INTEGRAL! IMMEDIATI

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$$\int dx = x + c$$

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$$\int x^{\alpha} dx = \frac{x^{\alpha+1}}{\alpha+1} + c$$
 $(con \alpha \neq -1)$

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$$\int \sin x \ dx = -\cos x + c$$

•
$$\int \cos x \ dx = \sin x + c$$

$$\bullet \quad \int \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} \ dx = -\cot x + c$$

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$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \arcsin x + c$$