CHECK YOUR ENGLISH VOCABULARY FOR

Computers and Information Technology

Third Edition

Jon Marks

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COMPUTERS

AND

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Jon Marks

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Introduction

Who is the book for?

This book has been written for people whose first language is not English, and who use or are going to use computers and other information technology in an English-speaking environment. It covers the language needed to use information technology equipment, work with computer programs, discuss problems and plan projects. It does not cover advanced technical vocabulary for computer programmers or electronic engineers. All the language in the book is intended to be accessible to intermediate level students and above.

How can the book be used?

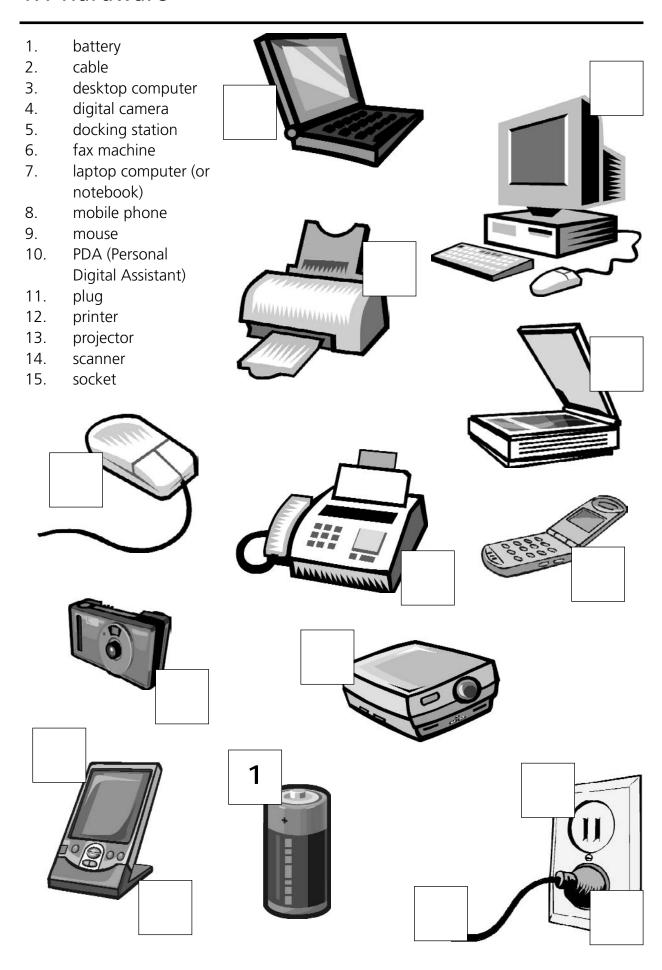
The vocabulary is arranged by topic. Choose the topics that interest you. The pages do not have to be completed in any particular order, and there is no need to complete all the pages if some are on topics which are not useful to you. It is better to complete one or two pages in a day, and remember the vocabulary, rather than completing as many pages as possible. The answers to the exercises can be found at the back of the book. There is also an index to help you find the pages which are most useful to you.

Write new words and phrases you learn in a notebook or file. Review this language regularly so that it becomes part of your active vocabulary.

A good general dictionary will be very helpful, providing pronunciation guides and more contexts. For vocabulary relating specifically to computers, *Dictionary of Computing* (A&C Black, ISBN 978 07475 6622 9) will be a useful reference source.

Section 1: Hardware

1.1 Hardware



1.2 Some useful verbs

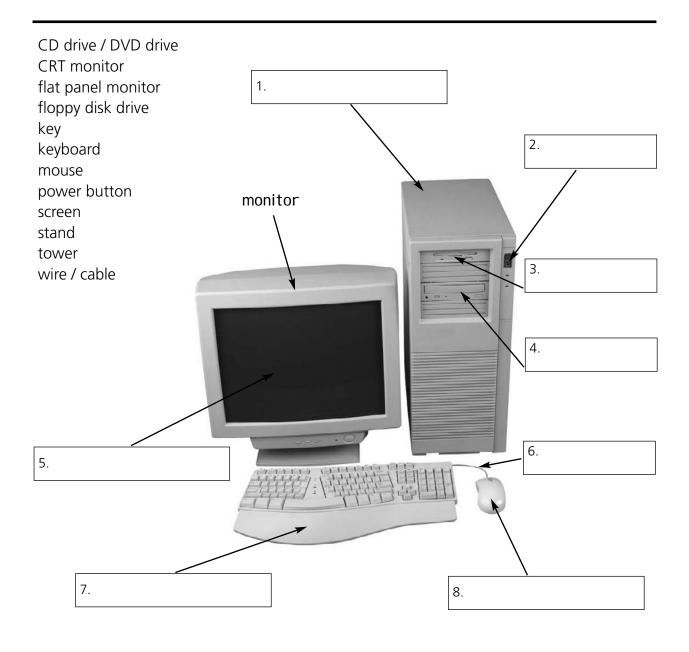
A. Match the verbs with the nouns.

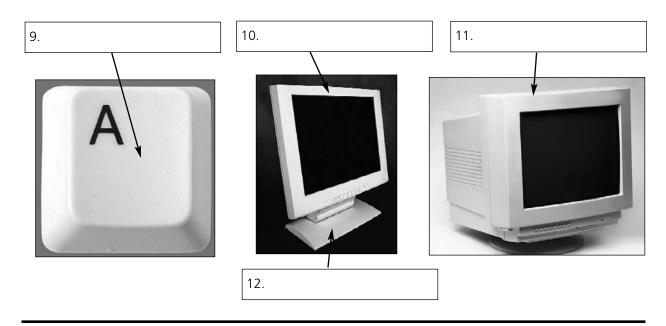
digital photos 1. recharge a. 2. b. faxes click on 3. a number on your mobile phone dial C. 4. give d. a presentation 5. something with the mouse move ~ e. f. 6. print out the battery 7. send and receive the mouse · g. 8. take some h. twenty pages

B. C

. To turn on the compute	er,the "Start"	button.
a. touch	b. press	c. switch
0. The printer has	of ink.	
a. finished	b. ended	c. run out
1. Unfortunately, my scar	nner isn't at th	ne moment.
a. working	b. going	c. doing
2. Please the	CD ROM.	
a. insert	b. introduce	c. inject
3. The projector isn't wo	king because it isn't	
a. plugged	b. plugged in	c. plugged into
4. The batteries in my dig	gital camera are nearly dea	d. They need
a. to change	b. exchanging	c. changing
5. I have to a	a computer screen for eigh	t hours a day.
a. see	b. look at	c. watch
6. Switch off your compu	uter, and it fro	m the wall socket.
a. de-plug	b. unplug	c. non-plug
7. I turned off the photoe	copier and th	e plug.
a. pulled out	b. extracted	c. took away
18 any key to	o continue.	
a. Kick	b. Smash	c. Hit

1.3 The workstation

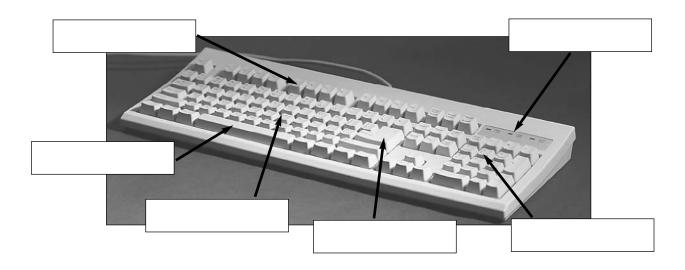




tucmepor		computer
13. trirpen		<u> </u>
14. nasecnr		
15. kesd		
16. hacir		
17. nopelethe		
Thoose the best word.		
18. The mouse moves on a	·	
a. mouse mat	b. mouse carpet	c. mouse table
19. TV and computer screens are	usually measured in	
a. feet	b. miles	c. inches
20. Before you start work,	the height of your chair	
a. adjust	b. change	c. rearrange
21. To get sound from your com	outer, plug in a pair of	
a. loudhailers	b. loudspeakers	c. loud voices
22. The computer is connected to	o the telephone line via a	<u>_</u> .
a. module	b. modem	c. mod
23. You can increase the function	ns or performance of a computer v	vith an
a. extension card	b. exploding card	c. expansion card
24. Mobile phones and PDAs car	communicate with computers via	·
a. Bluebeard ®	b. Blueberry ®	c. Bluetooth ®
25. There's a spare ii	n the workstation	
a. electric hole	b. power point	c. electrical opening
26so you can plug in your mo	obile phone	
a. charger	b. power	c. electrification
27. SD cards can be read in a cor	nputer's	
a. storage reader	b. memory reader	c. card reader

1.4 The keyboard

space bar alphabet keys calculator keys function keys return key (or enter key) indicator lights



shift key alt key control key escape key delete key tab key caps lock key backspace key

1. To go back one space, hit the	
2. To change to capital letters, press the	
3. To change the capital letters permanently, hit the	
4. To insert a tabulation, press the	
5. To activate the "Ctrl" functions, press the	

You can say "key" or "button"

6. To activate the "alt" functions, hit the ______.

7. To stop the computer doing something, you can press the

8. Select the text you want to remove, and hit the ______.

standard keyboard key in (or type in)

ergonomic keyboard enter data input



9. Please ______ your password.
10. It took me two hours to ______ all that text.
11. A keyboard is a ______ device.
12. Do you have a ______?

No. I have a special ______. It's better for my arms and back.

1.5 The mouse

roll

scroll up scroll down touchpad left button right button joystick single double scroll wheel hold down repetitive strain injury 1. _____ to see pages above. 2. _____to see pages below. To select text, _____ the left button, and move the mouse pointer. 3. 4. If you use a mouse for many hours every day, you can get _____ in your fingers. 5. With a laptop computer, plug in a mouse, or use the _____ in front of the keyboard. To play some games, you need to use a ______ instead of a mouse. 6. 7. To move up and down a page, you can _____ the mouse wheel. This mouse doesn't have a ball. It's an _____ mouse. 8. One click of a mouse button is called a _____ click. 9. Two clicks of a mouse button are called a _____ click. 10. Click _____ the folder to open it. 11. 12. _____ 13. _

A wheel mouse

optical

pointer

on

1.6 Scanning

adjust all-in-one preview (or prescan) at brightness contrast connected file format flatbed handheld high image editing low **OCR** software original click text dpi

How to scan an image

1.	Make sure the scanner is	to the computer.	
2.	Lift the lid and put the	on the scanner glass.	
3.	For high image quality, scan	300	_ or higher.
4.	The scanning software will a	utomatically do a	
5.	If the image is too dark or to	oo light, you can the _	and
6.	"scan".		Α
7.	If you scanned	, it can be "read" by	
8.	If you want to save the imag	e, choose a JPEG i	s a
	good choice for photos.		
9.	The scanned image can be n	nanipulated usings	oftware.
10.	An printer/so	canner can print, scan and copy.	В
11.	Picture A is a	_ scanner.	
12.	Picture B is a	scanner.	
13.	Picture C is a	resolution photograph.	
14.	Picture D is a	resolution photograph.	

C



D



1.7 Some useful adjectives

Choose the best adjective. 1. Oh dear. I pressed the _____ button. c. false **a.** incorrect **b.** wrong 2. I can't use my mobile phone. The battery's _____ c. exhausted 3. The battery isn't completely flat, but its very ______. **b.** short c. low 4. My video camera is very ______. **b.** uncomplicated c. obvious **a.** easy to use 5. My new computer has a very _____ processor. **a.** quick **b.** high speed c. fast 6. The X19 notebook computer features a very _____ design. **b.** little **a.** compact c. small 7. Keeping files on paper is ______ solution. **a.** an old-tech **b.** a past-tech c. a low-tech 8. Keeping files on a computer database is a ______ solution. a. new-tech **b.** now-tech **c.** high-tech 9. My new PDA is the _____ model. **a.** latest **b.** newest c. most modern 10. In our office, we've set up a _____ network. **a.** wire-free **b.** no wires c. wireless 11. A call from New York to Toyko is _____ distance. **a.** far **b.** long **c.** faraway 12. I don't think this printer is _____ with my computer. **b.** connectable **a.** compatible c. suitable 13. My laptop is only 3 centimetres _____ **a.** thick **b.** tall c. wide 14. The screen on my laptop isn't very ______. **a.** light c. bright 15. In three or four years, my new computer will probably be _____. **a.** old fashioned **b.** behind the times c. obsolete 16. When you connect this to your computer, it will work immediately. It's _____ **a.** plug and go **b.** plug and play c. plug and use

1.8 Printing

A. Put the words in the spaces.

Ca	rtridge	collate	cover	feed
do	ouble-sided	landscape	mono	out
οι	ıt of	portrait	jammed	print-heads
re	load	replacement	via	
V	When the ink runs	out, you have to change	e the	
_	cartr	idges can be ordered or	nline.	
T	o change the carti	ridge, you have to lift th	e	
Т	he printer is conne	ected to the computer _	a USB cab	ole.
Т	he printer is	paper	the paper tray.	
1	think some paper	is inside t	he printer.	
\triangleright	1y printer keeps ge	etting jammed. I think th	nere's a problem with t	he paper
S	hall I print this	in colour or	black and white?	
"	Black and white"	is also known as	·	
If	there's a problem	n with the print quality, p	perhaps the	need cleaning.
C	an your printer do	printing	?	
T	o m	neans to put all the page	es into the correct orde	r.
	13. This page is	in		
	orientation.	-	14. Tł	nis page is in
				orientation.





B. Which type of printer is each sentence about?

inkjet printer

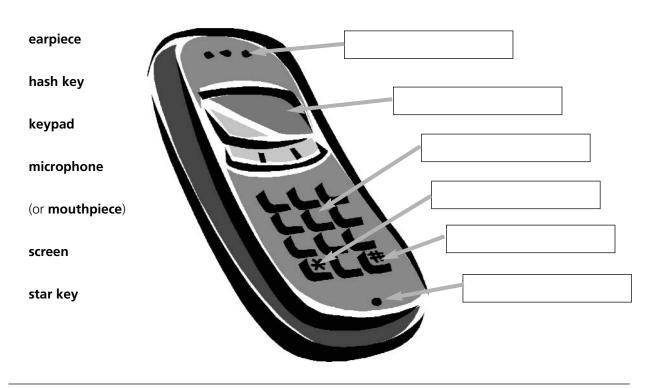
laser printer

1. cheaper to buy	X	
2. cheaper to run		
3. faster printing speed		
4. takes up more space		
5. uses liquid ink		
6. uses toner		
7. more reliable		
8. cartridges need changing more often		

C. True or false?

1.	Inkjet cartridges can be refilled up to three times.	TRUE / FALSE
2.	Colour images are printed by mixing red, green and yellow ink.	TRUE / FALSE
3.	"ppm" stands for pages per minute.	TRUE / FALSE
4.	Most inkjet printers can print out at 100 ppm or more.	TRUE / FALSE
5.	Inkjet cartridges are very difficult to change.	TRUE / FALSE
6.	Photo-paper is a lot more expensive than plain paper.	TRUE / FALSE
7.	Recycled paper is made out of old bottles.	TRUE / FALSE
8.	Some Inkjet printers have three print qualities: draft, normal and best.	TRUE / FALSE
9.	Before you can use a new printer, you have to install the driver from	
	a CD-ROM.	TRUE / FALSE
10.	When a print job has started, it can't be cancelled.	TRUE / FALSE

1.9 Mobile Phones



Mobile Phone networks

contract	installed	networks	operators
pay-as-you-go	SIM card	roaming	tariffs
top up	users		
			ling Vodaphone, O2, T-mobile and e the network of another company.
When you buy a cell p	ohone, you hav	ve a choice of ³	The most popular is
" ⁴ ", with cu	ıstomers paying	for their calls in advance	e. They can ⁵ their
accounts in shops, over the	internet, and a	at cash machines. Heav	yy ⁶ may prefer a
⁷ They pay	a fixed amount	every month, but the c	alls are much cheaper than they are
for pay-as-you-go customers.			
Mobile phones usually co	ome with a 8	already	9 If you take the
phone abroad, you may be a	ble to use it on	a local network. This is	called " ¹⁰ ". It can

be expensive, and it may be cheaper to buy a foreign SIM card.

Choose the best word.			
1. After 6pm, calls cost 20p	minute		
a. for one	b. per	c. each	
2. You can't use a mobile in a	cave because there's no _	·	
a. network	b. connection	c. power	
3. I need to charge up my mol	oile phone battery. Have y	ou seen my?	
a. charger	b. recharger	c. charging machine	
4. When you send a text mess	age, the func	tion can help your write i	t more quickly.
	b. predictive text		
5. In the car, it's safer to use a	phone.		
a. handless	b. no hands	c. hands-free	
6. If you don't want to dial a r	number by mistake, turn c	on the	
a. keypad locker	b. keypad lock	c. locker of keypad	
7. Which network has the low	rest?		
a. call charges	b. call costs	c. call expenses	
8. My pay-as-you-go account .	is about £7.		
a. balance	b. level	c. amount	
9. My average call	is about two minutes.		
	b. length	c. duration	
10. We're a long way from the	e nearest		
a. broadcaster		c. transmitter	
11so the is ver	ry weak.		
a. sign	•	c. transmission	
Which is <u>not</u> possible?			
12. I'll call her on my			
a. mobile phone	b. cell phone	c. moving phone	d. cellular phone
13. A mobile phone can't wor			
a. SIM card	b. sim card	c. sim chip	d. similar card
14. Don't forget to send me			
a. a text message	b. a text	c. an SMS	d. a phone message
, and the second			. 3
15. When I arrive, I'll			
a. text you	b . textualise you	c. send you an SMS	d . send you a text

1.10 Other devices

A. Match the devices with the places you would find them.

- 1. cash dispenser / cash machine / ATM a. at a supermarket checkout
- 2. barcode reader b. connected to a pair of headphones
- 3. magnetic strip c. in an office in 1975
- 4. MP3 player d. in an office, school or copy shop
- 5. photocopier e. in the hands of a tourist
- 6. telex machine f. in the headquarters of a large company
- 7. video camera g. on the back of a credit card
- 8. mainframe computer h. outside a bank

B. Choose the best word.

- 9. When you pay by credit card, your card is ______.
 - a. swooped

b. swiped

- c. swapped
- 10. A laptop computer with a screen you can write on is called a ______
 - a. tablet PC

b. table PC

- c. flat screen PC
- 11. An image on TV or computer screen is made up of thousands of ______.
 - a. points

b. pixels

- c. bits
- 12. You can draw directly onto a computer screen with a ______
 - a. bright pen

b. light pen

- c. pixel pen
- 13. A camera connected directly to the internet is called
 - **a.** an internet camera
- **b.** a web watcher
- **c.** a webcam
- 14. The woman in the photo is wearing a ______
 - a. headpiece
- **b.** headphone

- c. headset
- 15. She talks to customers on the telephone all day. She works in a
 - **a.** telephone centre
- **b.** call centre
- c. talking centre



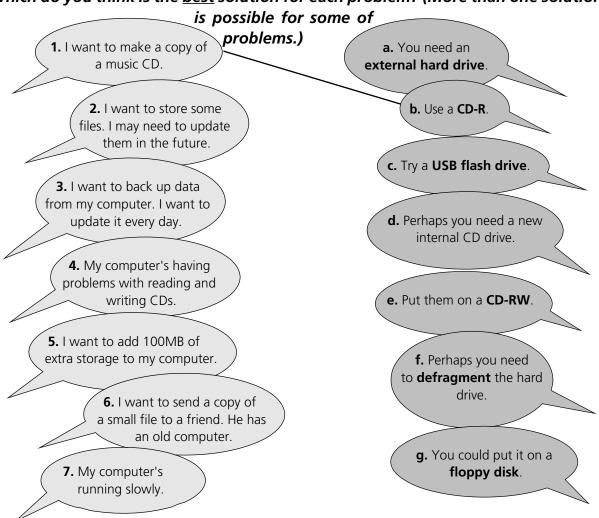
1.11 Inside a computer

chips	dual core	megabytes	megahertz
motherboard	processor	speed	upgraded
			ade by Intel and AMD, and are
			, which mean
hat there are two proce			of a processor is measured in
A computer's memory	is measured in 6	If a computer h	as 1,024 megabytes of memory
nd the memory type is s wenty-four megabytes e		as 1,024 MB SDRAM, and i	is pronounced "a thousand and
			Changing a computer's
rocessor is not generally	practical, but the mem	nory can usually be 8	·
. Power			
disconnect	fan	mair	ns electricity
overheating	shock	spik	es
supply	surge prot	ector tran	sformer
1. Laptops are pov	vered by batteries or		
2. Mains electricity	is converted to lower v	oltage by a	
	_·		
3. A	protects electronic	equipment from	
damage caused	by power	<u>.</u>	
4. If you remove th	ne cover from a comput	er, make sure you	
·	the electricity	Otherwise,	
you may get an	electric		
5. The computer is	cooled by a	This prevents	/ 1-1-
the processor fro	om		

1.12 Data storage

burn capacity card drawer hard drive eject free space stick 1. The data and applications on your computer are stored on the _____ To run this application you need at least 50MB of ______ on your hard drive. 2. My computer's hard drive has a ______ of 120GB. 3. Do you like this CD? I can ______ you a copy if you want. 4. The opposite of "Insert the DVD" is "______ the DVD". 5. I can't eject the CD. I think the ______'s stuck. 6. 7. Digital cameras usually store pictures on a memory ______ or a memory

Which do you think is the best solution for each problem? (More than one solution



1.13 Connectivity

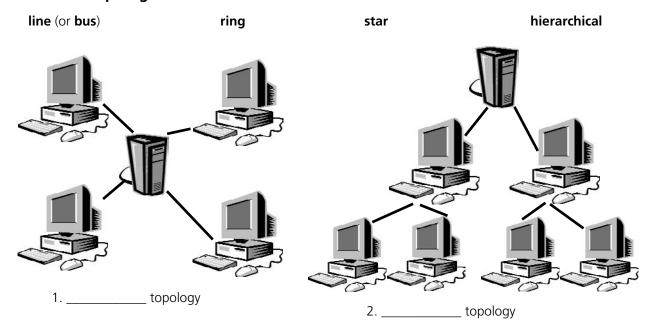
1. Scanners, printers an	d webcams are	
a. extras	b. peripherals	c. externals
2. Add extra USB	to your computer	
a. ports	b. doors	c. windows
3 with a USB		
a. centre	b. point	c. hub
4. ADSL is also known a	as	
a. wideband	b. broadband	c. longband
5. I want to get a	ADSL modem.	
a. quick-speed	b. fast-speed	c. high-speed
6. The internet is much	faster with a broadband connection th	nan with
a. dial-up	b. phone-up	c. call-up
7. With a wireless route	er, you can your broadband	d connection with other users.
a. divide	b. combine	c. share
8. This wire's too short.	I need an cable.	
a. extended	b. extension	c. extender
9. You can connect a U	SB plug to a PS/2 port by using	·
a. an adaptor	b. a bridge	c. a connector
Bluetooth®		
data signals	developed devidence devide	ces enabled
Bluetooth® tec	hnology enables ¹	communication between
	such as laptop computers, mobile	
	devices use short-range radio 4 devices use short-range radio 4	•
	companies including IBN	, ,

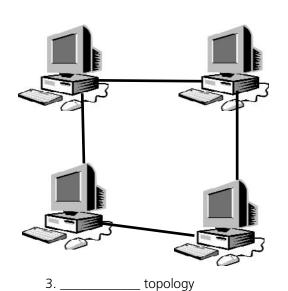
1.14 Networks

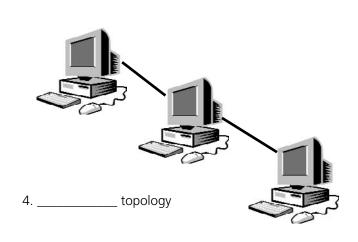
LAN

intranet	Local	log onto	network card	
satellite	server	terminals	WAN (Wide Ar	rea Network)
LAN is pronounced	"lan", and stands for 1	А	rea Network. In a typical I	LAN, there is a
central network ²	which :	supports a number	of 3	Users have to
4	the network server. Page	es of information th	nat can be viewed within a	LAN are called
an ⁵	A number of LANs con	nected to each oth	er via ⁶	or other form
ofcommunication	are called a ⁷	To be use	ed as network terminals, e	each computer
needs to have a 8	installed	l.		

Network topologies







1.15 Electronic payments

A. EPOS and EFTPOS

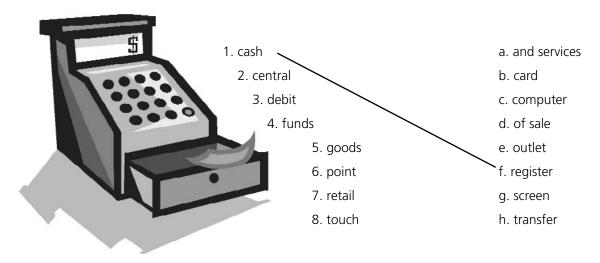
Cross out the incorrect word

EPOS (electronic point of sale) terminals are **cash / money** registers found in retail **openings / outlets** such as shops and restaurants. They are connected to a **central / centre** computer, and data about **objects / goods** and services sold is entered into the terminals via keyboards, barcode readers, **touch / finger** screens etc. They are useful for stock management, and can produce itemised bills and **receipts / recipes**.

EFTPOS (electronic funds transfer point of sale) can also transfer **cash / funds** directly from the customer's bank account via a **debit / paying** card. They are now more common than EPOS terminals.

B. Word partnerships

Match the words.



C. Plastic

Match the cards with the phrases.

1. credit card	a. Buy now, pay now.
2. debit card	b. Buy now, pay the bank later.
3. cash card	c. Buy now, pay the shop later.
4. loyalty card	d. Spend, and get some money or goods back from the shop.

5. store card e. Take money out of a cash machine.

1.16 Review crossword

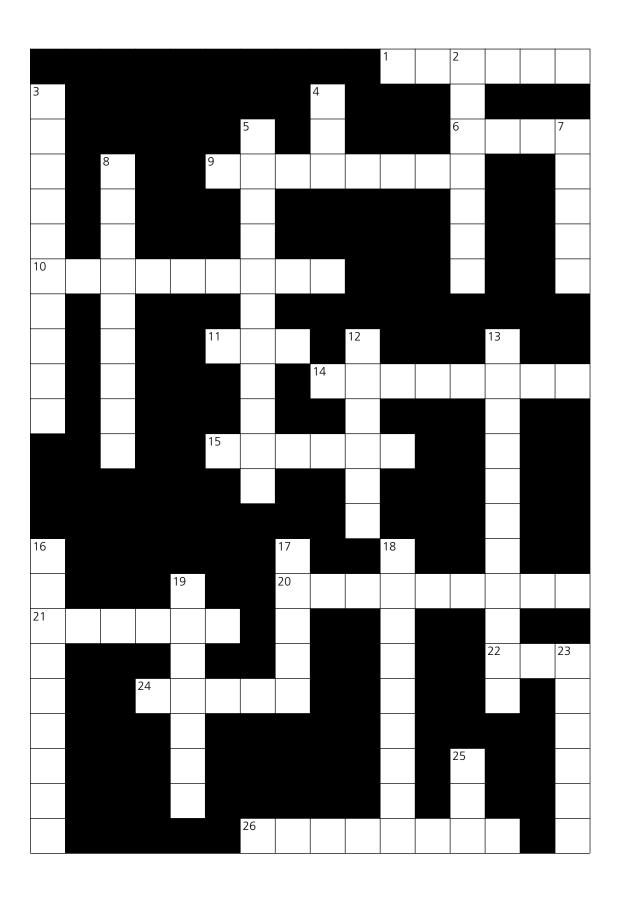
All the words can be found in Units 1.1 to 1.15

Across

- 1. A camera connected to the internet. (6 letters)
- 6. To send an SMS message. (4)
- 9. The most common page orientation. (8)
- 10. A computer's "brain". (9)
- 11. It prevents a computer from overheating. (3)
- 14. A connection without wires. (7)
- 15. The place where you put a plug. (6)
- 20. Processor speeds are measured in these. (9)
- 21. The cheapest type of printer. (6)
- 22. Lift this before you use your scanner. (3)
- 24. The shop assistant does this to your credit card. (5)
- 26. The strip on the back of a credit or debit card. (8)

Down

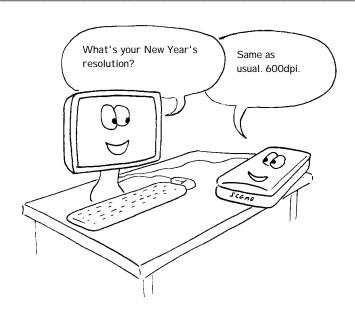
- 2. When it's dead, recharge it or replace it. (7)
- 3. You speak into this. (10)
- 4. The mouse moves on this. (3)
- 5. A computer, printer and scanner on a desk with a chair. (11)
- 7. Laser printers use this instead of ink. (5)
- 8. A design (for example, a type of keyboard) which is better for your body. (9)
- 12. An image on a screen is made up of thousands of these. (6)
- 13. Printers, scanners, webcams etc. (10)
- 16. A very large computer which never moves. (9)
- 17. A photo or drawing. (5)
- 18. You need to change or refill this when your printer runs out of ink. (9)
- 19. Two or more computers connected together. (7)
- 23. The slowest form of internet connection. (4, 2)
- 26. Image resolution is usually measured in this. (3)



1.17 Your computer

Can you answer these questions in English?

1. What kind of computer do you have?
2. Do you know the technical specifications of you computer?
3. Would you like to upgrade your computer? If so, what kind of computer would you like to get?
4. Which peripherals do you use most often? Why?
5. Do you use computer networks? If so, how do you connect to the networks you use?



Section 2: Software

2.1 Software: the basics

A. Choose the correct word t	to fill the spaces.	
Turn on your computer. It will usua a. boot itself	ally take a few minutes to b. boot up	c. get booted
2. Windows XP, Macintosh OSX and I a. operating systems	Linux are b. operating tools	c. operators
3. On my computer, I have a picture of a. desktop background	of my cat as the b. desktop picture	c. desktop scene
4. Microsoft Word, Adobe Acrobat ar a. applicators	nd CorelDraw are programs or b. appliers	 c. applications
5. To open Microsoft Word, click on t a. picture	he b. symbol	c. icon
6. I keep all my digital photos in a a. folder	called "Photos". b. packet	c. box
7. Is it possible to open Microsoft Exce a. texts	el in Word? b. files	c. pages
8. In Microsoft Word, to start typing a a. document	a new letter, open a new b. page	c. paper
9. When you a document	t, it's sent to the recycle bin. b. erase	c. delete
10. Deleted documents stay in the rec a. wash	cycle bin until you it. b. empty	c. clean
still be on your computer.	to the application. If you delete	.,
a. connector12. If the computer crashes, you can to a. restart	b. shortcut try pressing the button. b. recommence	c. link c. replay
13. When I've finished using my comp a. close it down	outer, l always b. shut it down	c. shut it off
14. If I leave my computer on without	t using it, after a while it goes into	mode.

b. waiting

c. standby

a. stand down

B. Insert the missing words.

close
drag and drop
find
free up
installed
launch
password
renamed
running
save
search
start menu
uninstalling
user
window

1. I couldn't open the document you emailed me. I don't have Microsoft Word installed on my computer.

2. Click on that icon to launch Internet Explorer.

important document, and now I can't find it.

4. If your computer is running several applications at the same time, it's more likely to crash. It's better to close the applications. you're not using.

5. You can access all the applications on your computer from the <u>start menu</u>.

6. You can view two Word documents on the screen at the same time. You just open a new window

7. It's easy to move files into a folder. You can just drag and drop

8. I asked the computer to search for files with "English" in the name, but it didn't find any.

9. This is a shared computer.

Each user has their own password

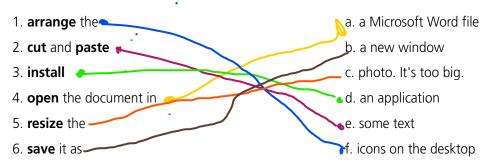
space on your hard drive by uninstalling applications you never use.

your photos as JPEGs instead of TIFFs, you'll use a lot less memory.

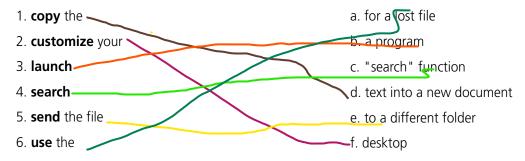
2.2 Using software: useful verbs

Match the words on the left with the words on the right.

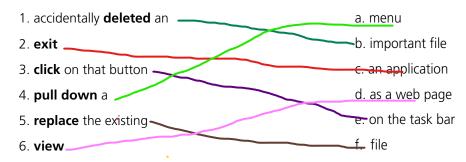
Set 1



Set 2



Set 3



Set 4

1. close down an	a after a session
2. log off	b. all folders
3. look in	c. application
4. put the file	d. hard drive
5. run a	e. on a USB memory key
6. wipe the	<u>f</u> program

2.3 The control panel

Write the words into the spaces.

adding	background	customising
default	digital	displayed
format	image	performance
properties	screen saver	setting up
tasks	wallpaper	wireless

The control panel provides options for 1 <u>customising</u> the appearance of your computer screen, 2 <u>adding</u> or removing programs and 3 <u>setting up</u> network connections.

When you get a new computer, perhaps the first thing you will want to do is set the date and time. You can also choose the 4__format___ for dates and times. For example, November 4th 2007 can be 5__displayed_ as 04-11-2007, 2007-11-04 or in various other formats.

You may wish to change the desktop 6background to a picture, for example a personal photo taken on a 7 digital camera. A picture on the desktop background is also known as 8 wallpaper.

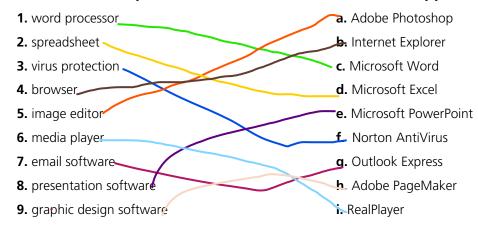
If a computer screen shows the same ⁹ image for a very long time, it can leave a permanent impression. To avoid this, you can choose a ¹⁰ screen saver. This is usually a simple moving pattern which activates if the computer is not used for a set amount of time (for example, five minutes).

You can also use the control panel to set up or change internet and other network connections, including 11 default network connections.

In fact, you can change most aspects of your computer's ¹² properties through the control panel, such as the system ¹³ performance modem settings, scheduled ¹⁴ tasks , although most users prefer to leave on the ¹⁵ wireless settings rather than changing them.

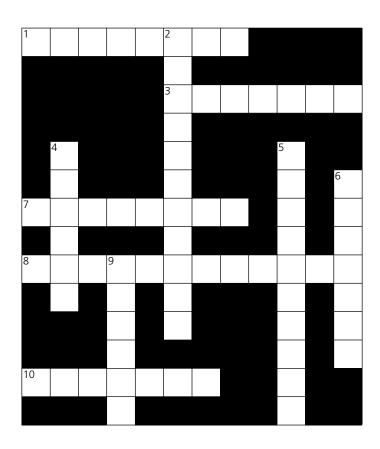
2.4 Applications

A. Match the descriptions on the left with these famous applications.



B. Crossword

- 1. programs which tell the computer what to do (8)
- 2. a piece of software which makes a computer do a task (for example, edit an image) (11)
- 3. any set of instructions for a computer (7)
- 4. software which operates a peripheral, such as a scanner or printer (6)
- 5. application which stores and displays digital photos (5,5)
- 6. you enter a security code to prove that you have a _____ to use the software (7)
- 7. software which prevents unauthorised access to your computer over the internet (8)
- 8. a series of letters and numbers which you have to enter before installing some programs (8,4)
- 9. download new features for an application (6)
- 10. an unauthorised copy of a program (7)



2.5 Some useful adjectives

A. Choose the best words.

1	Software	which	is	easy	to	use	is
٠.	Joilvale	VVIIICII	IJ	Casy	ιO	usc	13

a. user-easy

b. user-friendly

c. usable

2. Software which is obvious to use is...

a. intuitive

b. guessable

c. comprehensible

3. Software which is not obvious to use is...

a. counter-intuitive

b. unintuitive

c. non-intuitive

4. Software for use by children and schools is...

a. learning

b. teaching

c. educational

5. Software for use by businesses is...

a. commercial

b. businesslike

c. busy

6. Software made specially for one company is...

a. one-off

b. unique

c. tailor-made

7. Software for use at home is...

a. for home use

b. for house use...

c. for household use

8. Software which has been illegally copied is...

a. unreal

b. pirated

c. fake

9. Software which has been bought from the company that produced it is...

a. real

b. justified

c. licensed

Types of software

B. Match the type of software with the definition.

1. trial version

a. A **simplified** version which is cheaper to buy.

2. shareware

5. Software which is in the **public domain**. Anybody can use it without paying.

3. freeware

c. The full version with all the features.

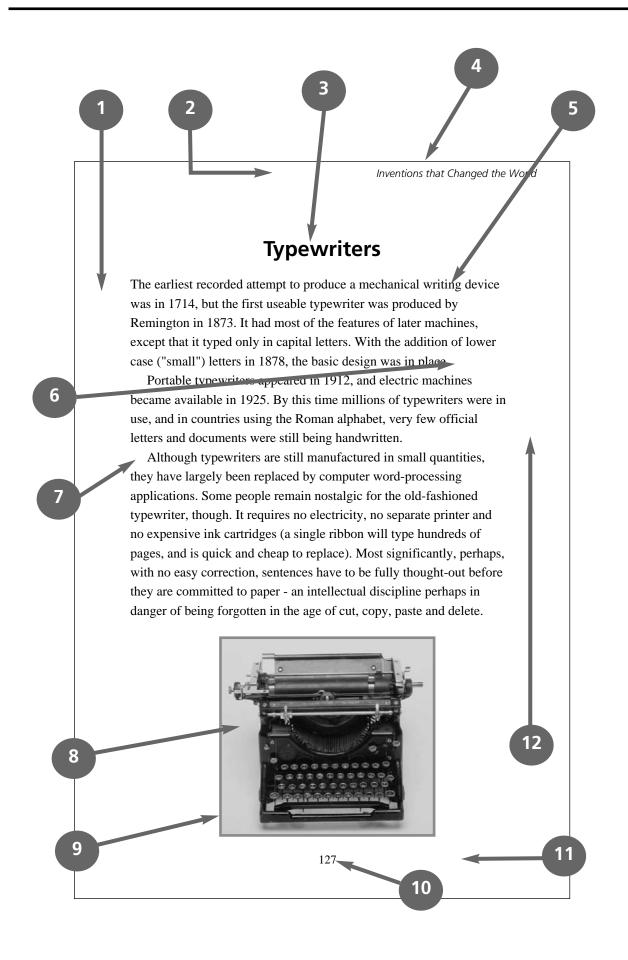
4. home-use version

d. You can try it for a while for free. Then if you want to keep using it, you are expected to pay a small **fee** to the writer.

5. professional version

e. You can use it for free for a while (often a month). When the **trial period** finishes, you have to pay, or the program will **de-activate**.

2.6 Word processing 1



A. Write the numbers next to the words.

2 top margin 11 bottom margin 1 left-hand margin 12 right-hand margin 3 heading (or title) body text paragraph break 6 indent 8 illustration 9 border (or frame) page number 10 page border (or edge of the page)

B. Match the words with the types of lettering bold **bold** italic italic lower case (or small letters) outline shadow plain text strikethrough underline upper case (or capital letters) upper case ABCDEFG lower case abcdefg 2. plaint text Typewriters 3. bold **Typewriters** 5. italic **Typewriters**

- 6. bold italic Typewriters
- 7. underline Typewriters
- strikethough

 8. ______Typewriters
- 9. ___shadow Typewriters
- 10. Outline Typewriters

C. Choose the best words.

1. The text about typewriters is di	vided into three	
a. sections	b. paragraphs	c. chunks
2. Times, Arial and Courier are typ	oes of	
a. lettering	b. character	c. font
3. The text about typewriters is		
a. single spaced	b. double spaced	c. one-and-half spaced
4. "Inventions that Changed the \	Norld" is the	
a. header	b. footer	c. footnote
5. Do you think the margins are to	oo?	
a. big / small	b. wide / narrow	c. long / short
6. Do you like the page	_?	
a. layout	b. organisation	c. pattern

2.7 Word processing 2

Sunnydays Coach Tours

Winter / Spring Tours

Dec 1st: Paris

Five nights in a four star hotel just 200 metres from the Eiffel Towers. All meals included. Depart London 10 am.

Dec 7th: Amsterdam

Three nights in simple guest house overlooking a canal in the heart of Amsterdam. Breakfast and a canal tour included in the price. Depart 8.00 am Bristol, 10.15 am London.

Dec 11th / Dec 16th: Christmas Markets in Vienna

Discover the magic of Austria's Christmas markets. Five nights half-board. Optional extra trip to Innsbruck. Depart Cardiff 8 am Dec 11th, and London 9 am Dec 16th.

Dec 29th: New Year in Verona

Three nights half board in one of northern Italy's most beautiful cities. On the evening of Dec 31st enjoy a five course gourmet meal in one of Verona's finest restaurants, followed by the traditional firework display in Piazza Bra.

January 13th to March 10th: Skiing in the French Alps

Avoid the airport crowds – go by coach! Departures Saturdays 9am London. Drop-off points throughout SW France. Wide range of accommodation packages available.

March 20th / March 27th: Berlin

Five nights full board in a two star hotel conveniently located a short metro ride from the city centre. Price includes a three-day travel pass. Depart 8.00 am Bristol, 10.15 am London



April 4th: Easter in San Sebastian

Enjoy the traditional Easter celebrations in one of northern Spain's most elegant and

atmospheric cities. 6 nights half board in a three star seafront hotel.

Depart London 8.30 am.

April 11th / April 17th : The Tulip Fields of Holland

Experience the beauty of rural Holland in spring, based in a comfortable guesthouse in the historic city of Delft. Five nights half board. Depart Cardiff 8 am April 11th, and London 9 am April 17th.

April 24th: Barcelona

Five nights in a centrally-located one-star hotel on a bedand-breakfast basis. Price includes a three-day city transport card. Optional extra excursion to the Salvador Dali museum in Figueres. Depart London 8 am

A. Choose the best words.

1. "Winter / Spring Tours" is the _	·	
a. under-heading	b. sub-heading	c. below-heading
2. The body text is divided into two)	
a. columns	b. pillars	c. strips
3. The body text is	b. centred	a justified
a. left-aligned	D. centred	c. justified
4. The illustration isn't original artw		
a. screen art	b. free art	c. clipart
5. The clipart has been given		
a. an under shadow	b. a drop shadow	c. a sub-shadow
6. This poster has been given a 10°	% grey background	
a. wash	b. fill	c. colour
7. The design of this poster is		
a. a bit amateurish	b. highly professional	c. state-of-the-art

Punctuation and symbols

B. Match the words with the punctuation marks and symbols.

1. full stop 2. comma 3. exclamation mark 4. question mark 5. single quotes 6. double quotes 7. dollar sign 8. percentage sign 9. ampersand 10. asterisk 11. hash 12. brackets 13. left bracket 14. square brackets 15. underscore 16. hyphen 17. plus sign 18. equals sign 19. colon 20. semicolon 21. "at" sign 22. forward slash 23. backward slash 24. arrow

! b. (a) C. d. & e. f. 'Hello' g. h. i. "Hello" j. k. ? m. n. Ο. () q. [] % (# u. W.

C. Look at this table, and answer true or false.

Departure times

Bristol	London	Dover
8.15	10.30	12.45
14.00	16.15	18.30
17.45	19.00	21.15

- 1. All the cells are the same size.
- 2. There are four columns and three rows.
- 3. The text in the top bar is reversed-out.
- 4. The middle column has a lighter flood fill.
- 5. The text is centred within its cells.
- 6. The table gridlines are grey.

2.8 Word processing 3

A. Match the word processing tool with the task.

1. word count **a.** produces form letters and address labels

2. spell checker **b.** counts the number of words, lines and paragraphs

3. auto format **c.** finds all instances of a word or phrases in a document

4. template **d.** checks the text for spelling errors

5. find **e.** automatically changes the styles of headings, lists etc.

f. shows how a document has been altered

7. print preview g. records a sequence of commands, and applies them when required

8. track changes **h.** a pre-formatted blank document – just type your text into the fields

9. mail merge **i.** shows how the document will look in print

10. macro **j.** replaces words or phrases in a document with new text

B. Match the words with the examples.

- 1. Times 10 point
- 2. Times 24 point
- 3. bullet points
- 4. superscript
- **5.** subscript
- 6. justified text
- 7. highlighted text
- 8. text wrap

a. Jane stared at the screen

b. Jane stared at the screen. The document had disappeared! She



hadn't made a back-up copy. Hours of work wasted!

- c. Possible courses of action:
 - Re-type the entire document.
 - Get a computer engineer to find if the text could be retrieved.
 - Resign, and get another job.
 - d. Jane stared at the screen.
 - e. Jane stared at the screen.
 - f. Jan. 24th

g. A₂

h. Jane stared at the screen. The document had disappeared! She hadn't made a back-up copy. Hours of work wasted!

2. This text has been rotated 45 degrees anti-clockwise. 3. This is an AutoShape with a 2pt black border and a 30% grey fill. 4. These are types of callout. Jane stared at the screen. The document had disappeared! She hadn't made a back-up copy. Hours of work wasted!

D. Choose the best words.

1. Maki	ng changes to a text is called a. altering	b. renewing	c. editing
2. To ch	nange normal text to italic, first yo a. choose	u must the text you wa b. take	nt to format. c. select
3. A ver	y pale image behind the text is ca a. an ink mark	lled b. a watermark	c. a grey mark
4. To di	vide the text into two pages, inser a. page break	t a b. page stop	c. page change
5. The r	numbers at the bottom of the pag a. page numbers	e are b. sheet numbers	c. paper numbers
6. An ex	ktra note at the bottom of the pag a. bottom note	ge (usually in a smaller font size) is b. foot	called a c. footnote
7. In wo	ord processing, to put things into a a . sort	alphabetical order is to b. organise	c. order
8. A list	of contacts, addresses etc. is calle a. an archive	ed b. a list	c. a database
9. Prod		iter and sending it direct to a print b. desktop publishing	
10. Cut	or copied text is temporarily store a. clipboard	ed in the b. clip	c. clipart

2.9 Image editing

A. Match the word with the definition.

crop
 turn an image
 sharpen
 reverse an image

c. improve the appearance of an

image

4. zoom in **d.** remove part of an image

5. zoom out **e.** copy part of an image to

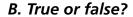
6. flip another point in that image

7. rotate f. view part of the image in more detail

g. view more of the image in less detail

h. convert a vector image to a bitmap image (see B5 below)

9. clonei. make the image less blurred10. rasterizej. make the image more blurred



1. Greyscale images take up more disk space than **colour** images.

2. It's often preferable to scan **line drawings** as **black and white images** rather than greyscale images. This takes up less disk space, and produces sharper lines. This type of image is also known as **lineart**.

3. On most computers, you can view photos as a **slideshow** – each photo is shown for a few seconds.

4. You can also view photos as **fingernails** – small versions of the photos, with lots shown on the screen at the same time.

5. A **vector image** (for example, a **clipart** image) can be expanded to any size without loss of **resolution**. A **bitmap image** (for example, a photo) is made of **pixels**, so it loses resolution when it is expanded.



greyscale



black and white



high contrast



high brightness

2.10 Graphic design

Choose the best words from each pair in **bold**.

1. It's usually possible to ¹ **import** / **introduce** Adobe PageMaker files into Adobe InDesign. The majority of graphic design applications can ² **export** / **send off** documents as PDF files, or as HTML web pages.



2. This box has a black ³ **frame / outside**, also known as a "stroke". Inside the frame, the fill is a ⁴ **fade / gradient** from dark grey to light grey.

The difference between the two versions of "wave", is that ⁵ **curling** / **kerning** has been applied to the top version.

- 3. A frame, graphic or block of text is known as ⁶ an object / a thing. These are arranged in ⁷ levels / layers the top layer ⁸ overlaps / overruns the layer below.
- 4. This image is ⁹ **blurred / soft** at the edges (see unit 1.6 for the original). This ¹⁰ **result / effect** is also known as ¹¹ **feathering / birding**.
- 5. ¹² **Full bleed** / **total bleed** means that the page is printed right up to the edges there are no white margins. The ¹³ **snail** / **slug** area is the area outside the area to be printed where instructions for the printer are written.
- 6. This image has been ¹⁴ **pulled** / **stretched** (see unit 2.8 for the original).



- 7. Before a document goes ¹⁵ to press / for printing, it's essential to check the ¹⁶ examples / proofs for errors.
- 8. Like desktop printers, most colour printing ¹⁷ **machines / presses** print in four colours: cyan (light blue), magenta (dark pink), yellow and black. Before printing, a document must be divided into the four colours. this process is called colour ¹⁸ **separation / division**. These separations are then turned into ¹⁹ **plates / stamps** one for each of the inks that will be used.
- 9. Prior to colour separation, coloured images, graphics and text have to be ²⁰ **transformed / converted** from RGB (Red Green Blue), the colour format of computer displays, to CMYK (Cyan Magenta Yellow Black) the colour format of printing presses.
- 10. The process of preparing documents from a graphic designer for the printing press is called ²¹ **reprographics** / **reproduction**.

2.11 Spreadsheets

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							

A. Choose the best word.

1. A basic spreadsheet is a	_ of spaces for data.	
a. grid	b. cage	c. ladder
2. A spreadsheet consists of columns	and	
a. lengths	b. lines	c. rows
3. A spreadsheet grid is called a work	sheet. A file containing one or	more worksheets is called a
a. workout	b. work	c. workbook
4. In the worksheet above, the	cell is in column B, row	3.
a. important	b. active	c. focus
5. Use the mouse pointer to select a s	single cell or of cells	i.
a. bunch	b. group	c. block
6. It's easy to adjust the column	·	
a. size	b. width	c. space
7. Spreadsheets can perform mathem	atical .	
a. calculations	b. deductions	c. jobs
8. To get a worksheet to perform a m	nathematical calculation, vou h	ave to enter a
a format	b. form	c. formula
9. A number in a spreadsheet cell is o	ften called a	
a. digit	b. numeral	c. value
10. To remove the contents of a cell i	s to that cell	
a. clean	b. wash	c. clear
11. To remove a complete row is to _	that row	
a. wipe	b. delete	c. erase
12. Changing the fonts, colours etc. o	of a spreadsheet is called	
a. formatting	b. forming	c. reforming

B. Add the arithmetic operator symbols to the table below.

* / ^ - +

symbol	verb	noun	everyday speech
	add	addition	"five plus three equals eight"
	subtract	subtraction	"five minus three equals two"
	multiply	multiplication	"five multiplied by three equals fifteen" "five times three equals fifteen"
	divide	division	"fifteen divided by three equals five"
	raise to the power of		"ten to the power of five is 100,000"

C. Answer true or false.

 $0.75 \rightarrow 7.5$

1. The decimal point has been shifted one place to the right.

TRUE / FALSE

188

102

65 12

2. The four numbers above have been sorted in ascending order.

TRUE / FALSE

0.005

0.05

5,000

5,055.5

3. The four numbers above have been sorted in descending order.

TRUE / FALSE

apples

bananas

pears

pineapples

4. The four words above have been sorted in alphabetical order.

TRUE / FALSE

D. Choose the best words from each pair in grey type.

Three useful features in Microsoft Excel:

- Cells can contain ¹ **text / language**, numerical ² **values / details** and formulas. It's also possible to add pop-up comment ³ **boxes / squares** containing additional information (choose **Comment** from the **Insert** menu).
- The **Fill** and **Autofill** commands can be used for making multiple copies of the contents of a cell. Autofill can also be used to automatically create a ⁴ **list / series** of months, numbers etc.
- You can improve the ⁵ looks / appearance of a spreadsheet very quickly by using the AutoFormat feature.

2.12 Presentation software

1. In Microsoft PowerPoint, when creating	g a new presentation, you can cho	oose between a blank
presentation, a design template and the	AutoContent	
a. witch	b . wizard	c. bogeyman
2. PowerPoint can be used to create pres	entation	
a. slideshows	b. picture shows	c. exhibitions
3. You can choose a to move	from one slide to another.	
a. changing effect	b. moving effect	c. transition effect
4. You can include moving pictures in you	ur presentation. These are called _	
a. films	b . movies	c. animations
5. You can choose a for you	presentation.	
a. colour pattern	b. colour arrangement	c. colour scheme
6. You can give your presentation over the	ne internet as an	
a. online broadcast	b. online show	c. online spectacle
7. It's usually clearer to present statistics	in the form of a table or	·
a. chart	b. figure	c. track
8. If you wish, the software will help you	of your presentation.	
a. practice the times	b. rehearse the timing	c. try out the times
9. You can choose to record the	on your computer	
a. narration	b. speaking	c. voice
10rather than giving it		
a. in real life	b. for real	c. live



2.13 Problems with software

Choose the correct preposition. Then match the problem with the solution.

- 1. The operating system **in / on** my computer doesn't support the latest version **of / from** this application.
 - 2. These files are too big.
 - 3. My computer says it hasn't got enough memory **for** / **to** run this program.
 - 4. I can't understand this program. It's too complicated.
 - 5. I think there's a bug **in** / **inside** this software.
- 6. There doesn't seem to be an icon for the program **in / on** the desktop.
- 7. I can't use this program. It's all in / with French!
 - 8. I can't get the driver for my new printer **to** / **at** work.
- 9. I haven't got a media player **in**/ **on** my computer.

- a. You can download one for free **to** / **from** the internet.
- b. Perhaps you could get an older version or buy a new computer!
- c. What about uninstalling the driver for your old printer?
- d. Have you checked to see if there are any updates available **in / on** the internet?
- e. Why don't you close **off / down** all those other applications you've got open?
- f. You can get a manual. I've seen one in the local bookshop.
 - g. How about compressing them **with** / **by** WinZip?
- h. Go **to / on** the "start" menu, and click **at / on** "All Programs".
 - i. Change the language setting.
- 1. ___ | 2. ___ | 3. ___ | 4. ___ | 5. ___ | 6. ___ | 7. ___ | 8. ___ | 9. ___

2.14 Which program?

Match the operations with the application types.

	word processor	spreadsheet	image editor	media player
1. select text	х	х		
2. save as JPEG				
3. insert table				
4. play				
5. touch up				
6. import photo				
7. exit				
8. copy from CD				
9. check internet for updates				
10. copy a block of cells				
11. insert text box				
12. page set-up				
13. optimise for internet				
14. uninstall				
15. add border				
16. insert bullet points				
17. convert to MP3				
18. paste into new document				
19. check spelling				
20. change text direction				
21. flip, crop and rotate				
22. sort				
23. alter formula values				
24. create playlist				
25. print				
26. clear all cells				
27. maximise window				
28. insert column break				
29. convert to greyscale				
30. open				

2.15 Revision Quiz

- 1. Can you name three operating systems?
- 2. Where do deleted documents go?
- 3. What's another word for the desktop background? (It begins with W.)
- 4. Where do you go to customise the appearance and other settings of your computer?
- 5. What type of application can be used to touch up photos?
- 6. What type of application can be used to store and play music?
- 7. What do you call software that can be used by anybody without a licence?
- 8. How would you describe this text?

REVISION QUIZ

- 9. Which will fit more text onto a page, Arial 9 point double spaced, or Arial 36 point single spaced?
- 10. What do you call a pre-formatted blank document?
- 11. Where is a section of cut or copied text (or image) temporarily stored?
- 12. How is a flipped image different to the original?
- 13. What's the opposite of sharpening an image?
- 14. What do you call very small versions of images?
- 15. What word means to put in alphabetical or numerical order?
- 16. What do you call one box in a table or spreadsheet?
- 17. What word beginning with S means a series of displays in a presentation?
- 18. What do you call a small technical problem in a piece of software?
- 19. What does WinZip do? (Clue: is the file too big?)
- 20. What kind of software operates printers, scanners etc?
- 21. Tables and spreadsheet grids are made up of _____ (vertical) and _____ (horizontal).
- 22 to 30. Can you name these symbols?
- 22. \$ 23. **&** 24. * 25. # 26. () 27. / 28. \ 29. **?** 30. **+**

2.16 Your software

Can you answer these questions in English?

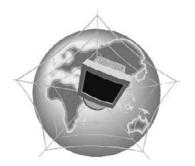
1. Which application do you use most often? Why?		
2. How does it help you in your work?		
3. Which features do you find most useful?		
4. Does it have any limitations which annoy you? What are they?		
5. Is there an application you'd like to learn to use? What would you use it for?		



Section 3: The Internet

3.1 The internet: the basics

A. Choose the best word from each pair in grey type.



What's the difference between the Web and the internet?

Some people think that the internet and the Web are the same thing, but in fact they are different. The internet (often called simply "the net") is a global ¹ **network / net** of interconnected computers. These computers communicate with each other ² **over / through** existing telecommunications networks – principally, the telephone system. The Word Wide Web (usually known as just "the Web") is the billions of web pages that are stored on large computers called web ³ **servers / services**.

To 4 see / access the web, you need a computer and a modem. You then connect over your telephone line to an internet service 5 port / provider (ISP), which sends your request to view a particular web page to the correct web server.

Websites are not the only service available on the internet. It is also used for many other functions, including sending and receiving email, and connecting to newsgroups and ⁶ discussion / talking groups.

You could say that the internet is a system of roads, and web pages and emails are types of traffic that travel on those roads.

B. Put these operations in the order that you do them (variations are possible).

	close down your browser
Γ	connect to your ISP
	disconnect from the internet
	enter a web address (also known as a URL*) into the address field
	launch your browser (for example, Internet Explorer, Netscape Navigator or Mozilla Firefox)
	perhaps wait for a few seconds while the web-page downloads
	view the page

Web addresses

Web address / URL: http://www.acblack.co.uk domain name www.acblack.co.uk host: acblack protocol: http://

type of site: .co.uk
country code: .uk

^{*} URL stands for Uniform Resource Locator, but the full term is almost never used

. Choose the best words.		
1. ADSL* is more commonly known	as b. broadband	c. wideband
a. longband	D. Droadband	c. wideballd
2. Broadband internet connection is	much faster than	
a. dial-in	b. dial-through	c. dial-up
3. Before you can connect to the integral an ISP.	ernet for the first time, you have to .	an account with
a. set	b. set up	c. set in
4. Each time you want to connect to	your ISP's system, you have to ente	r a log-in name and a
a. security word	b. safe word	c. password
5. You can set your computer to each time.	your log-in details, so you o	don't have to type them in
a. store	b. remember	c. recall
6. With a broadband connection, yo	uusually have to nay a	
a. fixed monthly price		c. fixed monthly cost
7. With dial-up, you can usually choo	ose a tariff.	
a. pay-as-you-go	b. pay-what-you-want	c. pay-if-you-like
8. Some broadband contracts limit the a. pages	ne amount of you can ha	ave each month.
9. Looking at web pages can be calle a. "surfing the net"	ed "navigating the Web" but is more b. "skiing the net"	-
10. You can often find the answer to	o a question by on the inte	ernet.
a. looking at it	b. looking for it	c. looking it up
11. When your computer is not conr	nected to the internet, it is	
a. out of line	b. offline	c. off the line
12. Internet banking is also called		
a. online banking	b. on the line banking	c. inline banking
13. An unexpected disconnection fro	om the internet is called a	·
a. lost connection	b. missed connection	c. dropped connection
14. A file which is copied from the ir	nternet onto your computer is called	
a. an upload	b. a download	c. a load
15. Downloading files from the inter	net can your computer wi	th a virus.
a. infect	b. contaminate	c. dirty
*ADSL stands for asymmetric digital sub:	scriber line, but the full term is almost n	ever used.

3.2 Internet browsers

A. Match the browser toolbar button with the function.

1. Back **a.** Shows a list of the websites you have visited recently.

2. Forward **b.** Opens the media bar, accessing internet radio, music, video etc.

3. Stop **c.** Displays the page you were on before.

4. Refresh¹ / Reload² **d.** Shows the latest version of the page.

5. Home **e.** Opens the search panel.

6. Search **f.** Displays the page you were on before using the Back button.

7. Favourites¹ / Bookmarks² **g.** Displays the page you have set as your home page.

8. Media **h.** Prints the current page.

9. History **i.** Stops a page from downloading.

10. Mail **j.** Displays the web addresses you have chosen as your favourites.

11. Print **k.** Shows email options.

Quiz

Do you know the answers to these technical questions about browsers? Answer true or false for each one.

- 1. All browsers (Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox etc) have exactly the same functions.
- 2. Cookies are data sent by an internet server to a browser. They identify the user, and track the user's access to the server.
- 3. You can get your browser to delete the cookies it has stored. (In Internet Explorer go to **Tools**, then to **Internet Options**, then to **Delete Cookies**.)
- 4. Pages you have viewed are stored in the Temporary Internet Files folder. These cannot be deleted.
- 5. You can tell your browser how long to store web addresses in the History.
- 6. You can set your browser to block pop-up windows.
- 7. All pop-ups are advertisements.
- 8. You can add extra toolbars to your browser window, for example a toolbar from Google.

¹ Microsoft Internet Explorer; ² Netscape Navigator / Mozilla Firefox

3.3 Search engines

What's the difference between a web directory and a search engine?

Web directories (for example, Excite, Lycos) list categories and sub-categories with links to websites. Search engines (for example, Google, Altavista) search the Web for web pages according to the instructions that you give them.

A. Using a search engine

Put the words into the	spaces.		
click on	criteria	database	hyperlinks
keywords	matches	media	refine
returns	sponsored	view	
Stage 1: Enter one or mo	ore		
Stage 2: The search engi	ne looks for	in all the web pages	on their
Stage 3: The search engine pages.	ne the ma	tches (or "hits") with	to the web
Stage 4: The search enging companies who have pain			e are links to the websites of
Stage 5: You	the hyperlink to	the web pag	e.
Stage 6: If necessary, you such as language, countr			ced search
B. Logical operators			
You can refine your instructions with the n	•	ogical operators. N	Match the search engi
1. "English vocabulary"	a. Pages v	where both words appea	ar.
2. English + vocabulary	b. Pages o	containing the phrase <i>Er</i>	nglish vocabulary.
3. English NEAR vocabu	ılary c. Pages c	ontaining one of the wo	ords, but not both.
4. English OR vocabular	y d. Pages v	where the two words ap	ppear close together.
5. English NOT vocabul	arv · ·	es that contain <i>English e</i> ocabulary.	except the ones which also

3.4 Things on the net

A. Match the activities with the internet features.

1. Keep a public diary of your journey through South America **a.** webmail

2. Lose lots of money **b.** online music store

3. Find out about the First World War c. instant messaging

4. Download songs **d.** online radio

5. Listen to music in real time **e.** portal

6. Check your email from any computer **f.** blog

7. Find links to other websites g. online encyclopedia

8. Exchange messages in real time with friends or colleagues **h.** currency converter

9. Check the latest exchange rates i. e-zine

10. Read new articles about a subject that interests you **j.** online casino

B. Can you match these activities with the internet features? (It's not easy – the terms are sometimes confused with each other.)

1. Exchange messages in real time about anything you like with strangers.

strangers.

2. Post messages about your favourite pop group, and maybe reply to other fans' messages.

3. Exchange information and messages about saving a local wood from development with anybody who wants to join in.

4. Exchange information and views about the economy of Australia with other Australian economists.

5. Post / download photos, video clips and messages among a group of friends.

a. newsgroup

b. forum

c. discussion group

d. bulletin board / noticeboard

e. chatroom

3.5 Internet terms

Choose the best words to complete the sentences.

1. "The	e website gets a thousand hits	a week" means the website has a tho	ousand a week.
	a. sales	b. visits	c. search engine matches
2. The	words, images and other mate	rial that make up a website are called	d
	a. the contents	b. the content	c. the filling
3. Desi	gns and drawings in websites a	are usually called	
	a. web pictures	b. web graphics	c. web illustrations
4. Mov	ving pictures in websites are us	ually called	
	a. cartoons	b. movies	c. animations
5. Web	osites with sounds and/or video	clips and/or animations have	content.
	a. multimedia	b. many-media	c. mixed-media
6. A sp	pace in a website where you en	ter information (address, password e	tc.) is called a
	a. box	b. strip	c. field
7. A hy	perlink (see 3.3) is often called	l just	
	a. a link	b. a hyper	c. an HL
8. In re	eal time (see 3.4) means	·	
	a. during working hours	b. instantly	c. in British Standard Time
	ace with computers for public they don't serve coffee.	internet use is usually called an intern	et café or
	a. web café	b. computer café	c. cyber café
10. Inte	ernet cafés offer internet	·	
	a. connection	b. availability	c. access
11. A p	orogram that adds functions to	a browser (eg Shockwave) is called a	l
	a. plug	b. plugged-in	c. plug-in
12. Ter	mporary internet files are store	d in the	
	a. cash	b. cache	c. cashe
13. Co	lours which all browsers can di	splay without problems are called	colours.
	a. browser safe	b. browser acceptable	c. browser easy

3.6 E-commerce

Shopping on the net

account

A. Fill the gaps, then put these stages in order (number them 1 to 8).

add

	confirm	delivery	details	invoice
		shopping basket	sign in	
	You usually ha	ve to allow at least two wo	orking days for 1	·
	Choose an iter	n, and ² it	to your ³	
	Click ⁴ "	". Now it's too l	ate to change your m	nind!
	When you hav	e finished shopping, click	proceed to 5	
	Usually, you w	ill receive an ⁶	by email.	
	Enter your nan	ne, address and card ⁷	·	
1	-	start shopping, you usual nave an ⁹ ,	•	-
	10	_ the website, and decide	what you want to bu	ıy.

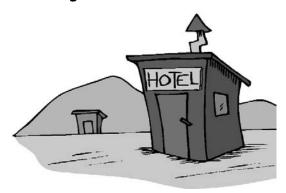
browse

checkout

B. Put the words into the spaces.

	bid	down	encrypted	online	
	outbid	padlock	secure server	system	
1.	•		er or other personal info		ā
2.	•	a	an auction site like eBay on something, but		a few
3.	The	symbol means	s that a web-page is secu	re.	1
4:	_	ght as	because the airlin	e's	

Booking a hotel online



C. Choose the best words.

You can often make a hotel reservation ¹ by /over the internet, but you may have to pay a deposit. The deposit will usually be returned ² to / for you if you cancel your reservation a week or more ³ in / with advance.

You will usually receive notification ⁴ **about / of** the booking ⁵ **by / from** email. When you check ⁶ **in / into** the hotel, your details will probably already be ⁷ **on / inside** the hotel system. When you check ⁸ **out / out of**, you will usually be given a receipt.

Filling in an e-form

D. Write the information into the fields.

27/03/1965	Name			
	Title	Forename(s)		Surname
213 Wood Street	Billing addre	ess		
4044 5055 6066 7077	Line 1			
Anna Mari	Line 2			
Anne Mary	Line 3			
amj999@hotmail.com	Town / C	ity		
Apartment 17	State ¹ / F	Province / County ²		
·	Zip Code	e ¹ / Postcode ²		
Bellevue Apartments	Country			
Chicago	Date of birth	dd/mm/yyyy		
Illinois	Delivery add	Iress		
Jones	If differe	ent to billing address	click here	
Ms	Card type			
USA	Card numbe			
Visa Debit	Daytime tele (inc. country	ephone number + y code)		
IL 60611	email addres	SS		
1 888 999 0000	confirm ema			

E. How is a credit card different to a debit card? Do you have one or both or neither?

¹ USA ² United Kingdom

3. 7 internet security

A. Choose the best words to go into each of the spaces.

	b. hack	c. hacker
. A website which (in theory) ca	nnot be accessed by a hacker is _	·
a. strong	b. secure	c. clean
. A website which can only be v	iewed by authorised people has _	access.
a. reduced	b. small	c. restricted
. Unwanted advertising emails a	re popularly known as	<u>_</u> .
a. meatloaf	b. spam	c. sausages
. Software which blocks attemp	ts by others to access your comp	uter over the internet is called a
a. firewall	b. fire blanket	c. fire engine
. It's essential to you	ur anti-virus protection regularly.	
a. up-to-date	b. date	c. update
. Anti-virus software can	your computer for viruses.	
a. detect	b. review	c. scan
. Anti-virus software can also	viruses on removable	e media, such as floppy disks.
a. detect	b. control	c. see
. When your anti-virus software	subscription	
a. ends	b. stops	c. expires
0 it's a good idea to	it immediately.	
a. renew	b. renovate	c. replace

From:	anna@goodmail.com								
То:	bernard@ciaociao.it								
Cc:	carol@freemail.co.uk								
Bcc:	dave@norsemail.no								
Subject:	arriving in Rome								
Hi Bernard									
	I'll be arriving in Rome just after midday tomorrow (Friday). You don't need to pick me up at the airport – I can get a taxi to the city centre.								
See you soon!	See you soon!								
Anna	Anna								

A. Look at the email and answer the questions true or false.

- 1. The recipient is Anna.
- 2. The sender is Anna.
- 3. Bernard knows that Carol knows when Anna will be arriving in Rome.
- 4. Bernard knows that Dave knows when Anna will be arriving in Rome.
- 5. You can say that Anna Cc-ed her email to Carol.
- 6. You can say that Anna Bcc-ed her email to Dave.
- 7. The subject line is empty.
- 8. The style of the email is formal.
- 9. Cc stands for carbon copy and Bcc stands for blind carbon copy, but the full terms are almost never used.
- 10. Carbon copies were a method of making copies of documents typed on typewriters.

Sending an attachment

B. Put the words in the spaces.

attach	browse		field	inboxes			
	open	send	size				
You can send almost ar	ny file as an attachme	nt. 1	through the	folders on your computer			
until you find the file	you want to attach.	Click on "2	". T	he file will appear in the			
attachments ³	Then click	"4	", and wait wl	nile the file uploads. Add			
more files if you wish. V	Vhen you have finishe	ed adding files,	click "5	u.			
Some email 6	will only red	ceive attachme	nts up to a certain ⁷ _	with one			
email, for example 10M	IB. If you need to ser	nd a lot of very	big attachments, it	's sometimes necessary to			
spread them over a num	nber of separate emai	ls.					

3.9 Email comprehension 1

Hi Tony

Thanks for sending through that a/w so quickly. Just one problem – I couldn't open the attachment. I'm not sure why. My inbox is virtually empty, so there's plenty of room, and the attachment limit is 20MB, so there's no problem there. Perhaps there was a glitch somewhere. Anyway, rather than trying to figure out what went wrong, could you just send it again?

Did we discuss file format? I don't know much about TIFFs, JPEGs etc, but I meant to tell you that if you have any queries on this, you could get in touch with Steve, our designer. His email address is steve@stevegreendesign.co.uk.

One other thing. When you resend me the a/w, could you cc it to Angela? I've asked her to have a quick look at it before we put it in the brochure.

I'm looking forward very much to seeing those pics – fingers crossed that they'll come through OK this time. However, if I still can't download them, I'll ask you to put them on a disk and mail them.

All the best

Jenny

A. Are these statements true or false?

- 1. Jenny didn't receive the a/w because her inbox is too small.
- 2. The attached files came to less than 20MB in total.
- 3. Jenny has resolved a technical problem, and the attachment will come through without any problems next time.
- 4. Tony will have to resend the a/w.
- 5. Jenny is a graphic design expert
- 6. Tony is also going to put the files onto a disk and mail them.
- 7. Angela has already seen the a/w.
- 8. The style is too informal business emails should always be more formal than this.

B. Find words or expressions in the email which mean the same as the phrases below.

1. artwork	
2	
2. a small technical problem	
3. type of file	
4. questions about this	
5. send again	
3. seliu agaili	
6. email a copy to	
7. communicate with	
8. with luck	

3.10 Email comprehension 2

Dear Jenny

As requested, I'm attaching the a/w files again.

The technical problems you've been experiencing may be due to your email provider. I have to say, I've never heard of Whoopydudu.com. You might be better off switching to one of the big names, such as Gmail or Yahoo.

Regarding file formats, TIFFs should be OK. If necessary, your designer will be able to reformat them very easily, but in my experience most designers have no problem working with TIFFs.

As the file sizes are quite large, and I understand that Angela only has a dial-up connection, I've sent her low-res versions to look at. I hope that will be OK. They should be clear enough.

I'm just about to go on holiday, so if you need me to send these files on disk, please let me know by Friday afternoon. I probably won't get the opportunity to check my email while I'm away, but if anything arises that won't keep, my assistant Trevor may be able to deal with it.

Best regards

Tonv

A. Are these statements true or false?

- 1. Tony thinks Jenny should change her email provider.
- 2. The designer will need to reformat the files.
- 3. Angela doesn't have broadband.
- 4. Tony is sending resized versions of the a/w files to Angela.
- 5. These versions will look the same as the original versions.
- 6. Tony is going on holiday on Friday morning.
- 7. Trevor may be able to help with any problems that come up while Tony is away.
- 8. The style is neutral neither formal nor informal.

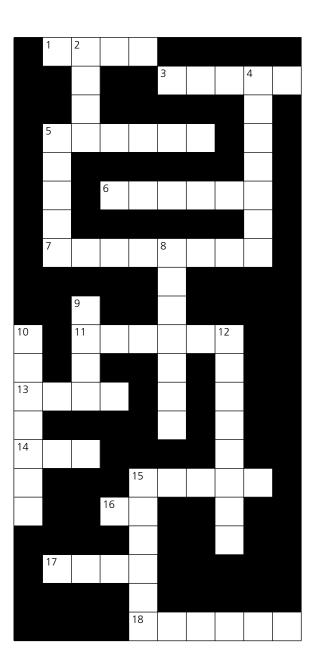
B. Find words or expressions in the email which mean the same as the phrases below.

1. as you asked	
2. famous companies	
3. change the type of file	
4. I think, but I may be wrong	
5. Low image resolution (see 1.6)	
6. on Friday afternoon or before	
7. comes up	
8. that's urgent	

3.11 Useful verbs crossword

Complete the sentences with the missing verbs, and write them into the crossword puzzle. Words in brackets mean the same as the missing verbs.

1	your holiday photos on the
web (display)	
2window	$_{\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$ the attachment in a new
3	pop-ups (stop)
4	to the internet
5 → (turn on)	your wireless connection
5 ↓(type in)	your credit card details
6	your anti-virus protection
7	the photo as a JPEG
8	a technical problem (sort out)
9	on your firewall (enable)
10 (turn off)	your wireless connection
11server	your webpage to a web
12internet	_ some clipart from the
13	an attachment with an email
14	for something on eBay
15 →	pop-ups (permit)



15. ↓	the internet (use)
16 the team (send a	the email to everybody else on copy of)
17	a bid for something on eBay
18	to a different ISP (change)

3.12 Revision wordsearch

There are 33 words connected with internet in this grid. Can you find them all? (Look down and across.)

b	q	q	t	S	у	Z	b	Х	d	0	m	а	i	n	у	k	n	ļ	р
r	٧	i	r	u	S	u	I	i	i	Z	Х	S	е	С	u	r	е	0	h
0	a	r	S	r	р	0	0	C	S	a	t	Χ	е	r	t	у	W	i	у
w	t	е	d	f	h	W	g		С	S	0	С	m	С	j	у	S	u	р
S	d	f	b	g	f	j	g	k	0	S	0	V	a	h	k	t	g	f	е
е	n	С	r	у	р	t	i	0	n	е	I	j	i	а	h	u	r	i	r
r	S	a	0	V	b	٧	g	b	n	h	b	b	I	t	i	r	0	r	I
Z	C	Χ	a	n	h	a	C	k	е	r	a	u	р	r	Ο	I	u	е	i
m	u	р	d	а	t	е	Х	C	С	b	r	n	n	0	m	е	р	W	n
u	f	d	b	S	а	Z	h	i	t	S	n	n	b	0	W	q	q	a	k
I	g	р	a	S	S	W	0	r	d	V	W	е	b	m	a	i	I	I	d
t	h	j	n	е	W	q	f	b	٧	С	С	Х	Z	a	S	h	g	I	f
i	С	I	d	r	u	i	f	n	S	р	У	W	а	r	е	j	k	I	р
m	0	р	0	t	У	q	I	m	I	0	i	0	р	a	d	I	0	C	k
е	0	i	n	b	0	Χ	i	b	n	r	m	W	i	е	W	е	r	u	у
d	k	q	r	W	Х	С	n	V	a	t	t	а	C	h	m	е	n	t	q
i	i	у	t	е	Z	r	е	I	0	a	d	b	i	0	r	p	h	k	
а	е	i	u	а	g	f	d	S	n	I	u	W	е	b	S	i	t	е	j
р	S	0	k	е	У	W	0	r	d	Х	У	C	V	t	f	е	W	g	q
j	l	S	р	а	m	h	h	m	Z	a	S	S	d	l	а	u	n	С	h
		<u>email</u>	!									_	_						
												_	_						
												_	_						
												_	_						
												_	_						
												_	_						
												_	_						
												_							

3.13 Your internet

- 1. Who is your current ISP?
- 2. Have you had any problems with them? If so, what?
- 3. What type of internet connection do you have?
- 4. Is it fast enough for your requirements? If not, how would a faster connection be useful to you?
- 5. From where do you usually access the internet?
- 6. On average, how many hours a week do you spend online?
- 7. Have you ever done these things?
 - a. sent and received emails
 - b. chatted in real time
 - c. booked a flight online
 - d. used your credit or debit card to pay for something over the internet
 - e. had a virus on your computer
 - f. had a problem with identity theft
 - g. downloaded a photo from a bulletin board
 - h. connected to the internet over a wireless connection
 - i. set up a wireless network in your own home or office



1.1 Hardware

From left to right:

laptop computer / desktop computer

mouse / printer / scanner

digital camera / fax machine / mobile phone

PDA / projector

docking station / battery / cable / socket / plug

1.2 Some useful verbs

1 f, 2 e, 3 c, 4 d, 5 g, 6 h, 7 b, 8 a, 9 b, 10 c, 11 a, 12 a, 13 b, 14 c, 15 b, 16 b, 17 a, 18 c

1.3 The workstation

1 tower, 2 power button, 3 floppy disk drive, 4 CD / DVD drive, 5 screen, 6 wire / cable, 7 keyboard, 8 mouse, 9 key, 10 flat panel monitor, 11 CRT (Cathode Ray Tube) monitor, 12, stand, 13 printer, 14 scanner, 15 desk, 16 chair, 17 telephone, 18 a, 19 c, 20 a, 21 b, 22 b, 23 c, 24 c, 25 b, 26 a, 27 c.

1.4 The keyboard

Part 1: (clockwise from top left) function keys / indicator lights / calculator keys / return key / alphabet keys / space bar

Part 2: 1 backspace key, 2 shift key, 3 caps lock key, 4 tab key, 5 control key, 6 alt key, 7 escape key, 8 delete key, 9 enter, 10, key in, 11 data input, 12 standard keyboard / ergonomic keyboard

1.5 The mouse

1 scroll up, 2 scroll down, 3 hold down, 4 repetitive strain injury, 5 touchpad (or mouse pad), 6 joystick, 7 roll, 8 optical, 9 single, 10 double, 11 on, 12 left button, 13 right button, 14 scroll wheel (or mouse wheel), 15 pointer

1.6 Scanning

1 connected, 2 original, 3 at / dpi, 4 preview, 5 adjust / brightness / contrast, 6 click, 7 text / OCR software, 8 file format, 9 image editing software, 10 all-in-one, 11 handheld, 12 flatbed, 13 high, 14 low

1.7 Some useful adjectives

1 b, 2 b, 3 c, 4 a, 5 c, 6 a, 7 c, 8 c, 9 a, 10 c, 11 b, 12 a, 13 a, 14 c, 15 c, 16 b

1.8 Printing

A: 1 cartridge, 2 replacement, 3 cover, 4 via, 5 out of / reload, 6 jammed, 7 feed, 8 out, 9 mono, 10 printheads (or print nozzles), 11 double-sided (or two-sided), 12 collate, 13 portrait, 14 landscape

B: 2 laser, 3 laser, 4 laser, 5 inkjet, 6 laser, 7 laser, 8 inkjet

C: 1 T, 2 F (the colours are cyan, magenta, yellow and black), 3 T, 4 F (they're much slower than that), 5 F, 6 T, 7 F, 8 T, 9 T, 10 F

1.9 Mobile phones

Part 1: (from the top) earpiece / screen / keypad / star key / hash key / microphone

Part 2: 1 networks, 2 operators, 3 tariffs, 4 pay-as-you-go, 5 top up, 6 users, 7 contract, 8 SIM card, 9 installed, 10 roaming.

Part 3: 1 b, 2 a, 3 a, 4 b, 5 c, 6 b, 7 a, 8 a, 9 c, 10 c, 11 b, 12 c, 13 d, 14 d, 15 b

1.10 Other devices

1 h, 2 a, 3 g, 4 b, 5 d, 6 c, 7 e, 8 f, 9 b, 10 a, 11 b, 12 b, 13 c, 14 c, 15 b

1.11 Inside a computer

A: 1 processor, 2 chips, 3 dual core, 4 speed, 5 megahertz, 6 megabytes, 7 motherboard, 8 upgraded

B: 1 mains electricity, 2 transformer, 3 surge protector / spikes, 4 disconnect / supply / shock, 5 fan / overheating

1.12 Data storage

Part 1: 1 hard drive, 2 free space, 3 capacity, 4 burn, 5 eject, 6 drawer, 7 card / stick

Part 2: 2 e, 3 c, 4 d, 5 a, 6 g, 7 f

1.13 Connectivity

Part 1: 1 b, 2 a, 3 c, 4 b, 5 c, 6 a, 7 c, 8 b, 9 a

Part 2: 1 wireless, 2 devices, 3 enabled, 4 signals, 5 data, 6 developed, 7 telecommunications

1.14 Networks

LAN: 1 Local, 2 server, 3 terminals, 4 log onto, 5 intranet, 6 satellite, 7 WAN, 8 network card

Network topologies: 1 star, 2 hierarchical, 3 ring, 4 line or bus

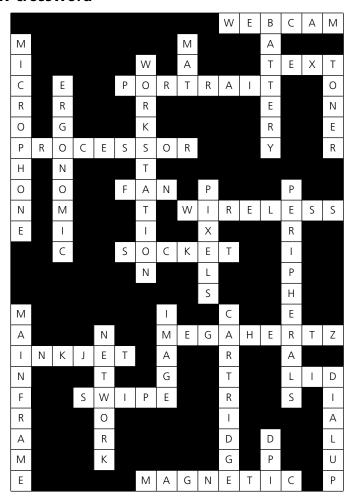
1.15 Electronic payments

A: cash / outlets / central / goods / touch / receipts / funds / debit

B: 1 f, 2 c, 3 b, 4 h, 5 a, 6 d, 7 e, 8 g

C: 1 b, 2 a, 3 e, 4 d, 5 c

1.16 Review crossword



2.1 Software: the basics

A: 1 b, 2 a, 3 a, 4 c, 5 c, 6 a, 7 b, 8 a, 9 c, 10 b, 11 b, 12 a, 13 b, 14 c

B: 1 installed, 2 launch, 3 renamed, 4 running / close, 5 start menu, 6 window, 7 drag and drop, 8 search / find, 9 user / password, 10 free up / uninstalling, 11 save

2.2 Using software: useful verbs

Set 1: 1 f, 2 e, 3 d, 4 b, 5 c, 6 a

Set 2: 1 d, 2 f, 3 b, 4 a, 5e, 6 c

Set 3: 1 b, 2 c, 3 e, 4 a, 5 f, 6 d

Set 4: 1 c, 2 a, 3 b, 4 e, 5 f, 6 d

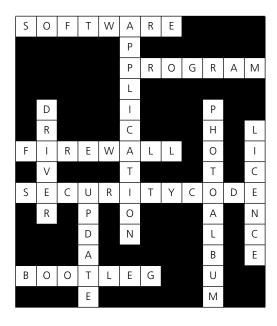
2.3 The control panel

2 adding, 3 setting up, 4 format, 5 displayed, 6 background, 7 digital, 8 wallpaper, 9 image, 10 screen saver, 11 wireless, 12 performance, 13 properties, 14 tasks, 15 default

2.4 Applications

A: 1 c, 2 d, 3 f, 4 b, 5 a, 6 i, 7 g, 8 e, 9 h

B:



NOTES

A security code (no. 8) can also be called a *product registration code* or *product licence code*. A bootleg (no. 10) can also be called a *pirate copy*.

2.5 Some useful adjectives

A: 1 b, 2 a, 3 a, 4 c, 5 a, 6 c, 7 a, 8 b, 9 c

B: 1 e, 2 d, 3 b, 4 a, 5 c

2.6 Word processing 1

,	١	
r	٦	

ν:	2	top margin
	11	bottom margin
	1	left-hand margin
	12	right-hand margin
	3	heading (or title)
	5	body text
	6	paragraph break
	7	indent
	8	illustration
	9	illustration border (or frame)
	10	page number
	4	page border (or edge of the page)

B: 1 upper case (or capital letters), 2 lower case (or small letters), 3 plain text, 4 bold, 5 italic, 6 bold italic, 7 underline, 8 strikethrough, 9 outline, 12 shadow

C: 1 b, 2 c, 3 b, 4 a, 5 b, 6 a

2.7 Word processing 2

A: 1 b, 2 a, 3 a, 4 c, 5 b, 6 b, 7 a

B: 1 e, 2 c, 3 a, 4 m, 5 g, 6 j, 7 p, 8 s, 9 d, 10 i, 11 u, 12 o, 13 t, 14 r, 15 k, 16 l, 17 w, 18 f, 19 v, 20 x, 21 b, 22 n, 23 q, 24 h

C: 1 true, 2 false (three columns and four rows), 3 true (also known as "white on black" or "WoB"), 4 false (it's the other way round), 5 true, 6 false (they're black).

2.8 Word processing 3

A: 1 b, 2 d, 3 e, 4 h, 5 c, 6 j, 7 i, 8 f, 9 a, 10 g

B: 1 e, 2 a, 3 c, 4 f, 5 g, 6 h, 7 d, 8 b

C: 1 false (it's been rotated 90 degrees anti-clockwise), 2 false, 3 true, 4 true

D: 1 c, 2 c, 3 b, 4 a, 5 a, 6 c, 7 a, 8 c, 9 b, 10 a

2.9 Image editing

A: 1 d, 2 i, 3 j, 4 f, 5 g, 6 b, 7 a, 8 c, 9 e, 10 h

B: 1 false, 2 true, 3 true, 4 false (the word is thumbnails), 5 true

2.10 Graphic design

1 import, 2 export, 3 frame, 4 gradient, 5 kerning, 6 object, 7 layers, 8 overlaps, 9 blurred, 10, effect, 11 feathering, 12 full bleed, 13 slug, 14 stretched, 15 to press, 16 proofs, 17 presses, 18 separation, 19 plates, 20 converted, 21 reprographics

2.11 Spreadsheets

A: 1 a, 2 c, 3 c, 4 b, 5 c, 6 b, 7 a, 8 c, 9 c, 10 c, 11 b, 12 a

_	
D	٠

symbol	verb	noun	everyday speech				
+	add	addition	"five plus three equals eight"				
-	subtract	subtraction	"five minus three equals two"				
*	multiply	multiplication	"five multiplied by three equals fifteen" "five times three equals fifteen"				
/	divide	division	"fifteen divided by three equals five"				
٨	raise to the power of		"ten to the power of five is 100,000"				

C: 1 true, 2 false (descending), 3 false (ascending), 4 true

D: 1 text, 2 values, 3 boxes, 4 series, 5 appearance

2.12 Presentation software

1 b, 2 a, 3 c, 4 c, 5 c, 6 a, 7 a, 8 b, 9 a, 10 c

2.13 Problems with software

Prepositions: 1 on / of, 3 to, 5 in, 6 on, 7 in, 8 to, 9 on, a from, d on, e down, g with, h to / on

Matching: 1 b, 2 g, 3 e, 4 f, 5 d, 6 h, 7 i, 8 c, 9 a

2.14 Which program?

(Features generally associated with application types – some versions may have different features.)

	word processor	spreadsheet	image editor	media player
1. select text	x	x		
2. save as JPEG			x	
3. insert table	x			
4. play				x
5. touch up			x	
6. import photo	x		x	
7. exit	x	x	x	x
8. copy from CD				x
9. check internet for updates	x	x	x	x
10. copy block of cells	x	x		
11. insert text box	x			
12. page set-up	x	x		
13. optimise for internet			x	
14. uninstall	x	x	x	x
15. add border	x	x		
16. insert bullet points	x			
17. convert to MP3				x
18. paste into new document	x	x		
19. check spelling	x	x		
20. change text direction	x			
21. flip, crop and rotate			x	
22. sort	x	x		
23. alter formula values		x		
24. create playlist				x
25. print	x	x	x	
26. clear all cells		x		
27. maximise window	x	x	x	x
28. insert column break	x			
29. convert to greyscale			x	
30. open	x	x	x	x

2.15 Revision quiz

1. Windows (95/98/2000/ME/XP), Mac (OS9, OSX etc), Linux, 2. The recycle bin, 3. Wallpaper, 4. The control panel, 5. An image editor, 6. A media player, 7. Freeware, 8. Capital letters in highlighted bold italic underline, 9. Arial 9 point double spaced, 10. A template, 11. The clipboard, 12. It's a mirror image of the original, 13. Softening an image, 14. Thumbnails, 15. To sort, 16. A cell, 17 A slideshow, 18. A bug, 19. It compresses files, 20. Drivers, 21. Columns and rows, 22. Dollar sign, 23. ampersand, 24. asterisk (or multiply sign), 25. hash, 26. brackets, 27. forward slash (or divide sign), 28. backward slash, 29. question mark, 30. plus sign

3.1 The internet: the basics

A: 1 network, 2 over, 3 servers, 4 access, 5 provider, 6 discussion

B:

6/7	close down your browser
1/2	connect to your ISP
6/7	disconnect from the internet
3	enter a web address (also known as a URL)
1/2	launch your browser (for example, Internet Explorer, Netscape Navigator or Mozilla Firefox)
4	perhaps wait for a few seconds while the web-page downloads
5	view the page

C: 1 b, 2 c, 3 b, 4 c, 5 b, 6 b, 7 a, 8 b, 9 a, 10 c, 11 b, 12 a, 13 c, 14 b, 15 a

3.2 Internet browsers

A: 1 c, 2 f, 3 i, 4 d, 5 g, 6 e, 7 j, 8 b, 9 a, 10 k, 11 h

B:

- **1.** False. They are similar, but there are some minor differences.
- **2.** True
- 3. True
- **4.** False they can be deleted (in Internet Explorer, go to **Tools** / **Internet Options** / **Delete Files**)
- **5.** True
- 6. True
- **7.** False. Many are advertisements, but information about program updates etc. is also sometimes displayed as pop-ups.
- 8. True

3.3 Search engines

A: 1 keywords, 2 matches / database, 3 returns / hyperlinks, 4 sponsored, 5 click on / view, 6 refine / criteria / media

B: 1 b, 2 a, 3 d, 4 c, 5 e

3.4 Things on the net

A: 1 f, 2 j, 3 g, 4 b, 5 d, 6 a, 7 e, 8 c, 9 h, 10 i

B: 1 e, 2 c, 3 a, 4 b, 5 d (but note that a, b and c are sometimes confused with each other)

3.5 Internet terms

1 b, 2 b, 3 b, 4 c, 5 a, 6 c, 7 a, 8 b, 9 c, 10 c, 11c, 12 b, 13 a

3.6 E-commerce

A:

6

4

1

8	You usually have to allow at least two working days for 1	<u>delivery</u> .
---	---	-------------------

3 Choose an item, and ² <u>add</u> it to your ³ <u>shopping basket</u>.

Click ⁴ "confirm". Now it's too late to change your mind!

When you have finished shopping, click "proceed to ⁵ checkout".

7 Usually, you will receive an ⁶ invoice by email.

5 Enter your name, address and card ⁷ details.

Before you can start shopping, you usually have to 8 sign in to the site. (If you don't already have an 9 account, you have to create one.)

2 10 Browse the website, and decide what you want to buy.

B: 1 secure server / encrypted, 2 bid / outbid, 3 padlock, 4 online / system / down

C: 1 over, 2 to, 3 in, 4 of, 5 by, 6 into, 7 on, 8 out

D:

Name

Title: Ms

Forename(s): Anne Mary

Surname: Jones Billing address

Line 1: Apartment 17

Line 2: Bellevue Apartments Line 3: 213 Wood Street Town / City: Chicago

State¹ / Province / County²: Illinois Zip Code¹ / Postcode²: IL 60611

Country: USA

Date of birth: 27/03/1965 Card type: Visa debit

Card number: 4044 5055 6066 7077

Daytime telephone number (inc. country code) +1 888 999 0000

email address: amj999@hotmail.com

confirm email address: amj999@hotmail.com

E: When you pay by debit card, the money is taken almost immediately from your bank account. When you pay by credit card, you don't have to pay anything until you receive a bill from the credit card company.

3.7 Internet security

A: 1 c, 2 b, 3 c, 4 b, 5 a, 6 c, 7 c, 8 a, 9 c, 10 a

B: 1 d, 2 a, 3 c, 4 e, 5 b

3.8 Email

A: 1 false (the recipient is Bernard), 2 true, 3 true, 4 false, 5 true, 6 true, 7 false, 8 false, 9 true, 10, true

B: 1 browse, 2 open, 3 field, 4 attach, 5 send, 6 inboxes, 7 size

3.9 Email comprehension 1

A: 1 false, 2 true, 3 false, 4 true, 5 false, 6 false, 7 false, 8 false – some business emails are very informal, other are very formal. It depends on the situation.

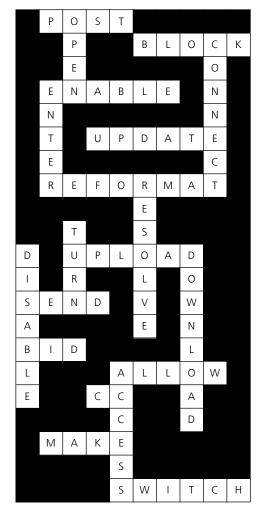
B: 1 a/w, 2 glitch (informal word), 3 file format, 4 queries on this, 5 resend, 6 cc, 7 get in touch with, 8 fingers crossed

3.10 Email comprehension 2

A: 1 true, 2 false, 3 true, 4 true, 5 false, 6 false, 7 true, 8 true. Some of the language is quite informal, but the email begins and ends with Dear... and Best regards, and the tone is not particularly friendly.

B: as requested, 2 big names, 3 reformat, 4 I understand that..., 5 low-res, 6 by Friday afternoon, 7 arises, 8 that won't keep

3.11 Useful verbs crossword



- 1 post
- 2 open
- 3 block
- 4 connect
- 5 across enable, 5 down enter
- 6 update
- 7 reformat
- 8 resolve
- 9 turn (on)
- 10 disable
- 11 upload
- 12 download
- 13 send
- 14 bid
- 15 across allow, 15 down access
- 16 cc (used as a verb)
- 17 make
- 18 switch

3.12 Revision wordsearch

b				S			b		d	0	m	a	i	n			n		
r	V	i	r	u	S		I		i			S	е	С	u	r	е		h
0				r			0		S		t		е				W		у
W				f			g		С		0		m	C			S		р
S			b						Ο		0		a	h			g	f	е
е	n	С	r	у	p	t	i	0	n		I		i	а			r	i	r
r			0						n		b		I	t			0	r	ı
			а		h	а	С	k	е	r	a			r			u	е	i
m	u	р	d	а	t	е			C		r			0			p	W	n
u			b				h	i	t	S				0				а	k
1		р	a	S	S	W	0	r	d		W	е	b	m	а	i		1	
t			n															I	
i	С		d						S	р	у	W	a	r	е				
m	0									0			р	a	d	I	0	C	k
е	0	i	n	b	0	Х				r									
d	k								а	t	t	а	C	h	m	е	n	t	
i	i					r	е	I	0	a	d								
а	е									I		W	е	b	S	i	t	е	
	S		k	е	у	W	0	r	d										
		S	р	а	m										а	u	n	С	h

email	hacker	portal
attachment	hits	reload
blog	hyperlink	secure
broadband	inbox	spam
browser	keyword	spyware
chatroom	launch	surf
cookies	multimedia	toolbar
disconnect	newsgroup	update
domain	offline	virus
encryption	padlock	webmail
firewall	password	website

References refer to the unit number

a/w 3.9, 3.10	hack up capy 3.0	card type 3.6
a/w 3.9, 3.10 access 2.1, 3.1, 3.2, 3.7, 3.11,	back-up copy 2.8 backward slash 2.7, 2.15	card type 3.6 cartridge 1.8, 1.16, 2.6
3.13	balance 1.9	cash card 1.15
account 1.9, 3.1, 3.6	ball 1.5	cash dispenser 1.10
Acrobat 2.1	bank account 1.15	cash machine 1.9, 1.10, 1.15
active 2.11	bar 2.7, 3.2	cash register 1.15
adaptor 1.13	barcode 1.10	casino 3.4
add 2.3, 2.11, 2.14, 3.6, 3.8	barcode reader 1.10, 1.14	cc 3.8, 3.9, 3.11
addition 2.11	battery 1.1, 1.2, 1.7, 1.9, 1.11,	CD 1.12, 2.14
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address label 2.8	bcc 3.8	CD ROM 1.2, 1.8
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Adobe 2.4	bill 1.15	CD-RW 1.12
Adobe Acrobat 2.1	billing address 3.6	cell 2.7, 2.11, 2.14
Adobe InDesign 2.10	bitmap 2.9	cell phone 1.9
Adobe PageMaker 2.4	black 2.10	cellular phone 1.9
Adobe Photoshop 2.4	black and white 1.8, 2.9	centred 2.7
ADSL 1.13, 3.1	blank 2.8, 2.12, 2.15	character 3.7
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airline 3.6	blog 3.4, 3.12	chat 3.13
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alphabet key 1.4 alphabetical 2.11, 2.15	bold 2.6	chip 1.9, 1.11
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alter 2.14	bookmarks 3.2	clipart 2.7, 3.11
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ampersand 2.7, 2.15	bootleg 2.4	clone 2.9
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anti-virus 3.7, 3.11	brightness 1.6, 2.9	CMYK 2.10
appearance 2.15	broadband 1.13, 3.1, 3.10, 3.12	collate 1.8
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area 2.10	browser 2.4, 3.1, 3.2, 3.5, 3.12	colour scheme 2.12
Arial 2.6	browser safe colours 3.5	colour separation 2.10
arrange 2.2	bug 2.13, 2.15	column 2.7, 2.11, 2.15
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asymmetric digital subscriber line	buy 3.6	communication 1.14
3.1	cable 1.1, 1.3, 1.8, 1.13	compact 1.7
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ATM 1.10	calculator key 1.4	compress 2.13, 2.15
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auction site 3.6	camera 1.10, 1.16	3.13
auto format 2.8	cancel 1.8	confirm 3.6
AutoContent 2.12	cancel 3.6	connect 1.7, 1.8, 1.13, 1.14, 1.15,
Autofill 2.11	capacity 1.12	1.16, 1.17, 3.1, 3.11, 3.13
AutoFormat 2.11	capital letters 1.4	connection 1.13, 2.3, 3.1, 3.10,
AutoShape 2.8	caps lock key 1.4	3.11, 3.13
back 3.2	car 1.9	connectivity 1.13
back up 1.12	carbon copy 3.8	content 3.5
background 2.3, 2.7	card details 3.6	contract 1.9, 3.1
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cookie 3.2, 3.12	disk 3.9	expansion card 1.3
cool 1.11	display 2.3, 2.4, 2.10, 3.2, 3.5,	expire 3.7
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CorelDraw 2.1	division 2.11	external 1.12
counter-intuitive 2.5	docking station 1.1	external hard drive 1.12
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Courier 2.6	domain 3.1, 3.12	favourites 3.2
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crash 2.1	dots per inch 1.6	faxes 1.2
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3.11, 3.13	double quotes 2.7	feature 2.4, 2.5, 2.11, 2.16, 3.4
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CRT monitor 1.3	down 3.6	field 2.8, 3.1, 3.5, 3.6, 3.8
Ctrl 1.4	download 2.4, 2.13, 3.1, 3.2, 3.4,	file 1.7, 1.12, 2.1, 2.2, 2.13,
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	j ,	
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cyan magenta yellow black	driver 1.8, 2.4, 2.13	fill in 3.6
2.10	drop shadow 2.7	
		•
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3.6, 3.7	duration 1.9	flat panel monitor 1.3
data input 1.4	DVD 1.12	flatbed scanner 1.6
data storage 1.12	DVD drive 1.3	flight 3.6, 3.13
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	eBay 3.6, 3.11	flood fill 2.7
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3.6	educational 2.5	folder 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.8
deactivate 2.5	e-form 3.6	font 2.6
debit card 1.15, 1.16, 3.6, 3.13	EFTPOS 1.15	font size 2.8
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•	•	
default 2.3	electric shock 1.11	footnote 2.8
defragment 1.12	electricity 1.11	forename 3.6
delete 2.1, 2.2, 2.6, 2.11, 2.15,	electronic funds transfer at point of	form letter 2.8
3.2	sale 1.15	format 2.3, 2.8, 2.10, 2.11
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•		
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design 2.7	email provider 3.10	frame 2.6, 2.10
design template 2.12	email software 2.4	free space 1.12
designer 3.9, 3.10	empty 2.1	free up 2.1
desktop 2.1, 2.2, 2.13		
	enable 1.13, 3.11	freeware 2.5, 2.15
desktop background 2.1, 2.3,	encrypt 3.6	from 3.8
2.15	encryption 3.12	full bleed 2.10
desktop computer 1.1	encyclopaedia 3.4	full stop 2.7
desktop printer 2.10	enter 1.4, 2.11, 3.1, 3.3, 3.6,	full version 2.5
	3.11	function 2.2, 3.2, 3.5
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detect 3.7	EPOS 1.15	funds transfer 1.15
device 1.4, 1.10, 1.13	equals sign 2.7	game 1.5
dial 1.2	ergonomic 1.4, 1.16	GB 1.12
dial-up 1.13, 1.16, 3.1, 3.10	escape key 1.4	glitch 3.9
digital 2.3	Excel 2.1, 2.11	Gmail 3.10
digital camera 1.1, 1.2, 1.12, 2.3		
		5
digital photo 1.2, 2.1, 2.4	exclamation mark 2.7	Google 3.2, 3.3
		- Control of the cont

l' , 2.40		
gradient 2.10	invoice 3.6	manipulate 1.6
graphic design 2.4, 2.10, 3.9	ISP 3.1, 3.11, 3.13	manual 2.13
graphic design software 2.4	italic 2.6, 2.8	margin 2.6
graphic designer 2.10	itemised 1.15	match 3.3
graphics 2.10, 3.5	jammed 1.8	mathematical calculation 2.11
greyscale 2.9, 2.14	job 1.8	maximise 2.14
grid 2.11, 2.15	joystick 1.5	MB 1.11, 1.12, 3.8, 3.9
gridline 2.7	JPEG 1.6, 2.1, 2.14, 3.9, 3.11	media 3.2, 3.3
hacker 3.7, 3.12	justified 2.7	media player 2.4, 2.13, 2.14
handheld scanner 1.6	kerning 2.10	megabyte 1.11
hands-free 1.9	key 1.2, 1.3, 1.4	megahertz 1.11, 1.16
hard drive 1.12, 2.1, 2.2	key in 1.4	memory 1.11, 2.1, 2.13
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