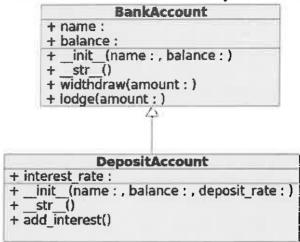
Q3 The following diagram illustrates an inheritance hierarchy for bank accounts:



The Python file BankAccount.py is provided in the python directory. The BankAccount class contains attributes (instance variables) representing the name of the account and the bank balance, an initialiser method __init__, a method __str__ which returns a string representation of the account, and methods withdraw and lodge which allows withdrawals and lodgements to be made.

- (a) In a separate program file, create a subclass of BankAccount called DepositAccount which represents a savings account, which includes:
 - (i) The class header.

(1 mark)

- (ii) An initialiser method __init__ which takes three parameters (in addition to self): the first two parameters, name and balance should be passed to the superclass initialiser, and the remaining parameter deposit_rate should be used to initialise a corresponding attribute.

 (4 marks)
- (iii) A method __str__ which returns a string representation of an deposit account, including name, balance and deposit interest rate; use the superclass __str__ method to provide the name and balance. Use the function str() to convert a number to a string.

(3 marks)

(iv) A method add_interest which checks if the balance is greater than zero and if so, calculates the interest due using the formula:

$$interest = balance * \frac{rate}{100}$$

and adds it on to the balance using the lodge method from the superclass.

(4 marks)

(b)Write a separate program which

- 1 Imports the classes BankAccount and DepositAccount
- Creates a BankAccount object
- Prints the BankAccount object
- Creates a DepositAccount object
- Prints the DepositAccount object
- Calls add interest on the DepositAccount object
- Prints the DepositAccount object again

(8 marks)

(c) Test the program and take a screenshot of the output.

(5 marks)

Upload the Python source code file and the output screenshot.

[25 marks]