## huffmanDecoder

```
function [ decodedImg ] = huffmanDecoder( binaryVector, CodeBook, height, width)
% This function decodes a single binary vector into a black n white image
% Input: 'binaryVector' is a binary vector formed by concatenated huffman
        codewords representing, e.g. a Y frame.
          'codebook' is the generated by huffmanCodebook
          'width' is the width of the image to be decoded
          'height' is the height of the image to be decoded
% Output: decodedImage, Black and White, type uint8
Code
% Pre-allocate imagematrix, as a vector
tempimagevector = zeros(height*width, 1);
% Assign variables for faster computing
codebooklength = length(CodeBook);
binvectorlength = length(binaryVector);
% An index for the imagevector, to assign values into a pre-allocated
% vector for faster computing
pixelpos = 1;
% Loop until all elements are checked
i = 1;
while(i <= binvectorlength)</pre>
    % Reset the found variable
    found = 0;
    % Reset the codeword that is checked
    codeword = [];
    % Loop the binaries and add the next binary to the checked codeword if
    % the current doesn't exist in the codebook
    while(found == 0 && i <= binvectorlength)</pre>
        % Add the current binary to the checked codeword
        codeword(end+1) = binaryVector(i);
        % Loop the codebook to check the current codeword
        % if it exists, for-loop breaks and found-switch is true which
        % breaks the second while loop, that resets the codeword checked.
        for n=1:codebooklength
            if(isequal(codeword,CodeBook{n,2}))
                tempimagevector(pixelpos,1) = CodeBook{n,1};
                found = 1;
                pixelpos = pixelpos + 1;
                break;
            end
```

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