

## General Test Params:

n=1000000000 Tested 3 Separate times in the following order – Warmup – With Own Clock – With Cristal Clock

The test inputs stayed the same and the output array is the same for all tests. So the outputs get overwritten each time.

## Checking for the precision

The search for the largest element is really expensive. Maybe a quicksort algorithm would be kind of usefull but then the results must be remapped what could also take really long.

## One Execution

TIME OC: 867.28815699999996

TIME CC: 856.35544410073157

```
for (size_t i = 1; i < n; ++i) { if (input[i] > max_element) max_element = input[i];  
res[0] = (double)max_element;
```

## Two Executions

TIME OC: 1429.213712

TIME CC: 1455.0524009631931

```
for (size_t i = 1; i < n; ++i) { if (input[i] > max_element) max_element = input[i];  
res[0] = (double)max_element;  
for (size_t i = 1; i < n; ++i) { if (input[i] > max_element) max_element = input[i-1];  
res[1] = (double)max_element;
```

## Plane Loop

### Function call (had been changed)

TIME OC: 1336.8112080000001

TIME CC: 1323.1885089965103

### Function call without loop (had been changed)

TIME OC: 0.000137

TIME CC: 1.2864116937051667e-05

## Range Reduction

### One execution

TIME OC: 799.05626700000005

TIME CC: 761.56983049265386

```
SDOUBLE x = LOAD_DOUBLE_VEC(&input[i]);
```

```
const SDOUBLE ranges_away = MUL_DOUBLE_S(x, one_over_2_pi);  
const SDOUBLE num_ranges_away = FLOOR_DOUBLE_S(ranges_away);
```

```

const SDOUBLE range_multiple = MUL_DOUBLE_S(num_ranges_away, two_pi);
const SDOUBLE in_outer_range = SUB_DOUBLE_S(x, range_multiple);

SIMD_TO_DOUBLE_VEC(&res[i], in_outer_range);

```

### Two executions

TIME OC: 794.39666099999999

TIME CC: 788.55947432130688

```

SDOUBLE x    = LOAD_DOUBLE_VEC(&input[i]);

const SDOUBLE ranges_away = MUL_DOUBLE_S(x, one_over_2_pi);
const SDOUBLE num_ranges_away = FLOOR_DOUBLE_S(ranges_away);
const SDOUBLE range_multiple = MUL_DOUBLE_S(num_ranges_away, two_pi);
const SDOUBLE in_outer_range = SUB_DOUBLE_S(x, range_multiple);

const SDOUBLE ranges_away1 = MUL_DOUBLE_S(in_outer_range, one_over_2_pi);
const SDOUBLE num_ranges_away1 = FLOOR_DOUBLE_S(ranges_away1);
const SDOUBLE range_multiple1 = MUL_DOUBLE_S(num_ranges_away1, two_pi);
const SDOUBLE in_outer_range1 = SUB_DOUBLE_S(in_outer_range, range_multiple1);

SIMD_TO_DOUBLE_VEC(&res[i], in_outer_range);

```

### Taylor Polynom Plot

The results are for different degrees shown in the plot at `./plots/taylor_degree_test.png`.

As a little remark, i do not know why the *two executions are faster than the one execution*.

### Graph

#### One Execution

```

SDOUBLE x    = LOAD_DOUBLE_VEC(&input[i]);
const SDOUBLE centered_values = SUB_DOUBLE_S(x, center_point);
SDOUBLE result = LOAD_DOUBLE(TAYLOR_COEFF_SIN[taylor_last_coeff]);

for (int j = taylor_loop_iteration; j >= 0; --j) {
    SDOUBLE coeff = LOAD_DOUBLE(TAYLOR_COEFF_SIN[j]);
    result = MUL_DOUBLE_S(result, centered_values);
    result = ADD_DOUBLE_S(result, coeff);
}

SIMD_TO_DOUBLE_VEC(&res[i], result);

```

#### Two Executions

```

SDOUBLE x    = LOAD_DOUBLE_VEC(&input[i]);
const SDOUBLE centered_values = SUB_DOUBLE_S(x, center_point);
SDOUBLE result = LOAD_DOUBLE(TAYLOR_COEFF_SIN[taylor_last_coeff]);

for (int j = taylor_loop_iteration; j >= 0; --j) {
    SDOUBLE coeff = LOAD_DOUBLE(TAYLOR_COEFF_SIN[j]);

```

```

        result = MUL_DOUBLE_S(result, centered_values);
        result = ADD_DOUBLE_S(result, coeff);
    }

    const SDOUBLE centered_values1 = SUB_DOUBLE_S(x, center_point);
    SDOUBLE result1 = LOAD_DOUBLE(TAYLOR_COEFF_SIN[taylor_last_coeff]);

    for (int j = taylor_loop_iteration; j >= 0; --j) {
        SDOUBLE coeff = LOAD_DOUBLE(TAYLOR_COEFF_SIN[j]);
        result1 = MUL_DOUBLE_S(result1, centered_values1);
        result = ADD_DOUBLE_S(result1, coeff);
    }

    SIMD_TO_DOUBLE_VEC(&res[i], result);

```

## Quadrant Evaluation setup

### One Execution

- TIME OC: 818.80264299999999
- TIME CC: 795.44322714426596

```

SDOUBLE x    = LOAD_DOUBLE_VEC(&input[i]);

const SDOUBLE multiplied_quadrants = MUL_DOUBLE_S(x, quadrant_multiplier);
const SDOUBLE quadrant_evaluation = ADD_DOUBLE_S(multiplied_quadrants, addition_value);
const SDOUBLE quadrant_evaluated_result = MUL_DOUBLE_S(x, quadrant_evaluation);

SIMD_TO_DOUBLE_VEC(&res[i], quadrant_evaluated_result);

```

### Two Executions

- TIME OC: 770.94519400000001
- TIME CC: 775.73264921769305

```

SDOUBLE x    = LOAD_DOUBLE_VEC(&input[i]);

const SDOUBLE multiplied_quadrants = MUL_DOUBLE_S(x, quadrant_multiplier);
const SDOUBLE quadrant_evaluation = ADD_DOUBLE_S(multiplied_quadrants, addition_value);
const SDOUBLE quadrant_evaluated_result = MUL_DOUBLE_S(x, quadrant_evaluation);

const SDOUBLE multiplied_quadrants1 = MUL_DOUBLE_S(x, quadrant_evaluated_result);
const SDOUBLE quadrant_evaluation1 = ADD_DOUBLE_S(multiplied_quadrants1, addition_value);
const SDOUBLE quadrant_evaluated_result1 = MUL_DOUBLE_S(quadrant_evaluated_result, quadrant_evaluation1);

SIMD_TO_DOUBLE_VEC(&res[i], quadrant_evaluated_result1);

```