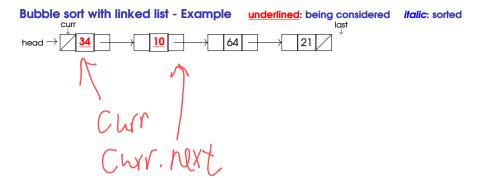
COMP108 Data Structures and Algorithms

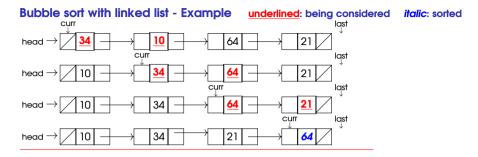
Bubble Sort Algorithm (Part II)

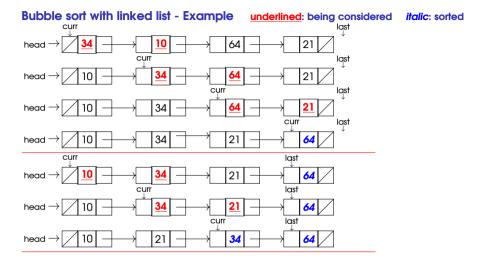
Professor Prudence Wong

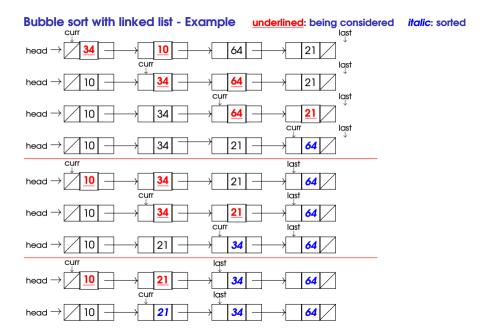
pwong@liverpool.ac.uk

2022-23





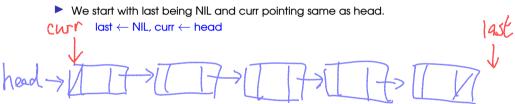




First of all, if head is NIL, then the list is empty & nothing to sort.

if head == NIL then Empty list and STOP!

- ► First of all, if head is NIL, then the list is empty & nothing to sort. if head == NIL then Empty list and STOP!
- Consider the first round.

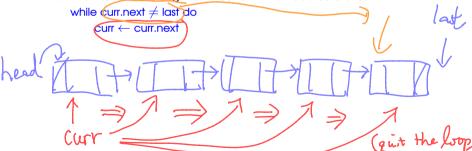


- ► First of all, if head is NIL, then the list is empty & nothing to sort.

 if head == NIL then Empty list and STOP!
- Consider the first round.
 - We start with last being NIL and curr pointing same as head.

last \leftarrow NIL, curr \leftarrow head

Then we move curr along the linked list till the node before last



First of all, if head is NIL, then the list is empty & nothing to sort.

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- Consider the first round.
 - We start with last being NIL and curr pointing same as head.

last
$$\leftarrow$$
 NIL, curr \leftarrow head

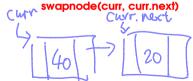
Then we move curr along the linked list till the node before last

while curr.next
$$\neq$$
 last do

$$curr \leftarrow curr.next$$

In the loop, we swap two neighbouring nodes if they are in wrong order

if curr.data > curr.next.data then



swap curr.data &
curr.next.data

First of all, if head is NIL, then the list is empty & nothing to sort.

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- Consider the first round.
 - We start with last being NIL and curr pointing same as head.

last \leftarrow NIL, curr \leftarrow head

Then we move curr along the linked list till the node before last

while curr.next \neq last do

curr ← curr.next

In the loop, we swap two neighbouring nodes if they are in wrong order

if curr.data > curr.next.data then

swapnode(curr, curr.next)

After each round, last should point one node to the left & curr back to head

last \leftarrow curr & curr \leftarrow head

First of all, if head is NIL, then the list is empty & nothing to sort.

```
if head == NIL then Empty list and STOP!
```

- Consider the first round.
 - We start with last being NIL and curr pointing same as head.

```
last \leftarrow NIL, curr \leftarrow head
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Then we move curr along the linked list till the node before last

```
while curr.next \neq last do
```

```
curr \leftarrow curr.next
```

In the loop, we swap two neighbouring nodes if they are in wrong order

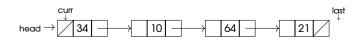
```
if curr.data > curr.next.data then
swapnode(curr, curr.next)
```

After each round, last should point one node to the left & curr back to head

```
last \leftarrow curr & curr \leftarrow head
```

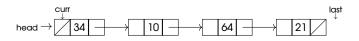
Then repeat until one node left, i.e., outer loop should be while curr.next ≠ last do

if head == NIL then Empty list and STOP!



if head == NIL then Empty list and STOP!

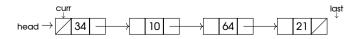
last \leftarrow NIL, curr \leftarrow head



```
\label{eq:second-state} \begin{split} &\text{if head} == \text{NIL then} \\ &\text{Empty list and STOP!} \\ &\text{last} \leftarrow \text{NIL, curr} \leftarrow \text{head} \end{split}
```

while curr.next \neq last do begin

 $\texttt{curr} \leftarrow \texttt{curr}.\texttt{next}$ end



```
if head == NIL then
   Empty list and STOP!

last ← NIL, curr ← head

while curr.next ≠ last do
   begin
   if curr.data > curr.next.data then
   swapnode(curr, curr.next)
```

curr ← curr.next

end



```
if head == NIL then
Empty list and STOP!

last ← NIL, curr ← head
```

```
while curr.next ≠ last do
begin

if curr.data > curr.next.data then

swapnode(curr, curr.next)

curr ← curr.next
end
```

```
swapnode(a, b)

tmp ← a.data

a.data ← b.data

b.data ← tmp
```



```
\label{eq:state_state} \begin{split} &\text{if head} == \text{NIL then} \\ &\text{Empty list and STOP!} \\ &\text{last} \leftarrow \text{NIL, curr} \leftarrow \text{head} \end{split}
```

swapnode(a, b)

tmp ← a.data

a.data ← b.data

b.data ← tmp

```
if head == NIL then
     Empty list and STOP!
last \leftarrow NIL, curr \leftarrow head
while curr.next \neq last do
begin
     while curr.next \neq last do
     begin
          if curr.data > curr.next.data then
               swapnode(curr, curr.next)
          curr ← curr.next
     end
     last ← curr
     curr ← head
end
        curr
                                                             last
                                        64
```

```
if head == NIL then
     Empty list and STOP!
last \leftarrow NIL, curr \leftarrow head
while curr.next \neq last do
begin
     while curr.next \neq last do
     begin
          if curr.data > curr.next.data then
               swapnode(curr, curr.next)
          curr ← curr.next
     end
     last ← curr
     curr ← head
end
        curr
                                                                last
                                          64
head \rightarrow
```

Time complexity?

Summary: Bubble Sort Algorithm with Linked List

Next: Selection Sort and Insertion Sort Algorithms

For note taking