Web application using JSF, JSP and Java servlets

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The Framework JSF

2 JSF architecture

3 Miscelanea

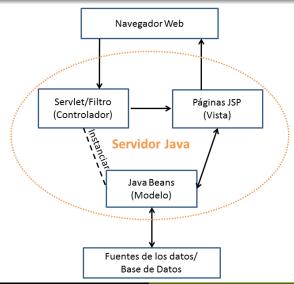
Java Servlet Faces (JSF)

Definition

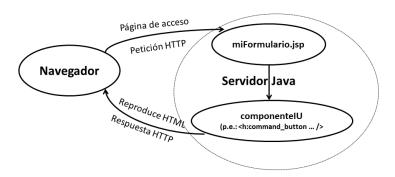
The system JSF is a MVC design pattern-based framework, which simplifies building User Interfaces (UI) for server applications with UI made up of components, inside a JSP page

With JSP technology, the event handler cannot accept http demands to a server's component directly nor can manage UI components as server objects

MVC of a Web application that only uses JSP



Software architecture of an application that uses JSF technology



The framework JSF II

Benefits

- JSF eases conections between UI "widgets" with data sources and event handlers on the server side
- It provides a standard API for software components development
- It allows reuse and extension of current UI-components standars
- It eases data transfer between UI components
- It manages the state of a UI-components that passes through several servers
- It helps to connect events (client-part) with the application code that must handle these events (server-part)



Advantages of using JSF technology

- With JSF technology we can connect events generated at the client tier with the Web application code at the server side
- To map UI components to server's-side objects

Advantages of using JSF technology-II

A JSP page can manage all the objects that take part in the Web application in which we are interested to:

ocomponent's objects: label type
< h : command button... >,

```
    action listeners of actions that start from validator and
conversor objects, which are normally included in
component labels, such as: <f:validate _longrange
minimum="0" maximum="10"/> ,
```

- Model's objects that contain the Web application data,
- the remainder of functionality of the application components



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JSF software architecture

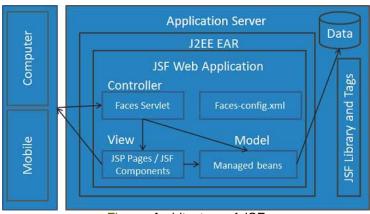


Figure: Architecture of JSF

"Controller"

Faces Servlet

- It is in charge of capturing all the client tier demands
- It initiates all the JSF framework components before the JSF page shows up
- Fundamental services to build the controller are imported from the library javax.faces.webapp.FacesServlet
- The controller must be programmed in the fileweb.xml: files ended by .jsf and .xhtml in the current scope are sought for building the views

Java Managed Beans

Fundamental concept:

A bean Java class but managed within JSF.

managed bean: elements

- beans are serializables,
- have getter() and setter() methods,
- have the business logic : all the information associated to a bean that is in HTML forms of the aplicación

"Model"

- It is a package included in src/main/java, which contains the classes: . java as Managed Beans (MB)
- Java "beans" can be managed by JSF by using a configuration file in XML or through anotations:
 - @ManagedBean(name= , eager=)
 - @ (Request | None | View | Session | Application | Custom) Scoped
 - @ManagedProperty

"Model"-II

```
package prueba ;
  import javax.faces.bean.ManagedBean ;
  import javax.faces.bean.ManagedProperty ;
  import javax.faces.bean.RequestScoped ;
  @ManagedBean (name = "holaMundo", eager = true)
  @RequestScoped
  public class HolaMundo {
  @ManagedProperty ( value ="#{mensaje}" )
10 //completar
  public HolaMundo ( ){
  System.out.println("HolaMundo_ha_comenzado_!_");
13
  public String getMensaje( ){
15 //completar
16
  public void setBeanMensaje ( Mensaje m ) {
18 //completar
19 }
```

"Model"-III

```
package holamundoMIC;
  import java.io.Serializable;
  import javax.faces.bean.ManagedBean;
  import javax.faces.bean.ManagedProperty;
  import javax.faces.bean.RequestScoped;
  @ManagedBean(name="holaMUndo2", eager=true)
  @RequestScoped
  public class HolaMundo2 implements Serializable {
           @ManagedProperty(value="#{mensaje}")
9
           private MensajeBean mensajeBean:
10
           private String mensaje= "Nada_aun!";
           public HolaMundo2(){
12
                   System.out.println("Hola_mundo_ha_comenzado!");
13
                   System.out.println(mensaje);}
14
           public String getMensaje(){
1.5
                   if (mensajeBean != null) {
16
                            mensaje= mensajeBean.getMensaje();}
17
                   return mensaje;
18
19
           public void setMensajeBean (MensajeBean m) {
2.0
                   this . mensajeBean=m;}
21
22
```

"Model"-IV

```
package holamundoMIC;
  import java.io. Serializable;
  import javax.faces.bean.ManagedBean;
  import javax.faces.bean.ManagedProperty;
  import javax.faces.bean.RequestScoped;
6
  @ManagedBean(name="mensaje", eager=true)
  @RequestScoped
  public class MensajeBean implements Serializable {
           private String mensaje="Hola_todo_el_mundo_y_parte_del_
10
               extrajero!":
           public String getMensaje(){
11
                   return mensaje;
12
13
           public void setMensaje(String mensaje){
14
                   this . mensaje=mensaje;
15
16
17
```

"View"

JSF page creation

It takes place by creating a home.xhtml page (in src/main/webapp/) that can be browsed by anXML compatible explorer

IDEs

Definition

Visual application for building software applications from components

Elements of an IDE

- Canvas or container
- Editors for configuring and specializing components
- Viewers and browsers
- Directories of components
- Tools for component-based development (compilers, debuggers, unit proofs, etc.)
- Project management and control access
- Support for CSCW



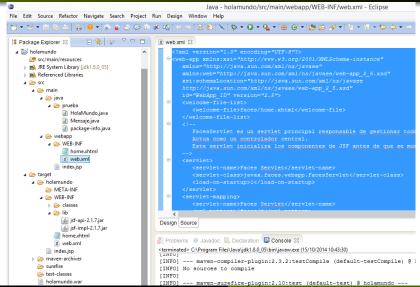
Current IDEs examples

Name	Builder
Visual Studio	Microsoft
Visual Age	IBM
Visual Cafe	Symantec
Eclipse	ESF
NetBeans	Oracle

Complemented with configuration languages: JavaScript, VBScript, etc.



Eclipse project-files browser structure



References

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