



Programming for IoT applications

Lab 1



How to manage files in python?

Python provides functions to read and write files.

1. Open a file with the function `open()`
2. Read or write it with `read()`, `readline()`, or `write()`
3. Close the file with `close()`



Reading files

Read a file taking its name from command line

```
from sys import argv
```

```
filename = argv[1]
```

```
txt = open(filename)
```

Open the file

```
print "Here's your file %r:", % filename
```

```
print txt.read()
```

Show the file content

```
print "\nType the filename again:"
```

```
file_again = raw_input("> ")
```

```
txt_again = open(file_again)
```

```
print txt_again.read()
```



Writing files

```
from sys import argv
```

```
script, filename = argv
```

```
print "We're going to erase %r." % filename
```

```
print "Opening the file..."
```

```
target = open(filename, 'w')
```

Open the file in *write* mode

```
print "... truncating the file. Goodbye!"
```

```
target.truncate()
```

Empties the file

```
print "\nNow I'm going to ask you for two lines."
```

```
line1 = raw_input("line 1: ")
```

```
line2 = raw_input("line 2: ")
```

```
print "I'm going to write these to the file."
```

```
target.write(line1)
```

```
target.write("\n")
```

```
target.write(line2)
```

```
target.write("\n")
```

Write string to file

```
print "And finally, we close it."
```

```
target.close()
```



How to manage JSON formats in python?

The json module provides API for converting in-memory Python objects to JSON.

- **json.loads(json_string)**: convert a JSON string to a Python object

```
string = '{"name": "Tony", "surname": "Stark"}'  
obj = json.loads(string)
```

This is a JSON string

obj is a dictionary

- **json.dumps(object)**: convert a Python object to a JSON string

```
obj = {"num1": 12, "num2": 34}  
string = json.dumps(obj)
```



JSON lib example

```
import json
```

#converting a JSON string to a Python object

```
string_1 = '{"name": "Tony", "surname": "Stark"}'
```

string_1 is a
JSON string

```
obj_1 = json.loads(string_1)
```

obj_1 is a Python
dictionary

```
print obj_1
```

#converting a Python object to a JSON string

```
obj_2 = {"num1": 12, "num2": 34}
```

obj_2 is a Python
dictionary

```
string_2 = json.dumps(obj_2)
```

string_2 is a
JSON string

```
print string_2
```