

Problem

Problem

YoungLaplaceProblem< ELEMENT >

```
graph BT; YLP[YoungLaplaceProblem< ELEMENT >] --> P1[Problem]; YLP --> P2[Problem];
```

The diagram illustrates a class hierarchy. At the bottom is a box labeled 'YoungLaplaceProblem< ELEMENT >'. Two arrows originate from the top of this box and point upwards to two separate boxes, both labeled 'Problem', positioned above it.