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$$\text{pdf} \Rightarrow f(x) = xe^{-x} \quad 0 < x < \infty$$

$$\text{mgf} \Rightarrow M(t) = E[e^{tx}] = \int_0^{\infty} e^{tx} xe^{-x} dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b xe^{-(1-t)x} dx$$

$$u = x \quad dv = e^{x(t-1)} \\ du = 1 \quad v = \frac{1}{t-1} e^{x(t-1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow M(t) = \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b u dv$$

$$= \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left(\int_0^b (uv)' dx - \int_0^b v du dx \right) = \frac{1}{(1-t)^2}$$

3.1.1 pdf $\Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} \quad a \leq x \leq b$

$$\mu = \int_a^b x \cdot f(x) dx = \int_a^b x \cdot \frac{1}{b-a} dx = \frac{a+b}{2}$$

$$\sigma^2 = E[x^2] - (E[x])^2 = \int_a^b x^2 \frac{1}{b-a} dx - \left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$$

$$M(t) = \int_a^b e^{tx} \frac{1}{b-a} dx = \frac{e^{tb} - e^{ta}}{t(b-a)}$$

3.1.4 a.) $E[x] = \frac{a+b}{2} \quad x \sim U(4,5) \quad \mu = \frac{9}{2}$

b.) $\text{Var}(x) = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$

c.) $P(4.2 < x \leq 4.7) = \int_{4.2}^{4.7} \frac{1}{5-4} dx = 4.7 - 4.2 = 0.5$

$$3.1-13 \text{ cdf} = (1 + e^{-x})^{-1} \quad -\infty < x < \infty$$

$$\text{pdf} = -(1 + e^{-x})^{-2} (-e^{-x}) = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1 + e^{-x})^2}$$

$$3.1-14 f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 2 < x < 3 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

a.)

b.) $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ \int_0^x \frac{1}{2} dt = \frac{x}{2} & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{2} & 2 < x < 3 \\ 1 & x \geq 3 \end{cases}$

c.) $F(\pi_{.25}) = \frac{\pi_{.25}}{2} = \frac{1}{4} \quad \pi_{.25} = \frac{1}{2}$

d.) $m = \pi_{.5} = 1 \leq x \leq 2 \quad x \in [1, 2]$, so it is not unique

e.) $F(\pi_{.75}) = \frac{\pi_{.75}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \quad \pi_{.75} = (\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2})2 = \frac{5}{2}$

3.1-20 a.) $\int_0^1 x dx + \int_1^{\infty} \frac{c}{x^3} dx = 1$

$$\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\right)_0^1 + c\left(-\frac{x^{-2}}{2}\right)_1^{\infty} = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{c}{2} = 1 \quad ; \quad c = 1$$

b.) $\mu = \int_0^1 x(x) dx + \int_1^{\infty} x\left(\frac{c}{x^3}\right) dx = \frac{4}{3}$

c.) $E[x^2] = \infty$ σ^2 does not exist

d.) $P(\frac{1}{2} \leq X \leq 2) = 0.75$

3.2-2 a.) $f(x) = \frac{2}{3} e^{-\frac{2x}{3}}$

b.) $P(X > 2) = \int_2^{\infty} \frac{2}{3} e^{-\frac{2x}{3}} dx = \frac{1}{e^{4/3}}$

$u = \frac{2}{3}x \quad du = \frac{2}{3}du$

3.2-5 a.) $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < \delta \\ \int_{\delta}^x \frac{1}{\theta} \exp\left\{-\frac{t-\delta}{\theta}\right\} dt & \delta \leq x < \infty \end{cases}$

b.) $\mu = \int_{\delta}^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\theta} \exp\left\{-\frac{x-\delta}{\theta}\right\} = \delta + \theta$

$\sigma^2 = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2 = \theta^2$

3.2.10 mgf gamma = $\frac{1}{(1-\theta t)^{\alpha}}$

$E[X] = M'(0) = \alpha\theta$

$\text{Var}(X) = \sigma^2 = E[X^2] - (E[X])^2 = \alpha\theta^2$

3.2-23 $M = -1000 \ln(.92)$

3.3-1 a.) .2784

b.) .7209

c.) .9616

d.) .0019

e.) .9500

f.) .6826

g.) .9544

h.) .9974

3.3-3 a.) 1.96

b.) 1.96

c.) 1.645

d.) 1.645

$$3.3-8 \quad f''(x) = 0 \text{ when } x = \mu \pm \sigma$$

$$3.3-10 \quad Y = aX + b \sim N(a\mu + b, a^2\sigma^2)$$

$$3.3-14 \text{ cdf: } \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\ln(x)} \exp\left\{-\frac{(z-10)^2}{2}\right\} dz$$

$$\text{pdf: } \frac{1}{x\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left\{-\frac{(\ln x - 10)^2}{2}\right\}$$

$$P(10,000 < X < 20,000) = .2454$$

$$4.1-1 \quad a.) c = 1/33$$

$$b.) c = 1/24$$

$$c.) c = 1/8$$

$$d.) c = 6$$

$$4.1.3 \quad a.) f_x(x) = \frac{2x+5}{16}$$

$$b.) f_y(y) = \frac{3+2y}{32}$$

$$c.) P(X > Y) = 3/32$$

$$d.) P(Y = 2X) = 9/32$$

$$e.) P(X+Y=3) = 3/16$$

$$f.) P(X \leq 3 - Y) = 1/4$$

$$g.) f_x(1)f_y(1) \neq f(1,1) \text{ so } X \text{ and } Y \text{ are not independent}$$

$$h.) E[X] = 25/16$$

$$E[Y] = 45/16$$

$$V[X] = 63/256$$

$$V[Y] = 295/256$$

$$4.1.5 \quad c.) x = 1, 2, 3, 4; f_x(x) = .25$$

$$d.) x = 2-8 \quad f_y(y) = .0625, .125, .1875, .25, .1875, .125, .0625 \text{ resp.}$$

e.) not independent

$$\begin{aligned}
 4.2-1 \quad \mu_x &= \frac{25}{16} \\
 \mu_y &= \frac{45}{16} \\
 \sigma_x^2 &= \frac{63}{256} \\
 \sigma_y^2 &= \frac{205}{256} \\
 \sigma_{xy} &= -\frac{5}{256} \\
 \rho &= -\frac{5}{256} \div \sqrt{\frac{63}{256} \left(\frac{205}{256} \right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4.2-5 \quad b = \rho \frac{\sigma_y}{\sigma_x} \quad a = \mu_y - \rho \frac{\sigma_y}{\sigma_x} \mu_x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4.2-7 \quad a) & \text{no} \\
 b) & \sigma_{xy} = \rho = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4.2-9 \quad a) & c = \sqrt{154} \\
 c) & f_x(0) = \frac{6}{77}, f_x(1) = \frac{21}{77}, f_x(2) = \frac{30}{77}, f_x(3) = \frac{20}{77} \\
 d) & \text{No}
 \end{aligned}$$