

Report lab 4

Exercise 1:

File ex1.py

To use the Polybius square in the program, we created a list called polybius_square.

```
polybius_square = [  
    ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F'],  
    ['G', 'H', 'I', 'J', 'K', 'L'],  
    ['M', 'N', 'O', 'P', 'Q', 'R'],  
    ['S', 'T', 'U', 'V', 'W', 'X'],  
    ['Y', 'Z', '0', '1', '2', '3'],  
    ['4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9']  
]
```

After starting the program, the user can enter a message.

```
Please enter message:
```

a) message "ENCRYPT ME 2 DAY"

We enter the message 'ENCRYPT ME 2 DAY' and then we get the encoded message. Since the Polybius square does not contain a space character, each word is written on a new line. The Polybius square contains only uppercase letters, we use the upper() function for the input message.

```
Please enter message: ENCRYPT ME 2 DAY  
15 32 13 36 51 34 42  
31 15  
55  
14 11 51
```

a) message "MATVEEVA"

We enter the message 'MATVEEVA' and then we get the encoded message.

```
Please enter message: MATVEEVA  
31 11 42 44 15 15 44 11
```

Exercise 2:

File ex2.py

The '^' operation represents the XOR operation.

XOR Truth Table:

A	B	A^B
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

$a^b^c^a^b$

$a = 1011$ $b = 0110$ $c = 0100$

$a^b = 1101$

$a^b^c = 1001$

$a^b^c^a = 0010$

$a^b^c^a^b = \mathbf{0100}$

$a = 0101$ $b = 1110$ $c = 1101$

$a^b = 1011$

$a^b^c = 0110$

$a^b^c^a = 0011$

$a^b^c^a^b = \mathbf{1101}$

$a = 0001$ $b = 0101$ $c = 1010$

$a^b = 0100$

$a^b^c = 1110$

$a^b^c^a = 1111$

$a^b^c^a^b = \mathbf{1010}$

In ex2.py, we sequentially enter a, b, and c, and then we get the result.

For $a = 1011$, $b = 0110$, $c = 0100$, we get

```
Please enter a: 1011
Please enter b: 0110
Please enter c: 0100
0100
```

For a = 0101, b = 1110, c = 1101

```
Please enter a: 0101
Please enter b: 1110
Please enter c: 1101
1101
```

For a = 0001 b = 0101 c = 1010

```
Please enter a: 0001
Please enter b: 0101
Please enter c: 1010
1010
```

Exercise 3:

File ex3.py

Entropy is calculated using the formula

$$H = \log_2(N)$$

Where:

- H — entropy of the system in bits
- N — the number of possible states

$$H = \log_2(8) = 3 \text{ bits}$$

$$H = \log_2(128) = 7 \text{ bits}$$

$$H = \log_2(256) = 8 \text{ bits}$$

ex3.py

We declared variables with state values where we calculate the entropy. To perform the calculation, we use the math library.

```
log2_8 = int(math.log2(8))
log2_128 = int(math.log2(128))
log2_256 = int(math.log2(256))
```

And we get the result:

```
For 8 states entropy equals 3  
For 128 states entropy equals 7  
For 256 states entropy equals 8
```