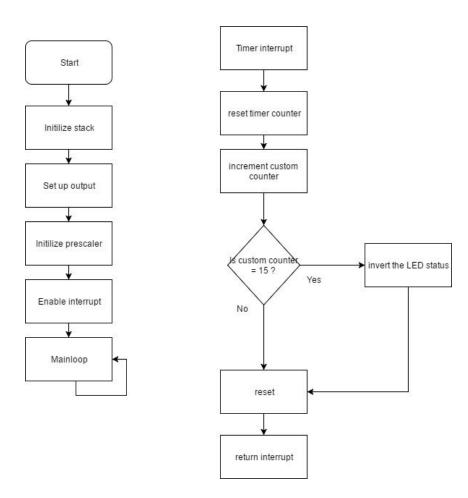
# **Linnæus University**

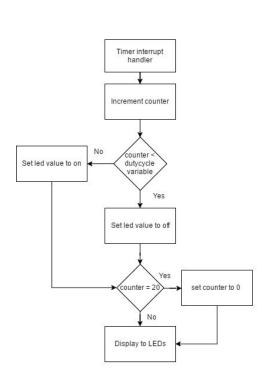
## Lab 4

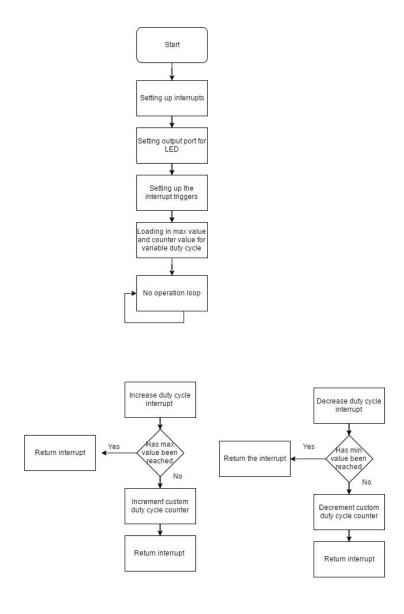
Matus Maruna & John Charo

In Task 1 we set up a timer and a counter in the timer interrupt to reach 0.5 second LED cycle where the LED would be turned on or off only if the counter was satisfied.

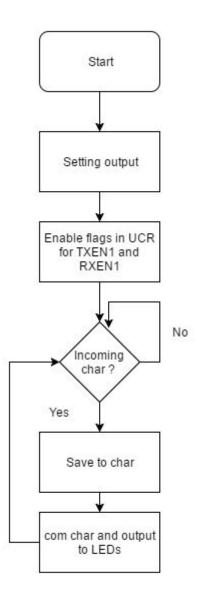


Task 2 is similar to task 1 except a custom duty cycle counter was made that is increased or decreased with button presses using interrupts. The result is a variable duty cycle that is increased or decreased by 5%

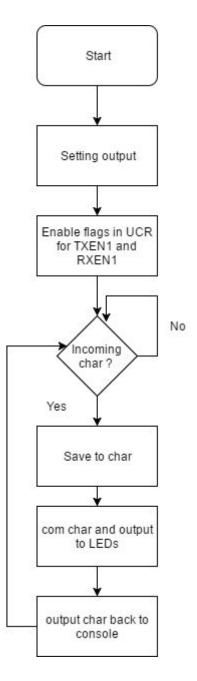




In task 3 we had connected the board to the computer using the serial port and run putty at baud rate of 4800 corresponding to the table provided in the lectures. The code would constantly listen for any incoming characters. When character was recieved the code would branch and output the character to LEDs, afterwards returning to main loop.



Task 4 is similar to task 3 with the main difference being that after the character was output the character was sent back to the console for the user (us) to see.



Instead of having to constantly listen for a character like in task 4 we had used and interrupt that would then retrieve the character, send it to the LEDs and send it back to the console.

