

## **B1 - Unix & C Lab Seminar**

B-CPE-100

# Day 13

**CSFML** Discovery



2.0





## Day 13

language: C



• The totality of your source files, except all useless files (binary, temp files, obj files,...), must be included in your delivery.

Today you will discover graphical programming in C, and learn about CSFML

### TASK 00 - INSTALLING THE CSFML

First, you need to install the CSFML on your computer. To do so, please download and execute (as root) the build\_csfml.sh script found alongside this subject.



This script installs all the required libraries in your work environment so that you do not have to worry too much about it.

## **TASK 01 - OPENING A WINDOW**

The first step for displaying an image in a window is the opening of said window.



Have a look at sfRenderWindow and its associated functions.

Open a 800x600 window, and keep it open!





### TASK 02 - DISPLAY A PIXEL

#### **CREATING A PIXELS ARRAY**

To be able to modify the pixels of your window you must first represent the pixels in the form of a pixels array.

Initialize a pixels array the size of your window.

#### **CREATING A FRAMEBUFFER**

It seems relevant to bring together the various components of our pixels array in one type. Create a structure called **framebuffer** that contains a pixels array, the width and height of the array. We will use a typedef for this structure named *framebuffer\_t*.

Now create a **framebuffer\_create** function that initializes your array of pixels and returns it. It must match the following prototype:

```
framebuffer_t *framebuffer_create(unsigned int width, unsigned int height);
```

#### **DRAW PIXELS**

Now that your framebuffer is created, change the color of some pixels and load them into a texture, then a sprite, to finally display them in your window.

Create a **put\_pixel** function with the following prototype:

```
void put_pixel(t_framebuffer *framebuffer, unsigned int x, unsigned int y, sfColor
color);
```

Display red pixels at positions (10;10), (100;100) and (250;400).

## TASK 03 - DISPLAY A SQUARE

Display a blue colored square of 10 pixels by 10 pixels at position (100;100), using a **draw\_square** function respecting the following prototype:



Check sfVector2u in the documentation.





## TASK 04 - DISPLAY AN IMAGE

Now that you can modify the pixels by yourself, you need to display an already existing image from a file in your window to master the basics of CSFML!



The BMP file format is quite simple to use.

