## Digital I/O Interface

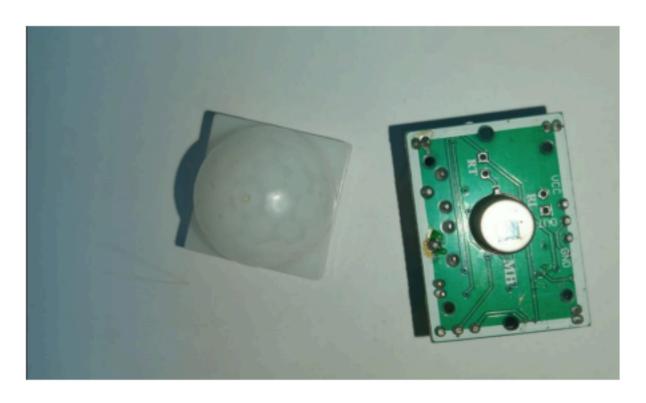
## simple LED Blink

```
void setup(){
    pinMode(18, OUTPUT)
}

void loop(){
    digitalWrite(18, HIGH);
    delay(500);
    digitalWrite(18, LOW);
    delay(500);
}
```

### IR sensor





```
#define LED 18
#define IR 14

void setup(){
    pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(IR, INPUT);
}

void loop(){
    bool IRStatus = digitalRead(IR);
    if (IRStatus){
        digitalWrite(LED, HIGH);
    }
    else{
        digitalWrite(LED, LOW);
```

```
} delay(5000);
```

## serial communication

```
#define LED 9

void setup(){
    Serial.begin(9600);
    pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
}

void loop(){
    if(Serial.available()){
        char in = Serial.read();
        if(in == 'a'){
            Serial.println("Blinking the LED!");
            digitalWrite(LED, HIGH);
            delay(2000);
            digitalWrite(LED, LOW);
        }
    }
}
```

## pulse width modulation

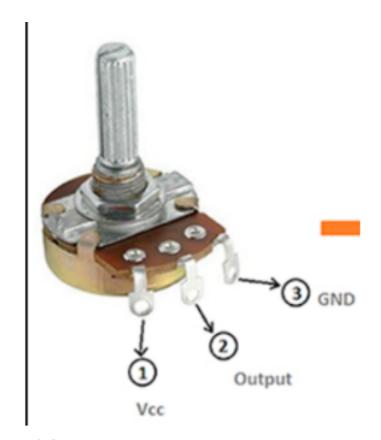
```
#define ledPin 26;
#define freq 5000;
#define ledChannel 0;
#define resolution 8;

void setup(){
  ledcAttachChannel(ledPin, freq, resolution, ledChannel);
}

void loop(){
  for(int dutyCycle = 0; dutyCycle <= 255; dutyCycle++){
    ledcWrite(ledPin, dutyCycle);
    delay(15);
  }
}</pre>
```

# Analog Read and Write

## potentiometer



```
#define POT 34
#define LED 9

void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
}

void loop() {
    int sensorValue = analogRead(sensorPin);
    int outputValue = map(sensorValue, 0, 1023, 0, 255);
    Serial.println(sensorValue);
    analogWrite(ledPin, outputValue);
}
```

#### DHT sensor



```
#include <dht.h>

#define DHTPIN 13
#define DHTTYPE DHT11

DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);

void setup(){
    Serial.begin(9600);
    dht.begin();
}

void loop(){
    float temperature = dht.readTemperature();
    float humidity = dht.readHumidity();
    float heatindex = dht.computeHeadIndex();

    Serial.println("Temperature: "+String(temperature));
    Serial.println("Humidity: "+String(humidity));
    Serial.println("HeatIndex: "+String(heatindex));
}
```

## light sensor



```
#define LIGHT 36
void setup(){
   Serial.begin(9600);
void loop(){
   int lightValue = analogRead(LIGHT);
   Serial.println("Light: "+String(lightValue));
   if (lightValue < 40){
      Serial.println("Dark");
   else if(lightValue < 800){
      Serial.println("Dim");
   else if(lightValue < 2000){
      Serial.println("Light");
   else if(lightValue < 3200){
      Serial.println("Bright");
   }
   else{
      Serial.println("Very Bright");
```

### **LM35**

```
#define ADC_VREF_mV 3300.0
#define ADC_RESOLUTION 4096.0
#define LM35 36

void setup(){
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop(){
    int adcValue = analogRead(LM35);
    float tempC = (adcValue * (ADC_VREF_mV/ADC_RESOLUTION))/ 10;
    Serial.println("Temperature: " + String(adcValue));
    delay(500);
}
```

## GPIO and Associated Peripheral Interfacing using Rpi

```
LED = 2
IR = 4

GPIO.setwarnings(False)
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BOARD)
GPIO.setup(LED, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.setup(IR, GPIO.IN)

while True:
    if GPIO.input(IR):
        GPIO.output(LED, GPIO.HIGH)
    else:
        GPIO.output(LED, GPIO.LOW)
```

import RPi.GPIO as GPIO

## Camera Module Interface using Rpi

1) video record

picam2.close()

#### from time import sleep from picamera2 import PiCamera2, Preview #type: ignore from picamera2.encoders import H264Encoder #type: ignore picam2 = PiCamera2() picam2.configure(picam2.create\_video\_configuration()) picam2.start\_preview(Preview.QTGL) picam2.start\_recording(H264Encoder(10000000), 'myvideo.h264') sleep(5) picam2.stop\_recording() picam2.stop\_preview() 2) image capture from picamera2 import Picamera2, Preview from time import sleep picam2 = Picamera2()picam2.start\_preview(Preview.QTGL) picam2.start() for i in range(5): picam2.start\_and\_capture\_file(f"image\_{i+1}.jpeg") sleep(2) picam2.stop\_preview()

## Implementation of I2C

#### 1) I2C between RPi and Arduino

```
raspberry pi code:
from smbus import SMBus
addr = 0x8
bus = SMBus(1)
print("Enter 1 for ON or 0 for OFF")
while True:
  bus.write_byte(addr, int(input(">>>")))
arduino code:
#include <Wire.h>
#define LED 13
void setup(){
  Wire.begin(0x8);
  Wire.onReceive(receiveEvent);
  pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
}
void receiveEvent(int n){
  while (Wire.available()){
     char c = Wire.read();
     digitalWrite(LED, c);
}
```

void loop() {}

# Configure and connection establishment of Wi-Fi with IoT development board

1) Wi-Fi communication between pi and ESP32

```
ESP32 code:
#include <WiFi.h>
#include <HTTPClient.h>
const char* ssid = "wifi_name";
const char* password = "password";
void setup(){
   Wifi.begin(ssid, password);
   while(Wifi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) delay(500);
   Serial.println("Connected Ip: "+String(WiFi.localIP()));
void loop(){
   if (WiFi.status == WL_CONNECTED){
      HTTPClient http;
      http.begin('http://ip:port/get-sensor?temperature=123');
      int status = http.GET();
      if(status > 0){
         String response = http.getString();
         Serial.println(response);
      else{
         Serial.println("Error on HTTP request");
      http.end();
   delay(5000);
Raspberry Pi code:
from flask import Flask, request
app = Flask(\underline{\quad name}\underline{\quad})
@app.route('/get-sensor', methods=['GET'])
def data():
   if request method == 'GET':
      print(f"Received: {request.args.get('temperature')}")
      return ('OK', 200)
   else:
      return ('Method Not Allowed!', 405)
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True, port=8000, host='0.0.0.0')
```

# MQTT — Publish and Subscribe with IoT development board

1) MQTT server and client Raspberry pi: mosquitto\_sub -d -t ESP32/Temperature **ESP32**: #include <WiFi.h> #include < PubSubClient.h > const char\* ssid = "wifi\_name"; const char\* password = "password"; WiFiClient espClient; PubSubClient client(espClient); void setup(){ Wifi.begin(ssid, password); while(Wifi.status() != WL\_CONNECTED) delay(500); Serial.println("Connected Ip: "+String(WiFi.localIP())); client.setServer("mqtt\_ip", 1883); while(!client.connected()); Serial.println("Connected!"); void loop(){

client.publish("ESP32/Temperature", tempString);

#### Task Context Maintenance

#### 1) FreeRTO task scheduling

```
#include <string.h>
TaskHandle_t xHandle1, xHandle2;
void setup() {
   Serial.begin(115200);
   String s1 = "Hello";
   String s2 = "World";
  xTaskCreate(printTask, "printHello", 1000, &s1, 1, &xHandle1);
  xTaskCreate(printTask, "printWorld", 1000, &s2, 2, &xHandle2);
void loop() {
   delay(1000);
void printTask(void* parameter)
{
  String s = *(String*)parameter;
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++){
     Serial.println(s);
     delay(100);
   vTaskDelete(NULL);
```

#### **Mutual Exclusion**

#### 1) mutual exclusion with semaphore

```
TaskHandle_t xHandle1, xHandle2;
SemaphoreHandle_t semvar;
void setup(){
  Serial.begin(115200);
  if (semvar == NULL){
     semvar = xSemaphoreCreateBinary();
     xSemaphoreGive(semvar);
  int LED_1 = 17;
  int LED_2 = 18;
  pinMode(LED_1, OUTPUT);
   pinMode(LED_2, OUTPUT);
  xTaskCreate(blink, "blink LED 1", 10000, &LED_1, 1, &xHandle1);
  xTaskCreate(blink, "blink LED 2", 10000, &LED_2, 2, &xHandle2);
void blink(void *param){
  int LED = *(int *)param;
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++){
     if (xSemaphoreTake(semvar, (TickType_t) 1) == pdTRUE){
        digitalWrite(LED, HIGH);
        delay(500);
        digitalWrite(LED, LOW);
        delay(500);
        xSemaphoreGive(semvar);
     }
   vTaskDelete(NULL);
```

## Import Sensor data into cloud database

```
1) Thing Speak
#include <WiFi.h>
#include "ThingSpeak.h"
#define PIN_LM35 35
const char* ssid = "xxxxx";
const char* password = "yyyyyy";
WiFiClient client;
unsigned long myChannelNumber = zzzzzz;
const char *myWriteAPIKey = "mmmmmmmmmmm";
void setup()
  pinMode(PIN_LM35, INPUT);
  Serial.begin(115200);
  WiFi.mode(WIFI_STA);
  ThingSpeak.begin(client);
void loop() {
  if(WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED){
     Serial.print("Attempting to connect");
     while(WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED){
        WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
        delay(5000);
     Serial.println("\nConnected.");
  int adcVal = analogRead(PIN_LM35);
  float tempC = (adcVal * (3300 / 4096)) / 10;
   Serial.println("Temperature: " + String(tempC));
  int x = ThingSpeak.writeField(myChannelNumber, 1, tempC, myWriteAPIKey);
  if(x == 200){
     Serial.println("Channel update successful.");
  } else{
     Serial.println("Problem updating channel. HTTP error code " + String(x));
  delay(5000);
```