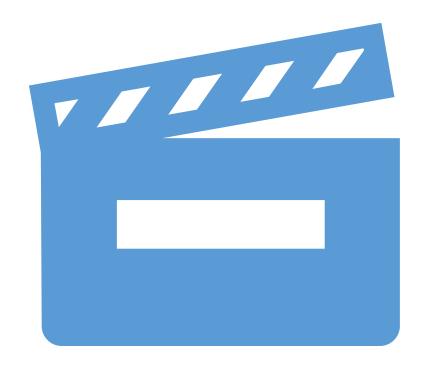
## Aufteilung:

- Einführung: Problem, Motivation, KG, Daten-Übersicht Quelle Gabriel
- Daten-Analyse: Anna
- Statistische Modelle : Felix
- Transfomer: Matthias





# Movie Plot Multilabel Genre Classification

Erlacher, Remta, Schachinger, Zechmeister



# Problem Definition and Motivation

#### • Problem:

- Classification of genres based on open source plot description text data.
- Multilabel Classification
- Irregular classification of film genres

#### Motivation:

- Best possible accuracy for test data
- Possible application:
  - Better unification of classifications of film genres
  - Indie movie streaming service

## Knowledge Gap and Research Question

#### • KG:

 Comparison of the results of statistical models such as log-regression and transfer models. Which method gives better results on this data set?

#### • RQ:

 How exactly can films be classified according to their genre using NLP techniques based on a short summary of the film's plot?



### State-of-the-Art

# Transformer-based Architectures:

- BERT
- GPT-3

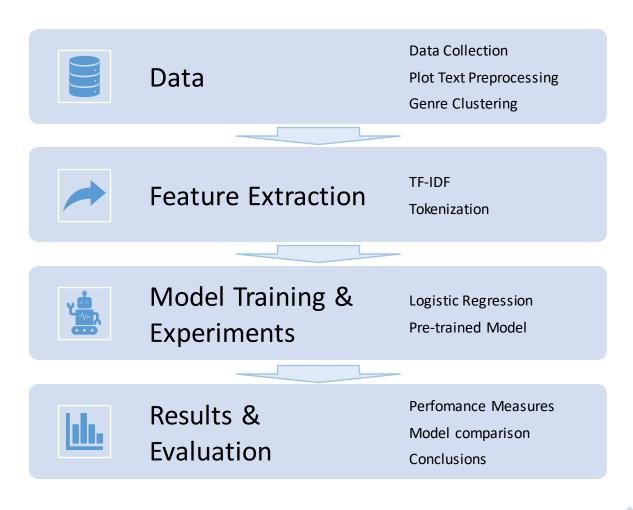
#### **Ensemble Models:**

 Combine predictions from multiple models.

# Transfer Learning and Fine-tuning:

 pre-trained models on large datasets and fine-tune them on specific tasks

# Methodology Overview



#### Data

- CMU Movie Summary corpus
  - Consists of 5 tsv or txt files with various movie information
  - Plot summaries obtained from Wikipedia
  - Metadata obtained from Freebase
  - Available at https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~ark/personas/
- Relevant information
  - 42.306 movie plot summaries obtained from Wikipedia
  - Metadata for 81.741 movies including the genres in json format



#### **CMU Movie Summary Corpus**

This page provides links to a dataset of movie plot summaries and associated metadata. This data was collecte by <u>David Bamman</u>. <u>Brendan O'Connor</u>, and <u>Noah Smith</u> at the <u>Language Technologies Institute</u> and <u>Machine</u> <u>Learning Department at Carnegie Mellon University</u>.

#### Download

- <u>Dataset</u> [46 M] and <u>readme</u>: 42,306 movie plot summaries extracted from Wikipedia + aligned metadate extracted from Freebase, including:
  - o Movie box office revenue, genre, release date, runtime, and language
  - Character names and aligned information about the actors who portray them, including gender and estimated age at the time of the movie's release
- Supplement: <u>Stanford CoreNLP-processed summaries</u> [628 M]. All of the plot summaries from above run through the Stanford CoreNLP pipeline (tagging, parsing, NER and coref).

#### Further Reading

Please cite this paper if you write any papers involving the use of the data above:

Learning Latent Personas of Film Characters
 David Bamman, Brendan O'Connor, and Noah A. Smith
 ACL 2013, Sofia, Bulgaria, August 2013

#### Acknowledgments

This research was supported in part by U.S. National Science Foundation grant IIS-0915187.

All data is released under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License</u>. For questions or comments please contact David Bamman (dbamman@cs.cmu.edu).

#### Example

The following example illustrates the data and metadata available for *Indiana Jones and the Raiders of the Los*Ark.

#### Movie metadata

Wikipedia movie ID	54166
Freebase movie ID	/m/0f4yh
Movie name	Indiana Jones and the Raiders of the Lost Ark
Movie release date	1981-06-12
Movie box office revenue	389925971
Movie runtime	115.0
Movie languages	Arabic Language, Nepali Language, Spanish Language, Hebrew Language, English Language, German Language
Movie countries	United States of America
Movie genres	Adventure, Costume Adventure, Action/Adventure, Action, New Hollywood, Airplanes and airports

#### Character metadata

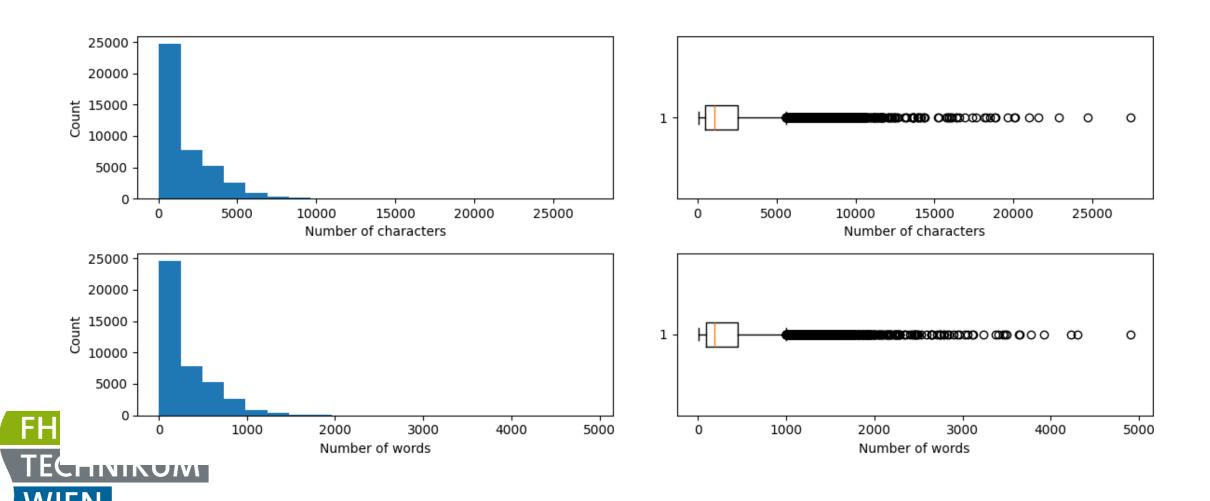
Vikipedia Iovie ID	Freebase Movie ID	Name		gender	Actor height		Actor Name	movie	Freebase character map
4166	/m/0f4yh	Dr. Marcus Brody	1922- 05-31	М	1.816		Denholm Elliott	59	/m/02nwzzv
4166	/m/0f4yh	Simon Katanga	1949- 10-20	М	1.87	/m/02w7gg	George Harris	31	/m/02nw_18
4166		Dr. René Belloq	1943- 01-18	М	1.77		Paul Freeman	38	/m/02nwzzg
4166	/m/0f4yh	Major Arnold Toht	1935- 09-28	М			Ronald Lacey	45	/m/02nwzyz
4166		Indiana Jones	1942- 07-13	М	1.85	/m/01qhm_	Harrison Ford	38	/m/0k294p

## Data preprocessing

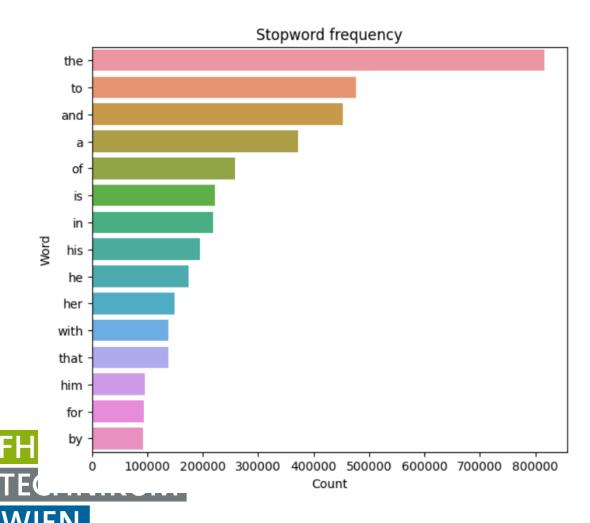
- Movie summaries
  - Converting text to lowercase
  - Removing Numbers, extra spaces and punctuations
- Genres
  - Converting genres to lists
  - Removing movies without assigned genres (411 movies lost)
- Merging movie and genre dataframes
  - 41793 merged movies



### Data - Movie summaries

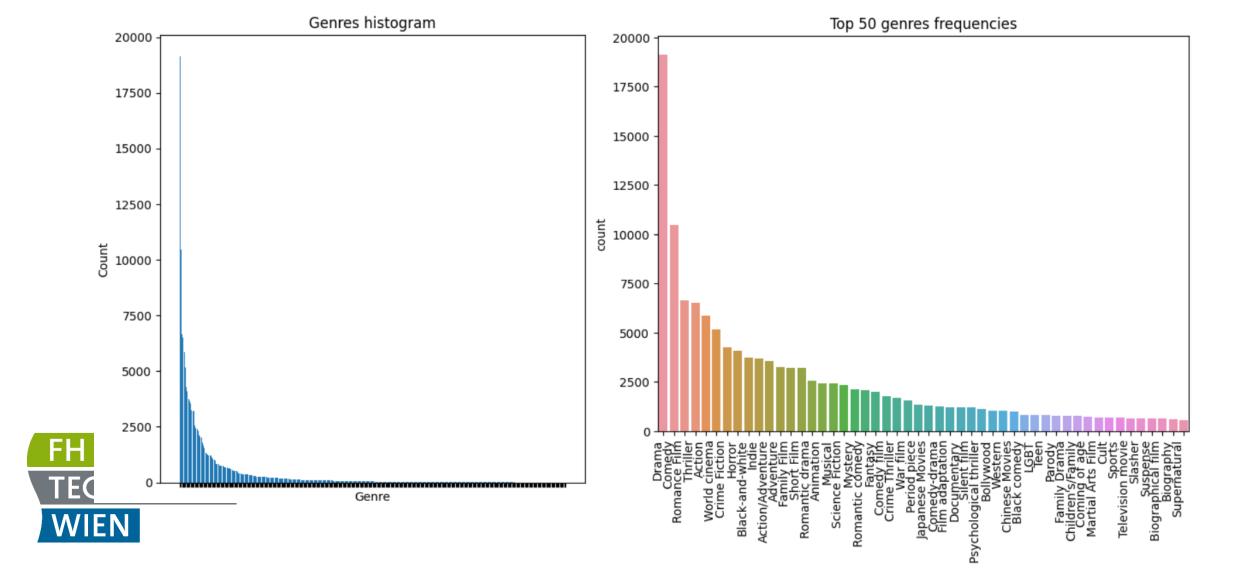


### Data – Movie summaries





### Data - Genres

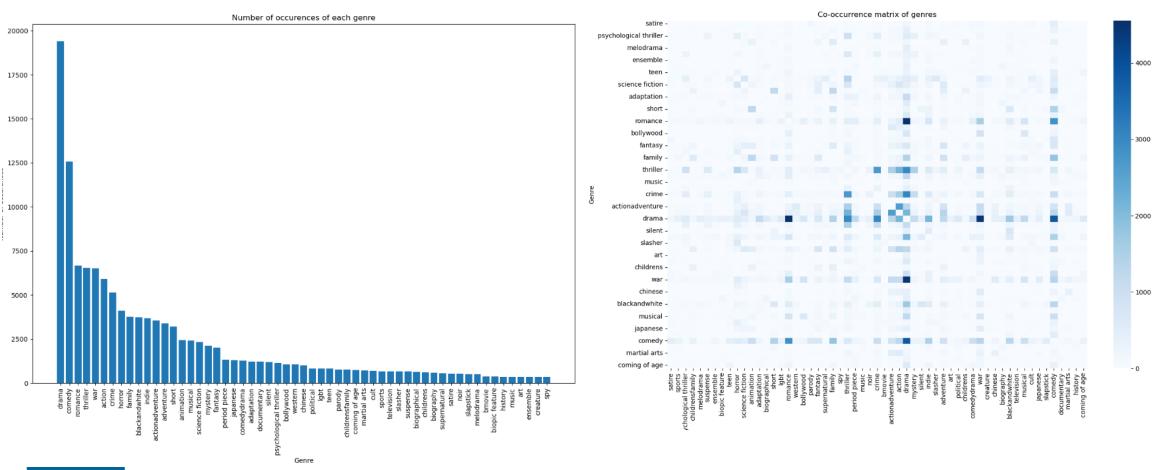


# Additional Data Cleaning – Removing Movies with minor genres

- 363 genres in original data
- TDF-IDF + KNN 15 categories -> 14 usefull 1 rest
- Reduced to 57 genres
- Deleted all with less than 341 occurences
- 41793 to 41549 entries



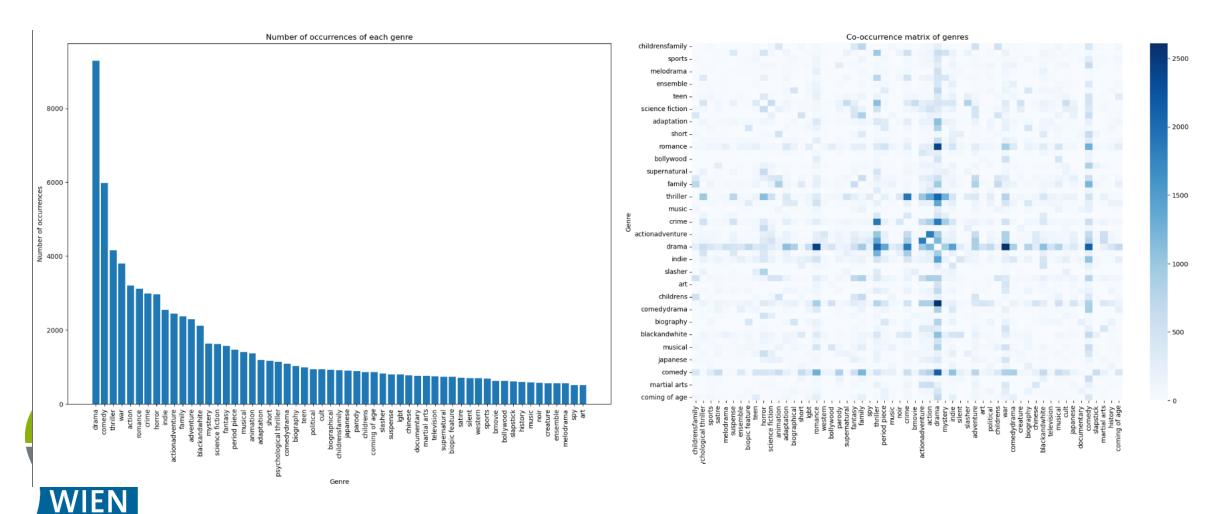
# Additional Data Cleaning





# Additional Data Cleaning & balancing

Take random sample with number of least frequent genres from dataset for each genre



## Output Model Example: Log-Reg-Reduced

```
for i in range(5):
           k = xval.sample(1).index[0]
           print("Movie: ", df_test['title'][k], "\nPredicted genre: ", new_val(xval[k]))
           print("Actual genre: ",df_test['genre'][k], "\n")
[69] 		0.0s
··· Movie: Jill Rips
    Predicted genre: [('crime', 'drama', 'thriller')]
    Actual genre: ['thriller', 'crime']
    Movie: Forces of Nature
    Predicted genre: [('comedy',)]
    Actual genre: ['comedy', 'romance']
    Movie: Lifeforce
    Predicted genre: [('horror', 'science fiction')]
    Actual genre: ['science fiction', 'horror', 'adventure', 'cult']
    Movie: The Golden Blade
    Predicted genre: [('action', 'adventure', 'fantasy')]
    Actual genre: ['action', 'adventure']
    Movie: Heist
    Predicted genre: [('crime',)]
    Actual genre: ['thriller', 'crime', 'drama']
```



# Multi-Label Logistic Regression Model - Performance

#### Before additional data cleaning

- 57 categories
- ~42000 entries
- Highest/lowest category ~ 56

	precision	recall	f1-score s	support
micro avg	0,716	0,267	0,389	25598
macro avg	0,466	0,102	0,149	25598
weighted avg	0,637	7 0,267	0,341	25598
samples ave	g 0,552	0,311	0,361	25598

#### After additional data cleaning

- 57 categories
- ~19500 entries
- Highest/lowest category ~18

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
micro avg	0,799	0,261	0,393	17084
macro avg	0,745	0,142	0,213	17084
weighted avg	0,775	0,261	0,342	17084
samples avg	0,646	0,262	0,347	17084



## Naive Bayes

### SVM

#### Reduced:

	precision re	ecall f	1-score	support
micro avg	0,335	0,694	0,452	17084
macro avg	0,335	0,639	0,430	17084
weighted avg	0,367	0,694	0,468	17084
samples avg	0,414	0,655	0,459	17084

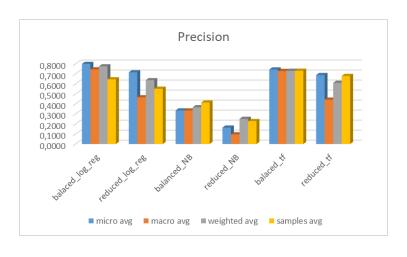
Does not converge

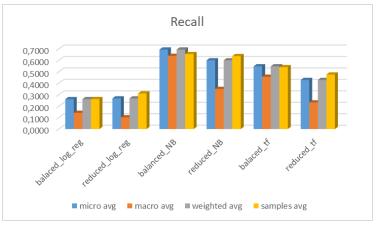
#### Balanced:

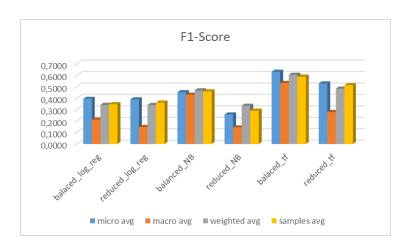
	precision recall	f1-se	core sup	port
micro avg	0,164	0,600	0,258	25598
macro avg	0,096	0,350	0,144	25598
weighted avg	0,251	0,600	0,333	25598
samples avg	0,228	0,637	0,290	25598



# Result comparison









#### Transformer



- Base model: DistilBERT<sup>1</sup>
- Tokenizer: DistilBertTokenizerFast (max 512 token)
- Fine-tuned on reduced dataset for 6 epochs<sup>2</sup>
- Fine-tuned on balanced dataset for 8 epochs<sup>3</sup>



### Transformer Results

Reduced	Precision	Recall	F1-score
Micro average	0.69	0.43	0.53
Macro average	0.44	0.23	0.28
Weighted average	0.61	0.43	0.48
Sample average	0.68	0.48	0.51

Balanced	Precision	Recall	F1-score
Micro average	0.74	0.55	0.63
Macro average	0.73	0.46	0.53
Weighted average	0.73	0.55	0.60
Sample average	0.73	0.54	0.59



