Appendix - 1 Remote Control Mode

Remote Control of the PR-740/745 is accomplished using commands sent from the PC in ASCII (text) strings to the instrument. These commands are then executed and the requested information including measured values or instrument setup parameters are returned to the PC.

The PR-740/745 is controlled from a personal computer over the Universal Serial Bus (USB) interface. This is achieved by using a driver that parses appropriate ASCII (text) commands from the PC application then transmits them over the USB I/F to the PR-740/745.

Communication protocol is identical to RS-232 communications. The USB driver emulates an RS-232 interface including opening a COM: port, setting a baud rate, parity, stop bits and flow control. This makes Remote Control operations available for application software written in Microsoft Visual Basic, Microsoft C++ or any other language that is capable of opening communicating via a COM: port.

Note: While the PR-740/745 is in Remote Mode, the instrument's touch screen is disabled.

INSTALLING THE USB DRIVER

Prior to commencing *Remote Mode* operations, the **PR-7xx Utilities** software including the USB driver must be installed on your Windows based PC running Windows XP (or later) operating systems. Please refer to the USB portion of the *Connectivity* section for complete installation instructions.

USING REMOTE CONTROL COMMANDS

1. From the XP desktop, right mouse click on *My Computer*.

REMOTE CONTROL COMMAND SUMMARY

The following table summarizes all valid Remote Control commands and responses from the PR-740/745. Detailed descriptions including parameters passed with each command are detailed in the **Commands** section.

Command	Description	
Α	Sends an Abort command to the instrument to prematurely end a measurement.	
В	Sets LCD backlight level	
С	Clears current session instrument errors	
D	Request data from the PR-740/745	
E	Toggles the Echo (full duplex) mode	
F	Measure frequency of light source	
-	Requests instrument status or / error report from PR-740/745	
L	Defines measurement title – Maximum of 20 characters.	
М	Measure command for the PR-740/745. Returned data depends on the accompanying switches.	
0	Data logger commands	
Р	Monitor the progress of a measurement. Must be used with the 'T' command.	
т	Trigger. Initiate a measurement using current instrument set-up parameters. No data is returned. The 'D' command and appropriate switch must be sent to retrieve data following a "T" initiated measurement.	
Q	Quit (exit) remote mode.	
R	Recall stored measurement	
S	Set up measurement parameters	
V	View last measurement error code.	
X	Sets LCD contrast level.	
Z	Reset commands	

TABLE 6 - PR-740/745 REMOTE MODE COMMAND SUMMARY.

Usage:

- <...> Optional Entry,
- [...] Mandatory entry
- (...) Comment, NOT PART OF THE COMMAND

Note: The default values, e.g. apertures, exposure time etc. are those used for the measurement before the instrument was set to Remote Control Mode or, if in Remote Mode, the value from the previous command.

REMOTE CONTROL COMMAND DETAIL

Command	Description
	Purpose: Abort measurement in progress
A	Syntax: A[CR]
	Response: 0000, [CR][LF] Measurement aborted.
	0001, [CR][LF] No measurement in progress
	Purpose: Set LCD backlight level
В	Syntax: Bnn[CR] Bnn = Backlight / Brightness level in percentage.
	Range of nn = 0 to 100%
	Response: Backlight set to nn %
	Purpose: Clears the current instrument error
С	Syntax: C[CR]
	Response: None
	Purpose: Download data from the PR-7xx
	Syntax: D <data code="">[CR]</data>
D	Response: 0000, <data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data>
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNNN = Error code)
	Note: <data> in response code refers to the specific measurement data set returned based on</data>
	the data code sent to the instrument. Refer to the Data Code section for details
E	Purpose: Full Duplex (Echo) ON / OFF Syntax: E[CR]
_	Response: None
	Purpose: Measure frequency of light source
_	Syntax: F[CR]
F	Response: 0000,ff.ff Hertz (Period = nnnnn milliseconds) If all OK else
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	Purpose: Return instrument status / error report
	Syntax: I[CR]
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	Purpose: Assign measurement description
	Syntax: L <character 20="" characters="" length="" max="" of="" string="" with="">[CR]</character>
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else
L	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	Note: Entry remains valid for the duration of the current Remote Mode session or until a new L
	command is issued. If L[CR] is issued with an empty string, the current description is
	returned.
	Purpose: Make a Measurement with the PR-7xx
	Syntax: M <data code="">[CR] Response: 0000,<data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data></data>
M	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
IVI	Note: <data> in response code refers to the specific measurement data set returned based on</data>
	the data code sent to the instrument. Refer to the Data Code section for specific
	information.
0	Initialize Data Logger Mode. Data Logger Mode acts like a printer, automatically sending
	measurement result data over the USB interface following a measurement. Data types can
	be defined by the user through switches.
	Note: Data Logging is supported on PR-740 / PR-745 firmware versions 2.58 and
	above only. Contact Photo Research for upgrade information.

Command	Description
	Purpose: Monitor measurement progress.
Р	Syntax: P[CR] Response: 0000, <data>[CR][LF] Measurement has finished or not initiated.</data>
	0001 [CR][LF] Measurement in progress.
	Purpose: Quit (Exit) Remote mode
Q	Syntax: Q
	Response: None
	Purpose: Recall stored measurement data from the PR-7xx
	Syntax: R <data code="">,<measurement #="">,<filename.ext>[CR] Response: 0000,<data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data></filename.ext></measurement></data>
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	Special Syntax 1 (Recall from RAM only):
	Syntax: R <data code="">,0[CR] Recall last written measurement</data>
	Response: 0000, <data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data>
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
R	Special Syntax 2 (Recall from RAM only): Syntax: R <data code="">,+[CR] Increments the Measurement ID (measurement number) and</data>
	recalls the data.
	Response: 0000, <data>[CR][LF] If all OK, else</data>
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	Note: If data code is not specified, code 1 will be sent. If filename.ext is not specified, data
	returned will be that stored in the internal memory (RAM) of the instrument instead of the SD card.
	data> in response code refers to the specific measurement data set returned based on the
	data code sent to the instrument. Refer to the Data Code section for specific information.
	Purpose: Assign instrument and measurement set up parameters
S	Syntax: S[specifier][CR]
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK 0001[CR][LF] Measurement in progress
	Purpose: Trigger (initiate) a measurement
_	Syntax: T[specifier][CR]
Т	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	Purpose: View / Report last measurement error
V	Syntax: V[CR] Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Measurement error code)
	Purpose: Set the display contrast .
X	Syntax: Xnnn where nnn is the contrast in % - Range 0 to 100%
	Response: "Contrast set to nnn %"
	See the Setup Command section for complete details Purpose : Enable Reset Command Mode
	Syntax: ZEnableReset
	Response: 00000,Reset Commands Enabled
z	Reset Commands:
	ZResetPreferences – Reset all Preferences values to factory default.
	ZResetSetup – Reset all Setup values to factory default.
	NOTE: All Reset Commands will shut down the instrument after they are executed.
	,

SETUP COMMANDS

Setup Commands are used to specify instrument and measurement parameters for the next measurement. To specify more than one parameter, sequential setup commands may be sent to the instrument before the measurement is initiated.

The default parameters are those used during the measurement immediately before Remote Mode operations are initiated. If Remote Mode operations are under way, the default setup values for the upcoming measuring are those defined in the last Setup (S_ command).

Setup Command	Description	
SA	Select Add-on Accessory 1 An Add-on accessory is one that is used in conjunction with a primary accessory. For example, a neutral density filter (Add-on Accessory) used with the MS-75 (Primary Accessory). Up to 3 Add-on accessories can be specified for a measurement. Syntax: SAn[CR] Where: n = Accessory code Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Note: Accessory Codes can be found by running report 116 (command D116). See the Data Codes section for specific details. Note: To deselect Add-on accessories, send the command SA-1. Selecting a different Primary accessory also deselects Add-on accessories.	
SB	Select Add-on Accessory 2 An Add-on accessory is one that is used in conjunction with a primary accessory. For example, a neutral density filter (Add-on Accessory) used with the MS-75 (Primary Accessory). Up to 3 Add-on accessories can be specified for a measurement. Syntax: SBn[CR] Where: n = Accessory code Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code) Note: Accessory Codes can be found by running report 116 (command D116). See the Data Codes section for specific details. Note: To deselect Add-on accessories, send the command SA-1. Selecting a different Primary accessory also deselects Add-on accessories.	

Setup Command	Description	
sc	Select Add-on Accessory 3 An Add-on accessory is one that is used in conjunction with a primary accessory. For example, a neutral density filter (Add-on Accessory) used with the MS-75 (Primary	
	Accessory). Up to 3 Add-on accessories can be specified for a measurement. Syntax: SCn[CR] Where: n = Accessory code Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
	Note: Accessory Codes can be found by running report 116 (command D116). See the Data Codes section for specific details. Note: To deselect Add-on accessories, send the command SA-1. Selecting a different Primary accessory also deselects Add-on accessories.	
SD	Select Dark Current Mode (PR-740/745 only) Two dark current modes are available – Standard and Smart Dark. In Standard Mode, the instrument measures the detector dark current after each light measurement. If Smart Dark is enabled and two successive measurements yield the same exposure time then the dark current values from the first measurement are used for the second (and possibly successive) measurements. Syntax: SDn[CR] Where: n=Dark Current Mode 0 = Disable Smart Dark 1 = Enable Smart Dark Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
SE	Select Exposure Time Enter the Exposure (Integration) time for the next measurement in milliseconds. Possible values are 12 – 120,000 (6 sec.) for Standard Mode, and 12 - 300,000 (5 min.) for Extended Mode. See the H specifier for more information on setting Standard or Extended Modes. To set the instrument to Adaptive Exposure, send SE0 (ttttt = 0) Syntax: SEttttt[CR] Where: ttttt = exposure time in milliseconds Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	

Setup Command	Description	
SF	Aperture Select Select the aperture to be used for the next measurement. Syntax: SFa[CR] Where: a = aperture code Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code) Note: See Data Code 117 for details on aperture codes.	
SG	Speed Mode Select the Speed Mode for the next measurement. Choices are Normal, 1X Fast, 2X Fast and 4X Fast. Syntax: SGg[CR] Where: g = Gain 0 = Normal (DEFAULT), 1 = Fast 2 = 2X Fast 3 = 4X Fast Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
SH	Sensitivity Mode Select the Sensitivity Mode for the next measurement. The two available modes are Standard and Extended. In Standard Mode, the exposure time range is 12 ms to 120,000 ms (6 sec.). In Extended Mode, the upper limit is extended to 300,000 ms (5 min.). Syntax: SHm[CR] Where: m = Sensitivity Mode 0 = Standard Mode 1 = Extended Mode Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	
SK	User Sync Frequency Enter the frequency (in Hertz) of the source being measured. The range is 20 to 400 Hz. This command works in unison with the SYNC Mode setting. See the S specifier for complete details on setting the SYNC Mode. Syntax: SKfff[CR] Where: fff = frequency in Hertz. Range is 20 to 400 Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)	

Setup Command	Description		
SN	Cycles to Average Defines the number of measurements (cycles) to average when calculating photometric and colorimetric values. The average of the spectra are used to calculate other values. The range of cycles to average is 1 to 99. The default is 1. Syntax: SNaa[CR] Where: aa = Cycles to Average Range 1 to 99 Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)		
so	CIE Observer Photometric and Colorimetric values can be calculated using either CIE 2° or 10° Standard Observer data sets. Use this specifier to choose the CIE data set for calculations for the next measurement. The default is 2°. Syntax: SOn[CR] Where: n = CIE Observer 2 = 2° 10 = 10° Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)		
SP	Primary Accessory A Primary Accessory is one that replaces the standard objective lens (typically the MS-75) during use and can be used in conjunction with an Add-on Accessory. Syntax: SPnn[CR] Where: nn = Accessory Code Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code) Note: Accessory Codes can be found by running report 116 (command D116). See the Data Codes section for specific details.		

Setup Command	Description
	Bandwidth Select
	For instruments supplied with the Multiple Bandwidth option, instructs the instrument which bandwidth to use during the next measurement.
	Syntax: SRb[CR]
SR	Where: b = Bandwidth
	0 = 2 nm bandwidth (4 nm for PR-745)
	1 = 4 nm bandwidth (8nm for PR-745)
	3 = 8 nm bandwidth (14 nm for PR-745)
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	Sync Mode
	Instructs the instrument to adjust the exposure time, when using Adaptive Sensitivity mode, to the nearest even multiple of the refresh rate (frequency) of the source. Choices are No Sync, Auto Sync, and User Frequency.
	In <i>Auto Sync</i> mode, the instrument measures the frequency of the source to determine its period. The exposure time is then automatically altered so that it is an even multiple of the source period (1/frequency).
SS	User Frequency will adjust the exposure time based on a user enter frequency in Hertz as entered using the SK command. See the <i>User Sync Frequency</i> section for more details on defining the Sync frequency.
	Syntax: SQf[CR]
	Where: f = Sync mode
	0 = No Sync
	1 = Auto Sync
	3 = User Frequency
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	Photometric Units
	Select English or Metric (SI) photometric values to be reported in the applicable Data
	Codes. Syntax: SUn[CR]
CII	Where: n = Units type
SU	0 = English
	1 = Metric (SI)
	Response: 0000[CR][LF] If all OK, else
	NNNN[CR][LF] (NNNN = Error code)
	- 7

MEASUREMENT AND DATA SEND CODES

Measurement and Data Send Codes are used to measure (**M** Command) and then specify returned data or acquire values without making a measurement (**D** command).

Either a **D** or an **M** can precede any of the following codes. For example, M1 or D1 - M602 or D602. If an M command is sent, a measurement will always be made even if the Data Code does not request measured values. For example, if M116 is sent to the instrument, a measurement is made then a list of accessories is returned from the instrument.

In the following table, **qqqq** is the returned error code. If **qqqq** is all zeros (00000) no error has occurred during the request. All other values for **qqqq** relate to an error condition. Refer to the Remote Mode Error Code section of the manual for a complete list of error codes and their meanings.

UUUU in the output format is the photometric unit type of the measurement per the following table:

Type Code Units		its	
Luminance	0	fL	cd/m²
Illuminance	1	fc	lux
Luminous Intensity	2	mcd	
Luminous Flux	3	lumens	

TABLE 7 - PHOTOMETRIC UNITS CODES

Note: Both qqqqq and UUUU are contained in every output and are not annotated below.

All data fields are fixed length (except where otherwise noted) and comma delimited. Commas also serve as placeholders for empty fields.

DATA CODE SUMMARY

The following table summarizes Data Codes and their meanings. For full details, please see the Expanded Code table following.

Data Code	Description	
0	Repeat last response code	
1	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1931 x,y	
2	status, units, CIE 1931 Tristimulus Values (X, Y, Z)	
3	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1976 u', v'	
4	status, units, Photometric brightness, Correlated Color Temperature, Deviation from	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Plancks Locus in 1960 u,v units	
5	status, units, Peak Wavelength, Integrated Power, Integrated Photon, WL, Spectral	
	Data at each WL	
6	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1931 x, y, CIE 1976 u', v'	
7	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1960 u,v	
8	status, Raw (uncorrected) light per pixel	
9	status, Raw (uncorrected) Dark Current per pixel	
10	status, Raw Light minus Dark Current per pixel	
11	status, units, Scotopic Brightness	
12	status, units, Photometric brightness, CIE 1931 x, y, CIE 1960 u, v	
13	status, Gain description, exposure time in milliseconds	
14	status, Sync mode description, sync period in milliseconds	
15	Status, bandwidth used for last measurement	
110	status, Instrument Serial Number	
111	status, Instrument Name	
112	status, Number of Accessories, Number of Apertures	
114	status, Software Version	
115	status, Battery status	
116	status, Accessory List	
117	status, Aperture List	
118	status, Bandwidth list	
120	status, Hardware configuration	
200	status, Last Meas. Max Raw Light Value, Last Meas. Min Raw Light Value, Last	
	Meas. Avg Raw Light Value.	
201	status, Same as report 200 for Raw Dark	
400	status, Contents of Last Measurement buffer.	
401	status, Number of measurements stored in RAM	
402	status, Directory of measurements stored in RAM. An error message is generated if	
	there are no stored measurements.	
411	status, List of files in SD card and number of stored measurements per file.	
412, filename	Status, Directory of stored measurements in the file "filename" in SD card.	
601	status, Current Setup Report – comma delimited	
602	status, Current Setup Report, with labels.	

TABLE 8 - DATA CODE SUMMARY

DATA CODE DETAILS

The following table details available Data Codes including data examples. Each field is comma delimited. Most fields are fixed length, however some are variable length and are indicated as such.

As mentioned earlier in this section, these commands may be attached to a **D** or **M** command - for example, **M5** or **D5**. Commands may not be combined.

To make a measurement and return more than one data type, first send the **M** command with the first response code, the send successive codes using the **D** command until all required data types have been returned.

Data Code	Description		
1	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,x.xxxx,y.yyyy[CRLF] where: Y = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.) e = exponent x = CIE 1931 x y = 1931 y Output Example:		
	00000,0,1.865e+01,0.4035,0.4202		
2	Output Format: qqqqq,U,X.XXXe+ee, Y.YYYe+ee, Z.ZZZe+ee CRLF where: X = CIE 1931 Tristimulus X (Red) Y = CIE 1931 Tristimulus Y (Green) Z = CIE 1931 Z (Blue) Output Example: 00000,0,6.136e+01,1.865e+01,2.681e+01		
3	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,u'.u'u'u',v'.v'v'v CRLF where: Y = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.) e = exponent u'=CIE 1976 u' v'=CIE 1976 v' Output Example:		
	00000,0,1.865e+01,0.2231,0.5227		
4	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,CCCC,d.dddd CRLF where: Y = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.) e = exponent CCCCC = Correlated Color Temperature in Kelvins d.dddd = CIE 1960 deviation from Planck's Black Body Radiator locus		
	Output Example 00000,0,1.865e+01, 3757,0.0129		

	Output Format: qqqqq,U,w.wwwe+eee,i.iiie-ee,p.pppe+eeCRLF
	where: w.www = peak wavelength
	e = exponent
	i.iii = integrated radiometric value (sum of all spectral data times WL increment)
	p.ppp = integrated photon radiometric value
	wl,spectral dataCRLF
	wl,spectral dataCRLF
	wl,spectral dataCRLF
5	
	Output Example:
	00000,0,0.000e+000,1.827e-01,5.147e+01
	380,1.627e-
	382,9.910e-07
	384,5.356e-06
	386,5.725e-06
	388,8.989e-06
	390,1.127e-05
	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,x.xxxx,y.yyyy,u'.u'u'u', v'.v'v'v'CRLF
	where: Y.YYY = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.)
	e.ee = exponent
	x,xxxx = CIE 1931 x
6	y.yyyy = CIE 1931 y
0	u'.u'u'u' = CIE 1976 u'
	v'.v'v'v' = CIE 1976 v'
	Output Example:
	00000,0,2.041e+01,0.4089,0.4151,0.2283,0.5215
	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,u.uuuu,v.vvvv CRLF
	where: Y.YYY = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.)
	e.ee = exponent
7	u.uuuu = CIE 1976 u
	v.vvvv = CIE 1976 v
	Output Example:
	00000,0,2.646e+03,0.2081,0.3519
	Output Format: qqqqq, CRLF, IIIII CRLF, IIIII CRLF, IIIII CRLF
	where: IIIII = Raw signal (light) data (variable length from 1 to 5 digits) for all detector
	pixels from 0 to 511.
	Output Francis
	Output Example:
8	00000,
	3475
	3426
	3477
	3451
	3483
	3459

	Output Format: qqqqq, CRLF, ddddd CRLF, ddddd CRLF, ddddd CRLF
	where: ddddd = Raw signal (dark current) data (variable length from 1 to 5 digits) for all detector pixels from 0 to 511.
9	Output Example: 00000,
3	120
	135
	122 130
	131
	123
	Output Format: qqqqq, CRLF, ddddd CRLF, ddddd CRLF, ddddd CRLF
	where: ddddd = Raw signal (signal minus dark current) data (variable length from 1 to 5
	digits) for all detector pixels from 0 to 511.
	Output Example:
10	00000,
	120 135
	122
	130
	131
	123 Output Format: qqqqq,U,S.SSSe+eeCRLF
	where: S.SSS = scotopic luminance,
11	e+ee = exponent
	Output Example:
	00000,0,3.668e+01
	Output Format: qqqqq,U,Y.YYYe+ee,x.xxxx,y.yyyy,u'.u'u'u', v'.v'v'v'V'CRLF
	where: Y.YYY = Photometric brightness (e.g. Luminance or Illuminance etc.)
	e.ee = exponent x.xxxx = CIE 1931 x,
12	y.yyyy = CIE 1931 y
12	u.uuuu = CIE 1960 u
	v.vvvv = CIE 1960 v
	Output Example:
	00000,0,2.041e+01,0.4089,0.4151,0.2283,0.3477
13	Output Format: qqqqq,Gain description,nnnnnn msec CRLF
	where: Gain Description is a text description of the Gain Used
	Possibilities are: Normal, Fast, 2X Fast and 4X Fast
	nnnnnn = Last exposure time in milliseconds
	Output Example:
	00000,Fast,16500 msec

14	Output Format: qqqqq,Sync mode description,nnnnnn Hertz CRLF where: Sync mode description = Sync mode in use. Possibilities are: Auto Sync, User Sync, None nnnnnn = Sync Frequency in Hertz Output Example:
15	00000,User Sync,120.00 Hertz Output Format: qqqqq, Bandwidth description nm CRLF where: Bandwidth description = The bandwidth used for the last measurement in nm
19	Output Example: 00000,8 nm
110	Output Format: qqqqq,ssssssss CRLF where: ssssssss = Instrument Serial Number
	Output Example: 00000,67065106
111	Output Format: qqqqq,mmmmmmCRLF where: mmmmmm = Instrument Model
	Output Example: 00000,PR-740
112	Output Format: qqqqq,ac,ap CRLF where: ac = number of calibrated accessories ap = number of calibrated apertures
	Output Example: 00000,1,4
114	Output Format: qqqqq,vvvvv CRLF where: vvvvv = Software version
	Output Example: 00000,2.79D
115	Purpose: Battery Status (optional) Output Format: qqqqq,v CRLF where: v = 0, Battery OK
	v = 1, Battery low
	Output Example: 00000,0

	Output Format: qqqqq,nn,ss,tt,pp,rr CRLF where: nn = ID number of accessory
116	ss = Accessory name (variable length)
	tt = Accessory type – Possibilities are: Primary or Addon
	pp = Photometry Mode – Possibilities are: Luminance, Illuminance, Luminous
110	Intensity, or Luminous Flux
	rr = Radiometry Mode – Possibilities are: Radiance Irradiance Radiant Intensity or Radiant Flux
	Output Example:
	00000,0,MS-75,Primary,Luminance,Radiance
	Output Format: qqqqq,nn,ss,bw CRLF
	where: nn = ID number of aperture
	ss = Aperture Name bw = Effective Bandwidth
117	Output Example:
	00000,0,1 deg,0.00
	00000,1,1/2 deg,0.00
	00000,2,1/4 deg,0.00
	00000,3,1/8 deg,0.00
	Output Format: qqqqq,nn,ss,bw CRLF
	where: nn = ID number of bandwidth
	ss = Aperture Name
118	bw = Effective Bandwidth
	Output Example:
	00000,0,2 nm
	00000,1,5 nm
	00000,2,8 nm Output Format: qqqqq,pp,bw,bb,ee,ii,nrp,frp,lrp CRLF
	where: pp = Number of spectral data points.
	bw = Bandwidth of instrument
	bb = Starting WL
	ee = Ending WL
120	ii = WL Increment
	nrp = Number of detector elements pixels
	frp = First useable raw pixel number Irp = Last useable raw pixel number
	Output Example:
	00000,201,0.00,380,780,2,256,7,247

	Output Format: qqqqq, mxv, mnv, mav CRLF
	where: pp = Number of spectral data points.
	mxv = Max Value of Raw Light
200	mnv = Min Value
	mav = Average Value
	Output Example:
	00000,42268,2906,11135
201	Same as D200 for Raw dark values.
	Output Format: qqqqq, CRLF
	where: qq - Number of stored measurements in RAM
401	
	Output Example:
	0000, 6 Output Format: qqqqq,dt,tm CRLF Directory of stored Measurements in RAM
	where: qq - ID of measurement
	dt = Date
	tm = Time
402	
	Output Example:
	1,01-30-2007 13:48:26
	2,01-30-2007 13:49:09
	3,01-30-2007 13:51:03
	Output Format: filename.ext,qqqqq CRLF (List of files in SD Card).
	where: filename.ext = Filename with extension.
411	qq = Number of stored measurements in file.
	Output Example:
	MK.mea, 1
	TSTSAMP.mea, 2
	Output Format: qqqqq,dd-dd-dddd,tt:tt:tt CRLF (Directory of measurements in file)
	Syntax: 412, ffffffff.eee
	where: qqqqqq = ID of measurement
412	dd-dd-dddd = Date
	tt:tt:tt = Time
	ffffffff.eee = filename.ext
	Output Example:
	00000
	1,07-03-2011 01:17:43
	2,07-03-2011 01:18:01

Output Format: qqqqq, <primary lens="">, <addon1>, <addon2>, <addon3>, <</addon3></addon2></addon1></primary>	
	Output Example: 00000,0,-1,-1,-1,0,0,0,0,0,1,2,0,0,60.00
602	Output Format: Current set report with text labels. Dark mode values: for reports [601] and [602] 0 Disable Smart Dark 1 Enable Smart Dark
	Output Example: 00000,MS-75,None,None,None,1 deg,English,Adaptive,0 msec,Normal,1 cycles,2 deg,No Smart Dark, Standard Sensitivity, No Sync,60.00 Hertz

REMOTE CONTROL ERROR CODES

REMOTE CONTROL MEASUREMENT ERRORS

Error	Meaning
-0001	Light source not constant.
-0002	Light overload – signal too intense.
-0003	Cannot Sync to light source. Light source frequency below 20Hz, above 400 Hz or signal too low to Sync.
-0004	Adaptive mode error.
-0008	Weak light – insufficient signal.
-0009	Sync Error.
-0010	Cannot Auto Sync to light source.
-0012	Adaptive mode time out. Light source not constant.

REMOTE CONTROL PARSING ERRORS

Error	Meaning	Valid Values
-1000	Illegal command	
-1001	Too many fields in setup command	
-1002	Invalid primary accessory code	
-1003	Invalid Addon 1 accessory code	
-1004	Invalid Addon 2 accessory code	
-1005	Accessory is not a primary accessory	
-1006	Accessory is not an Addon accessory	
-1007	Accessory already selected	

Error	Meaning	Valid Values
-1008	Invalid Aperture index (PR-740/745 only)	
-1009	Invalid units code	0 = English
1000	invalid diffic code	1 = Metric (SI)
-1010	Invalid Exposure value	3 to 6000 ms PR-740/745 6 to 30,000 ms
-1011	Invalid Gain code	0 = Normal 1 = 1X for AC sources 2 = 10X 3 = 100X
-1012	Invalid average cycles	1 to 99
-1013	Invalid Calc Mode	
-1014	Invalid Trigger Mode	
-1015	Invalid CIE observer	2 or 10
-1017	Invalid Dark measurement mode	0 = Disable Smart Dark 1 = Enable Smart Dark
-1019	Invalid Sync mode	0 = No Sync 1 = Auto Sync 3 = User Frequency
-1021	Measurement title too long	> 20 characters
-1022	Measurement title field empty after sending L command	
-1023	Invalid user Sync period	20 to 400 Hz
-1024	Invalid R command	
-1025	Invalid Addon 3 accessory code	
-1026	Invalid sensitivity mode	0 = Standard Mode 1 = Extended Mode
-1035	Parameter not applicable to this instrument	
-2000	This error code is returned whenever a response code is requested that does not exist, or when no other D command has been sent previously.	