

ASSIGNMENT - 4

Q. Explain Event in Brief.
It Represent a Response
to user interaction with input
Controls such as press of
a button or touch of the
Screen.

Android Framework Places
each occurring Event into a
queue, which is Based on
FIFO logic.

when an Event happens
the Event Listener, which is
involved with the View Object
needs to be Registered. Then,
the Registered Event Listener
needs to be implement a
Corresponding callback method
Event Handler.

Event Listener →

It is the object that receives notification when an event occurs.

Event Listener Registration.

It is the process by which an Event Handler gets registered with an Event Listener so that the handler is called when the Event Listener fires the event.

Event Handler →

when an event happens and we have registered and event listener for the event the listener calls the handler which is the method that actually handles the event.

Explain Event Driven Programming in Brief.

It is a process in which the flow of the

program is Determined by events such as user actions, System events or message from other programs

It is used to handle user instruction with GUI of an Application.

It is Structured around event handlers which are functions that are triggered when a specific event occurs.

Android provides a no. of event handlers that can be used to respond to user interaction.

On Click Listener -

Used to handle click events on Buttons

On Touch Listener -

Used to handle touch events such as when a user touches and drag a view.

Onlong Click Listener :-
Handle long click events.

Onfocus Changed Listener

This API is used to handle events when a view gains or loses focus.

Developers can also create their own custom event handlers, to respond to events that are not provided by the Android System.

③ List different ways of event handling techniques
Explain long click Event with Example.

The most commonly used methods

1. Using an Anonymous Inner Class
2. Activity class implements the Listener Interface.

3. Using layout file activity main.xml to specify event handler directly.

↳ onlongclicklistener implements one method onlongclick() to handle long click event.

It is used when user touches and hold the control for more than one second.

Eg:-

< TextView android:layout_width="wrap-content"

 android:layout_height="wrap-content"
 android:id="@+id/t1" />

< EditText

 android:layout_width="wrap-content"
 android:layout_height="wrap-content"
 android:id="@+id/editText"
 android:layout_below="@+id/t1"
 android:layout_toRightOf="@+id/t1"
 android:layout_toEndOf="@+id/t1" />

2. Button

```

    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Show Data"
    android:id="@+id/b1"
    android:layout_below="@+id/editText"
    android:layout_marginTop="62dp"
  
```

Java

```

Button button = (Button) findViewById(R.id.b1);
  
```

```

button.setOnLongClickListener(new
```

```

    Button.OnlongClickListener() {
```

```

      public boolean onlongclick (View v)
```

```

        EditText el = (EditText)
```

```

        findViewById (R.id.editText))
```

```

        android.widget.TextView tu =
```

```

        android.widget.TextView ew)
```

```

        findViewById (R.id.t1))
```

```

        tu.setText ("long Data") + el
```

```

        getText ());
```

return true;

7

4. Create an Android Application to Demonstrate Text Change Event.

<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "utf-8" ?>

<LinearLayout xmlns:android = "http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android" android:layout_width = "match-parent" android:layout_height = "match-parent" android:orientation = "vertical" android:padding = "16dp" >

 <EditText android:id = "@+id/edit-text" android:layout_width = "match-parent" android:layout_height = "wrap-content" android:hint = "Type Something" />

</EditText>

</LinearLayout>

```
< TextView  
    android:id = "@+id/text_view"  
    android:layout_width = "match_parent"  
    android:layout_height = "wrap_content"  
    android:marginTop = "16dp"  
    android:textStyle = "bold" />
```

Linear layout ?

Java file.

```
import android.os.Bundle;  
import android.text.Editable;  
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
```

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity
```

```
private EditText editText;  
private TextView textView;
```

@Override

```
protected void onCreate(Bundle  
    savedInstanceState) {
```

< TextView

```
    android:id="@+id/text_view"
    android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:marginTop="16dp"
    android:textStyle="bold" />
```

</LinearLayout>

Java file

```
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.text.Editable;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
```

```
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity
```

```
private EditText editText;
private TextView textView;
```

~~```
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
```~~

```
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
```

```
editText = findViewById(R.id.edit_text);
textView = findViewById(R.id.text_view);
```

`editText.addTextChangedListener ( new  
TextWatcher ()`

`@Override`

`public void onTextChanged (char sequence  
s, int start, int before, int count) {`

`textview.setText ("Text changed to :" + s);`

`}`  
`}`  
`}`  
`{`

Q: 5 Create an android Application  
to Demonstrate Button click  
Event.

Ans : `<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "utf - 8"?>`

~~`<RelativeLayout xmlns : android = "https://schemas.  
android.com / apk / res / android"`~~

`< xmlns : tools = "https://schemas.android.com  
tools"`

`android : id = "@+id/activity_main"`

`android : layout_width = "match_parent"`

`android : layout_height = "match_parent"`

`tools : context = ".MainActivity" >`

<Button

```
 android:id = "@+id/b1"
 android:layout_width = "wrap_content"
 android:layout_height = "wrap_content"
 android:text = "click me!"
 android:layout_centerInParent = "true" />
```

</RelativeLayout>

Java file

```
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.view.View;
import android.widget.Button;
import android.widget.Toast;
import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity;
```

Public class MainActivity Extends  
AppCompatActivity {

@Override

```
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
```

```
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
```

```
setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
```

```
Button button = findViewById(R.id.button);
```

```
button.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
```

@override

Public void onclick (View view)

Toast.makeText (mainActivity, this ."  
Button clicked ", Toast.LENGTH\_SHORT).  
Show ();

} ;

}

};