

ECE 385 Final Project Whiteboard

Components: [Platform Designer]

- SPI Controller (Mouse)
- VGA Graphics Controller
- NiosII/f
- Neural Network IP
- On-Chip RAM / ROM
- SDRAM
- PLL
- Sys ID / UART

System - Level Organization :

- NiosII/f handles mouse movement.
- Grab character images from screen and send to CNN.
- Display CNN output to screen.

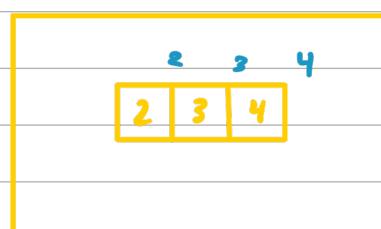
Validation :

- Python / MATLAB to validate image algo and CNN.
- SV Simulations to validate hardware

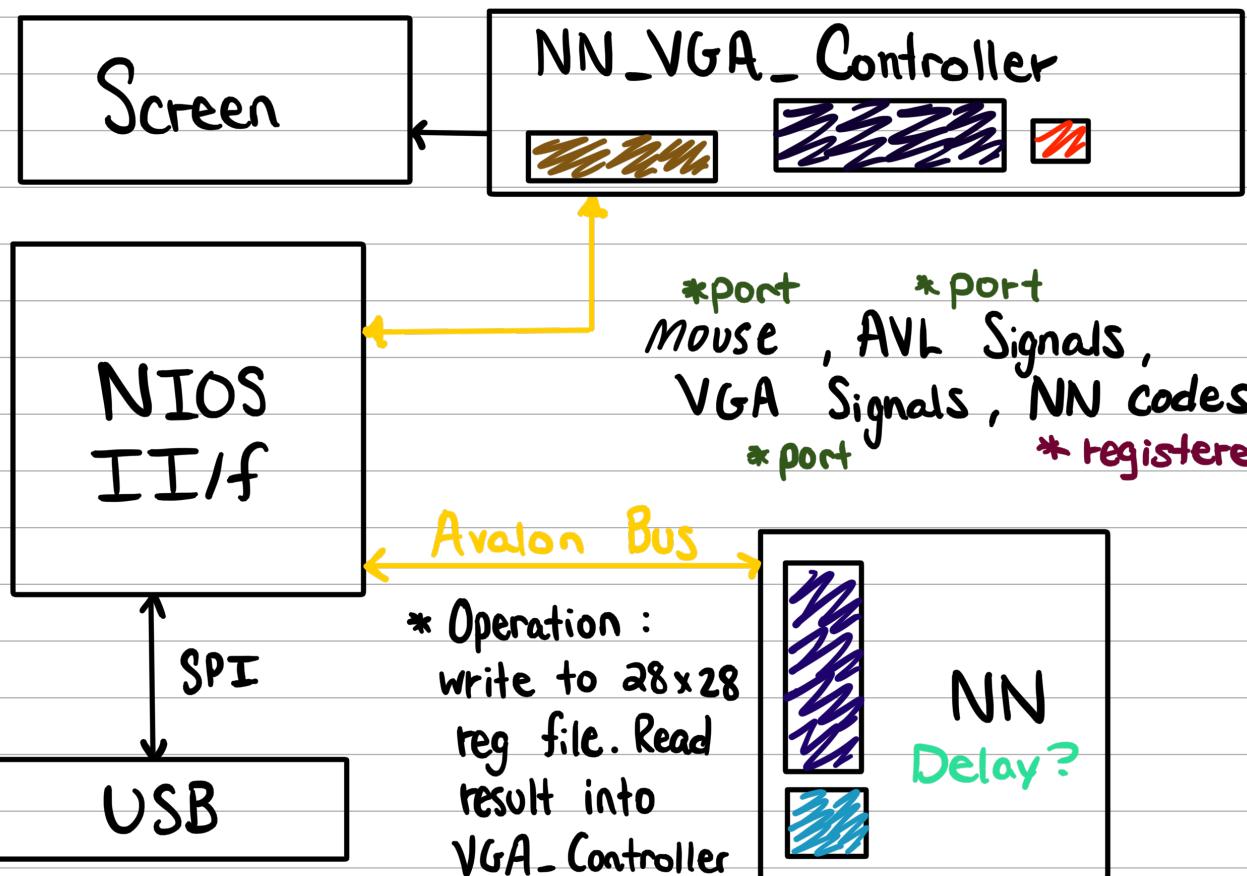
Checkpoints :

- Mouse can draw.
- Can place bounding box on a single character.
- Recognize 1 character @ a time.
- Recognize String of characters
- Compute simple math ($2+2$)
- Complex expressions $(2+2) \times 2 + 2$
- Add niger vi ++

Characters in only a certain region are recognized



System Level Block Diagram:



■ NN Codes Register File
x5 16-bit Registers

■ 28x28 Register File
x 28 32-bit Registers

■ VRAM
* Check bit mapping

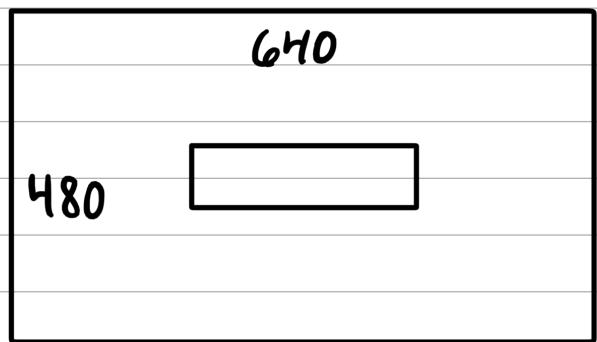
■ 16-bit Output Register

■ Blank Signal

Operation :

- Read into NN only allowed during blank.
- Write to Screen any time.
- Mouse rendering updates happen locally in VGA Controller.

VRAM Bit Mapping : 32-bit data width



* B & W (per px): $\frac{1 \text{ bit}}{9600} \times 640 \times 480 = 307,200 \text{ bits}$

Grayscale (per px): $\frac{2 \text{ bit}}{19200} \times 640 \times 480 \times 2 = 614,400 \text{ bits}$

Total bit memory:

1,677,312 bits

Grayscale (per px): $\frac{4 \text{ bit}}{38400} \times 640 \times 480 \times 4 = 1,228,800 \text{ bits}$

Memory Map (Important Ones):

SDRAM : $0x04000000 - 0x07FF FFFF$

VGA-interface : $0x08000000 - 0x0800 FFFF$

NN-interface : $0x08011000 - 0x080110FF$

SPI : $0x080111A0 - 0x080111BF$

Mouse Information

I/O From NIOS :

- Xdisplacement PIO
- Ydisplacement PIO

• Small Movement Tolerances :

If (mouseX or mouseY < tolerance)

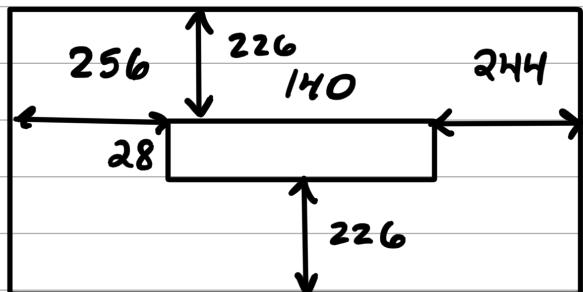
don't apply sensitivity

else

apply sensitivity

Neural Net Pixel Mapping:

28x28 boxes, 5 boxes : 140x28 region



Start @ Reg 9 in row

- Img 1: $\text{Idx} : [256, 283]$
- Img 2: $\text{Idx} : [284, 311]$
- Img 3: $\text{Idx} : [312, 339]$
- Img 4: $\text{Idx} : [340, 367]$
- Img 5: $\text{Idx} : [368, 395]$

Neural Network Design Plan:

Estimated Resources:

75 LUT

56 FF

2 DSP

1 BRAM

○ 112 neurons

○ ○

○ ○ ○

○ 784 → ○ 20 → ○
○ → ○ → ○ →

○ ○ ○

○ ○ ○

○ : ○ :

○ : ○ :

Total Resources:

8,400 LUT

6,272 FF

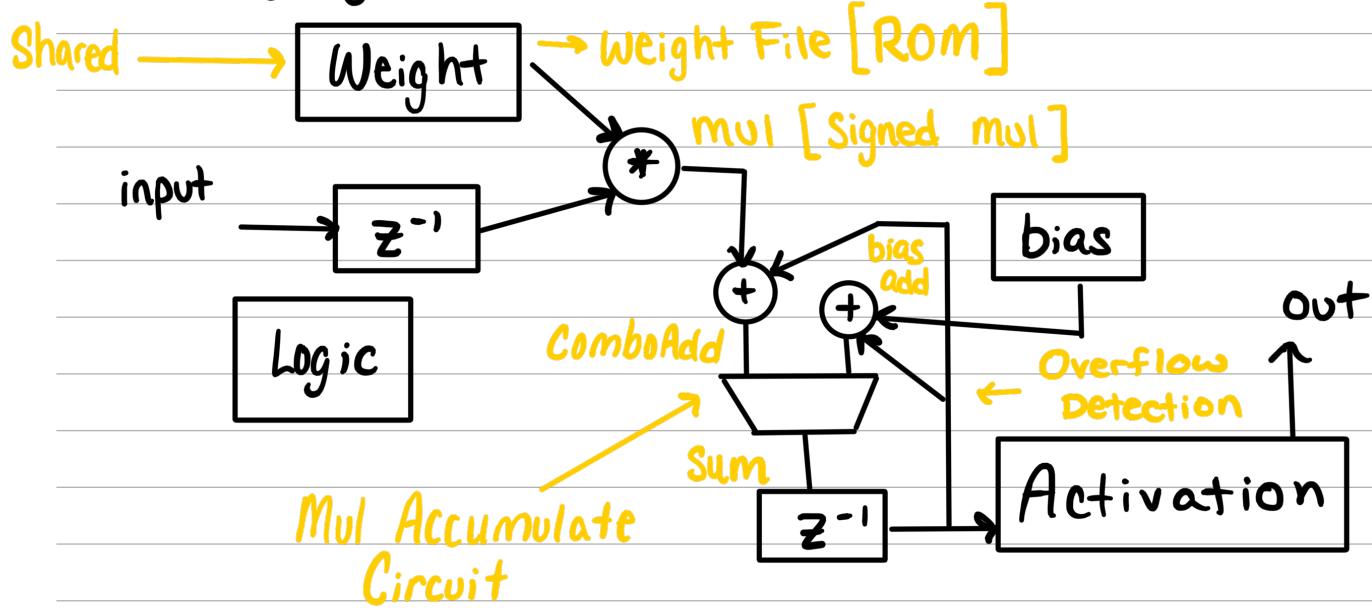
224 DSP

112 BRAM

Neural Network on FPGA:

Sequential

→ Designing a neuron : $\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$



Mul: [2*datawidth - 1 : 0]

- $n_1 * n_2 = m+n+k+j$ bits

- 2 bit sign
- $(m-1)(k-1) \rightarrow$ integer part
- $n+j \rightarrow$ fractional part

Activation Function: 16 bit output : ROM

SigmoidSize : memory depth , upper bits of sum

Use python program to generate.

Layer Design:

- Use Control logic and shift register to Sequentially input data
→ Layer size decreasing
- Input to neural net using image buffer

Output Detection :

- Softmax Function : Software Implementation
- Hardmax Function : Hardware Implementation
 - Remove Processor Interface

MIF :

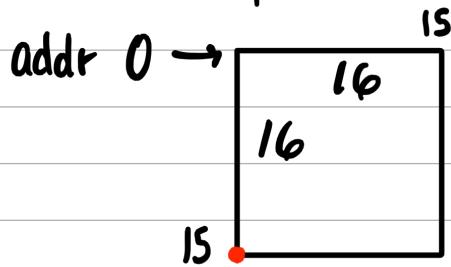
w - layer# - neuron# . mif
b - layer# - neuron# . mif

include . v → Config file

Generating Weights & biases :

→ Use python Script file

Pencil Sprite: 16 x 16 Sprite



(mouseX, mouseY)

Condition :

Draw X ≥ Mouse X
& Draw X < Mouse X + 16

Draw Y ≤ Mouse Y
& Draw Y > Mouse Y - 16

ROM Mapping :

$$\text{ROM_Addr} = (\text{DrawX} - \text{mouseX}) +$$

$$16 * (\text{DrawY} - (\text{mouseY} - 15));$$

Color Index: 8 colors → 3 bits

Neon Green : x0 :	R = C	G = F	B = 0
Black : x1 :	R = 0	G = 0	B = 0
Orange : x2 :	R = F	G = D	B = 0
Gray : x3 :	R = 6	G = 6	B = 6
Silver : x4 :	R = B	G = B	B = B
Tan : x5 :	R = F	G = E	B = C
Pink : x6 :	R = F	G = A	B = C
Brown : x7 :	R = 9	G = 7	B = 4

NN Simulation Test:

#0 : E = 7	A = 5	#5 : E = 1	A = 1
#1 : E = 2	A = 1	#6 : E = 4	A = 4
#2 : E = 1	A = 1	#7 : E = 9	A = 1
#3 : E = 0	A = 0	#8 : E = 5	A = 1
#4 : E = 4	A = 4	#9 : E = 9	A = 5

NN ModelSim Validation:

100 Tests 500 Tests 10000 Tests : 1'3 sec

Using Integer width : 7 => 54 %.

Using Integer width : 5 => 92 %, 88.4 %.

Using Integer width : 4, 3 => 94 %, 92 %, 91.8 %.

Using Integer width : 2 => 89 %.

Must use more Sig memory
=> 10 bits.

~ 33 µs compute time : 33.222856 µs

Python: 0.2875 sec @ Fmax (75 MHz)
0.2215 sec,

For Integration in SoC
after 500 test Cases => 88.4 %

System Integration Tasks:

1.) NN interrupt and start ✓



2.) NN hardware validation : Image in SDRAM

3.) Display character Register ✓



4.) Setting Characters from VRAM in SDRAM

Move Box Border + 1

5 6

01010110

65

18
00011000

11110000

01101111

11110101

4

ce

00110111

1000

, 00000110
1101

7 3

0333300333
e c

0001 1011

11101100

3 6
003310330

12 1100 c e 1110 14
003303333

3 7
0011 0111

0000 = 0 → 0

1000 = 1 → 8

0001 = 8 → 1

1001 = 9 → 9

0010 = 4 → 2

1010 = 5 → A

0011 = C → 3

1011 = D → B

0100 = 2 → 4

1100 = 3 → C

0101 = A → 5

1101 = B → D

0110 = 6 → 6

1110 = 7 → E

0111 = E → 7

1111 = F → F