Appendix - 1 REMOTE CONTROL MODE

Remote Control of the PR-730/735 is accomplished using commands sent from the PC in ASCII (text) strings to the instrument. These commands are then executed and the requested information including measured values or instrument setup parameters are returned to the PC.

The PR-730/735 is controlled from a personal computer over the Universal Serial Bus (USB) interface. This is achieved by using a driver that parses appropriate ASCII (text) commands from the PC application then transmits them over the USB I/F to the PR-730/735.

Communication protocol is identical to RS-232 communications. The USB driver emulates an RS-232 interface including opening a COM: port, setting a baud rate, parity, stop bits and flow control. This makes Remote Control operations available for application software written in Microsoft Visual Basic, Microsoft C++ or any other language that is capable of opening a COM: port.

Note: While the PR-730/735 is in Remote Mode, the instrument's touch screen is disabled.

INSTALLING THE USB DRIVER

Prior to commencing *Remote Mode* operations, the **PR-7xx Utilities** software including the USB driver must be installed on your Windows based PC running Windows XP (or later) operating systems. Please refer to the USB portion of the *Connectivity* section for complete installation instructions.

USING REMOTE CONTROL COMMANDS

Note: The following steps are for Windows XP only.

- 1. Turn on the PR-730/735.
- 2. Set **Power Saving** to **Off**. This will prevent the PR-730/735 from powering off when idle for extended period of time. See the **Power Savings** section for more options.
- 3. Connect the PR-730/735 to the PC via the USB interface cable.
- 4. Click on on your computer desktop.
- 5. Click on All Programs then Accessories then Communications then HyperTerminal.
- **6.** In the screen that appears, assign a name (e.g. or PR-730/735).

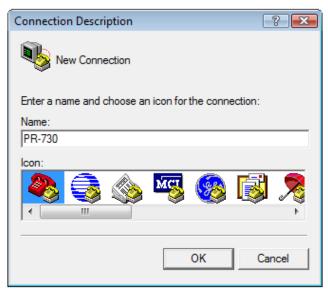


FIGURE 1 - HYPER TERMINAL CONNECTION DESCRIPTION MENU.

- 7. Click on OK.
- 1. In the screen that appears, select the appropriate COM port for communications. The COM port assigned by the USB driver is listed in the drop down window that appears.

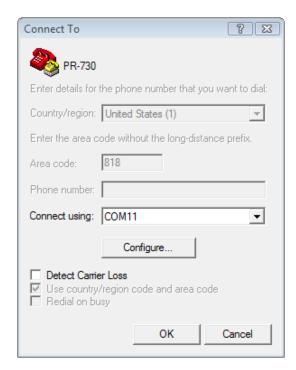


FIGURE 2 - COM PORT SELECTION IN HYPER TERMINAL.

If in doubt about which COM port is correct, the proper port can be identified in the **Device Manager** system screen. To access this screen:

1. From the XP desktop, right mouse click on My Computer.



FIGURE 3 - MY COMPUTER PROPERTIES RIGHT CLICK DROP DOWN OPTION.

- 2. Click on Properties.
- 3. Click on Hardware.



FIGURE 4. SYSTEM PROPERTIES MENU.

- 4. Click on Device Manager.
- 5. Note the COM port assigned to the PR Instrument.

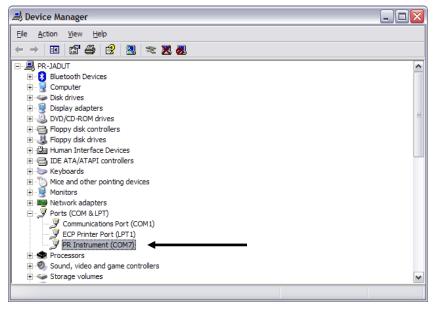


FIGURE 5 - WINDOWS XP DEVICE MANAGER.

8. The next screen is a form used for entering RS232 communications. Since the USB driver sets these parameters, no changes are required. Click on **OK.**



FIGURE 6. WINDOWS XP COM PROPERTIES WINDOW.

- **9.** The main HyperTerminal appears. Type **PHOTO** (case sensitive).
- **10. REMOTE MODE** is displayed in the HyperTerminal window. The PR-730/735 is now ready to accept Remote Control Commands.
- 11. Type **E** then touch **Enter** to put the PR-730/735 in *Echo* or *Full Duplex* mode This enables display of characters sent to the instrument on the HyperTerminal window.

ENTERING REMOTE MODE

When communicating with the PR-730/735 using remote mode commands in the following environments, C++, Visual Basic, MatLab, and LabView please note that **single characters and not Strings** must be sent to the instrument. Some examples are given below.

Entering Remote Mode

To enter remote mode "P" "H" "O" "T" "O" must be sent as single characters and not as a single string.

Making a Measurement

For example to have the instrument make a measurement and return spectral data, the following command must be sent "M" "5" "[CR]" as single characters, not as a single string.

REMOTE CONTROL COMMAND SUMMARY

The following table summarizes all valid Remote Control commands and responses from the PR-730/735. Detailed descriptions including parameters passed with each command are detailed in the **Commands** section.

Command	Description
В	Sets LCD backlight level
С	Clears current session instrument errors
D	Downloads data from the PR-730/735
E	Toggles the Echo (full duplex) mode
F	Measure frequency of light source
1	Requests instrument status or / error report from PR-730/735
L	Defines measurement title – Maximum of 20 characters.
M	Measure command for the PR-730/735. Returned datum depends on the accompanying parameters.
0	Data logger commands
Q	Quit (exit) remote mode.
R	Recall stored measurement
S	Set up measurement parameters
V	View last measurement error code.
Х	Sets LCD contrast level.
Z	Reset commands

TABLE 1 - PR-730/735 REMOTE MODE COMMAND SUMMARY.

Usage:

- <...> Optional Entry,
- [...] Mandatory entry
- (...) Comment, NOT PART OF THE COMMAND

Note: The default values, e.g. apertures, exposure time etc. are those used for the measurement before the instrument was set to Remote Control Mode or, if in Remote Mode, the value from the previous command.

REMOTE CONTROL COMMAND DETAIL

Command	Description	
В	Purpose: Set LCD backlight level	
	Syntax: Bnn[CR]	
	Bnn = Backlight / Brightness level in percentage.	
	Range of nn = 0 to 100%	
	Response: Backlight set to nn %	
	Purpose: Clears the current instrument error	
С	Syntax: C[CR]	
	Response: None	
	Purpose: Download data from the PR-7xx	
	Syntax: D <data code="">[CR]</data>	
D	Response: 0000, <data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data>	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNNN = Error code)	
	Note: <data> in response code refers to the specific measurement data set returned based on the data code sent to the instrument. Refer to the Data Code section for details</data>	
	Purpose: Full Duplex (Echo) ON / OFF	
E	Syntax: E[CR]	
	Response: None	
	Purpose: Measure frequency of light source	
F	Syntax: F[CR]	
•	Response: 0000,ff.ff Hertz (Period = nnnnn milliseconds) If all OK else	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Purpose: Return instrument status / error report	
	Syntax: I[CR]	
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Purpose: Assign measurement description	
L	Syntax: L <character 20="" characters="" length="" max="" of="" string="" with="">[CR]</character>	
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Note: Entry remains valid for the duration of the current Remote Mode session or until a new L command is issued. If L[CR] is issued with an empty string, the current description is returned.	

Command	Description	
	Purpose: Make a Measurement with the PR-7xx	
	Syntax: M <data code="">[CR]</data>	
	Response: 0000, <data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data>	
M	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Note: <data> in response code refers to the specific measurement data set returned based on the data code sent to the instrument. Refer to the Data Code section for specific information.</data>	
0	Initialize Data Logger Mode. Data Logger Mode acts like a printer, automatically sending measurement result data over the USB interface following a measurement. Data types can be defined by the user through switches.	
	Note: Data Logging is supported on PR-730 / PR-735 firmware versions 2.58 and above only. Contact Photo Research for upgrade information.	
	Purpose: Quit (Exit) Remote mode	
Q	Syntax: Q	
	Response: None	
	Purpose: Recall stored measurement data from the PR-7xx	
	Syntax: R <data code="">,<measurement #="">,<filename.ext>[CR]</filename.ext></measurement></data>	
	Response: 0000, <data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data>	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Special Syntax 1 (Recall from RAM only):	
	Syntax: R <data code="">,0[CR] Recall last written measurement</data>	
	Response: 0000, <data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data>	
R	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
K	Special Syntax 2 (Recall from RAM only):	
	Syntax : R <data code="">,+[CR] Increments the Measurement ID (measurement number) and recalls the data.</data>	
	Response: 0000, <data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data>	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Note: If data code is not specified, code 1 will be sent. If filename.ext is not specified, data returned will be that stored in the internal memory (RAM) of the instrument instead of the SD card.	
	<data> in response code refers to the specific measurement data set returned based on the data code sent to the instrument. Refer to the Data Code section for specific information.</data>	
	Purpose: Assign instrument and measurement set up parameters	
S	Syntax: S[specifier][CR]	
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK	
	0001[CR][LF] Measurement in progress	

Command	Description
т	Purpose: Trigger (initiate) a measurement
	Syntax: T[specifier][CR]
•	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	Purpose: View / Report last measurement error
V	Syntax: V[CR]
•	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Measurement error code)
	Purpose: Set the display contrast .
X	Syntax: Xnnn where nnn is the contrast in % - Range 0 to 100%
~	Response: "Contrast set to nnn %"
	See the Setup Command section for complete details
	Purpose: Enable Reset Command Mode
	Syntax: ZEnableReset
	Response: 00000,Reset Commands Enabled
Z	Reset Commands:
_	ZResetPreferences – Reset all Preferences values to factory default.
	ZResetSetup – Reset all Setup values to factory default.
	NOTE: All Reset Commands will shut down the instrument after they are executed.

SETUP COMMANDS

Setup Commands are used to specify instrument and measurement parameters for the next measurement. To specify more than one parameter, sequential setup commands may be sent to the instrument before the measurement is initiated.

The default parameters are those used during the measurement immediately before Remote Mode operations are initiated. If Remote Mode operations are under way, the default setup values for the upcoming measuring are those defined in the last Setup (S_ command).

Setup Command	Description	
	Select Add-on Accessory 1	
	An Add-on accessory is one that is used in conjunction with a primary accessory. For example, a neutral density filter (Add-on Accessory) used with the MS-75 (Primary Accessory). Up to 3 Add-on accessories can be specified for a measurement.	
	Syntax: SAn[CR]	
SA	Where: n = Accessory code	
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Note: Accessory Codes can be found by running report 116 (command D116). See the Data Codes section for specific details.	
	Note: To deselect Add-on accessories, send the command SA-1. Selecting a different Primary accessory also deselects Add-on accessories.	
	Select Add-on Accessory 2	
	An Add-on accessory is one that is used in conjunction with a primary accessory. For example, a neutral density filter (Add-on Accessory) used with the MS-75 (Primary Accessory). Up to 3 Add-on accessories can be specified for a measurement. Syntax: SBn[CR]	
0.0	Where: n = Accessory code	
SB	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Note: Accessory Codes can be found by running report 116 (command D116). See the Data Codes section for specific details.	
	Note: To deselect Add-on accessories, send the command SA-1. Selecting a different Primary accessory also deselects Add-on accessories.	

Setup Command	Description	
sc	Select Add-on Accessory 3 An Add-on accessory is one that is used in conjunction with a primary accessory. For example, a neutral density filter (Add-on Accessory) used with the MS-75 (Primary Accessory). Up to 3 Add-on accessories can be specified for a measurement.	
	Syntax: SCn[CR] Where: n = Accessory code Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Note: Accessory Codes can be found by running report 116 (command D116). See the Data Codes section for specific details. Note: To deselect Add-on accessories, send the command SA-1. Selecting a different Primary accessory also deselects Add-on accessories.	
SD	Select Dark Current Mode (PR-730/735 only) Two dark current modes are available – Standard and Smart Dark. In Standard Mode, the instrument measures the detector dark current after each light measurement. If Smart Dark is enabled and two successive measurements yield the same exposure time then the dark current values from the first measurement are used for the second (and possibly successive) measurements. Syntax: SDn[CR] Where: n=Dark Current Mode 0 = Disable Smart Dark 1 = Enable Smart Dark Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
SE	Select Exposure Time Enter the Exposure (Integration) time for the next measurement in milliseconds. Possible values are 12 – 120,000 (6 sec.) for Standard Mode, and 12 - 300,000 (5 min.) for Extended Mode. See the H specifier for more information on setting Standard or Extended Modes. To set the instrument to Adaptive Exposure, send SE0 (ttttt = 0) Syntax: SEttttt[CR] Where: ttttt = exposure time in milliseconds Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	

Setup Command	Description		
	Aperture Select		
	Select the aperture to be used for the next measurement.		
	Syntax: SFa[CR]		
SF	Where: a = aperture code		
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else		
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)		
	Note: See Data Code 117 for details on aperture codes.		
	Speed Mode		
	Select the Speed Mode for the next measurement. Choices are Normal, 1X Fast, 2X Fast		
	and 4X Fast.		
	Syntax: SGg[CR]		
	Where: g = Gain		
SG	0 = Normal (DEFAULT),		
	1 = Fast		
	2 = 2X Fast		
	3 = 4X Fast		
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else		
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)		
	Sensitivity Mode		
	Select the Sensitivity Mode for the next measurement. The two available modes are Standard and Extended. In <i>Standard</i> Mode, the exposure time range is 12 ms to 120,000		
	ms (6 sec.). In Extended Mode, the upper limit is extended to 300,000 ms (5 min.).		
	Syntax: SHm[CR]		
SH	Where: m = Sensitivity Mode		
	0 = Standard Mode		
	1 = Extended Mode		
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else		
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)		
	User Sync Frequency		
SK	Enter the frequency (in Hertz) of the source being measured. The range is 20 to 400 Hz.		
	This command works in unison with the SYNC Mode setting. See the S specifier for		
	complete details on setting the SYNC Mode.		
	Syntax: SKfff[CR] Where: ff = frequency in Hertz - Renge is 20 to 400		
	Where: fff = frequency in Hertz. Range is 20 to 400		
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else		
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)		

Setup Command	Description		
SN	Cycles to Average Defines the number of measurements (cycles) to average when calculating photometric and colorimetric values. The average of the spectra are used to calculate other values. The range of cycles to average is 1 to 99. The default is 1. Syntax: SNaa[CR] Where: aa = Cycles to Average Range 1 to 99 Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)		
so	CIE Observer Photometric and Colorimetric values can be calculated using either CIE 2° or 10° Standard Observer data sets. Use this specifier to choose the CIE data set for calculations for the next measurement. The default is 2°. Syntax: SOn[CR] Where: n = CIE Observer 2 = 2° 10 = 10° Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)		
SP	Primary Accessory A Primary Accessory is one that replaces the standard objective lens (typically the MS-75) during use and can be used in conjunction with an Add-on Accessory. Syntax: SPnn[CR] Where: nn = Accessory Code Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code) Note: Accessory Codes can be found by running report 116 (command D116). See the Data Codes section for specific details.		

Setup Command	Description	
	Bandwidth Select	
	For instruments supplied with the Multiple Bandwidth option, instructs the instrument which bandwidth to use during the next measurement.	
	Syntax: SRb[CR]	
SR	Where: b = Bandwidth	
	0 = 2 nm bandwidth (4 nm for PR-735)	
	1 = 4 nm bandwidth (8nm for PR-735)	
	3 = 8 nm bandwidth (14 nm for PR-735)	
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Sync Mode	
SS	Instructs the instrument to adjust the exposure time, when using Adaptive Sensitivity mode, to the nearest even multiple of the refresh rate (frequency) of the source. Choices are No Sync, Auto Sync, and User Frequency.	
	In <i>Auto Sync</i> mode, the instrument measures the frequency of the source to determine its period. The exposure time is then automatically altered so that it is an even multiple of the source period (1/frequency).	
	User Frequency will adjust the exposure time based on a user enter frequency in Hertz as entered using the SK command. See the User Sync Frequency section for more details on defining the Sync frequency.	
	Syntax: SQf[CR]	
	Where: f = Sync mode	
	0 = No Sync	
	1 = Auto Sync	
	3 = User Frequency	
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Photometric Units	
	Select English or Metric (SI) photometric values to be reported in the applicable Data	
	Codes.	
CIL	Syntax: SUn[CR] Where: n = Units type	
SU	0 = English	
	1 = Metric (SI)	
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else	
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	

MEASUREMENT AND DATA SEND CODES

Measurement and Data Send Codes are used to measure (**M** Command) and then specify returned data or acquire values without making a measurement (**D** command).

Either a **D** or an **M** can precede any of the following codes. For example, M1 or D1 - M602 or D602. If an M command is sent, a measurement will always be made even if the Data Code does not request measured values. For example, if M116 is sent to the instrument, a measurement is made then a list of accessories is returned from the instrument.

In the following table, **qqqq** is the returned error code. If **qqqq** is all zeros (00000) no error has occurred during the request. All other values for **qqqq** relate to an error condition. Refer to the Remote Mode Error Code section of the manual for a complete list of error codes and their meanings. **UUUU** in the output format is the photometric unit type of the measurement per the following table:

Туре	Code	Un	its
Luminance	0	fL	cd/m²
Illuminance	1	fc	lux
Luminous Intensity	2	m	cd
Luminous Flux	3	lum	ens

TABLE 2 - PHOTOMETRIC UNITS CODES

Note: Both qqqqq and UUUU are contained in every output and are not annotated below.

All data fields are fixed length (except where otherwise noted) and comma delimited. Commas also serve as placeholders for empty fields.

DATA CODE SUMMARY

The following table summarizes Data Codes and their meanings. For full details, please see the Expanded Code table following.

Data Code	Description	
0	Repeat last response code	
1	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1931 x,y	
2	status, units, CIE 1931 Tristimulus Values	
3	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1976 u', v'	
4	status, units, Photometric brightness, Correlated Color Temperature, Deviation from	
, T	Plancks Locus in 1960 u,v units	
5	status, units, Peak Wavelength, Integrated Power, Integrated Photon, WL, Spectral	
	Data at each WL	
6	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1931 x, y, CIE 1976 u', v'	
7	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1960 x, y	
8	status, Raw (uncorrected) light per pixel	
9	status, Raw (uncorrected) Dark Current per pixel	
10	status, Raw Light minus Dark Current per pixel	
11	status, units, Scotopic Brightness	
12	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1931 x, y, CIE 1960u, v	
13	status, Gain description, exposure time in milliseconds	
14	status, Sync mode description, sync period in milliseconds	
15	Status, bandwidth used for last measurement	
110	status, Instrument Serial Number	
111	status, Instrument Name	
112	status, Number of Accessories, Number of Apertures	
114	status, Software Version	
115	status, Battery status	
116	status, Accessory List	
117	status, Aperture List	
118	status, Bandwidth list	
120	status, Hardware configuration	
200	status, Last Meas. Max Raw Light Value, Last Meas. Min Raw Light Value, Last	
	Meas. Avg Raw Light Value.	
201	status, Same as report 200 for Raw Dark	
400	status, Contents of Last Measurement buffer.	
401	status, Number of measurements stored in RAM	
402	status, Directory of measurements stored in RAM.	
411	status, List file in SD card and number of stored measurements per file.	
412, filename	Status, Directory of stored measurements in the file "filename" in SD card.	
601	status, Current Setup Report – comma delimited	
602	status, Current Setup Report, Verbose	

TABLE 3 - DATA CODE SUMMARY

DATA CODE DETAILS

The following table details available Data Codes including data examples. Each field is comma delimited. Most fields are fixed length, however some are variable length and are indicated as such.

As mentioned earlier in this section, these commands may be attached to a **D** or **M** command - for example, **M5** or **D5**. Commands may not be combined.

To make a measurement and return more than one data type, first send the **M** command with the first response code, the send successive codes using the **D** command until all required data types have been returned.

Data Code	Description		
1	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,x.xxxx,y.yyyy[CRLF] where: Y = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.) e = exponent x = CIE 1931 x y = 1931 y		
	Output Example: 00000,0,1.865e+01,0.4035,0.4202		
2	Output Format: qqqqq,U,X.XXXe+ee, Y.YYYe+ee, Z.ZZZe+ee CRLF where:		
3	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,u'.u'u'u',v'.v'v'v' CRLF where: Y = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.) e = exponent u'=CIE 1976 u' v'=CIE 1976 v' Output Example:		
4	Output Example: 00000,0,1.865e+01,0.2231,0.5227 Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,CCCCC,d.dddd CRLF where: Y = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.) e = exponent CCCCC = Correlated Color Temperature in Kelvins d.dddd = CIE 1960 deviation from Planck's Black Body Radiator locus		
	Output Example 00000,0,1.865e+01, 3757,0.0129		

5	Output Format: qqqqq,U,w.wwwe+eee,i.iiie-ee,p.pppe+eeCRLF where: w.www = peak wavelength
	386,5.725e-06 388,8.989e-06 390,1.127e-05
6	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,x.xxxx,y.yyyy,u'.u'u'u', v'.v'v'v'v'CRLF where: Y.YYY = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.) e.ee = exponent x,xxxx = CIE 1931 x y.yyyy = CIE 1931 y u'.u'u'u' = CIE 1976 u' v'.v'v'v'v = CIE 1976 v'
	Output Example: 00000,0,2.041e+01,0.4089,0.4151,0.2283,0.5215
7	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,u.uuuu,v.vvvv CRLF where: Y.YYY = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.) e.ee = exponent u.uuuu = CIE 1976 u v.vvvv = CIE 1976 v Output Example: 00000,0,2.646e+03,0.2081,0.3519
8	Output Format: qqqqq, CRLF, IIIII CRLF, IIIII CRLF, IIIII CRLF
	Output Example: 00000, 3475 3426 3477 3451 3483 3459

	Output Format: qqqqq, CRLF, ddddd CRLF, ddddd CRLF, ddddd CRLF
	where: ddddd = Raw signal (dark current) data (variable length from 1 to 5 digits) for all
	detector pixels from 0 to 255.
	Output Example:
9	00000,
	120
	135
	122 130
	131
	123
	Output Format: qqqqq,U,S.SSSe+eeCRLF
	where: S.SSS = scotopic luminance,
11	e+ee = exponent
	Output Example:
	00000,0,3.668e+01
	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,x.xxxx,y.yyyy,u'.u'u'u', v'.v'v'v'V'CRLF
	<pre>where: Y.YYY = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.)</pre>
	x.xxxx = CIE 1931 x,
12	y.yyyy = CIE 1931 y
12	u.uuuu = CIE 1960 u
	v.vvvv = CIE 1960 v
	Output Example:
	00000,0,2.041e+01,0.4089,0.4151,0.2283,0.3477
	Output Format: qqqqq,Gain description,nnnnnn msec CRLF where: Gain Description is a text description of the Gain Used Possibilities are: Normal,
	Fast, 2X Fast and 4X Fast
13	nnnnnn = Last exposure time in milliseconds
	Output Example:
	00000,Fast,16500 msec
	Output Format: qqqqq,Sync mode description,nnnnnn Hertz CRLF
	where: Sync mode description = Sync mode in use. Possibilities are: Auto Sync, User
14	Sync, None
14	nnnnnn = Sync Frequency in Hertz
	Output Example:
	00000,User Sync,120.00 Hertz
115	Output Format: qqqqq, Bandwidth description nm CRLF
	where: Bandwidth description = The bandwidth used for the last measurement in nm
	Output Example:
	00000,8 nm

	0015
	Output Format: qqqqq,ssssssss CRLF
440	where: sssssss = Instrument Serial Number
110	
	Output Example:
	00000,67065106
	Output Format: qqqqq,mmmmmmCRLF
	where: mmmmmm = Instrument Model
111	
	Output Example:
	00000,PR-730/735
	·
	Output Format: qqqqq,ac,ap CRLF
	where: ac = number of calibrated accessories
112	ap = number of calibrated apertures
	Output Example:
	00000,1,4
	Output Format: qqqqq,vvvvv CRLF
	where: vvvvv = Software version
114	
	Output Example:
	00000,2.22D
	Output Format: qqqqq,nn,ss,tt,pp,rr CRLF
	where: nn = ID number of accessory
	ss = Accessory name (variable length)
	tt = Accessory type – Possibilities are: Primary or Addon
	pp = Photometry Mode – Possibilities are: Luminance, Illuminance, Luminous
116	Intensity, or Luminous Flux
	rr = Radiometry Mode – Possibilities are: Radiance Irradiance Radiant Intensity or
	Radiant Flux
	Radiant Flux
	Output Evernales
	Output Example:
	00000,0,MS-75,Primary,Luminance,Radiance
	Output Format: qqqqq,nn,ss,bw CRLF
	where: nn = ID number of aperture
	ss = Aperture Name
	bw = Effective Bandwidth
447	
117	Output Example:
	00000,0,1 deg,0.00
	00000,1,1/2 deg,0.00
	00000,2,1/4 deg,0.00
	00000,3,1/8 deg,0.00

	Output Format: qqqqq,nn,ss,bw CRLF		
	where: nn = ID number of aperture		
	ss = Aperture Name		
	bw = Effective Bandwidth		
118	2 Zinosivo Banamaii		
	Output Example:		
	00000,0,2 nm		
	00000,1,5 nm		
	00000,2,8 nm		
	Output Format: qqqqq,pp,bw,bb,ee,ii,nrp,frp,lrp CRLF		
	where: pp = Number of spectral data points.		
	bw = Bandwidth of instrument		
	bb = Starting WL		
	ee = Ending WL		
120	ii = WL Increment		
	nrp = Number of detector elements pixels		
	frp = First useable raw pixel number		
	Irp = Last useable raw pixel number		
	Output Example:		
	00000,201,0.00,380,780,2,256,7,247		
	Output Format: qqqqq, mxv, mnv, mav crlf		
	<pre>where: pp = Number of spectral data points. mxv = Max Value of Raw Light</pre>		
	mnv = Min Value		
200	mav = Average Value		
	Output Example:		
	00000,42268,2906,11135		
201	Same as D200 for Raw dark values.		
	Output Format: qqqqq CRLF		
	where: qq - Number of stored measurements in RAM		
401			
	Output Example:		
	6		
	Output Format: qqqqq,dt,tm CRLF Directory of stored Measurements in RAM		
	where: qq - ID of measurement		
402	dt = Date		
	tm = Time		
102	Output Example:		
	1,01-30-2007 13:48:26		
	2,01-30-2007 13:49:09		
	3,01-30-2007 13:51:03		
	3,01-30-2007 13.31.03		

	Output Format: filename.ext,qqqqq CRLF (List of files in SD Card).			
	where: filename.ext = Filename with extension.			
411	qq = Number of stored measurements in file.			
	Output Example:			
	MK.mea, 1			
	TSTSAMP.mea, 2			
	Output Format: qqqqq,dt,tm,ffffffff.eee CRLF (Directory of stored Measurements in file).			
	where: qqqqq = ID of measurement			
	dt = Date			
412	tm = Time			
	ffffffff.eee = filename.ext			
	Output Example:			
	Output Format: qqqqq, <primary lens="">, <addon1>, <addon2>, <addon3>, <aperture>,</aperture></addon3></addon2></addon1></primary>			
	<pre><units>, <exposure mode="">,<exposure (see="" note)="" time=""> ,<gain>,</gain></exposure></exposure></units></pre>			
	<pre><cycles>, <cie observer="">, DarkMode>, <syncmode>, <capturemode>,</capturemode></syncmode></cie></cycles></pre>			
	<pre><syncperiod>CRLF</syncperiod></pre>			
	Note: The exposure time reported in 601 and 602 (following) reports 0 if the			
601	instrument is set in Adaptive Exposure mode. To view the exposure time			
	for the last measurement when the instrument is in Adaptive Exposure			
	mode, send the D13 command.			
	Output Example:			
	00000,0,-1,-1,-1,0,0,0,0,0,1,2,0,0,0,60.00			
	Output Format: Current set report with text labels.			
	Dark mode values: for reports [601] and [602]			
	0 Disable Smart Dark			
602	1 Enable Smart Dark			
	Output Example:			
	00000,MS-75,None,None,None,1 deg,English,Adaptive,0 msec,Normal,1 cycles,2 deg,No			
	Smart Dark,No Sync,Standard Sensitivity,60.00 Hertz			

REMOTE CONTROL ERROR CODES

REMOTE CONTROL MEASUREMENT ERRORS

Error	Meaning
-0001	Light source not constant.
-0002	Light overload – signal too intense.
-0003	Cannot Sync to light source. Light source frequency below 20Hz, above 400 Hz or signal too low to Sync.
-0004	Adaptive mode error.
-0008	Weak light – insufficient signal.
-0009	Sync Error.
-0010	Cannot Auto Sync to light source.
-0012	Adaptive mode time out. Light source not constant.

REMOTE CONTROL PARSING ERRORS

Error	Meaning	Valid Values
-1000	Illegal command	
-1001	Too many fields in setup command	
-1002	Invalid primary accessory code	
-1003	Invalid Addon 1 accessory code	
-1004	Invalid Addon 2 accessory code	
-1005	Accessory is not a primary accessory	
-1006	Accessory is not an Addon accessory	
-1007	Accessory already selected	
-1008	Invalid Aperture index (PR-730/735 only)	
4000	Invalid units code	0 = English
-1009		1 = Metric (SI)
-1010	Invalid Exposure value	3 to 6000 ms PR-730/735 6 to 30,000 ms
-1011	Invalid Gain code	0 = Normal 1 = 1X for AC sources 2 = 10X 3 = 100X
-1012	Invalid average cycles	1 to 99
-1013	Invalid Calc Mode	
-1014	Invalid Trigger Mode	
-1015	Invalid CIE observer	2 or 10

PR-730 / 735 Remote Control Mode

Error	Meaning	Valid Values
-1017	Invalid Dark measurement mode	0 = Disable Smart Dark
		1 = Enable Smart Dark
	Invalid Sync mode	0 = No Sync
-1019		1 = Auto Sync
		3 = User Frequency
-1021	Measurement title too long	> 20 characters
-1022	Measurement title field empty after sending L command	
-1023	Invalid user Sync period	20 to 400 Hz
-1024	Invalid R command	
-1025	Invalid Addon 3 accessory code	
-1026	Invalid sensitivity mode	0 = Standard Mode
-1026		1 = Extended Mode
-1035	Parameter not applicable to this instrument	
	This error code is returned whenever a response code is	
-2000	requested that does not exist, or when no other D	
	command has been sent previously.	