **Reserve Table** – user can book seating at specific dates and times.

UC2 **Adopt Cat** – user can submit adoption requests for resident cats.

UC3 **Manage Reservations** – staff can approve or reject customer reservations.

UC4 **Manage Cats** – staff can create, edit and archive cat profiles.

### 1.1.3 Hardware and Software Requirements

#### Hardware

- **Processor:** modern CPU capable of running Java byte-code.
- **Memory:**  $\geq 4$  GB RAM.
- **Storage:** at least 500 MB free disk space for application files and offline data.

#### Software

- **Oracle JDK SE 24** — required runtime.
- **MySQL Server 8.x** — persistent storage for cats, users and bookings.
- **Development IDE** (optional) — Eclipse 2025-06 or IntelliJ IDEA 2025.1.

### 1.1.4 Analysis of Similar Platforms

There are already several platforms in the bar/restaurant-booking and remote-adoption sectors, such as `theFork.it` and `Ilcercapadrone.it`. However, they have some limitations:

- `theFork.it`: it offers a wide range of venues, but the user interface can be overly complex for some users.
- `Ilcercapadrone.it`: it allows users to adopt a cat through a catalogue, but its interface may not be usable on all devices.

## 1.2 User Stories

**Matteo**

### US-1

As a user, I want to reserve a table, so that I can better plan my day.

### US-2

As a user, I want to receive a confirmation email for my reservation requests, so that I know they succeeded.

### US-3

As a staff member, I want to manage customer requests, so that I can reject non-compliant ones.

**Sara**

### US-1

As a staff, member I want to update the cat gallery, so that it reflects the current cats.

### US-2

As a user, I want to read information about the cats, so that I can learn about their lifestyle and personality.

### US-3

As a staff member, I want to write cat descriptions, so that people are more likely to adopt.

## 1.3 Functional Requirements

**Matteo**

### FR-1

The system shall send a confirmation email to the customer who booked a table.

### FR-2

The system shall require a successful login before a user can create a table reservation.

### FR-3

The system shall enable staff members to view all reservations and inspect their details

**Sara**

### FR-1

The system shall provide a list of adoptable cats currently present in the café.

### FR-2

The system shall send an email confirming that an adoption request has been registered.

### FR-3

The system shall prevent concurrent adoption requests for the same cat.

## 1.4 Use Case Diagram

The diagram represent the main functionality of Cat Cafe

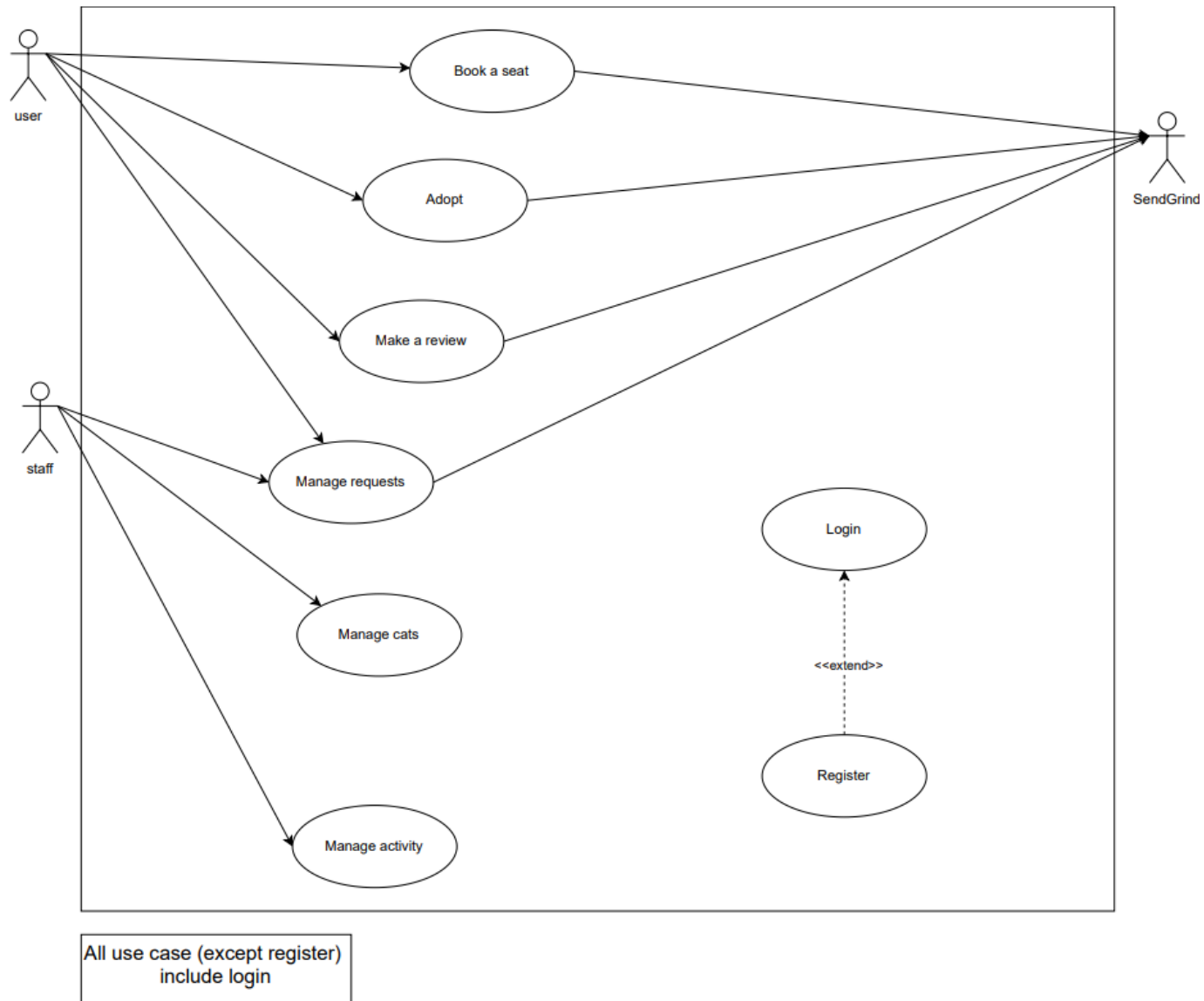


Figure 1: use case diagram

## 1.5 Internal Steps

### 1.5.1 Book A Seat

1. The user logs in.
2. The system shows the home page with navigation buttons.
3. The user selects *Prenota un tavolo*.
4. The system displays the reservation form.
5. The user fills in date, time and table size.
6. The system validates the entered data and checks seat availability for that date.
7. The system shows a summary of entered data.
8. The user confirms.
9. The system stores the booking in the database

#### *Extension*

- 6a. **Not enough seats available for that date:** the system warns the user that number of seats is not available for that date return to Step 5.
- 6b. **Data validation failed:** the system detect that one or more fields contain errors(e.g. date in incorrect format, empty field), display an error message and invites the user to correct the data, return to Step 5.
- 7a. **Cancel Booking :** The user cancels the booking, return to Step 2
- 8a. **Error saving to DB :** the system encounters a problem saving the booking, notifies the user ad return to Step 2

### 1.5.2 Internal steps Adopt Cat

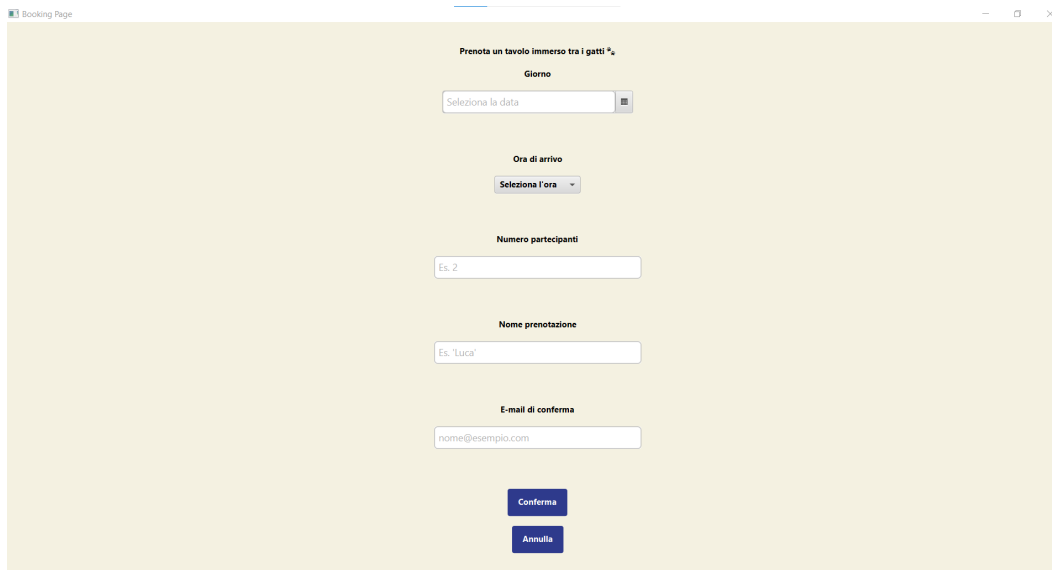
1. The user logs in.
2. The system shows the home page.
3. The user selects *Adotta*.
4. The system shows the adoption form and cat list.
5. The user chooses a cat and enters personal data.
6. The system ensures no duplicate adoption request exists for that cat and user.
7. The system shows a summary of the request.
8. The user confirms.
9. The system saves the request and emails a confirmation.

#### *Extension*

- 6a. **Duplicate request**the system detect that an adoption with that cat and user has already been requested return to Step 4.
- 7a. **Cancel Adoption :** The user cancels the adoption, return to Step 2
- 8a. **Error saving to DB :** the system encounters a problem saving the booking, notifies the user ad return to Step 2

## 2 Storyboard

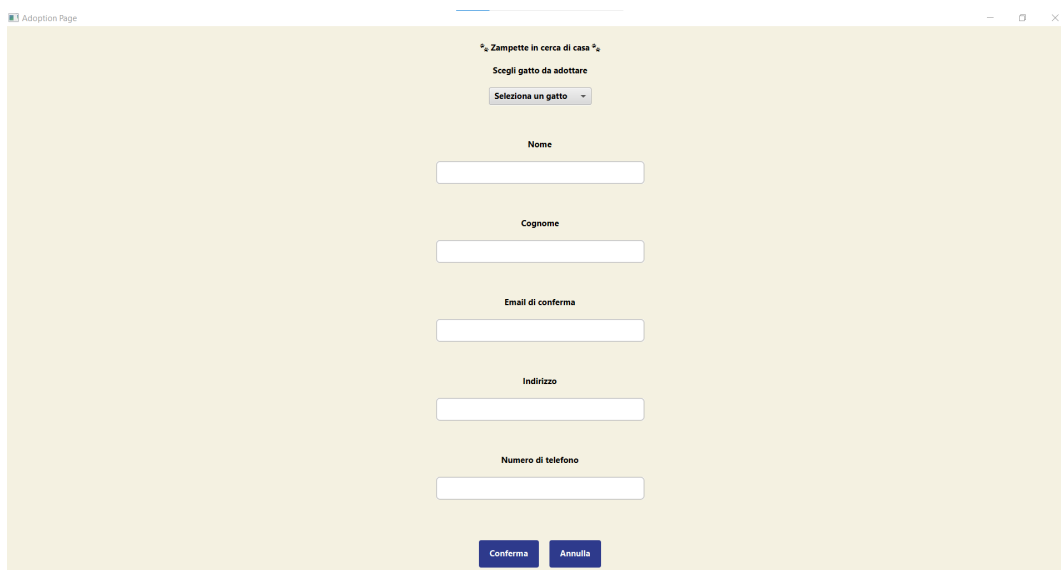
This section show the principal user views .



The 'Booking Page' form is displayed within a browser window. It features a light beige background and a centered layout. The form includes the following elements:

- Title:** Prenota un tavolo immerso tra i gatti %s
- Giorno:** A text input field with the placeholder 'Seleziona la data' and a calendar icon.
- Ora di arrivo:** A dropdown menu with the placeholder 'Seleziona l'ora'.
- Numero partecipanti:** A text input field with the placeholder 'Es. 2'.
- Nome prenotazione:** A text input field with the placeholder 'Es. 'Luca''.
- E-mail di conferma:** A text input field with the placeholder 'nome@esempio.com'.
- Buttons:** Two blue buttons at the bottom, labeled 'Conferma' and 'Annulla'.

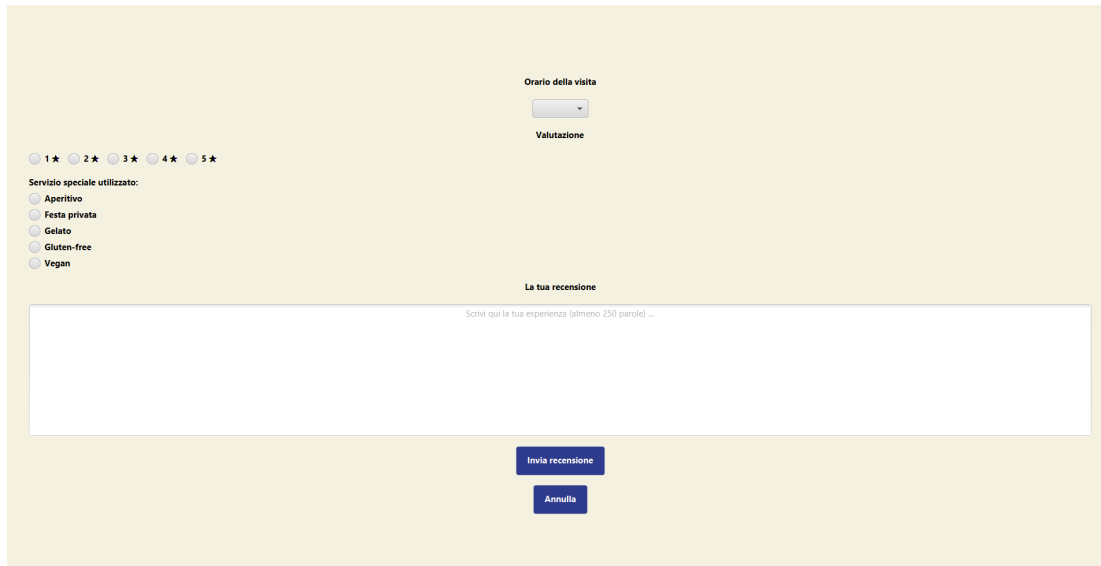
Figure 2: Book seat view.



The 'Adoption Page' form is displayed within a browser window. It features a light beige background and a centered layout. The form includes the following elements:

- Title:** %s Zampette in cerca di casa %s
- Subtitle:** Scegli gatto da adottare
- Seleziona un gatto:** A dropdown menu.
- Nome:** A text input field.
- Cognome:** A text input field.
- Email di conferma:** A text input field.
- Indirizzo:** A text input field.
- Numero di telefono:** A text input field.
- Buttons:** Two blue buttons at the bottom, labeled 'Conferma' and 'Annulla'.

Figure 3: Adopt cat view



Orario della visita

Valutazione

1 ★ 2 ★ 3 ★ 4 ★ 5 ★

Servizio speciale utilizzato:

☐ Aperitivo

☐ Festa privata

☐ Gelato

☐ Gluten-free

☐ Vegan

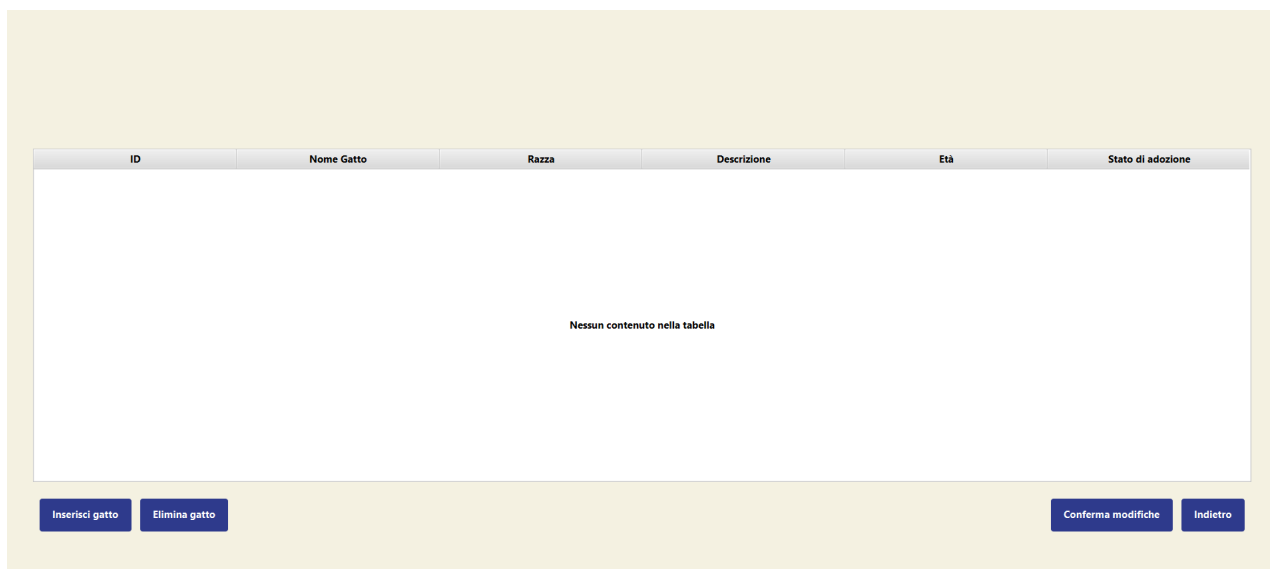
La tua recensione

Scrivi qui la tua esperienza (almeno 250 parole) ...

Invia recensione

Annulla

Figure 4: Review view



ID	Nome Gatto	Razza	Descrizione	Età	Stato di adozione
Nessun contenuto nella tabella					

Inserisci gatto Elimina gatto

Conferma modifiche Indietro

Figure 5: ManageCat view

### 3 Class Diagram

#### 3.1 Vopc-BCE

The class diagram of the cat cafe Management System is organised into a set of well-defined packages:

##### Entity

Contains the domain classes — e.g., **User**, and **Booking**. These objects encapsulate state and expose standard getter/setter methods.

##### Control

The *BookingController* drives business logic and mediates between entity and user inter-

face. In the booking use case, the class `BookingService` coordinates the table-reservation workflow and `RequestAdoptionController` coordinates the adoption workflow.

## Boundary

Boundary classes are the classes that mediate between the system and the environment

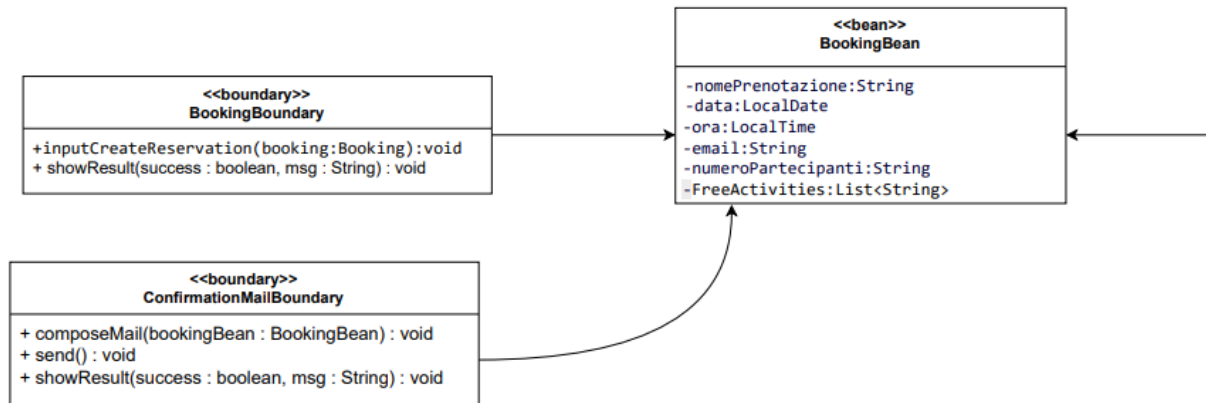


Figure 6: Book a Seat BCE Boundary and beans

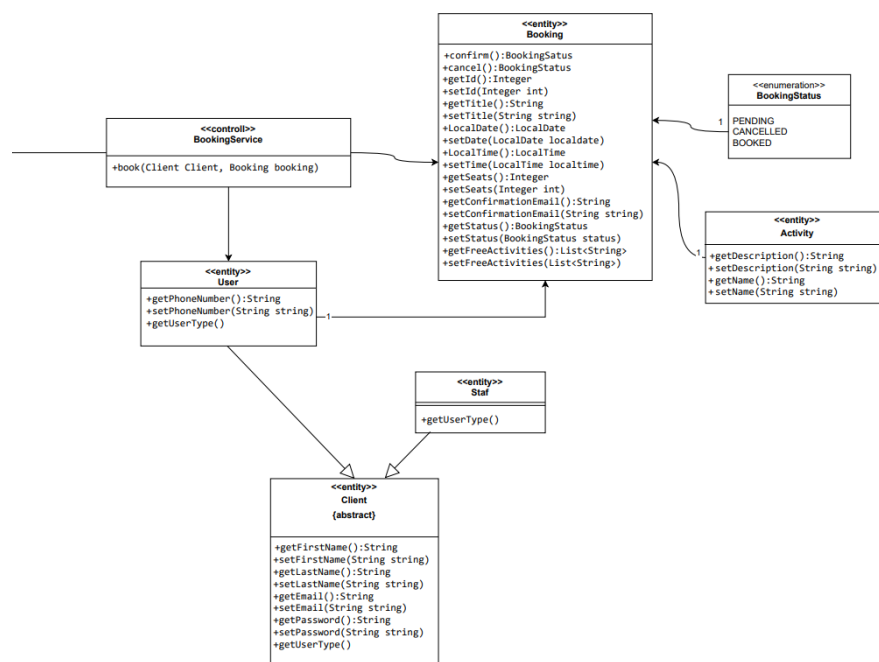


Figure 7: Book a Seat BCE Controller and entity



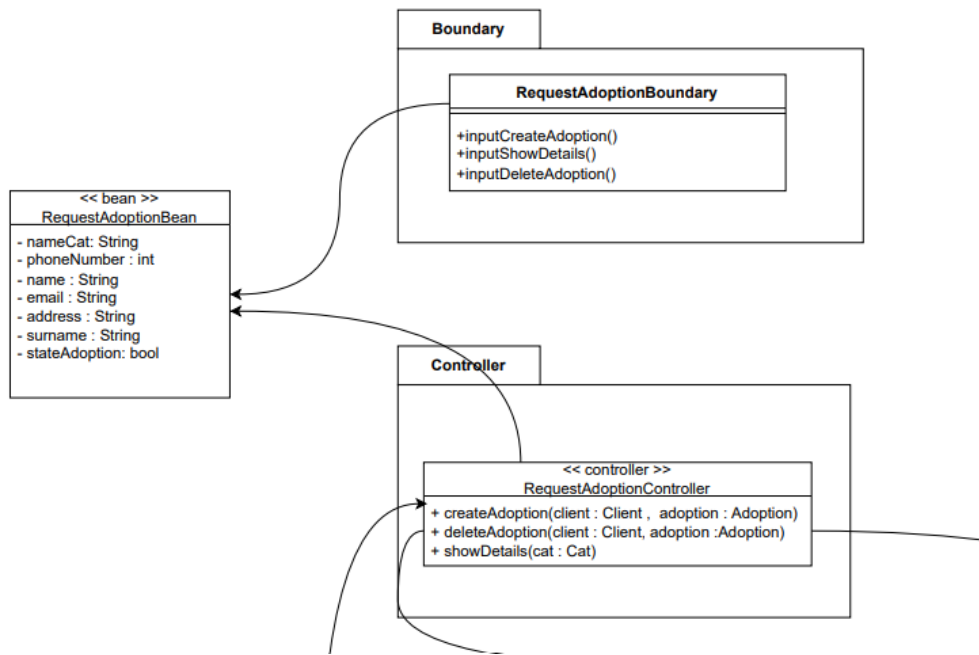


Figure 8: Adopt BCE Controller, Boundary and beans

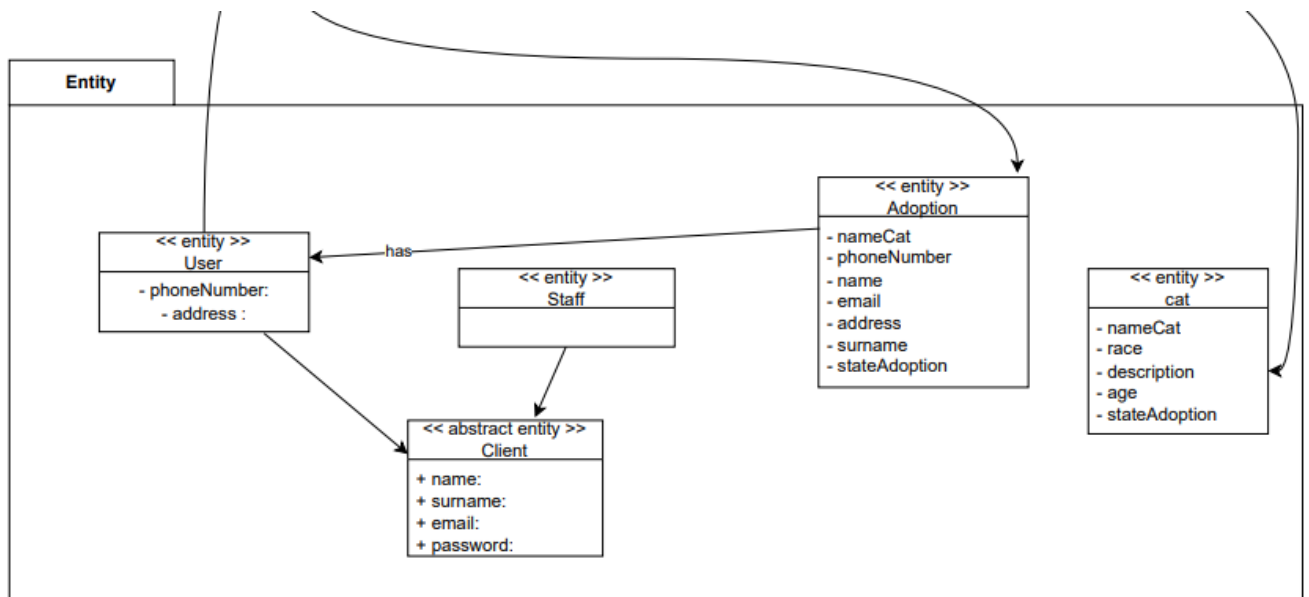


Figure 9: Book a Seat BCE entity

## 3.2 Vopc-MVC

### Entity

Contains the domain classes — e.g., **User**, and **Booking**. These objects encapsulate state and expose standard getter/setter methods.

## Controller — Application & UI

The *application controller* drives business logic and mediates between model and user interface. In the booking use case, the class `BookingService` coordinates the table-reservation workflow and `RequestAdoptionController` coordinates the adoption workflow. The *UI controller* layer deals with user events and refreshes the JavaFX views accordingly.

## View

Hosts the JavaFX screens that constitute the graphical interface.

The classes respect the Model-View-Controller (MVC) pattern, with models located in the Entity package.

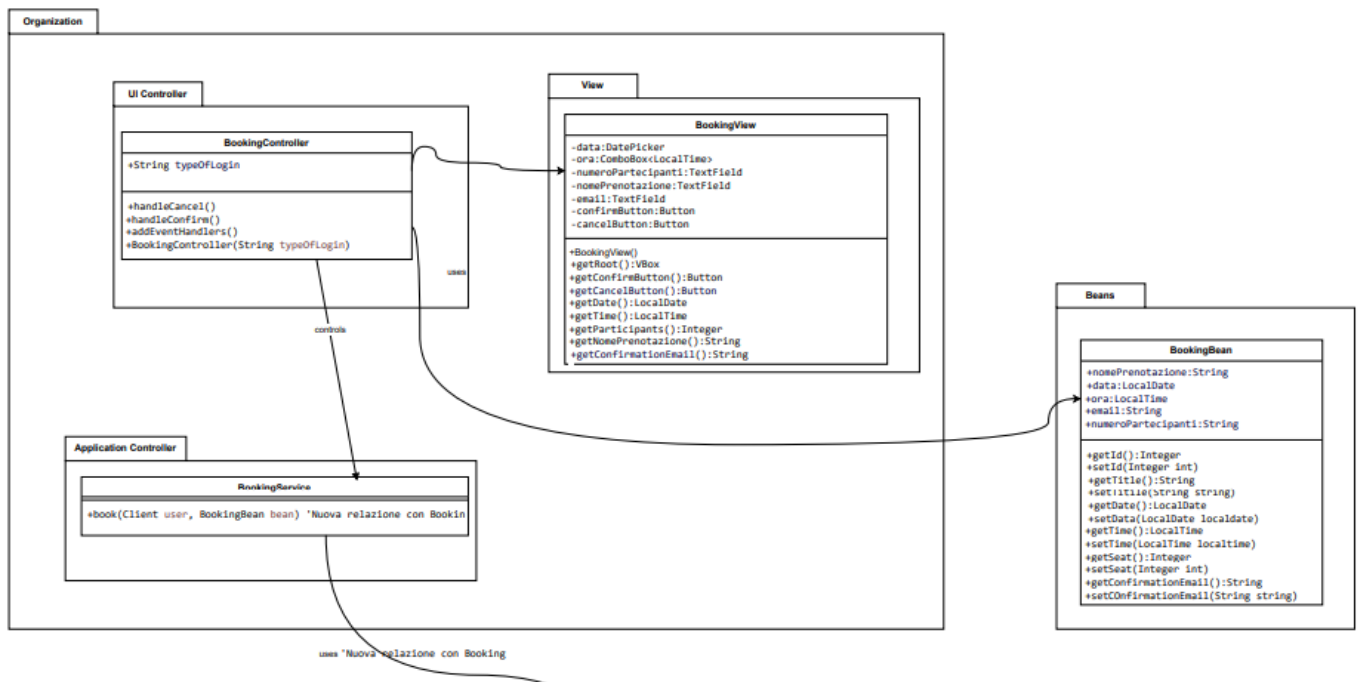


Figure 10: Booking-Controller View and beans

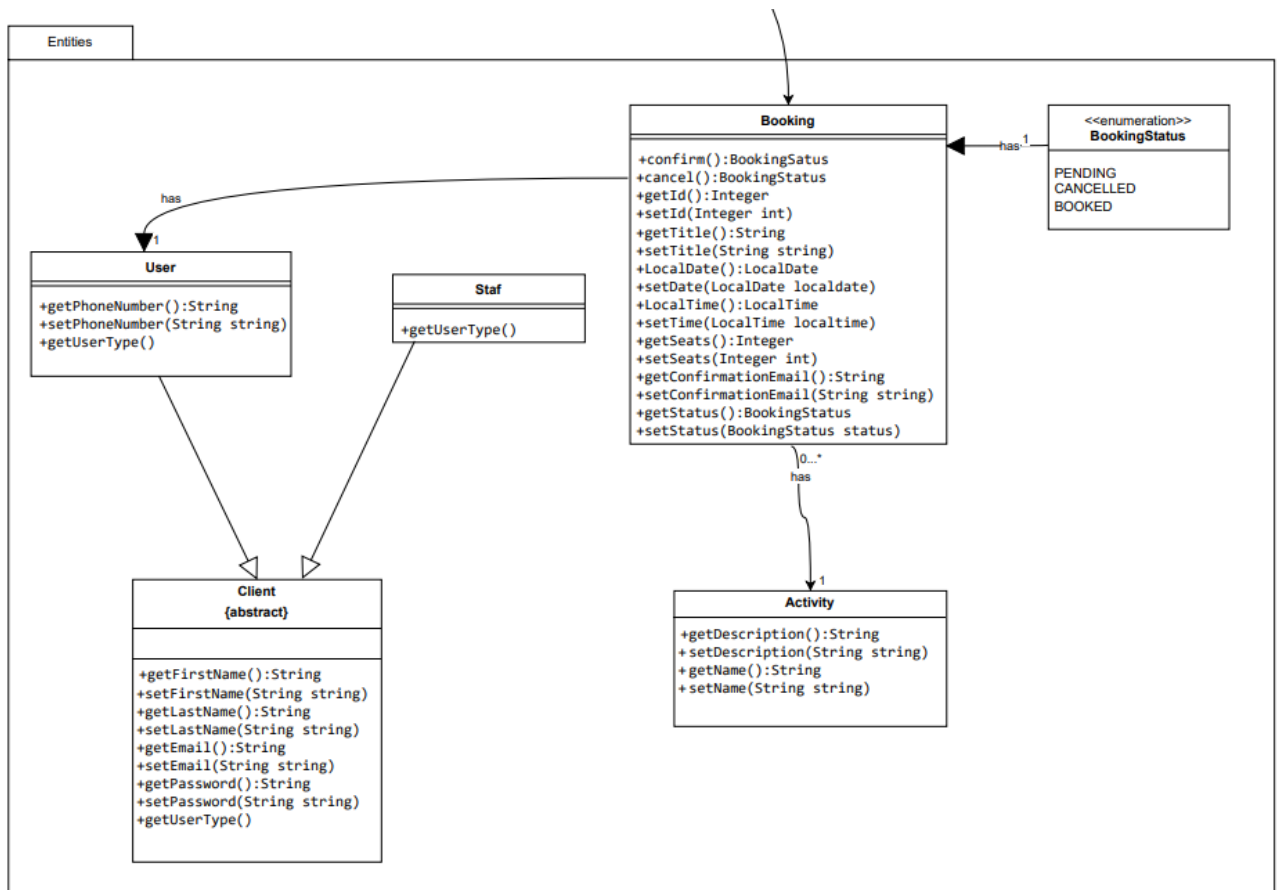


Figure 11: Booking-Entity

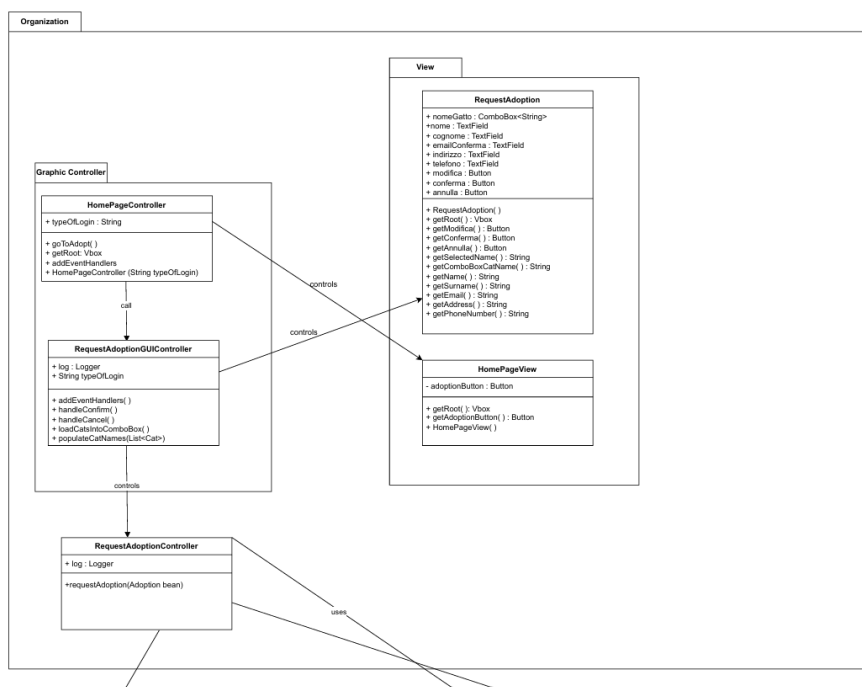


Figure 12: Adoption-Controller and View

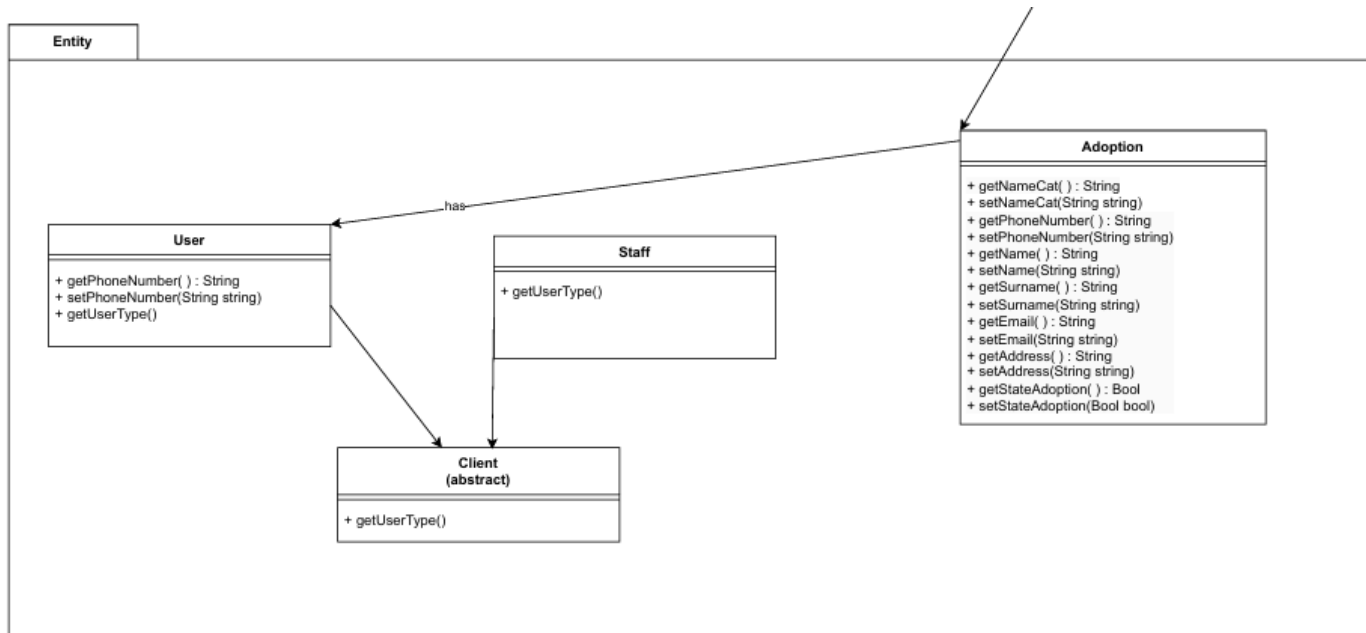


Figure 13: Adoption-Entity

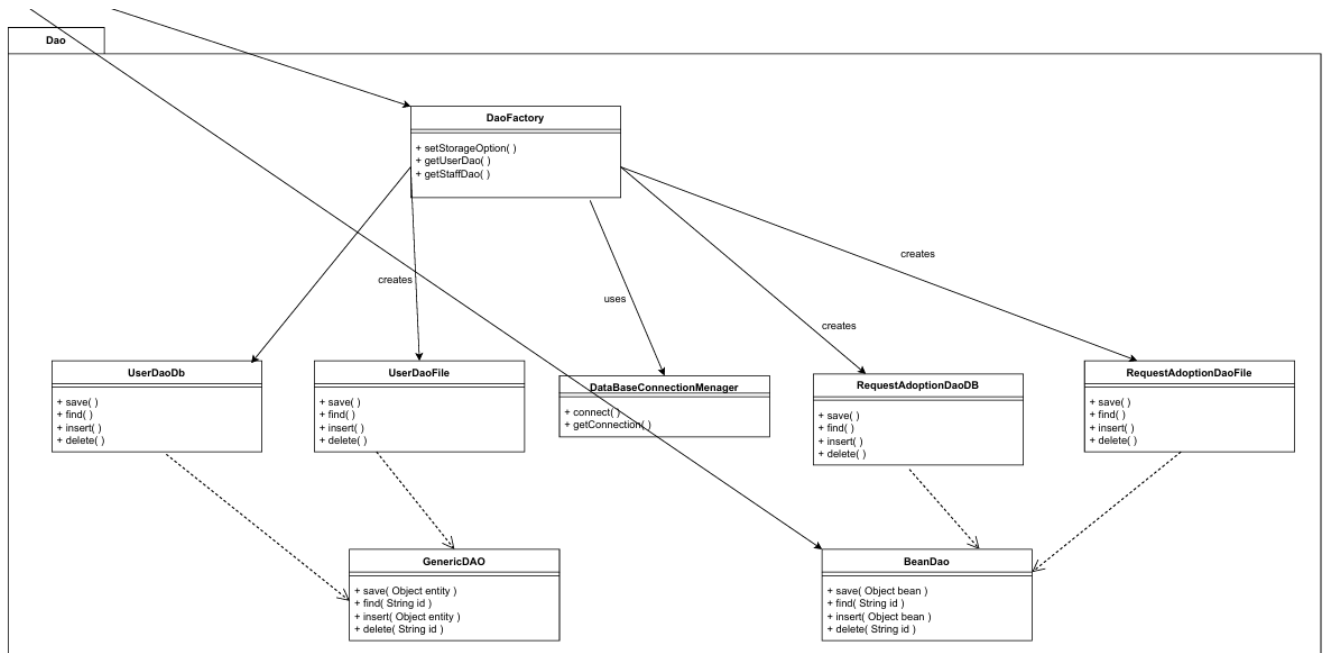


Figure 14: Adoption-Daos

### 3.3 Design level diagram

At the design level, the classes are detailed together with their specific relationships and responsibilities. As in the VOPC, the classes are organised according to the MVC pattern (the models are in the **Entity** package). The Stateless DAOs are not represented because they would have increased the size of the DAO; the links are the same as for the Database

DAO. I cannot show the entire diagram—it is too large—therefore. Here I have split it by individual packages:

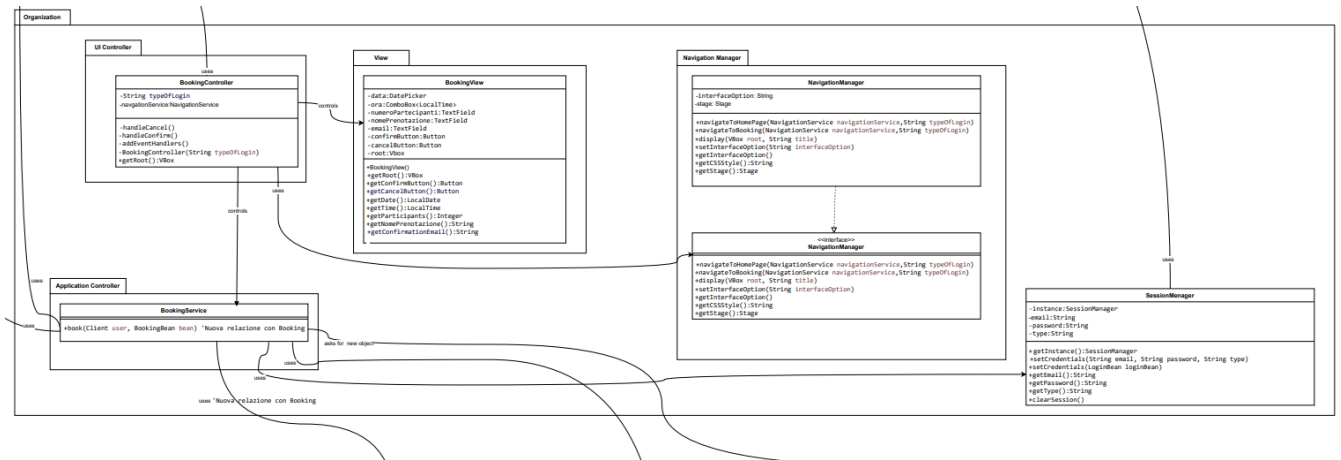


Figure 15: Booking-Controller and View

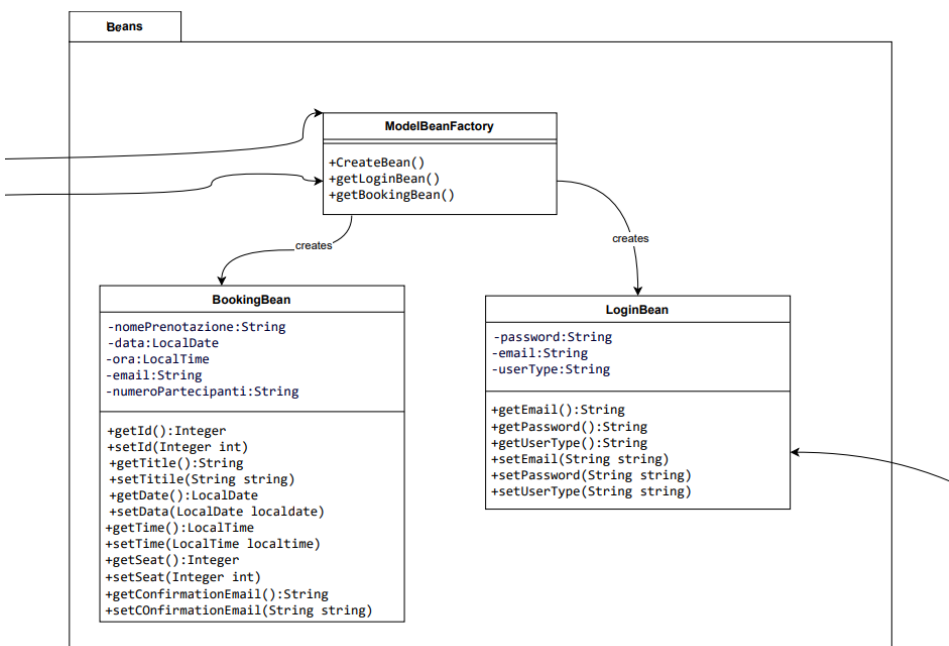


Figure 16: Booking-Beans

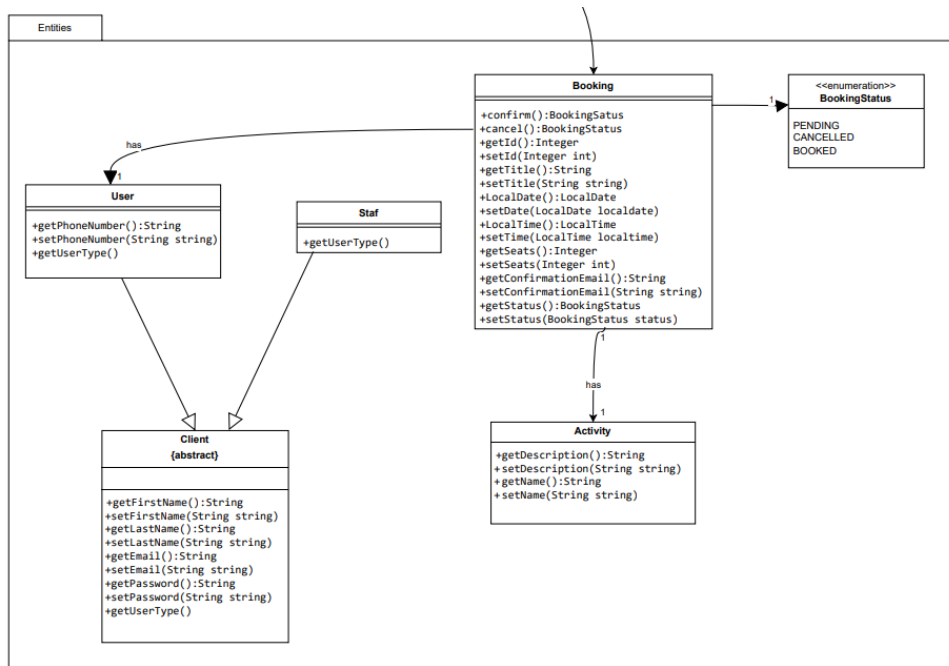


Figure 17: Booking-Entity

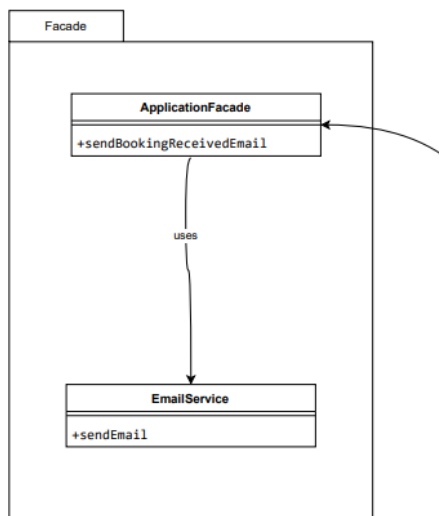


Figure 18: Booking-Pattern Facade

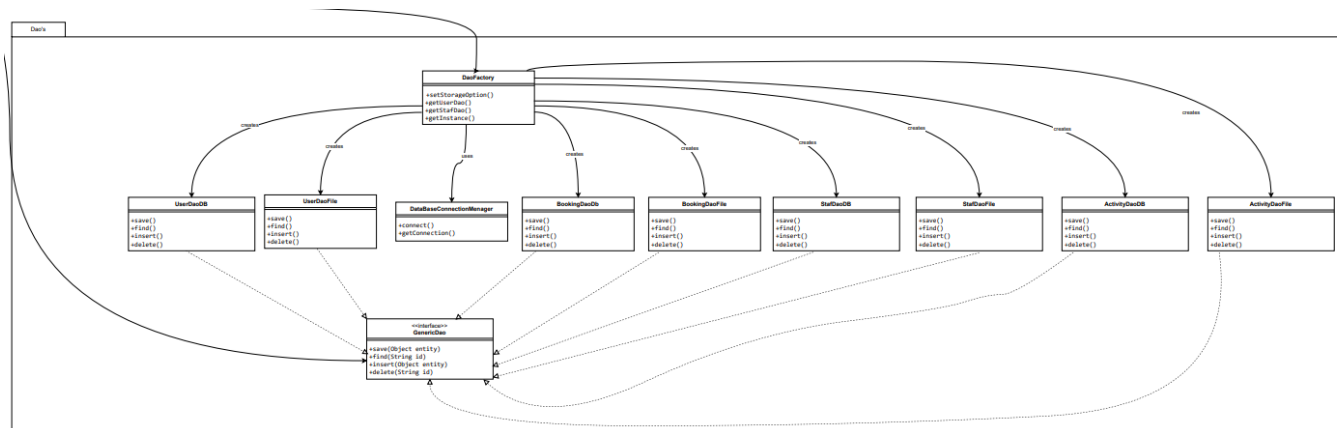


Figure 19: Booking-Daos- Pattern Factory and Singleton

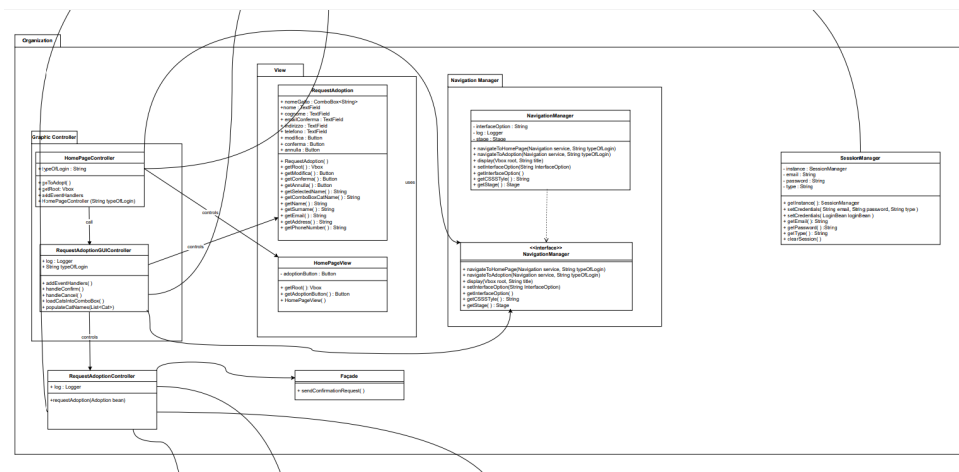


Figure 20: Adoption-Controller and views

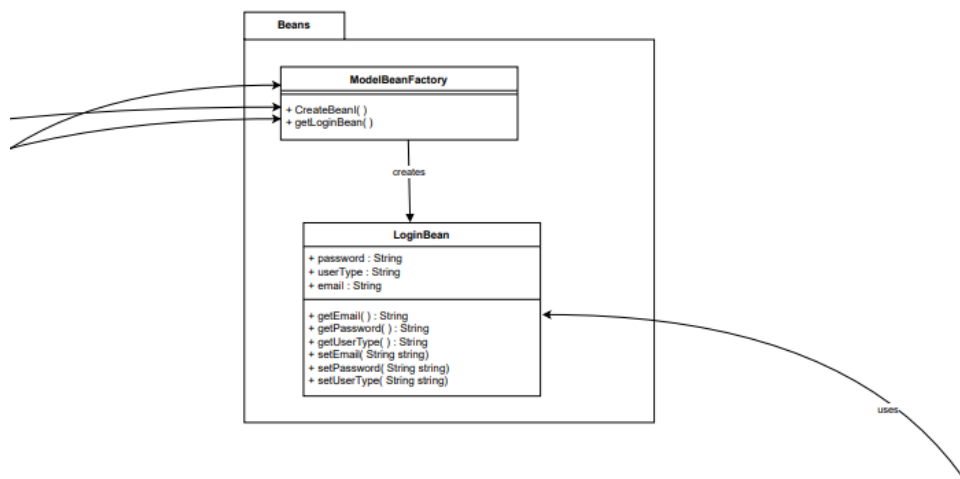


Figure 21: Adoption-Beans

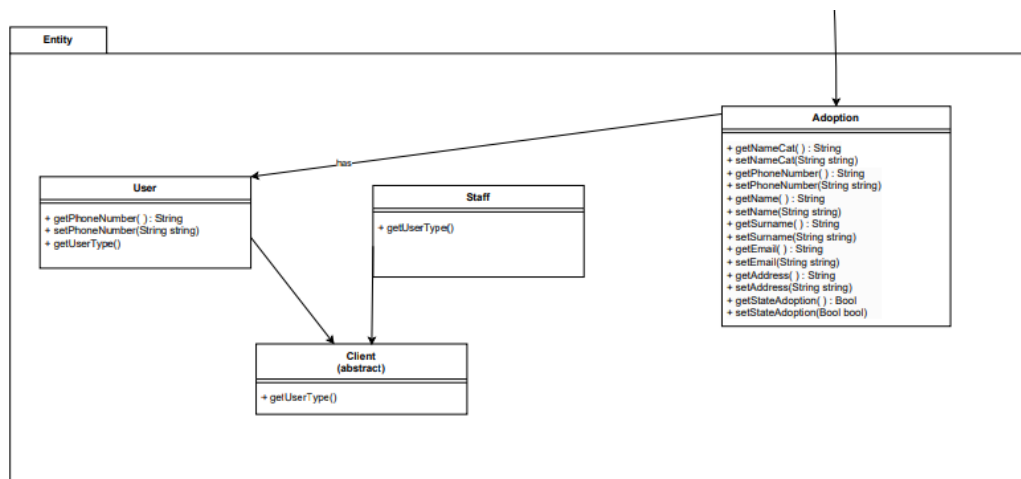


Figure 22: Adoption-Entity



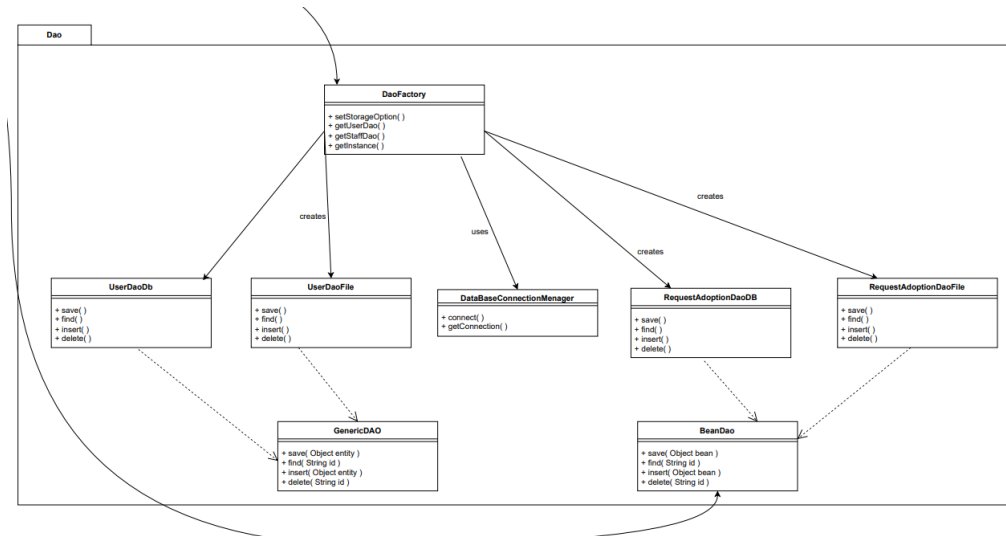


Figure 23: Adoption-Daos , factory pattern and singleton

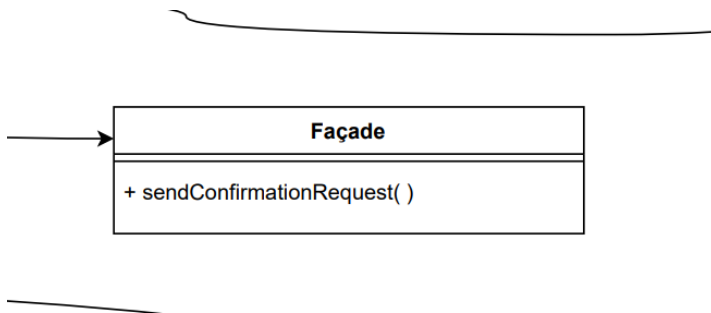


Figure 24: Adoption-Facade pattern

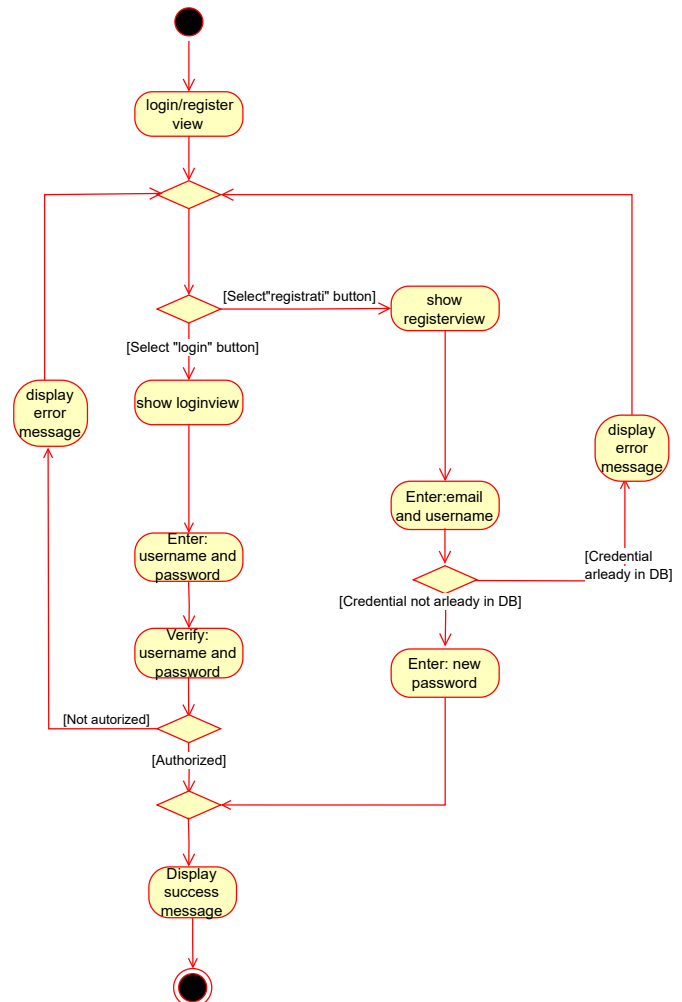
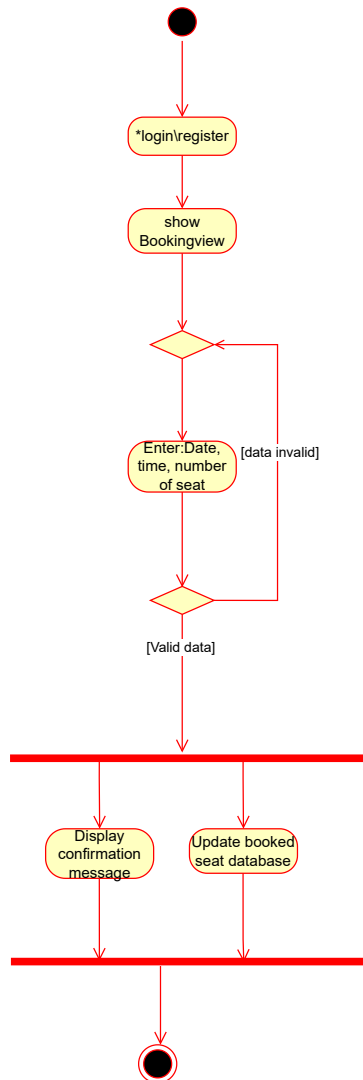
### 3.4 Design pattern

We adopted the Singleton pattern in the **SessionManager** class to ensure that the user instance interacting with the system is unique during its use. Secondly, I applied a Factory Method for creating the DAOs used by **BookingService**, so that the correct DAO can be chosen according to the system configuration (Database, File System, or Stateless). In this way I preserved a separation of responsibilities in line with the MVC pattern.

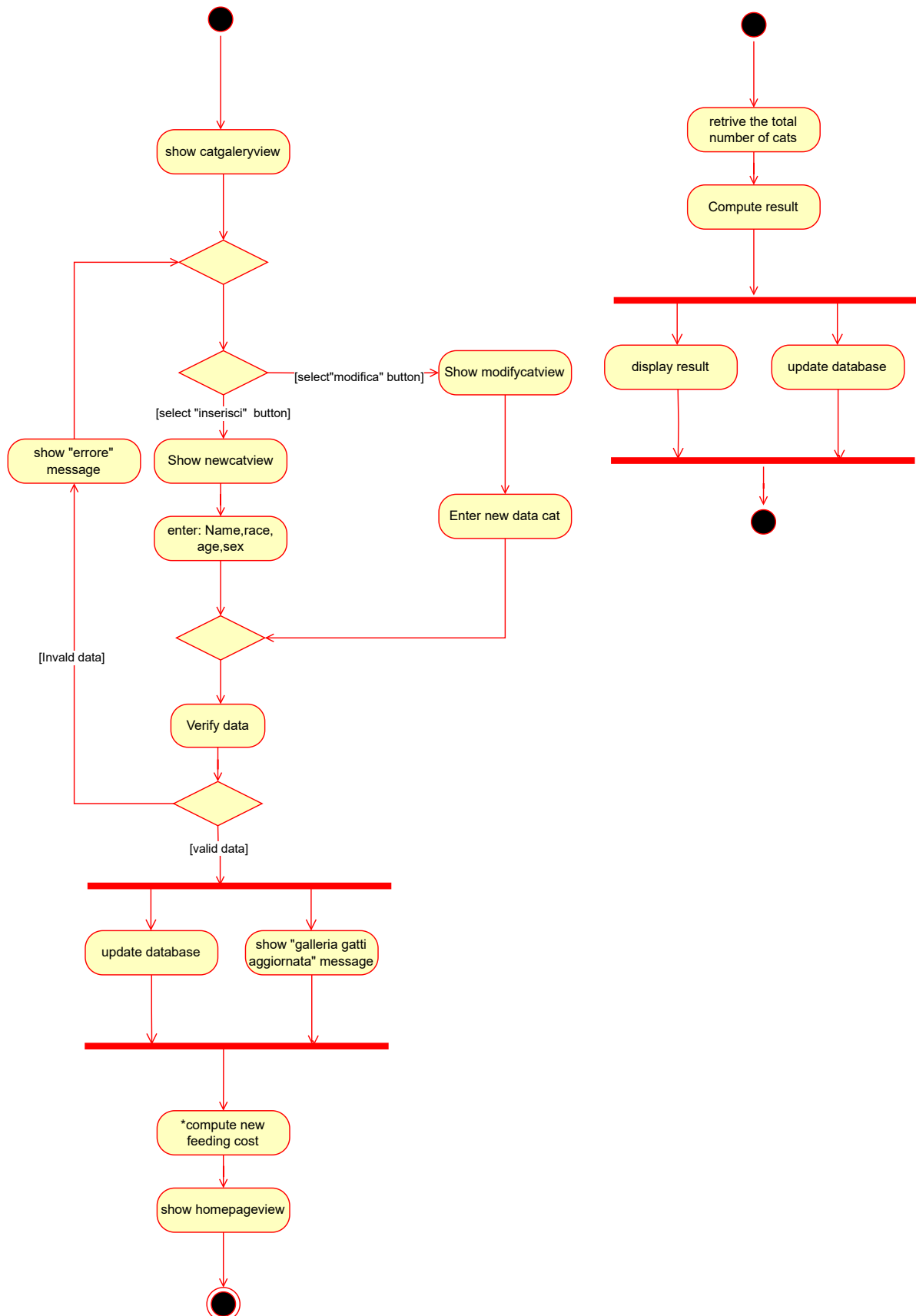
Finally, the **ApplicationFacade** class implements the Facade pattern, allowing every class to access services implemented by other classes, regardless of the class that provides those services. **ApplicationFacade** undertakes to supply this functionality without needing to know the inner workings of any other system class involved in the process. This enables the classes that use it to interact with multiple subsystems without knowing the details of their implementation.

### 3.5 Activity diagram

#### USE CASE: BOOK SEAT

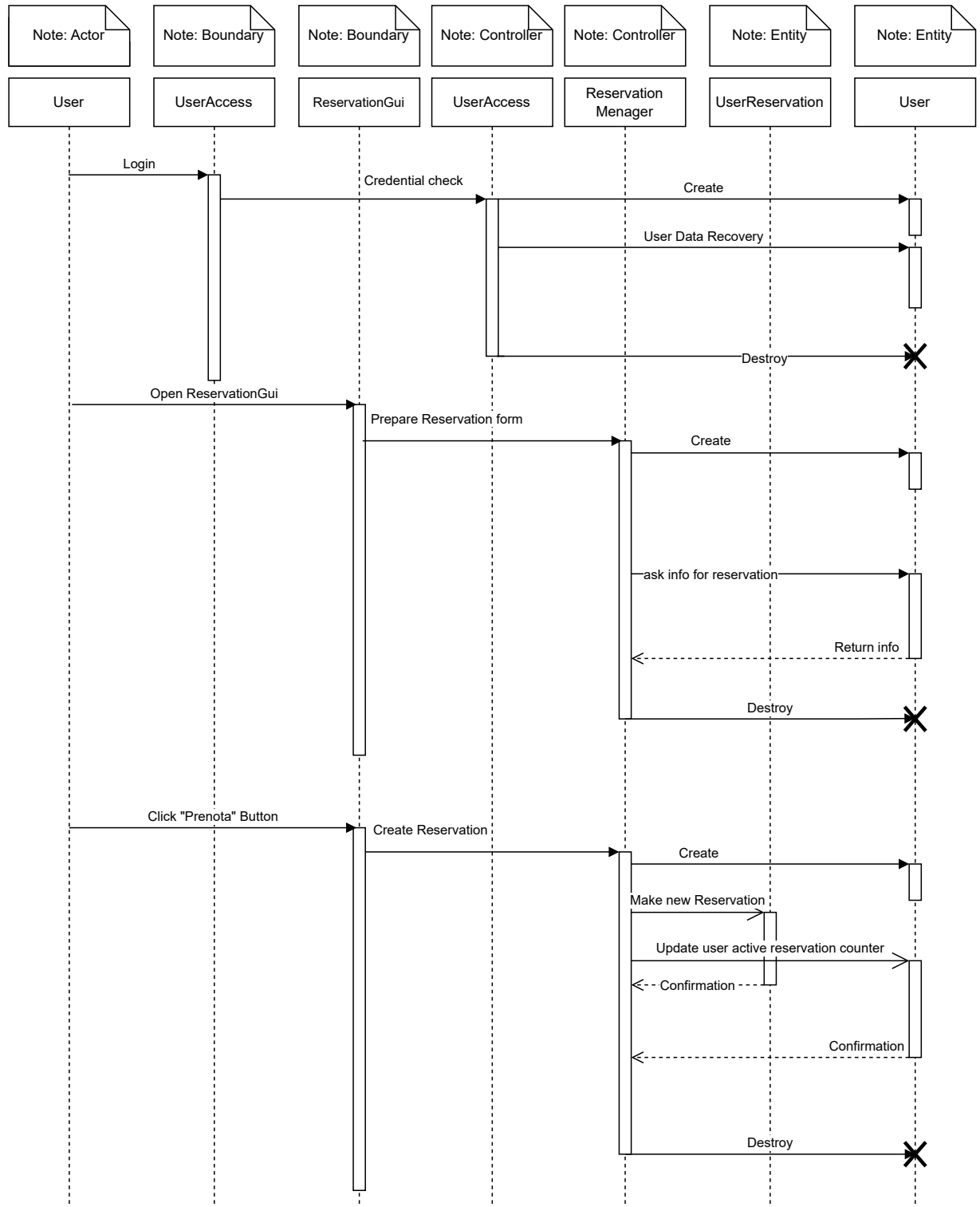


## USE CASE: MANAGE CAT

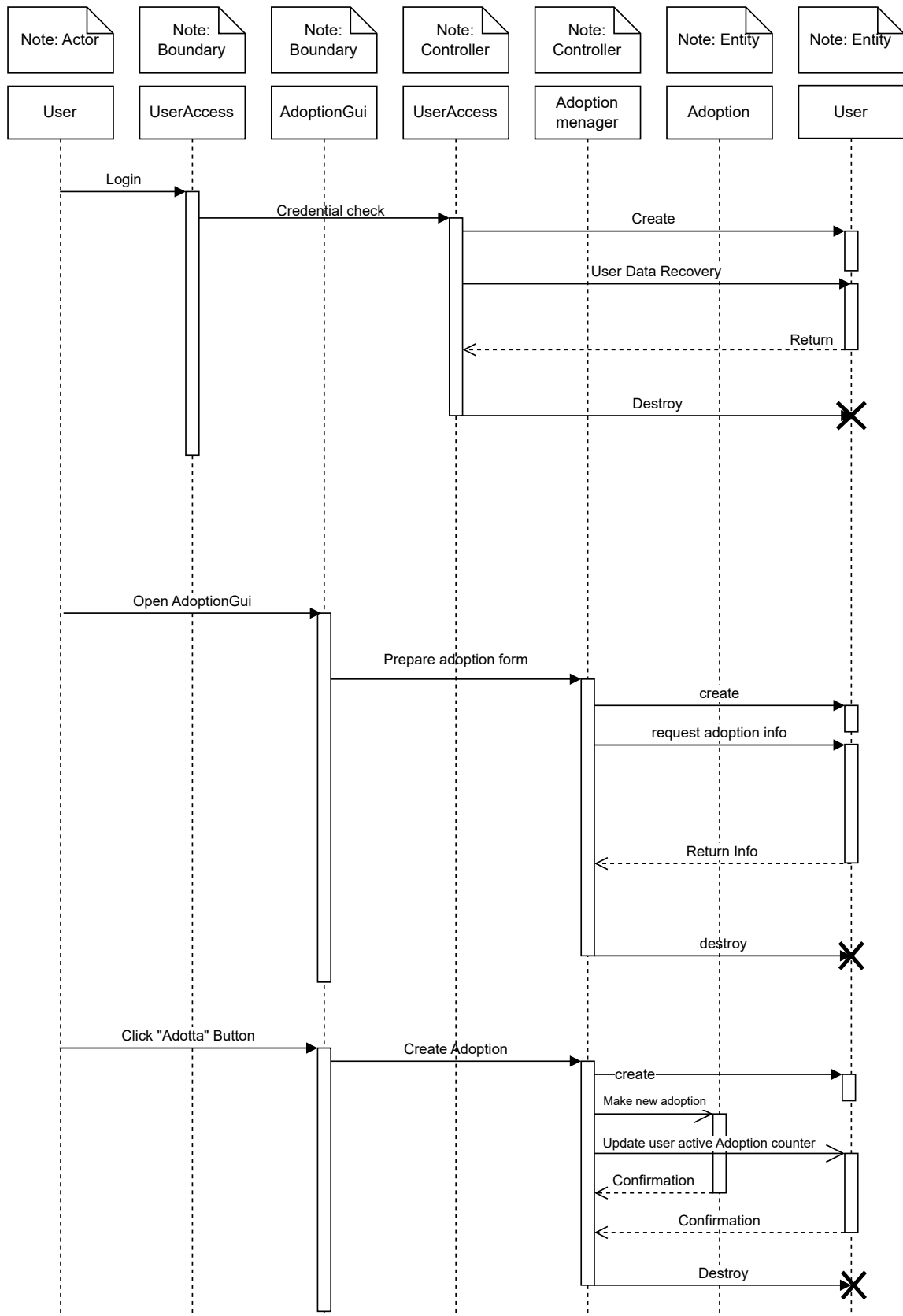


### 3.6 Sequence diagram

#### USE CASE: BOOK SEAT

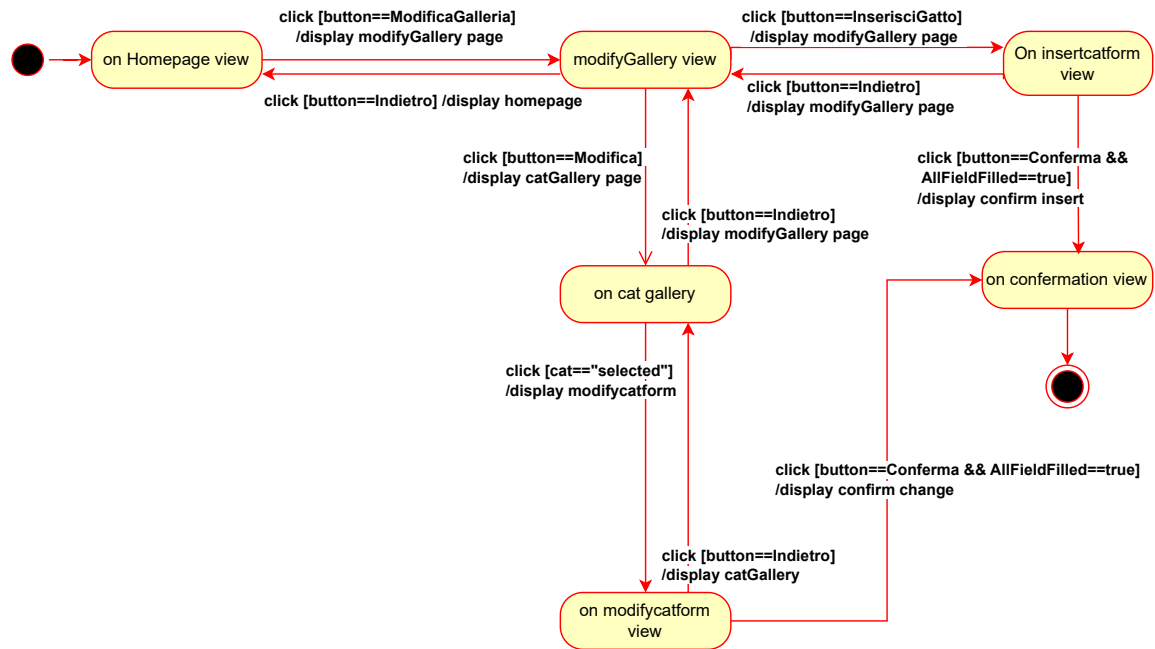


## USE CASE: ADOPT

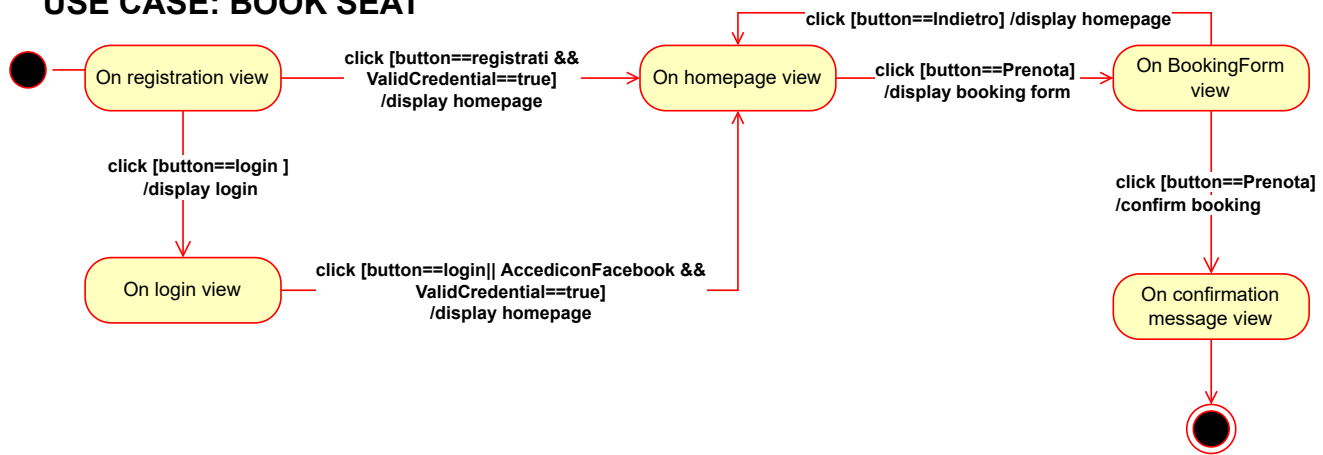


### 3.7 State diagram

#### USE CASE: MANAGE CAT



## USE CASE: BOOK SEAT



## 4 Testing

In the application testing module, three main test classes have been implemented to verify the correct functioning of the fundamental system functionalities.

### BookingServiceTest

- **testPrenotazione:** Checks that a valid booking is successfully created and correctly stored in the database.
- **testValidazione:** Verifies that the system rejects a booking with invalid input data.

### BookingServiceTest

- **testRichiestaValida:** Checks that a valid Adoption is successfully created and correctly stored in the database.
- **testRichiestaNonValida:** Verifies that the system rejects an Adoption with invalid input data.

### ValidateLoginTest

- **testValidCredentials:** Ensures that a user with correct credentials can log in to the system.
- **testInvalidCredentials:** Confirms that the system denies access to users with incorrect credentials and raises an appropriate exception.
- **testEmptyFields:** Checks that the system properly handles login attempts with empty fields.

### DaoFactoryTest

- **givenStateless\_whenGetUserDao:** Ensures that the correct DAO implementation for customers is returned, according to the selected storage mode.
- **givenStateless\_whenGetStaffDao:** Verifies that the DAO for staff members is correctly initialised.
- **givenStateless\_whenGetBookingDao:** Confirms that booking management is handled by the appropriate DAO class.
- **givenDatabase\_whenGetDaos\_thenUseConnectionManager:** Checks that the database connection is correctly established via the connection manager.

### DaoFactoryTest

- **testMappingCampi:** Ensures that the correct Bean implementation for customers is returned
- **testStatoIniziale:** Verifies that the starter Adoption State is false .

## 5 persistence management

The system uses two different types of persistence modes, in addition to the memory for demo mode.



## 5.1 File System

The system relies on a set of JSON files that store information about the entities used by the application and, in the case of bookings—which are aggregates of multiple entities—their associations. The files are organised as follows:

- `connectionSettings.json`: Contains the server-connection settings, including the URL, user name, and password required to access the remote database.
- `cats.json`: A JSON file that serialises data related to cats.
- `bookings.json`: A JSON file that serialises data on the bookings made.
- `request_adoptions.json`: A JSON file that serialises information on completed adoptions.
- `staf.json`: A JSON file that serialises data concerning staff members.
- `users.json`: A JSON file that serialises data concerning users.
- `activity.json`: A JSON file that serialises data concerning activity.

## 5.2 DataBase

The other type of database management system used is the connection to a MySQL server to access the information in real time. The MySQL database stores, as in the case of the file system, the entities, using at least one table for each entity. In particular:

- The database tables correspond to the main entities of the system, such as the customer, rooms, reservations and services.
- Updates made to the data via the file system are synchronized with the MySQL database to ensure the consistency of the information

## 6 Link

The following links are available for the project:

- **Source Code (GitHub):** <https://github.com/MatteoAmato18/ISPW-Cat-Cafe/tree/171f43bb5e42d7cb5b1d98424c83bcc74af3ff8d/src> — the complete code of our programme.
- **Class Diagrams:** <https://github.com/MatteoAmato18/ISPW-Cat-Cafe/tree/171f43bb5e42d7cb5b1d98424c83bcc74af3ff8d/Deliverables> — all class diagrams in full resolution for easier viewing.
- **SonarCloud Report:** The system was analysed with SonarCloud, which identified potential bugs and vulnerabilities. The results are available at [https://sonarcloud.io/summary/new\\_code?id=MatteoAmato18\\_ISPW-Cat-Cafe&branch=main](https://sonarcloud.io/summary/new_code?id=MatteoAmato18_ISPW-Cat-Cafe&branch=main).
- **Presentation Video:** [https://github.com/MatteoAmato18/ISPW-Cat-Cafe/blob/91da062c6d852bf5523732e231247e33e56091a/Video/video\\_presentazione.mpg](https://github.com/MatteoAmato18/ISPW-Cat-Cafe/blob/91da062c6d852bf5523732e231247e33e56091a/Video/video_presentazione.mpg) — the presentation video of the Cat Café Management System.