

- *Explain the difference between the == operator and the === operator.*

== simply checks if its value is equal to the value given, for example if `x = 5` and you say `x == 5` it will return true cause the value of `x` is equal to 5. === on the other hand doesn't only check if the value is equal but the type as well. So if `x` is a string with the value 5 and you would say `x === 5`, it will return false cause 5 is not a string, if you would say `x === '5'`, it will return true cause now the type is equal as well (a string).

- *Explain what a closure is. (Note that JavaScript programs use closures very often.)*

A closure gives access to the scope of the outer function from an inner function. In JavaScript, closures are created every time a function is created.

- *Explain what higher order functions are.*

Higher order functions are, simply put, functions that operate on other functions. These are functions that are used by taking other functions as argument or returning them.

- *Explain what a query selector is and give an example line of JavaScript that uses a query selector.*

A queryselector scrolls through a html document and selects what is in the ().

Example:

```
document.querySelector("p.example");
```

= Get the first <p> element in the document with class="example".