

# Proving mathematical statements with Lean

## Lesson 3: direct and contrapositive proofs

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# Overview

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# 1. Goals of today's meeting

- Run a Lean document on your device (for real this time).
- Understanding the main differences between proving a statement on paper vs. with Lean such that you can explain it..
- Knowing the difference between a direct and a contrapositive proof and deciding when to use which one.

## 2. Motivation

- We want to try and apply some Lean thinking onto paper.
- We will see how to solve a majority of the exercises from sheet 2.

### 3. Exercises from sheet 2

Today, we will solve the following two exercises from sheet 2 [3]:

**Exercise 2** (6pt) Use the method of direct proof to prove the following statements.

1. Let  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ . If  $x^2 + 5y = y^2 + 5x$ , then  $x = y$  or  $x + y = 5$ .
2. Recall that  $x|y$  means there exists an integer  $k$ , such that  $y = kx$ . Show that if  $a$  is an integer and  $a^2|a$ , then  $a \in \{0, 1, -1\}$ .
3. Every odd integer is a difference of two squares.

**Exercise 3** (4pt) Prove the following statements with contrapositive proof. (In each case, think about how a direct proof would work. In most cases contrapositive is easier.)

1. Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . If  $x^3 - x > 0$ , then  $x > -1$ .
2. Let  $x, y, z \in \mathbb{Z}$ . If  $x \nmid yz$ , then  $x \nmid y$  and  $x \nmid z$ .

# Exercises from sheet 2

If we have enough time we will also have a look at [3]:

**Exercise 4** (4pt) Use the method of proof by contradiction to prove the following statements. (In each case, you should also think about how a direct or contrapositive proof would work. You will find in most cases that proof by contradiction is easier.)

1. Let  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$ . If  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$  then  $a$  or  $b$  is odd.
2. For every  $x \in [\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi]$ ,  $\sin x - \cos x \geq 1$ .

*Hint:*  $\sin x - \cos x = \sqrt{2}\sin(x - \pi/4)$ .

**Exercise 5** (3 pt) Each of the following statements is either true or false. If a statement is true, prove it. If a statement is false, disprove it.

1. If  $A, B, C$  are sets and  $A \times C = B \times C$ , then  $A = B$ .
2. If  $A, B$  are sets, then  $\wp(A \cap B) = \wp(A) \cap \wp(B)$ .

(Recall that  $\wp(A)$  is the power set of  $A$ .)

## 4. Direct and contrapositive proof

### Definition (direct proof)

If  $P$  is a given statement and you want to prove  $Q$ , you do that by implications until you reach  $Q$ :

$$P \Rightarrow P' \Rightarrow \dots \Rightarrow Q$$

### Definition (contrapositive proof)

If  $P$  is a statement and you want to prove  $Q$ , you can do that by assuming  $\neg Q$  and then proving  $\neg P$ :

$$\neg Q \Rightarrow (\neg Q)' \Rightarrow \dots \Rightarrow \neg P$$



## 5. Voluntarily exercises for next week

- Have a look at the sheet of the first meeting and try to prove the statements.
- Solve exercise sheet 2 with Lean.

*Thank you for your cooperation!*

# References



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EMS Schiers

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HS 2023 - MAT 115 Foundation of Mathematics Problem sheet 2

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