Modeling the Black Death: A Medieval Disease in Modern Times

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http://blog.brianseitel.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/11/plague.png

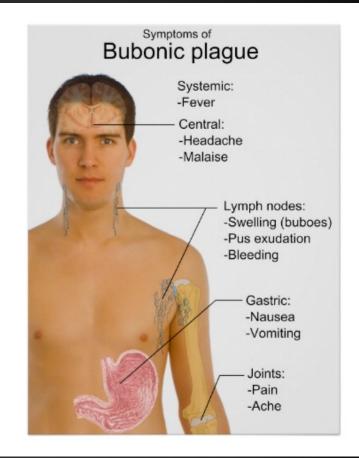
Background

- Bacteria, Yersinia Pestis
- Flea carriers
- Brought to Europe in 14th century
- Killed 30% 60% of population



http://juliamallen.com/wp-content/uploads/2012/04/Holbein-death.png





- Why is the Black Plague important to us now?
 - 1000 3000 cases annually
 - Recent outbreaks
 - India
 - Madagascar
 - Mozambique
 - Discovery of multi-drug-resistant strains
 - Widespread in rodent populations

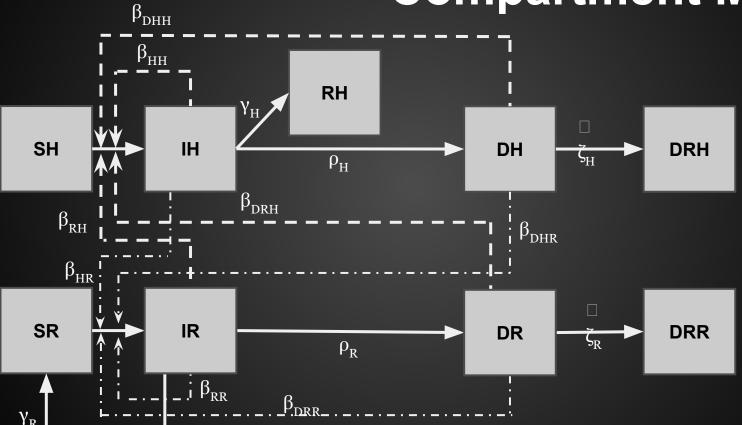
Goals

- Examine potential outbreak of disease in current day
- Test possible treatment strategies
- See which treatment is most effective

Methods

- Differential equations model
- Spatial model
 - Interactions between rats and humans.
 - Simulates space and time together.
- Treatments:
 - Rat removal
 - Quarantine infected humans

Compartment Model



Differential Equations

$$\frac{dSH}{dt} = -\beta_{HH}*SH*IH - \beta_{DHH}*SH*DH - \beta_{DRH}*SH*DR - \beta_{RH}*SH*IR}$$

$$\frac{dIH}{dt} = \beta_{HH}*SH*IH + \beta_{DHH}*SH*DH + \beta_{DRH}*SH*DR + \beta_{RH}*SH*IR - \gamma_{H}*IH - \rho_{H}*IH}$$

$$\frac{dRH}{dt} = \gamma_{H}*IH$$

$$\frac{dDH}{dt} = \rho_{H}*IH - \zeta_{H}*DH$$

$$\frac{dDRH}{dt} = \zeta_{H}*DH$$

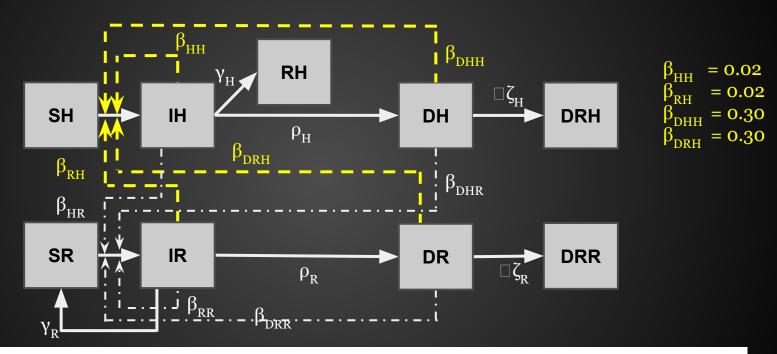
$$\frac{dSR}{dt} = -\beta_{RR}*SR*IR - \beta_{DRR}*SR*DR - \beta_{HR}*SR*IH - \beta_{DHR}*SR*DH + \gamma_{R}*IR}$$

$$\frac{dIR}{dt} = \beta_{RR}*SR*IR + \beta_{DRR}*SR*DR + \beta_{HR}*SR*IH + \beta_{DHR}*SR*DH - \gamma_{R}*IR - \rho_{R}*IR}$$

$$\frac{dIR}{dt} = \rho_{R}*IR - \zeta_{R}*DR$$

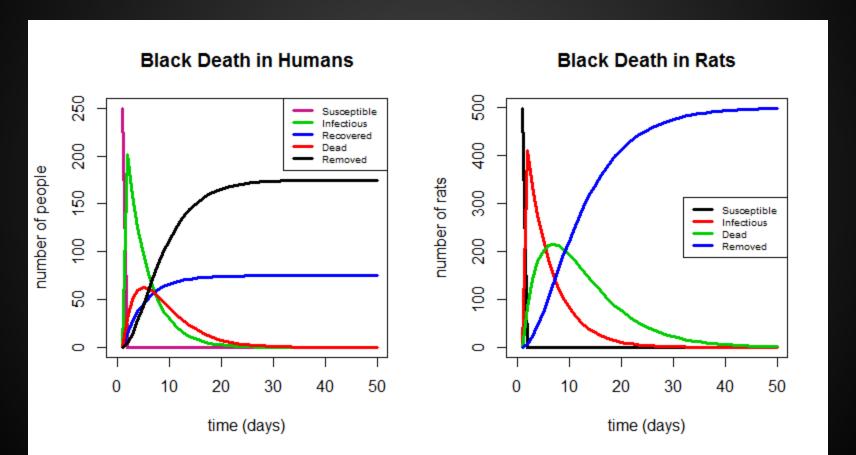
$$\frac{dDRR}{dt} = \beta_{R}*IR - \zeta_{R}*DR$$

Understanding the Infectious Class



$$\frac{dIH}{dt} = \beta_{HH} *SH *IH + \beta_{RH} *SH *IR + \beta_{DRH} *SH *DR + \beta_{DHH} *SH *DH - \gamma_H *IH - \rho_H *IH$$

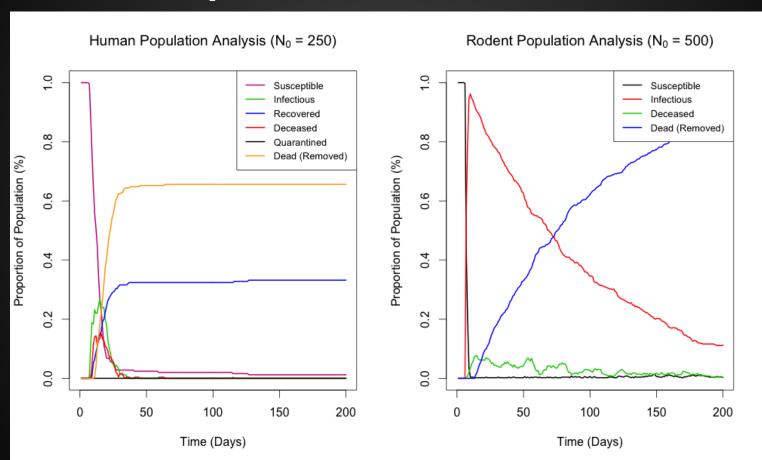
Differential Equations Results

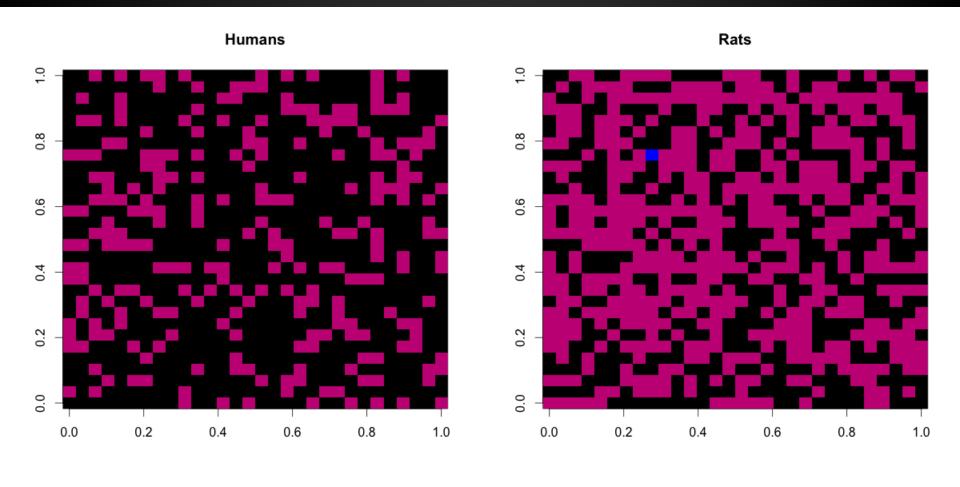


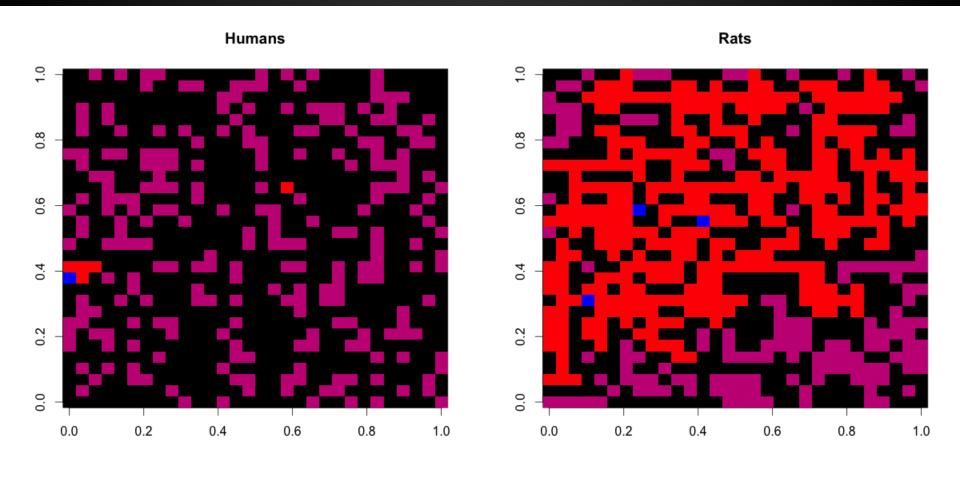
Equilibria

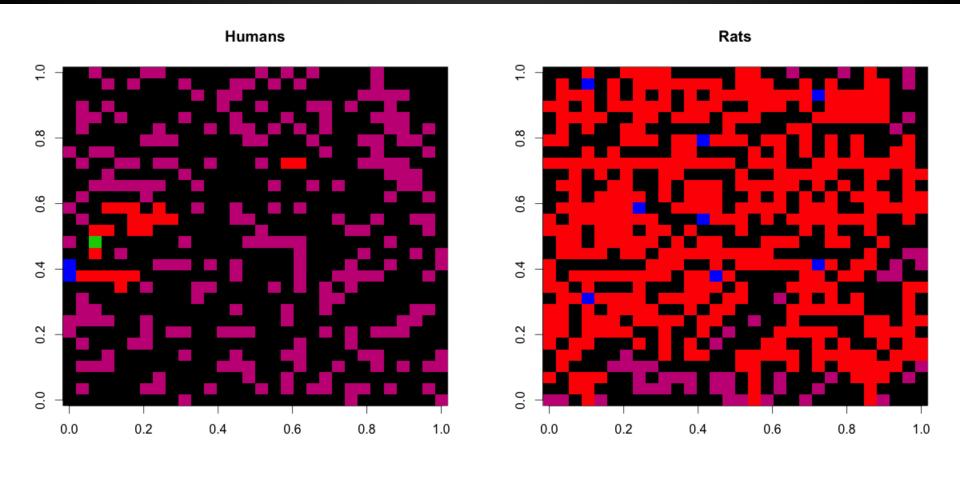
- The states are absorbing, thus there are no equilibria present
- final states dependent on initial population
 - changes in initial populations do not see a return to any equilibrium

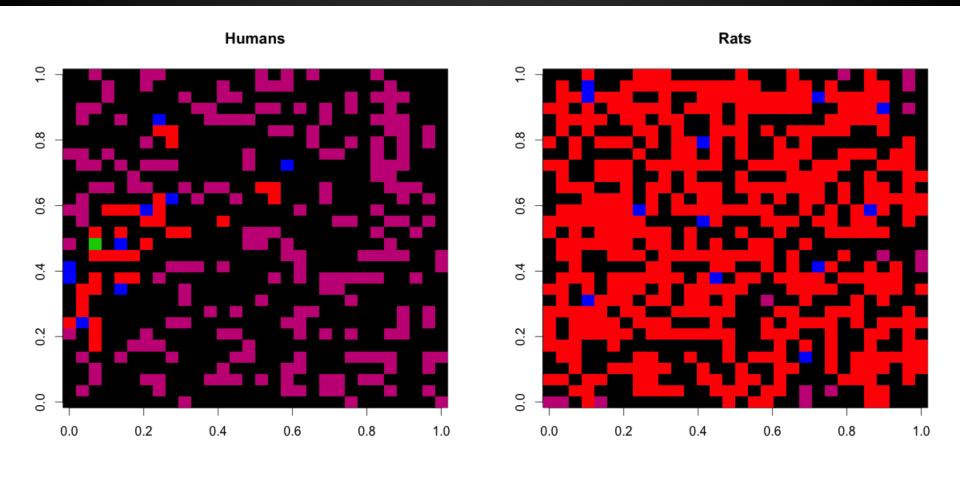
Spatial Model Results

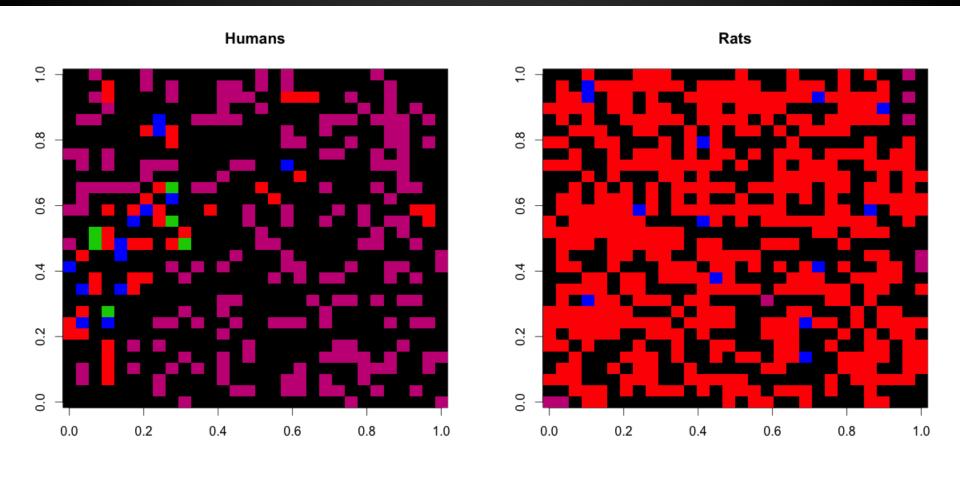


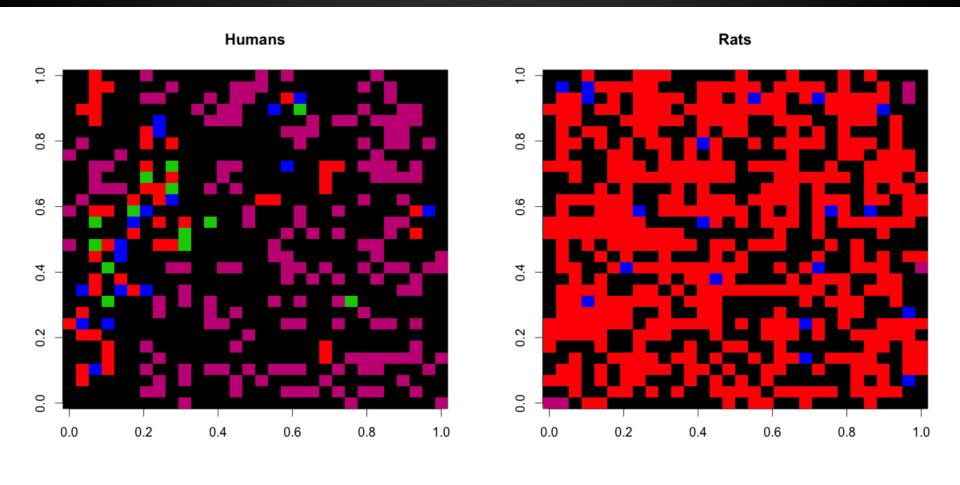






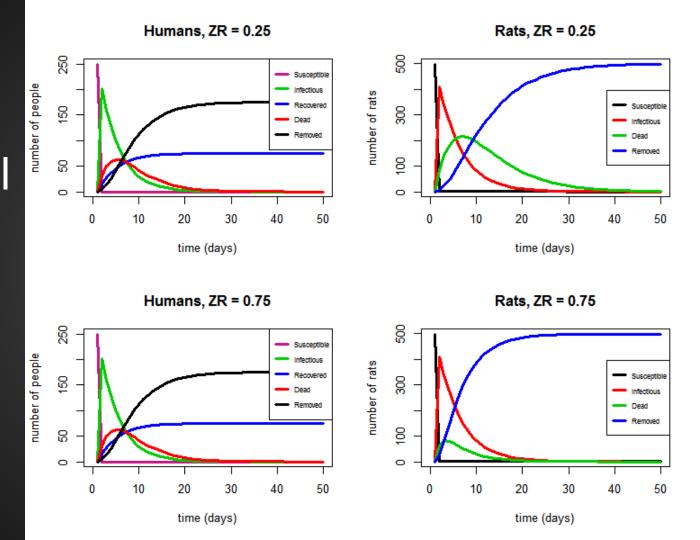


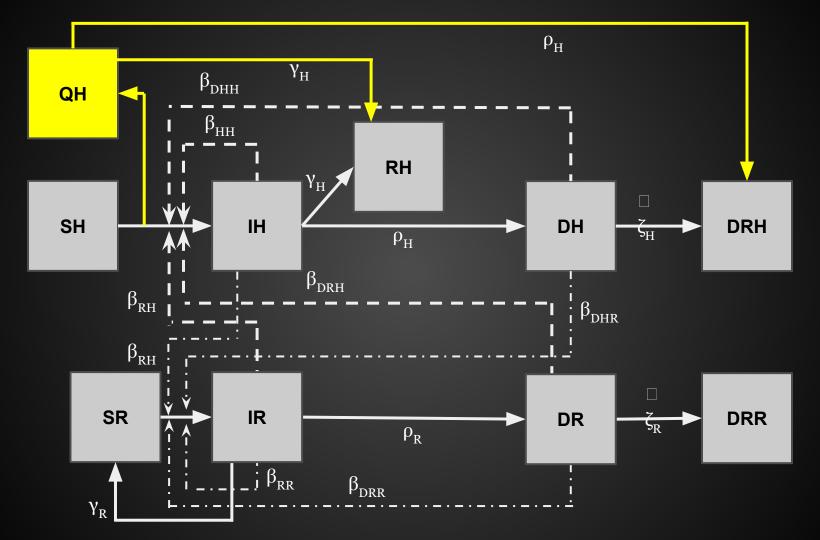




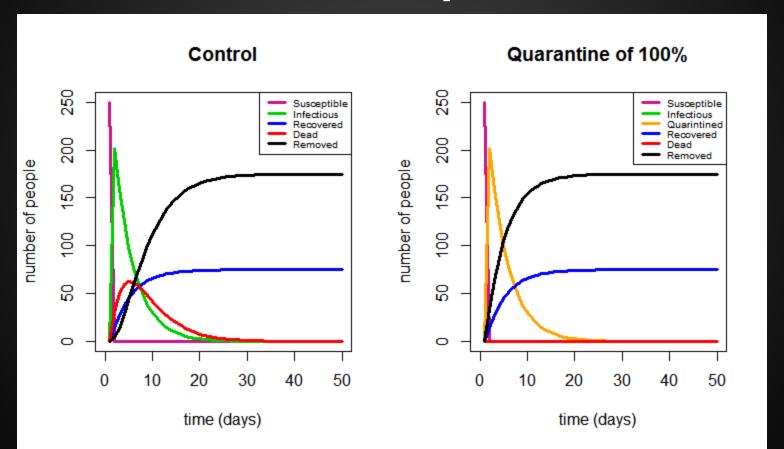
Treatments: Diff. Eqs. Rat Removal

- rat population goes more rapidly to removed class
- total infectious humans at one time decreases by 1 individual

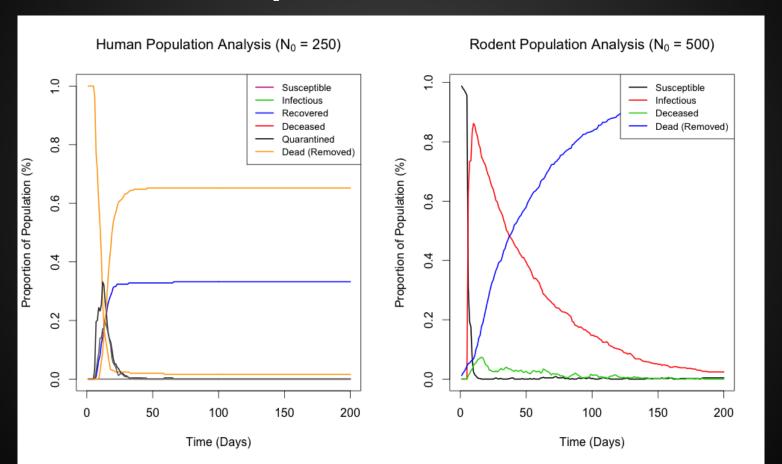




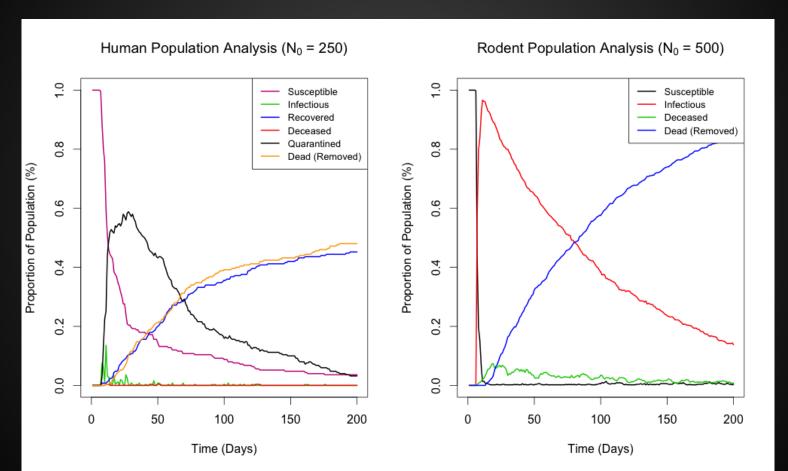
Treatment: Diff. Eqs. Quarantine



Treatment: Spatial Model Rat Removal

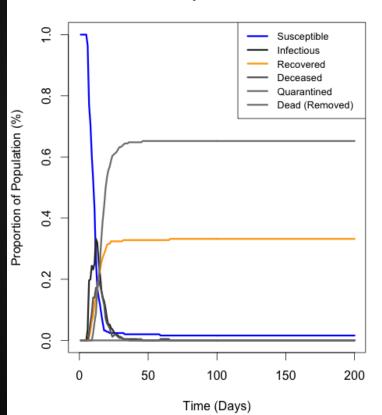


Treatment: Spatial Model Quarantine

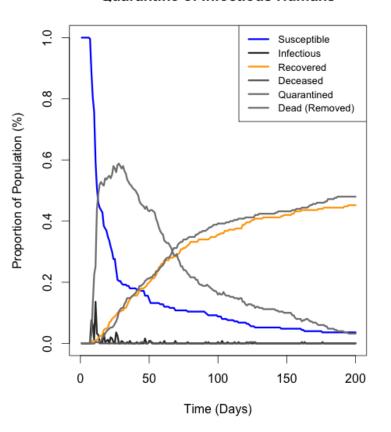


Comparison of Treatments

Removal of Susceptible and Infectous Rats



Quarantine of Infectious Humans



Discussion

- Rat removal has virtually no effect on human population
- Quarantine results in Differential Equations vs. Spatial Model
- Problems with quarantine implementation
 - Draft?
 - Isolation of personnel in quarantine
 - Needs adequate time and preparation

Conclusions

In the event of an outbreak of the plague, or a similar disease, we would suggest the implementation of a quarantine strategy depending on the amount of preparation time.

Works Cited

Keeling, M. J., and C. A. Gilligan. "Bubonic plague: A metapopulation model of a zoonosis." <u>Proceedings of the Royal Society B:</u> Biological Sciences 267 (2000): 2219-230.

Acknowledgements

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Questions?