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Allgemeine Befehle

Projekt anlegen

```
ng new <project-name>
```

Projekt starten (Port 4200)

```
ng serve
```

Component erstellen

```
ng generate component <component-name>
```

Service erstellen

```
ng generate service <service-name>
```

Class erstellen

```
ng generate class <class-name>
```

Material Support hinzufügen

```
ng add @angular/material
```

Material Component erstellen

```
ng generate @angular/material:<material-element> <component-name>
```

Andere Möglichkeiten:

- address-form
- navigation
- dashboard
- table
- tree
- drag-drop

Genauere Beschreibung in den einzelnen Kapiteln

Components Databinding

@Input

1. Values weitergeben beim Component verwenden

```
<app-greeting  
  vorname="Max"  
  [nachname]=" 'Muster' "  
>  
</app-greeting>
```

2. Im Typescript

```
export class GreetingComponent {  
  @Input('vorname') firstname | undefined;  
  @Input('nachname') lastname | undefined;  
}
```

3. Im HTML von der GreetingComponent

```
<p>Hello {{firstname}} {{lastname}}!</p>
```

@Output

- Übergeordnete Komponenten über Ereignisse zu informieren

1. Greeting Component

```
import {EventEmitter} from '@angular/core';

export class GreetingComponent {
  @Output() loggedOut = new EventEmitter();

  logout() {
    this.loggedOut.emit();
  }
}
```

2. Event im Greeting auslösen

```
<button (click)="logout()">Logout :(<button>
```

3. Event abfangen in Parentcomponent

```
<app-greeting
(loggedOut)="handleLogout()"
>
</app-greeting>
```

Local References

- Wird über Template an TS-File übergeben
- Syntax: #Bezeichner

```
<input type="text" #nicknameInput>
<button (click)="login(nicknameInput)">Login</button>
Hello {{ nickname }}`!
```

```
export class GreetingComponent {
  nickname;

  login(nicknameInput: HTMLInputElement) {
    this.nickname = nicknameInput.value;
  }
}
```

ViewChild

- Zugriff auf HTML Elemente

```
export class GreetingComponent {  
  @ViewChild('nicknameInput', {static: true | false}) nicknameInput: ElementRef;  
  nickname;  
  
  login() {  
    this.nickname = this.nicknameInput.nativeElement.value;  
  }  
}
```

```
<input type="text" #nicknameInput>  
<button (click)="login()">Logout</button>
```

HTTP Service erstellen

- Dependency Injection!

Setup

```
ng generate service <service-name>
```

Konfiguration für HTTP Service

Imports

In service-name.ts

```
import {HttpClient} from '@angular/common/http';
```

In constructor

```
constructor(private http: HttpClient) {  
  
}
```

In app-module.ts

```
import {HttpClientModule} from '@angular/common/http';

@NgModule({
  declarations: [AppComponent],
  imports: [BrowserModule, FormsModule, HttpClientModule],
  providers: [],
  bootstrap: [AppComponent]
})
```

Test Requests

Optionaler function return type

```
getCustomers(): Observable<Customers[]> {
  return this.http.get<Customers[]>
    (`${this.baseUrl}/customers/getAllCustomers/`);
}
```

GET

```
getCustomers() {
  return this.http.get<Customers[]>
    (`${this.baseUrl}/customers/getAllCustomers/`);
}
```

POST

```
createCustomer(customer: Customer) {
  return this.http.post<Customer>(`${this.baseUrl}/customer`, customer);
}
```

UPDATE

```
updateCustomer(customer: Customer) {
  return this.http.put<Customer>(`${this.baseUrl}/customer`, customer);
}
```

DELETE

-> Info laut Julian i habs ned getestet 😊

```
deleteCustomer(customer: Customer) {  
    return this.http.delete<Customer>(`${this.baseUrl}/customer`, customer);  
}
```

Injecten und Verwendung von HTTP Service

Injecten

```
constructor(private httpService: HttpService) {  
  
}
```

Benutzen von HTTP Service

```
loadCustomers() {  
    this.httpService.getCustomers().subscribe((data: Customers[]) => {  
        console.log("DO SAN DE CUSTOMER JAWOIIII!")  
    }, (error) => {  
        console.log("kane customer :(");  
        console.error(error);  
    });  
}
```

Routing

Routing konfigurieren, falls noch nicht vorhanden

```
ng generate module app-routing --flat --module=app
```

Dann sollte app-routing.module.ts vorhanden sein

SETUP

(in app-routing.module.ts oder app.module.ts)

Import

```
import { RouterModule, Routes } from '@angular/router';
```

Routes definieren

```
const routes: Routes = [  
  { path: '', component: CustomerComponent },  
  { path: 'customer-component', component: CustomerComponent },  
  { path: 'reservationlist-component', component: ReservationListComponent },  
  { path: '**', component: CustomerComponent }  
];
```

```
@NgModule({  
  imports: [RouterModule.forRoot(routes)],  
  exports: [RouterModule]  
})
```

Navigieren

Normal über Route

```
<a [routerLink]="['customer-component']">Kundendaten</a>  
<a routerLink="customer-component">Kundendaten</a>  
<a href="reservationlist-component">Reservierungsliste</a>
```

Router Outlet einfügen bitte ahhhh

- In das Router-Outlet wird die aktuelle Component geladen

```
<router-outlet></router-outlet>
```

Nested Routes

```
const routes: Routes = [  
  { path: 'reservationlist-component', component: ReservationListComponent,  
    children: [  
      {path: 'r1sub1': component: SubComponent1},  
      {path: 'r1sub2': component: SubComponent2},  
    ] },  
];
```

Wichtig: In den Parent Components gehört immer a router-outlet (also in dem Fall in der AppComponent und ReservationListComponent)

```

<a [routerLink]="['reservationlist-component', 'r1sub1']">Sub</a>
Alternativ:
<a [routerLink]="['reservationlist-component/r1sub1']">Subcomponent</a>
Alternativ:
<a [routerLink]="reservationlist-component/r1sub1">Subcomponent</a>

<router-outlet></router-outlet>

```

Übergabe von Parameter

```

const appRoutes: Routes = [
  {path: 'user/:id/:name', component: UserComponent}
];

```

Auslesen von Params

```

export class UserComponent implements OnInit {
  id: number;
  name: string;

  constructor(private route: ActivatedRoute) { }

  ngOnInit() {
    // this.id = this.route.snapshot.params['id'];
    // this.name = this.route.snapshot.params['name'];

    this.route.params.subscribe(
      (params: Params) => {
        this.id = params['id'];
        this.name = params['name'];
      }
    )
  }
}

```

Query Parameter

```

<a
  [routerLink]="['/user', 1, 'Max']"
  [queryParams]="{allowEdit: '1' }"
  fragment="editing"
>
  Bearbeite User
</a>

```



```
localhost:4200/user/1/Max?allowEdit=1
```

Auslesen von QueryParams

```
export class UserComponent implements OnInit {
  id: number;
  name: string;

  constructor(private route: ActivatedRoute) { }

  ngOnInit() {
    // this.id = this.route.snapshot.params['id'];
    // this.name = this.route.snapshot.params['name'];

    this.route.queryParams.subscribe(
      (queryParams: Params) => {
        this.allowEdit = queryParams['allowEdit'];
      }
    )
  }
}
```

Navigieren mittels Programmlogik

```
constructor(private router: Router) {

}

navigateTo() {
  // greeting-component/subcomponent/1
  this.router.navigate(['greeting-component', 'subcomponent', '1'],
    {queryParams: {'isEdit': '1'}})
}
```

==

```
<a
  [routerLink]="['greeting-component', 'subcomponent', '1']"
  [queryParams]="{isEdit: '1'}"
>
```

Forms

Template Driven - TDF

Setup

```
import {FormsModule} from '@angular/forms';  
// Auch in imports Array reinballern
```

Example

```
<form (ngSubmit)="onSubmit(f)" #f="ngForm">  
  <input type="text" class="form-control" ngModel #username="ngModel"  
id="username" name="username" required>  
  
  <input type="email" class="form-control" ngModel name="email" required email  
#email="ngModel" min-length="3">  
  <span>{{email.value}}</span>  
  
  <button class="btn btn-primary" type="submit" [disabled]="!f.valid ||  
!f.dirty">Submit</button>  
</form>
```

Weitere Parameter:

- required
- minlength="3"
- maxlength="3"
- email (email verifier)
- pattern="[0-9]{3}-[0-9]{3}-[0-9]{4}"

Input Types:

- number
- tel

Auslesen der Daten bei Submit

```
onSubmit(f: NgForm) {  
  console.log(f.value['username'])  
  console.log(f.value)  
  // deep copy erstellen  
  var obj = Object.assign({}, f.value);  
}
```

Reactive

Setup

```
import {ReactiveFormsModule} from '@angular/forms';
// Auch in imports Array reinballern
```

Erstellen von am Form

```
ng generate @angular/material:address-form <component-name>
```

Example

```
<form [formGroup]="addressForm" novalidate (ngSubmit)="onSubmit()">
  <mat-card class="shipping-card">
    <mat-card-content>

      <div class="row">
        <div class="col">
          <mat-form-field class="full-width">
            <input matInput placeholder="First name" formControlName="firstName">
            <mat-error
*ngIf="addressForm.controls['firstName'].hasError('required')">
              First name is <strong>required</strong>
            </mat-error>
          </mat-form-field>
        </div>

      </div>
      <div class="row">
        <div class="col">
          <mat-form-field class="full-width">
            <textarea matInput placeholder="Address" formControlName="address">
          </textarea>
            <mat-error
*ngIf="addressForm.controls['address'].hasError('required')">
              Address is <strong>required</strong>
            </mat-error>
          </mat-form-field>
        </div>
      </div>

      <div class="row">
        <div class="col">
          <mat-form-field class="full-width">
            <input matInput #postalCode maxLength="5" placeholder="Postal Code"
type="number"
              formControlName="postalCode">
            <mat-hint align="end">{{postalCode.value.length}} / 5</mat-hint>
          </mat-form-field>
        </div>
      </div>
```

```

    </div>

    </mat-card-content>
    <mat-card-actions>
      <button [disabled]="!this.addressForm.valid" mat-raised-button
color="primary" type="submit">Edit</button>
    </mat-card-actions>
  </mat-card>
</form>

```

```

export class ReactiveFormComponent implements OnInit{
  addressForm = this.fb.group({
    firstName: [null, Validators.required],
    address: [null, Validators.required],
    postalCode: [null, Validators.compose([
      Validators.required, Validators.minLength(5), Validators.maxLength(5)])
    ],
  });

  // values reinpatchen!
  ngOnInit(): void {
    this.addressForm.patchValue(
      data
    );

    // oder für einzelnes value
    this.addressForm.setValue(
      {
        firstName: "Gerry",
        address: "Gerry"
      }
    )

    // oder
    this.addressForm.controls['firstName'].setValue("Gerry");
  }

  constructor(private fb: FormBuilder, private httpService: HttpServiceService) {}

  // on submit
  onSubmit(): void {
    if (this.addressForm.valid) {
      console.log("Voi valid!");
      var res = Object.assign({}, this.addressForm.value);
      var username = this.addressForm.get('username')
    }
  }
}

```

Direktive

```
<p [style.backgroundColor]="testvar == 5 ? 'red' : 'blue'">Test</p>

<li *ngFor="let u of users; let i=index">{{i}} - {{u}}</li>

<p [ngStyle]="[backgroundColor: getColor()]">Text</p>
```

Classes

Setup

```
ng generate class <class-name>
```

Example Class

```
export class Customer {
  id: number = 0;
  firstname: string = "";
  lastname: string = "";
  street: string = "";
  houseno: string = "";
  zip: string = "";
  city: string = "";
  password: string = "";
}
```

Subject

```
export class SearchService {
  searchSource = new Subject<string>();
  constructor() {}

  setSearchString(message: string) {
    this.searchSource.next(message);
  }
}
```

```
export class Comp1 implements OnInit {  
  constructor(private searchService: SearchService) {}  
  
  ngOnInit() {  
  
  }  
  
  search(word: HTMLInputElement) {  
    this.searchService  
      .setSearchString(word.value);  
  }  
}
```

```
export class Comp2Component implements OnInit, OnDestroy{  
  
  searchSubscription: Subscription;  
  
  constructor(private searchService: SearchService){ }  
  
  ngOnInit() {  
    this.searchSubscription = this.searchService.searchSource.subscribe(  
      (data:string)=>{  
        console.log(data);  
      }  
    )  
  }  
  
  ngOnDestroy(){  
    this.searchSubscription.unsubscribe();  
  }  
  
}
```

Menu

Setup

```
ng generate @angular/material:navigation Menu
```

Example

Bei mat-nav-list:

```
<a routerLink="loginMask" mat-list-item >Anmeldung</a>
```

Bei Kommentar

```
<router-outlet></router-outlet>
```

List

Setup

```
ng generate @angular/material:table ReservationList
```

Example

```
<div class="mat-elevation-z8">
  <table mat-table class="full-width-table" matSort aria-label="Elements">

    <!-- Name Column -->
    <ng-container matColumnDef="start">
      <th mat-header-cell *matHeaderCellDef mat-sort-header>Datum</th>
      <td mat-cell *matCellDef="let row">{{row.start | date:'dd.MM.yyyy'}}</td>
    </ng-container>

    <tr mat-header-row *matHeaderRowDef="displayedColumns"></tr>
    <tr mat-row *matRowDef="let row; columns: displayedColumns;"></tr>

  </table>

  <mat-paginator #paginator
    [length]="dataSource?.data?.length"
    [pageIndex]="0"
    [pageSize]="10"
    [pageSizeOptions]="[5, 10, 20]">
  </mat-paginator>
</div>
```

JS

```
export class ReservationListComponent implements AfterViewInit {
  @ViewChild(MatPaginator) paginator!: MatPaginator;
  @ViewChild(MatSort) sort!: MatSort;
  @ViewChild(MatTable) table!: MatTable<Reservation>;
  dataSource!: MatTableDataSource<Reservation>;
```

```
/** Columns displayed in the table. Columns IDs can be added, removed, or
reordered. */
//displayedColumns = ['id', 'start', 'time'];
displayedColumns = ['start'];

constructor(private httpService: RestService) {
}

ngOnInit(): void {
  this.dataSource = new MatTableDataSource<Reservation>();
  this.refreshData();
}

ngAfterViewInit(): void {
  this.dataSource.sort = this.sort;
  this.dataSource.paginator = this.paginator;
  this.table.dataSource = this.dataSource;
}

refreshData() {
  this.httpService.getReservations(this.httpService.custid).subscribe((data) =>
{
  this.datasource.data = data;
  this.datasource.filter = "Hey!"
});
}
}
```

Websockets JUHU!!

```
import { WebSocket, WebSocketSubject } from 'rxjs/webSocket';

websocketSubject!: WebSocketSubject<any>

ngOnInit(): void {

  this.websocketSubject = websocket({
    url: "ws://localhost:8080/ws/" + this.cur_id,
    serializer: msg => msg.data
  })

  this.websocketSubject.subscribe((data) => {
    console.log("NEUES PRODUKT: ");
  });

  this.websocketSubject.next('LOL');
}
```