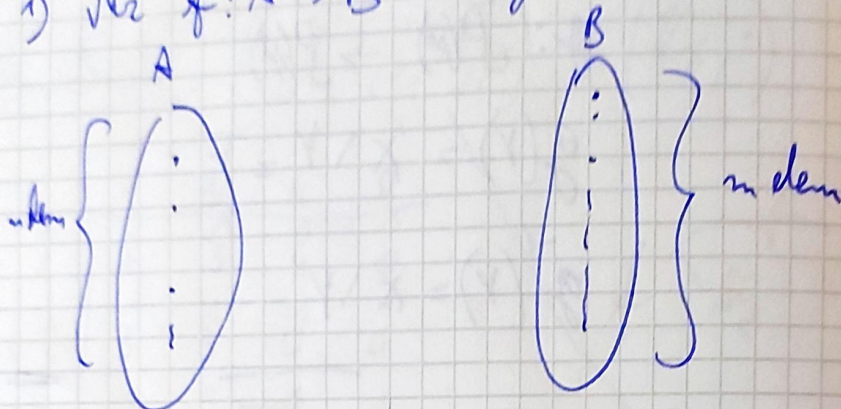


Generators

Let A, B finite, $|A| = m$, $|B| = n$

1) Nr $f: A \rightarrow B$ este egal cu n^m



$\rightarrow m \cdot \dots \cdot m$ funcții
m ori

2) Nr funcții injective de la A la $B = \begin{cases} 0, & m > n \\ A_m^n, & m \leq n \end{cases}$

3) Nr funcții surjective de la A la $B = \begin{cases} 0, & m > n \\ C_m^n, & m \leq n \end{cases}$

4) Nr funcții bijective de la A la $B = \begin{cases} 0, & m \neq n \\ C_{m+n-1}^n, & m = n \end{cases}$

$f: \{1, \dots, m\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, n\}$ func.

$g: \{1, \dots, m\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, m+n-1\}$

$g = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & m-1 & m \\ f(1) & f(2) & \dots & f(m-1) & f(m) \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow$ strict func.

Reciproce, $g: \{1, \dots, n\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, n+n-1\}$ s.t.

$f: \{1, \dots, n\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, n\}$ s.t.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & n \\ g(1) & g(2) & \dots & g(n) \end{pmatrix}$$

↙
bijection

A_1, \dots, A_n mulțimi finite,

Pentru $|A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_n| = \sum_{i=1}^n |A_i| - \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n}$

$$|A_i \cap A_j| + \sum_{1 \leq i < j < k \leq n} |A_i \cap A_j \cap A_k| - \dots + (-1)^{n+1} |A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n|$$

(Principiul includerii și al excluderii)

Dem.

Pentru $n=2$ $|A_1 \cup A_2| = |A_1| + |A_2| - |A_1 \cap A_2|$

Pentru n adăugăm $|A_1 \cup A_2 \cup \dots \cup A_n| \rightarrow n+1$

$$|(A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n) \cup A_{n+1}| = |A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n| + |A_{n+1}| -$$

$$- |(A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n) \cap A_{n+1}| =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{i=1}^n |A_i| - \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} |A_i \cap A_j| + \dots + (-1)^{n+1} |A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n| \\
&+ |A_{n+1}| - \cancel{\sum_{i=1}^n |A_i \cap A_{n+1}|} + \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} |A_i \cap A_j \cap A_{n+1}| - \dots \\
&\quad \sum_{i=1}^n |A_i \cap \dots \cap A_{n+1}| \\
&\quad |A_j \cap \dots \cap A_{n+1}| - \dots + (-1)^{n+1} |A_1 \cap \dots \cap A_{n+1}| \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^{n+1} |A_i| - \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n+1} |A_i \cap A_j| + \sum_{1 \leq i < j < l \leq n+1} |A_i \cap A_j \cap A_l| - \dots \\
&\quad - \dots + (-1)^{n+2} |A_1 \cap \dots \cap A_{n+1}|
\end{aligned}$$

Nr felicitar negativas de la A la B

$$g) A: \{1, 2, \dots, n\} \rightarrow \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$$

$$\forall i \in \{1, \dots, n\} \quad A_i = \{f: \{1, \dots, n\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, n\} \mid i \notin \text{Im } f\}$$

$$f \text{ no es un } \text{neg} \Leftrightarrow f \in (A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n)$$

\downarrow
no felicitar este $|A_i|$

$$|A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n| = \sum_{i=1}^n |A_i| -$$

$$- \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} |A_i \cap A_j|$$

$$(-1)^{m+1} |A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_m| = \sum_{i=1}^m \binom{m-1}{i-1} - \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq m} \binom{m-2}{i-1}$$

$$(-1)^m \sum_{i=1}^m 1$$

$$(-1)^{m+1} \cdot 0 =$$

$$= \binom{m-1}{0} \cdot \binom{m-1}{1} - \binom{m-2}{0} \binom{m-1}{2} - \dots - (-1)^m \cdot 1 \cdot \binom{m-1}{m-1} =$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{m-1} (-1)^{i+1} \binom{m-1}{i} \binom{m-1}{m-i} \rightarrow \text{or folie mij este } m -$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{m-1} (-1)^{i+1} \cdot \binom{m-1}{i} \binom{m-1}{m-i} = \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \binom{m-1}{i} \binom{m-1}{m-i} \cdot (-1)^i$$

Calculăm nr. punctelor din ∇ cu cel puțin un punct fix
 Nr. perm. $\nabla \in S_n$ pt care $\exists i \in \overline{1, \dots, n}$ a.i. $\nabla(i) = i$

$$A_i = \{\nabla \in S_n \mid \nabla(i) = i\}, i = \overline{1, n}$$

$$|A_1 \cup \dots \cup A_n| = \sum_{i=1}^n |A_i| - \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} |A_i \cap A_j| - \dots$$

$$(-1)^{n+1} |A_1 \wedge \dots \wedge A_n| = \sum_{i=1}^n (n-1)! - \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (n-2)!$$

$$(-1)^{n+1} \cdot 1! = C_n^1 (n-1)! - C_n^2 (n-2)! + \dots + (-1)^{n+1} C_n^n \cdot 1! =$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n (-1)^{i+1} C_n^i (n-i)!$$

Teoremă. Nr. permutărilor $\sigma \in S_n$ pt care \exists și este
un i cu $\sigma(i) = i \rightarrow$ Există un exact un
punct fix

$$\sigma \in A_i, \sigma \notin A_j \text{ if } j \neq i$$

$$\sigma \in \left(\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i \setminus \bigcup_{j \neq i} A_j \right)$$

Pentru o mulțime numără M , urm. af. sunt echiv.

1) M infinită

2) $\exists f: M \rightarrow M$ funcție inj care nu este surj

3) $\exists g: M \rightarrow M$ funcție surj care nu este inj

2) \rightarrow 1) și 3) \rightarrow 1) rez. din probl. anterioară

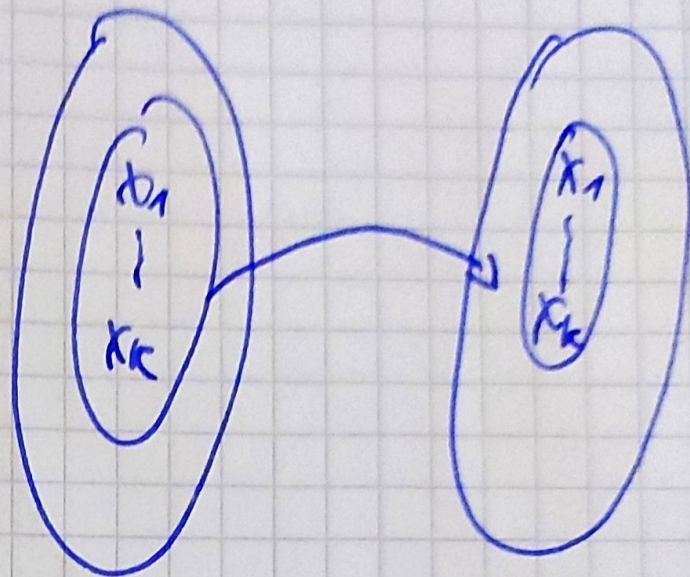
1) \rightarrow 2) M infinită $\rightarrow \exists \{x_1, \dots, x_n, \dots\} \subseteq M$

($\forall k \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{x_1, \dots, x_k\} \neq \emptyset$)

$\exists x_{k+1}$

Sam $f: M \rightarrow M$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x_{k+1}, & \text{dacă } x = x_k \\ x, & \text{dacă } x \notin \{x_1, x_m\} \end{cases}$$



$x_1 \notin \text{Im } f$ es f nu este

surjectivă, dar este injectivă

3) \Rightarrow 1) f surjectivă (oarezi idee)