

Inhaltsverzeichnis

- [Inhaltsverzeichnis](#)
- [Projekt anlegen](#)
 - [Projekt anlegen](#)
- [Gradle File](#)
 - [Plugins](#)
 - [Databinding enablen \(in Android Tag\)](#)
 - [Dependencies \(für Corona Test Tracker\)](#)
- [Navigation](#)
 - [Navigation erstellen](#)
 - [Navigation einbinden](#)
 - [activity_main.xml refactor](#)
 - [Fragment erstellen](#)
 - [Action zwischen Fragments](#)
- [Beispiel Fragment](#)
- [Beispiel Activity Main](#)
- [Activity Main XML ViewModel](#)
- [MainViewModel](#)
- [Klasse Test](#)
- [DatePicker & TimePicker](#)

Projekt anlegen

Projekt anlegen

```
New Project -> Empty Activity
```

Android SDK

```
SDK Oreo 8.0 API 26
```

Gradle File

Wichtig: Imports im build.gradle (module)

Plugins

```
plugins {  
    id 'com.android.application'
```

```
id 'kotlin-android'  
id 'kotlin-android-extensions'  
id 'kotlin-kapt'  
}
```

Databinding enablen (in Android Tag)

```
dataBinding {  
    enabled true  
}
```

Dependencies (für Corona Test Tracker)

```
dependencies {  
    implementation 'androidx.legacy:legacy-support-v4:1.0.0'  
    def nav_version = "2.3.5"  
    def gradle_version = "7.0.2"  
  
    implementation 'androidx.core:core-ktx:1.7.0'  
    implementation 'androidx.appcompat:appcompat:1.3.1'  
    implementation 'com.google.android.material:material:1.4.0'  
    implementation 'androidx.constraintlayout:constraintlayout:2.1.1'  
  
    implementation "androidx.navigation:navigation-fragment-ktx:$nav_version"  
    implementation "androidx.navigation:navigation-ui-ktx:$nav_version"  
  
    implementation "com.google.android.material:material:1.1.0"  
  
    testImplementation 'junit:junit:4.+'  
    androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.ext:junit:1.1.3'  
    androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.espresso:espresso-core:3.4.0'  
  
    kapt "com.android.databinding:compiler:$gradle_version"  
  
    def lifecycle_version = "2.2.0"  
    // ViewModel  
    implementation "androidx.lifecycle:lifecycle-viewmodel-ktx:$lifecycle_version"  
    // LiveData  
    implementation "androidx.lifecycle:lifecycle-livedata-ktx:$lifecycle_version"  
    // Lifecycles only (without ViewModel or LiveData)  
    implementation "androidx.lifecycle:lifecycle-runtime-ktx:$lifecycle_version"  
    implementation "androidx.lifecycle:lifecycle-extensions:$lifecycle_version"  
    // needed for: val viewModel . ... by viewModels()  
    implementation "androidx.activity:activity-ktx:1.1.0"  
}
```

Navigation

Navigation erstellen

```
Rechtsklick res -> New -> Android Resource File
```

```
File name: nav_graph
```

```
Resource Type: navigation
```

... Ordner mit dem Namen navigation wird in res erstellt. Darin befindet sich nav_graph.xml

Navigation einbinden

1. activity_main.xml auswählen
2. NavHostFragment einfügen
3. nav_graph auswählen
4. Constraints setzen

activity_main.xml refactor

```
Vorher: androidx.fragment.app.FragmentContainerView
```

```
Nachher: fragment
```

Fragment erstellen

1. nav_graph.xml auswählen
2. Mobile Icon mit grünem + klicken
3. Fragment (Blank) auswählen
4. Fragment umkonvertieren von FrameLayout in ConstraintLayout
5. ConstraintLayout in DataBinding Layout umwandeln

Action zwischen Fragments

1. Navgraph auswählen
2. Fragments verbinden wuhuuu

Beispiel Fragment

```
class TestListFragment : Fragment() {  
  
    private lateinit var binding: FragmentTestListBinding  
  
    private val sharedMainViewModel : MainViewModel by activityViewModels()  
  
}
```

```
override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
}

override fun onCreateView(
    inflater: LayoutInflater, container: ViewGroup?,
    savedInstanceState: Bundle?
): View? {

    binding = DataBindingUtil.inflate(inflater, R.layout.fragment_test_list,
    container, false)

    sharedMainViewModel.testList.observe(viewLifecycleOwner, Observer {
entries ->
        updateTestList(entries)
    })

    binding.btnNewTest.setOnClickListener { view ->
view.findNavController().navigate(R.id.action_testListFragment_to_inputFragment)
    }

    binding.btToDaily.setOnClickListener { view ->
view.findNavController().navigate(R.id.action_testListFragment_to_dayFragment)
    }

    return binding.root
}

fun updateTestList(entries: MutableList<Test>){
    val adapter: ArrayAdapter<Test>? = context?.let {
        ArrayAdapter<Test>(
            it,
            android.R.layout.simple_list_item_1, android.R.id.text1, entries
        )
    }

    binding.lvTests.adapter = adapter

}

}
```

Die Methode updateTestList fügt die Daten in eine ListView ein. Zum vertikalen Skalieren kann die ListView in ein LinearLayout gepackt werden.

Beispiel Activity Main

```
class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {

    private val mainViewModel : MainViewModel by viewModels()

    override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)

        val binding = DataBindingUtil.setContentView<ActivityMainBinding>(
            this, R.layout.activity_main)
            .apply {
                this.lifecycleOwner = this@MainActivity
                this.viewModel = mainViewModel
            }

        val navController = this.findNavController(R.id.nav_host_fragment)
        NavigationUI.setupActionBarWithNavController(this, navController)
    }

    override fun onSupportNavigateUp(): Boolean {
        val navController = this.findNavController(R.id.nav_host_fragment)
        return navController.navigateUp()
    }
}
```

Activity Main XML ViewModel

```
<data>
    <variable name="viewModel"
type="at.htl.coronatesttracker.viewModel.MainViewModel"/>
</data>
```

MainViewModel

```
class MainViewModel: ViewModel() {

    private val _testList : MutableLiveData<MutableList<Test>> =
MutableLiveData<MutableList<Test>>()

    val testList: LiveData<MutableList<Test>>
        get() = _testList
}
```

```
fun addTestToList(test: Test){  
    val value = this._testList.value ?: arrayListOf()  
    value.add(test)  
    this._testList.value = value  
}  
  
}
```

Klasse Test

```
class Test(var id:String, var dateTime:LocalDateTime, var result:String, var  
place:String) {  
  
    override fun toString(): String {  
        return "Es ist Freitag 28.01.2022, 21:17. Bitte helfts uns :((((((((((((  
${id}"  
    }  
}
```

DatePicker & TimePicker

Textfield (für OnClick)

```
<EditText  
    android:id="@+id/etDate"  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_marginStart="8dp"  
    android:layout_marginTop="16dp"  
    android:ems="10"  
    android:minHeight="48dp"  
    android:inputType="none"  
    android:hint="@string/default_date_message"  
    app:layout_constraintStart_toStartOf="@+id/guideline2"  
    app:layout_constraintTop_toBottomOf="@+id/etId" />
```

File, wo click listener sein soll

```
var datePicker: DatePickerDialog? = null  
var date:LocalDate = LocalDate.now()  
var timePicker: TimePickerDialog? = null  
var time:LocalTime = LocalTime.now()
```

onCreateView

```
binding.etDate.inputType = 0
binding.etDate.setOnClickListener{
    view ->
        showDatePickerDialog(view)
}
```

Datepicker anzeigen

```
private fun showDatePickerDialog(v: View) {
    val cldr: Calendar = Calendar.getInstance()
    val day: Int = cldr.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_MONTH)
    val month: Int = cldr.get(Calendar.MONTH)
    val year: Int = cldr.get(Calendar.YEAR)

    datePicker =
        context?.let {
            DatePickerDialog(
                it,
                { _, year, monthOfYear, dayOfMonth ->
                    run {
                        binding.etDate.setText(
                            dayOfMonth.toString() + "/" + (monthOfYear + 1) +
"/" + year
                        )
                        date = LocalDate.of(year, monthOfYear+1, dayOfMonth)
                    }
                },
                year,
                month,
                day
            )
        }

    datePicker!!.show()
}
```

Show Timepicker Dialog

```
private fun showTimePickerDialog(v: View) {
    val cldr = Calendar.getInstance()
    val hour = cldr[Calendar.HOUR_OF_DAY]
    val minutes = cldr[Calendar.MINUTE]

    timePicker = TimePickerDialog(
        context,
```

```
        { _, sHour, sMinute -> run {  
            binding.etTime.setText("$sHour:$sMinute")  
            time = LocalTime.of(sHour,sMinute)  
        }  
    },  
    hour,  
    minutes,  
    true  
)  
timePicker!!.show()  
}
```

eventuell hilfreich:

```
val dateTime = LocalDateTime.of(date, time)
```