# Exercise 4.08 - Serverless application deployment

### Step 1 - Create the structure

- Create the recommended set of files in the workspace/root folder
  - o providers.tf, terraform.tfvars, variables.tf can be copied from ex07
  - versions.tf can be copied from ex06
  - main.tf and outputs.tf should be create empty

### Step 2 - Group 1 - Resource group

• Declare an Azure resource group using the existing variables

### Step 3 - Group 2 - Storage container for built artefacts and table storage

- Declare a "random\_string" resource from "random" provider. This resource will be used to name the storage account resource. Some resources in Azure must be unique globally.
- Declare a storage container resource from "azurerm" provider. The storage container will be used to store the application source code and the documents in a NoSQL database. The provisioning of a storage container is a two-step process:
  - Create a storage account
  - Create the container itself

# Step 4 - Group 3 - Put built artefacts as a blob in storage container

 For this exercise, we'll run from a zip package referenced by a public URL. This can be done in one single Terraform command. For simplicity, the source code has been packaged into a Terraform module. This module is currently located on the Terraform Registry and will be downloaded from there.

```
module "tweetish" {
  source = "MaxDehaut/azure/tweetish"
  version = "1.0.0"
}
```

• The output value of the module will be placed into the Blob storage (source). It might be worth to check the source of the module.

## Step 5 - Group 4 - Configure and launch Azure Functions App

• Azure Function needs to be able to download the application source code from the private storage container, which requires a URL presigned by a Shared Access Signature Token (SAS Token). To do so, we will use a data source.

```
data "azurerm_storage_account_sas" "_____" {
 connection string =
azurerm_storage_account.____.primary_connection_string
 resource_types {
   service = false
   container = false
   object = true
 services {
   blob = true
   queue = false
   table = false
   file = false
 }
 start = "2021-09-01T00:00:00Z"
 expiry = "2021-12-31T00:00:00Z"
 permissions {
   read = true
   write = false
   delete = false
   list = false
```

```
add = false
  create = false
  update = false
  process = false
}
```

- The next step is to generate the presigned URL. For simplicity, let's declare a local value. The structure of the url should be as follow:
  - https://
  - «storage account name».blob.core.windows.net/
  - «storage container name»/
  - «storage blob name» «storage account sas.sas»

```
locals {
  package_url = ""
}
```

• The following steps are to create the application\_insights and the function\_app from azurerm provider. Application Insights is used here for instrumentation and logging.

```
app_service_plan_id = _____
https_only = true

storage_account_name = _____
storage_account_access_key = ____
version = "~2"

app_settings = {
    FUNCTIONS_WORKER_RUNTIME = "node"
    WEBSITE_RUN_FROM_PACKAGE = ___
    WEBSITE_NODE_DEFAULT_VERSION = "10.14.1"
    APPINSIGHTS_INSTRUMENTATIONKEY = ___
    TABLES_CONNECTION_STRING = ___
AzureWebJobsDisableHomepage = true
}
```

## Step 6 - Version lock

• As we are accessing a zip file, the "archive" provider will be required.

## Step 7 - Output the website URL

- The output value should be as follow:
  - https://
  - «function app name».azurewebsites.net/

# Step 8 - Deployment

• Execute the typical deployment process