NB.04.F4

July 23, 2024

1 Remark

Example of five points for which the matrix of conditions has rank 8

```
[3]: load("basic_functions.sage")
 [4]: P1 = vector(S, (1, 0, 0))
      P2 = vector(S, (A2, B2, C2))
     We want \delta_1(P_1, P_2, P_4) = 0. Hence \langle P_4, s_{11}P_1 - s_{12}P_2 \rangle = 0, so:
 [5]: Ptmp4 = vector(S, (A4, B4, C4))
      Q4 = scalar_product(P1,P1)*P2 - scalar_product(P1,P2)*P1
      aa4, bb4, cc4 = (
          scalar_product(Ptmp4, Q4).coefficient(A4),
          scalar_product(Ptmp4, Q4).coefficient(B4),
          scalar_product(Ptmp4, Q4).coefficient(C4)
      )
     Two alternative definitions of P_4 (solving \delta_1 = 0 w.r.t. A_4 or C_4)
 [6]: P4 = vector(S, (cc4*A4, cc4*B4, -aa4*A4-bb4*B4))
      P4 = vector(S, (bb4*A4, -aa4*A4-cc4*C4, bb4*C4))
 [7]: assert(delta1(P1, P2, P4) == 0)
 [8]: P3 = (
           (scalar_product(P1, P2)^2+scalar_product(P1, P1)*scalar_product(P2, P2))*P1
          - 2*scalar_product(P1, P1)*scalar_product(P1, P2)*P2
      assert(delta1b(P1, P2, P3) == 0)
 [9]: P5 = (
           (scalar_product(P1, P4)^2+scalar_product(P1, P1)*scalar_product(P4, P4))*P1
          - 2*scalar_product(P1, P1)*scalar_product(P1, P4)*P4
      assert(delta1b(P1, P4, P5) == 0)
[10]: M = condition_matrix([P1, P2, P3, P4, P5], S, standard="all")
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[12]: M1 = M.matrix_from_rows([0, 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13])
assert(M1.rank() == 8)
```

```
[13]: m9 = M1.minors(9)
assert(Set(m9) == Set([0]))
```