def conv general dilated batch rule(

```
def _conv_general_dilated_translation_rule(
  c, lhs, rhs, *, window_strides, padding,
  lhs_dilation, rhs_dilation, dimension_numbers, feature_group_count,
  batch_group_count, precision, expand_complex_convolutions,
  preferred_element_type, **unused_kwargs):
 assert type(dimension_numbers) is ConvDimensionNumbers
dimension_numbers = _conv_general_proto(dimension_numbers)
precision config = precision config(precision)
dtype = c.get_shape(lhs).numpy_dtype()
 if expand_complex_convolutions and np.issubdtype(dtype, np.complexfloating):
   # We use a trick for complex multiplication due to Gauss which uses three
  # multiplications and five additions; instead of the naive method of four
  # multiplications and two additions.
  # https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Multiplication_algorithm#Complex_multiplication_algorithm
  # This performance win comes with a trade-off in accuracy; especially in
  # cases when the real and imaginary differ hugely in magnitude. The relative
  # error bound (e.g. 1p-24 in case of float32) would be relative to the
  # maximum of real and imaginary parts of the result instead of being
  # satisfied by the real and imaginary parts independently of each other.
  if preferred_element_type is not None:
     # Convert complex dtype to types used for real and imaginary parts
     assert np.issubdtype(preferred_element_type, np.complexfloating)
     preferred_element_type = xla_client.dtype_to_etype(
         np.float64 if preferred_element_type == np.complex128 else np.float32)
   conv = lambda x, y: xops.ConvGeneralDilated(
       x, y, window_strides, padding, lhs_dilation, rhs_dilation,
      dimension_numbers, feature_group_count, batch_group_count,
      precision_config=precision_config,
      preferred_element_type=preferred_element_type)
   lhs_real, lhs_imag = xops.Real(lhs), xops.Imag(lhs)
   rhs_real, rhs_imag = xops.Real(rhs), xops.Imag(rhs)
   k1 = conv(xops.Add(lhs_real, lhs_imag), rhs_real)
  k2 = conv(lhs_real, xops.Sub(rhs_imag, rhs_real))
   k3 = conv(lhs_imag, xops.Add(rhs_real, rhs_imag))
  return xops.Complex(xops.Sub(k1, k3), xops.Add(k1, k2))
if preferred_element_type is not None:
  preferred_element_type = xla_client.dtype_to_etype(preferred_element_type)
return xops.ConvGeneralDilated(
     lhs, rhs, window_strides, padding, lhs_dilation, rhs_dilation,
     dimension_numbers, feature_group_count, batch_group_count,
     precision_config=precision_config,
     preferred_element_type=preferred_element_type)
```