



國立中山大學
COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, NSYSU

聯合專題
競賽與展示
工學院

資訊工程學系

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

肆、Module details

Camera Calibration :to fix the perspective difference of two camera , which will cause Laser Positioning and Animal Detection coordinates mismatch

Original Image

Up: IR camera

Down: RGB camera



Combine two image



Result : after Calibration of RGB camera combined image

RGB camera calibrated

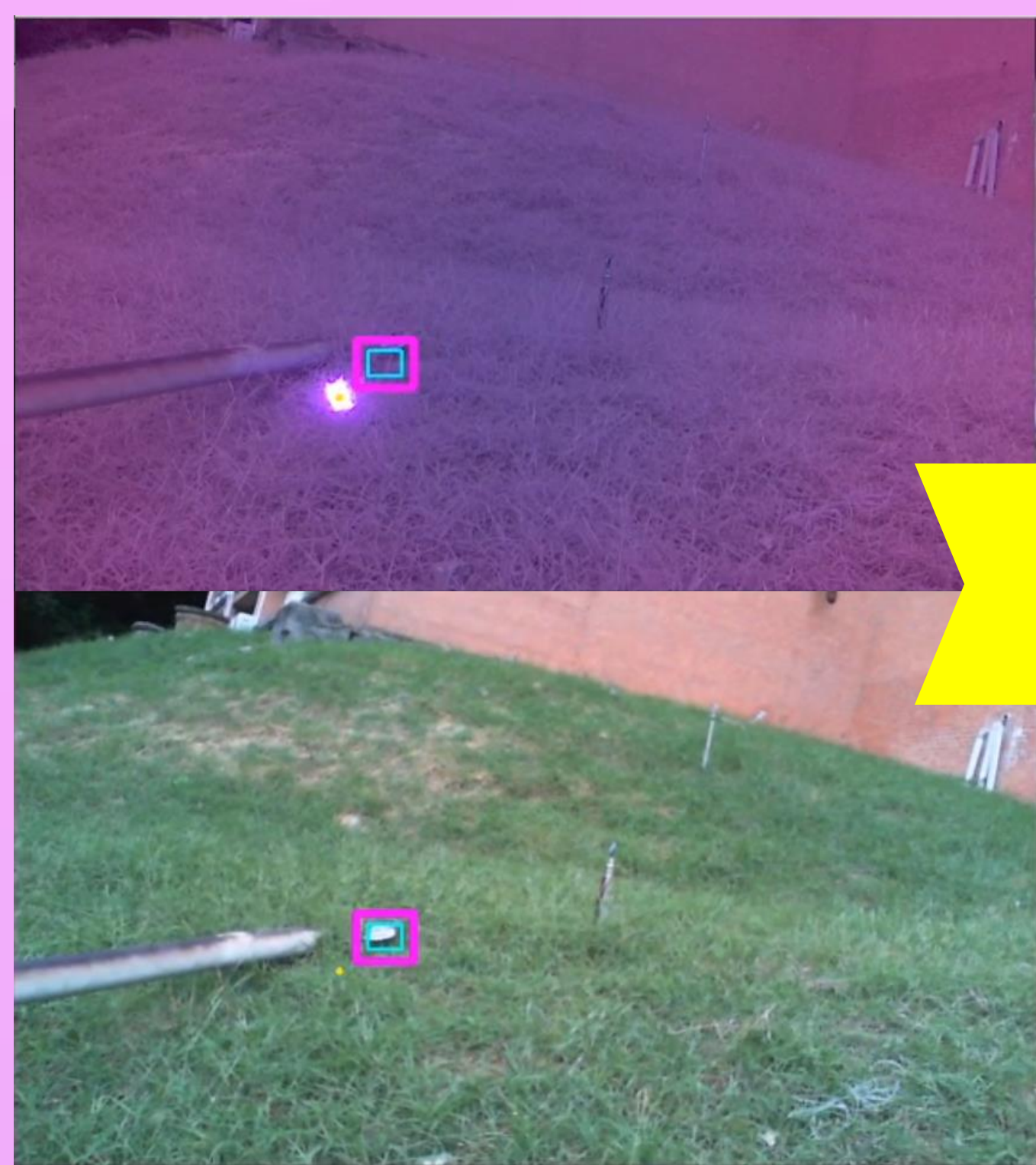


Combine with original IR image

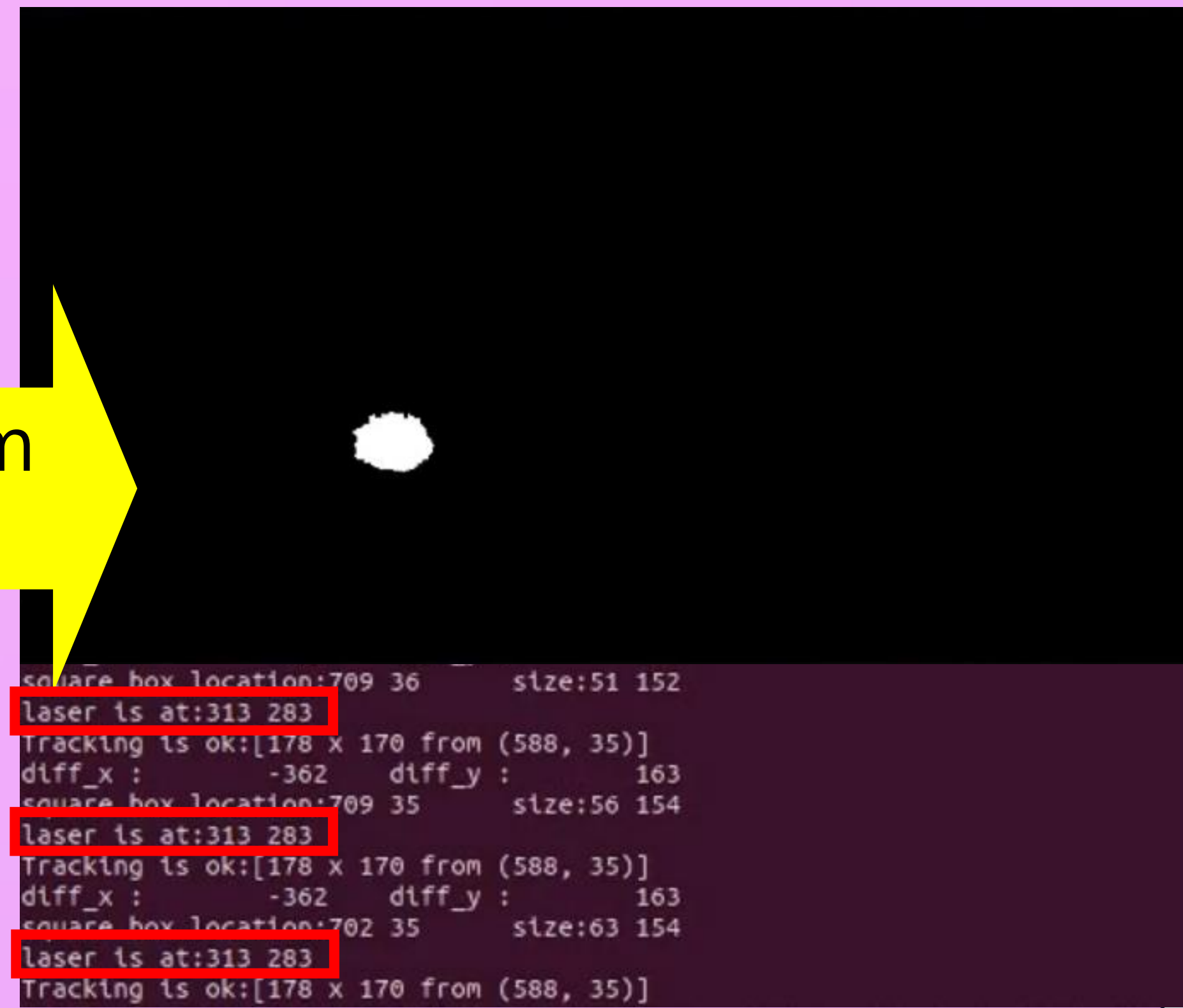


Laser Positioning:

Using luminance and customized intensity filter to find the Laser Position



Custom filter



Animal Detection

Detection: Marking the difference of normal farm image with current image

A brick being detected



A people being detected



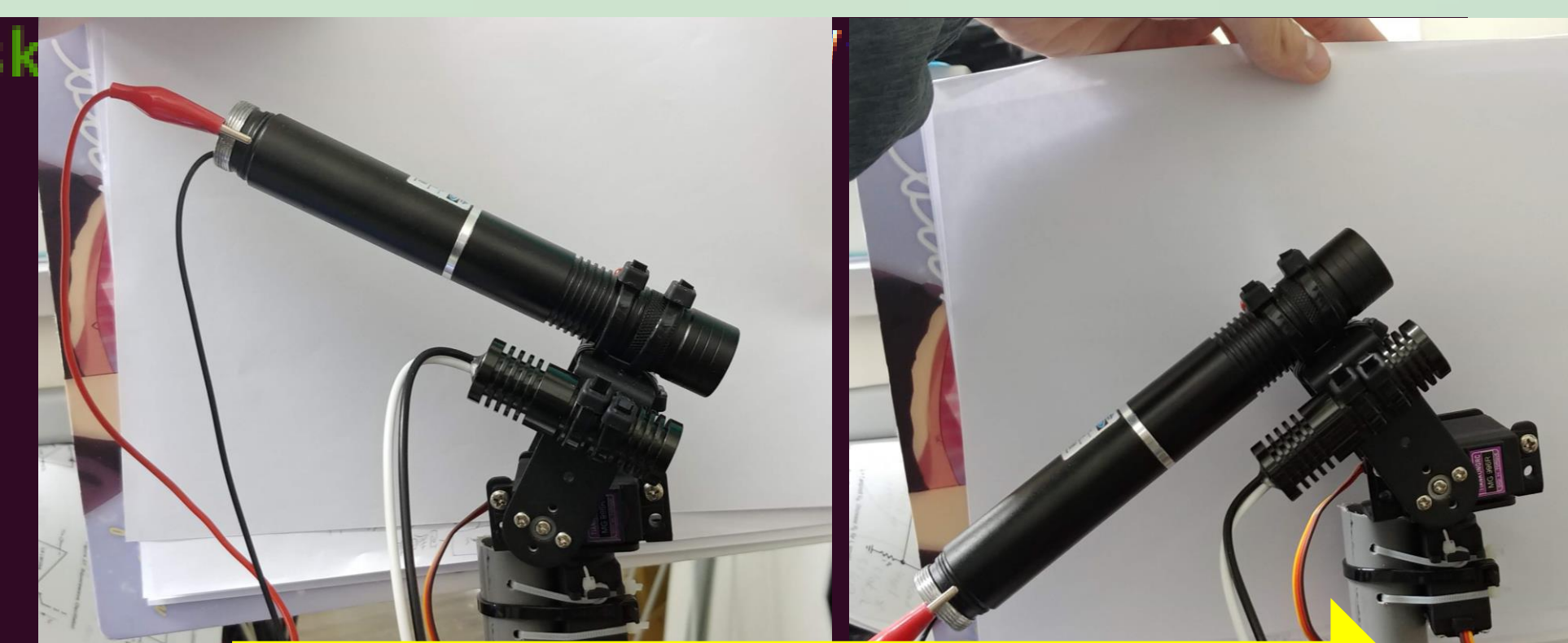
Tracking: using custom algorithm to judge the marking target is noise or animal movement, if it is animal break into farm , activate KCF tracker for tracking the animal



Motor Control:

An interface in Embedded computing device (Jetson nano) and Arduino and servo motor , which Jetson nano assign the angle of servo motor to Arduino and Arduino translate angle into PWM signal to drive servo motor
Terminal on Jetson nano

```
nvidia@nvidia-desk
0 0 0 0
150 150 0 0
0 0 0 0
30 0 0 0
40 50 0 0
80 50 0 0
140 70 0 0
```



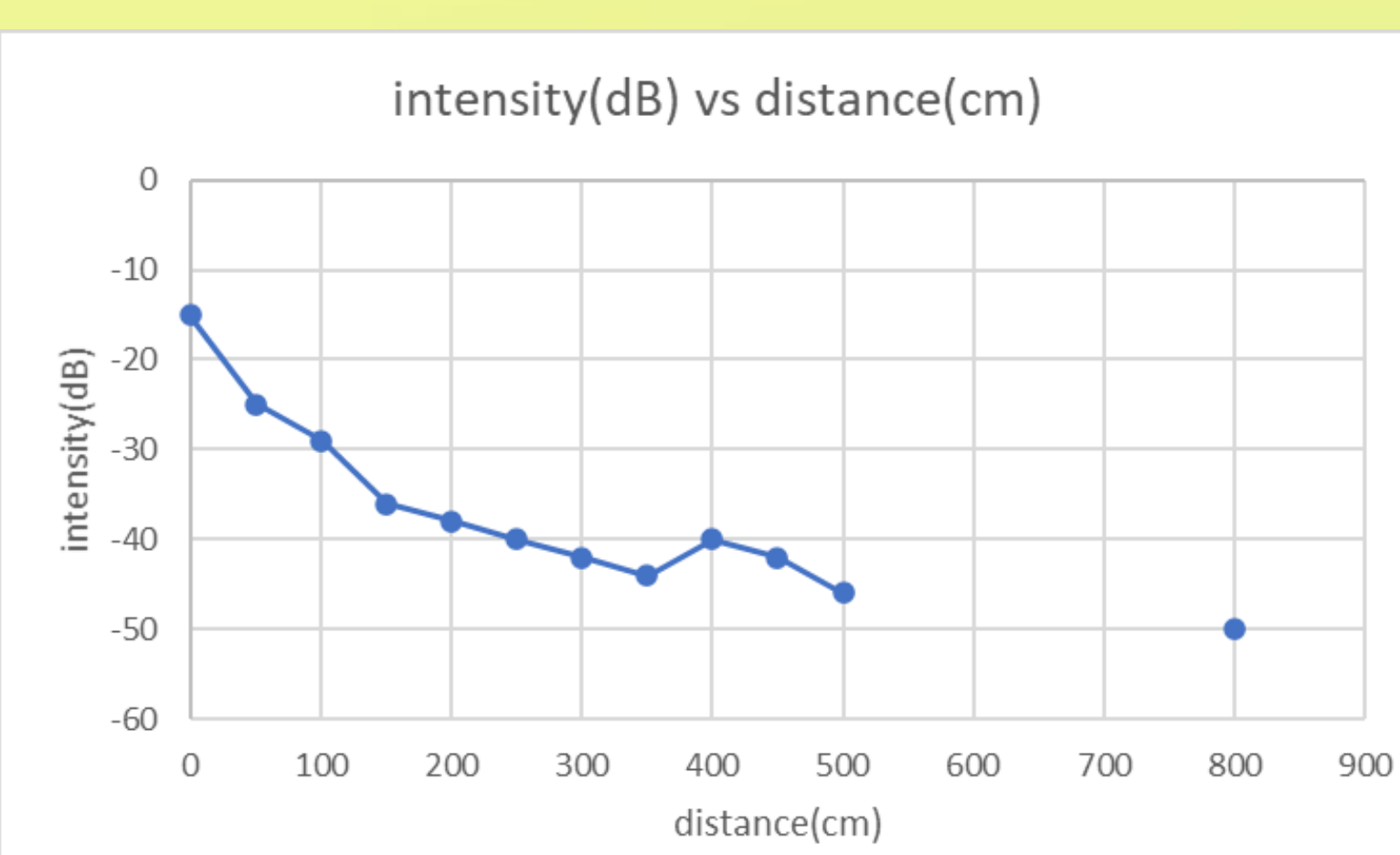
Drive animal method:

Monkey's hearing can up to 45kHz^[1] , An Ultrasonic Sonic with high amplitude might drive them away

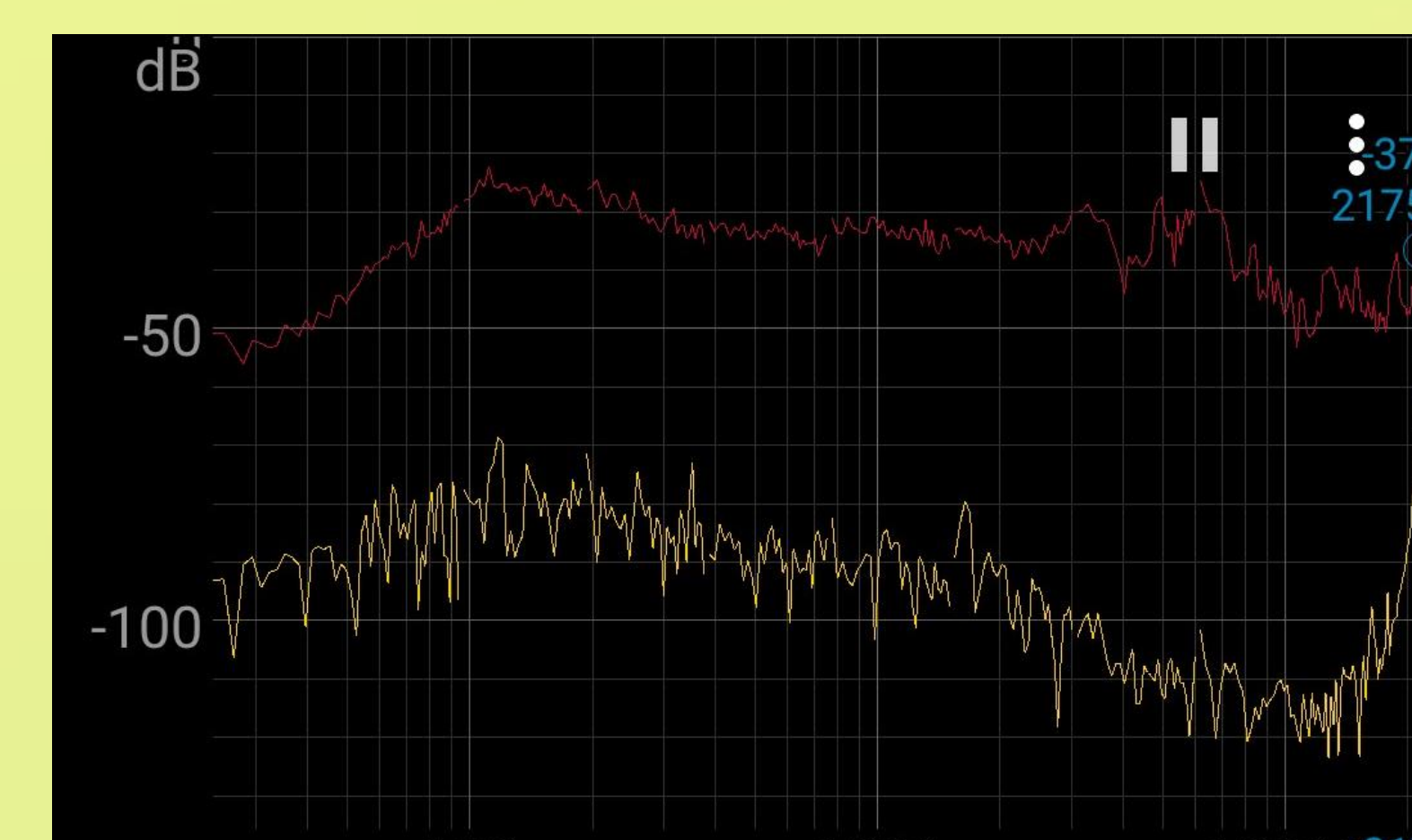
Ultrasonic Generator Circuit



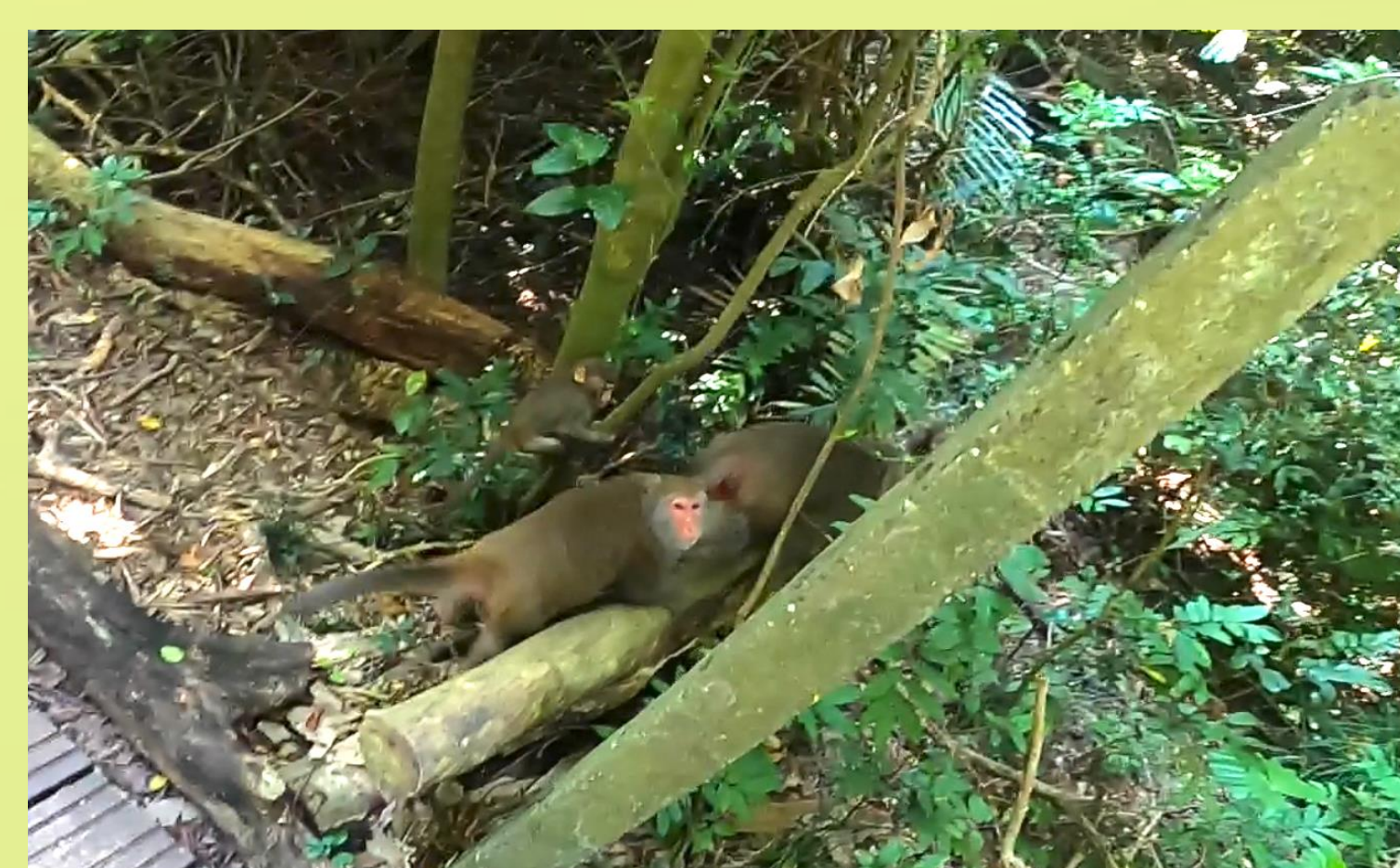
Intensity vs distance plot



Cellphone's microphone spectrum



Monkey moves away



[1] William C. Stebbins, Richard D. Pearson ,et al. "Hearing in the Monkey (Macaca) : Absolute and Differential Sensitivity"