# Database NoSQL

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#### Course program:

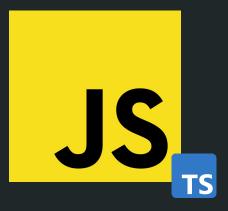
- Lecture 01: Introduction to NoSQL databases
- Lecture 02: Cassandra
- Lecture 03: Test + Cassandra
- Lecture 04: Cassandra + Neo4J
- Lecture 05: Neo4J
- Lecture 06: Neo4J + MongoDB Find
- Lecture 07: Test Cassandra + MongoDB Find
- Lecture 08: Test Neo4J + MongoDB Find
- Lecture 09: MongoDB Find / Aggregate
- **Lecture 10**: Test MongoDB + Redis + Real datasets

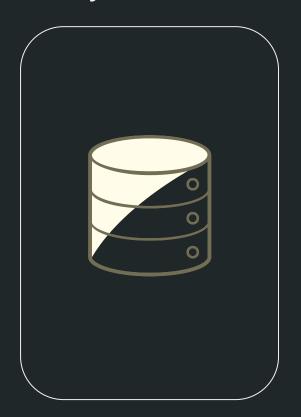
# Small poll:

Preferred programming language?







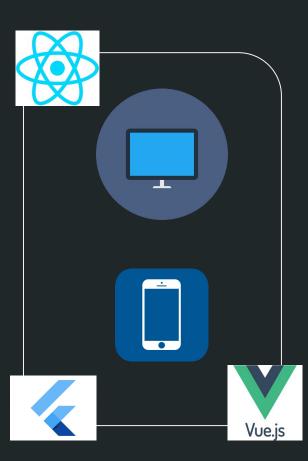






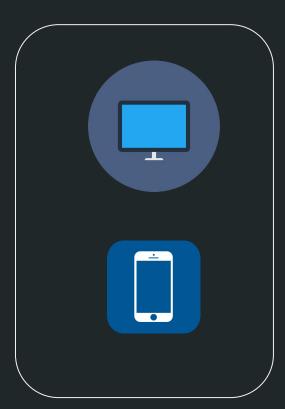






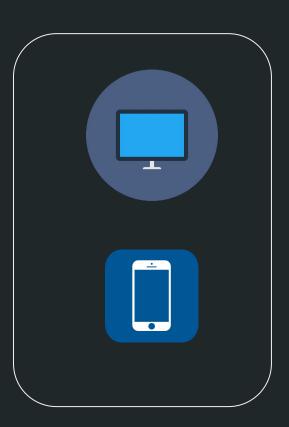












#### SQL

Structured Query Language (SQL) is a standardized programming language that is used to manage <u>relational databases</u> and perform various operations on the data in them.

It is particularly useful in handling **structured** data.

#### SQL

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3	10	Azure Performance	Database is Maxed Out	https://BrentOzar.com/go/maxedout	ClickToSeeDetails - At 2018</td
4	10	Azure Performance	Database is Maxed Out	https://BrentOzar.com/go/maxedout	ClickToSeeDetails - At 2018</td
5	200	Wait Stats	SOS_SCHEDULER_YIELD	https://www.sqlskills.com/help/waits/sos	ClickToSeeDetails - For 8 se</td
6	200	Wait Stats	PAGEIOLATCH_SH	https://www.sqlskills.com/help/waits/pag	ClickToSeeDetails - For 4 se</td
7	250	Server Info	Batch Requests per Sec	http://www.BrentOzar.com/go/measure	ClickToSeeDetails - 0 -?
8	250	Server Info	Wait Time per Core per Sec	http://www.BrentOzar.com/go/measure	ClickToSeeDetails - 3 -?
9	251	Server Info	Database Count	http://www.BrentOzar.com/askbrent/	ClickToSeeDetails - 1 -?
10	251	Server Info	Database Size, Total GB	http://www.BrentOzar.com/askbrent/	ClickToSeeDetails - 53.242</td
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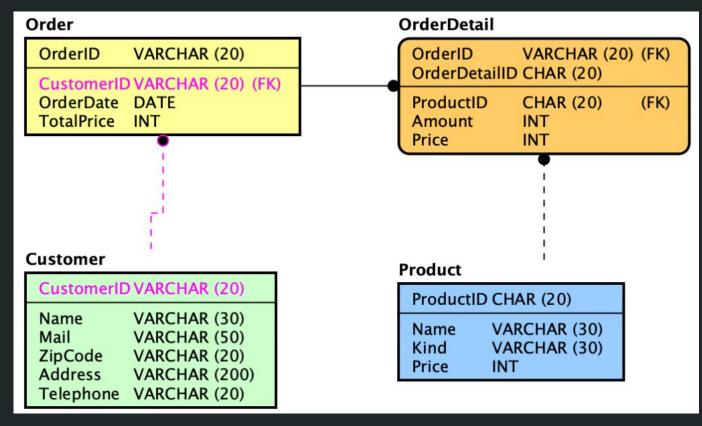
Database (RDBMS ) = N \* TABELLA TABELLA = M \* TUPLE

#### SQL

```
SQLQuery1.sql - LA...P6N0UL\ianto (53))* + X

□WITH ImportiFattureAnnui AS (
          SELECT YEAR(DataFattura) as Anno,
          SUM(Importo) as ImportoTotaleAnnuo
          FROM Fatture
          GROUP BY YEAR(DataFattura)
     SELECT AVG(ImportoTotaleAnnuo) as ImportoAnnuoMedio
            ImportiFattureAnnui;
     FROM
152 %
ImportoAnnuoMedio
   197.970000
```

#### ER (entity relation) diagram:



#### Is SQL just enough?

**Object–relational impedance mismatch**: it is a set of conceptual and technical difficulties that are often encountered when a relational database management system (RDBMS) is being served by an application program (or multiple application programs) written in an **object-oriented programming language** or style, particularly because objects or class definitions must be mapped to database tables defined by a relational schema.

#### Person:

- Name
- Surname
- Age
- Sex

#### **Customer:**

- '

#### Is SQL just enough?

**Object–relational impedance mismatch**: it is a set of conceptual and technical difficulties that are often encountered when a relational database management system (RDBMS) is being served by an application program (or multiple application programs) written in an **object-oriented programming language** or style, particularly because objects or class definitions must be mapped to database tables defined by a relational schema.

#### Person:

- Name
- Surname
- Age
- Sex

#### **Customer:**

- Mail
- Zipcode
- Address
- Telephone

#### Person - Customer - Java implementation OOP

```
public class Person {
   String name;
   String surname;
   int age;
   String sex;
}
```

```
public class Customer
extends Person {
   String mail;
   String zipcode;
   String address;
   String telephone;
}
```

#### Person - Customer - Database mapping

Person:

String name;
String surname;
int age;
String sex;

Customer:

String mail;
String zipcode;
String address;
String address;
String telephone;

# Person - Customer - Database mapping

PersonID: MatteMendu9516			
Name	Matteo		
Surname	Mendula		
Age	26		
Sex	Male		

CustomerID: CustomerMatteMendu9516				
PersonID	MatteMendu9516			
Mail	mattemendu@gmail.com			
Zipcode	12345			
Address	Via delle vie 17b			

CustomerID	PersonID	Mail	Zipcode	Address
CustomerMatteMend u9516	MatteMendu 9516	mattemendu@g mail.com	12345	Via delle vie 17b
CustomerFilippoFav ero1256	FilippoFaver o1256	filippopippo@g mail.com	67891	Via di Filippo 2
CustomerPaoloBassi 1246	PaoloBassi1 246	paolo.b@gmail. com	23456	Via Paolo the best 12

CustomerID	PersonID	Mail	Zipcode	Address	Premium
CustomerMatte Mendu9516	MatteMen du9516	mattemendu @gmail.com	12345	Via delle vie 17b	
CustomerFilippo Favero1256	FilippoFav ero1256	filippopippo @gmail.com	67891	Via di Filippo 2	
CustomerPaoloB assi1246	PaoloBas si1246	paolo.b@gm ail.com	23456	Via Paolo the best 12	<u>TRUE</u>

CustomerID	PersonID	Mail	Zipcode	Address	Premium
CustomerMatte Mendu9516	MatteMen du9516	mattemendu @gmail.com	12345	Via delle vie 17b	?
CustomerFilippo Favero1256	FilippoFav ero1256	filippopippo @gmail.com	67891	Via di Filippo 2	?
					?
CustomerPaoloB assi1246	PaoloBas si1246	paolo.b@gm ail.com	23456	Via Paolo the best 12	<u>TRUE</u>

CustomerID	PersonID	Mail	Zipcode	Address	Premium
CustomerMatte Mendu9516	MatteMen du9516	mattemendu @gmail.com	12345	Via delle vie 17b	NULL
CustomerFilippo Favero1256	FilippoFav ero1256	filippopippo @gmail.com	67891	Via di Filippo 2	NULL
					NULL
CustomerPaoloB assi1246	PaoloBas si1246	paolo.b@gm ail.com	23456	Via Paolo the best 12	<u>TRUE</u>

# Open questions to you: new attribute as array?

CustomerID	PersonID	Mail	Zipcode	Address	WishList
CustomerMatte Mendu9516	MatteMen du9516	mattemendu @gmail.com	12345	Via delle vie 17b	
CustomerFilippo Favero1256	FilippoFav ero1256	filippopippo @gmail.com	67891	Via di Filippo 2	
CustomerPaoloB assi1246	PaoloBas si1246	paolo.b@gm ail.com	23456	Via Paolo the best 12	[order_12, order_13,]

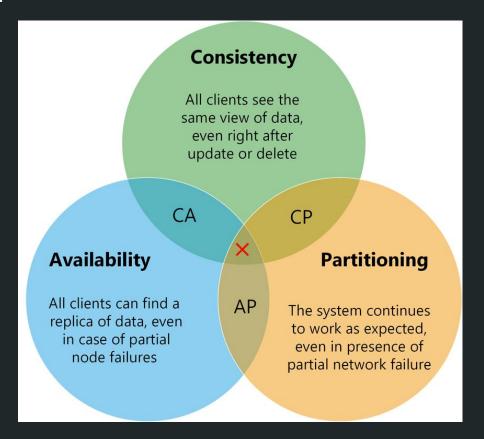
# Open questions to you: new attribute as array?

OrderID	CustomerID	
Order_12	CustomerMatteMendu9516	
Order_99	CustomerPaoloBassi1246	

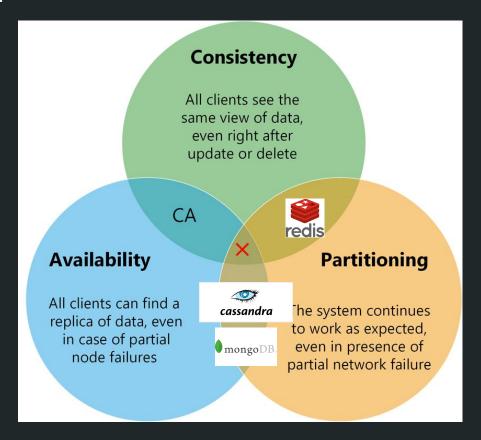
#### Object-relational impedance mismatch

Objects (instances) reference one another and therefore form a <u>graph in the</u> <u>mathematical</u> sense. Relational schemas are, in contrast, <u>tabular and based on</u> <u>relational algebra</u>, which defines linked heterogeneous tuples (groupings of data fields into a "row" with different types for each field).

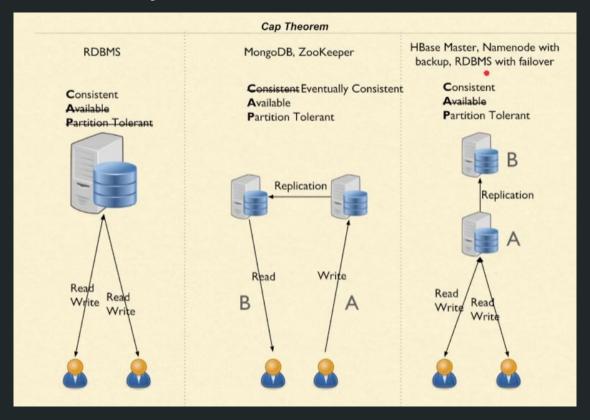
#### CAP theorem



#### CAP theorem



# Eventual consistency



#### Not only SQL

A NoSQL (originally referring to "non-SQL" or "non-relational") database provides a mechanism for storage and retrieval of data that is modeled in means <u>other than</u> the tabular relations used in relational databases. Such databases have existed since the late 1960s, but the name "NoSQL" was only coined in the early 21st century. Triggered by the needs of Web 2.0 companies. NoSQL databases are increasingly used in big data and real-time web applications. NoSQL systems are also sometimes called **Not only SQL** to emphasize that they may support SQL-like query languages or sit alongside SQL databases.

Туре	Notable examples of this type
Wide Column Store	Azure Cosmos DB, Amazon DynamoDB, Bigtable, <u>Cassandra</u> , Google Cloud Datastore, HBase, Hypertable, ScyllaDB
Graph database	Azure Cosmos DB, AllegroGraph, ArangoDB, InfiniteGraph, Apache Giraph, MarkLogic, Neo4J, OrientDB, Virtuoso
Document store	Azure Cosmos DB, ArangoDB, BaseX, Clusterpoint, Couchbase, CouchDB, DocumentDB, eXist-db, IBM Domino, MarkLogic, MongoDB, Qizx, RethinkDB, Elasticsearch, OrientDB
Key–value cache	Apache Ignite, Couchbase, Coherence, eXtreme Scale, Hazelcast, Infinispan, Memcached, Redis, Velocity

#### Data model

Post instagram

FB profile and friendship network

#### Cassandra?

https://phoenixnap.com/kb/install-cassandra-on-windows

https://phoenixnap.com/kb/create-drop-alter-and-truncate-tables-in-cassandra

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8AoWhAhfuYk