$$DMG = ((ATK_{Base})(ATK_{\%}) + ATK_{flat}) \times (1 + DMG_{Bonus}) \times (1 + (CR)*(CD))$$

$$(1)$$

$$\{CR, CD\} \longleftrightarrow \{100\%, (CR)(CD)\}$$
 (2)

$$f(x,y,z) = (1000 \times (1 + 0.466 + 0.058x) + 311) \times (1 + (0.361 + 0.039y) \times (0.5 + 0.078z))$$
(3)

$$38 = x + y + z \tag{4}$$

- 1. Define g(x,y,z) by "moving" all terms of the constraint equation to one side. I.e. g(x,y,z) = x + y + z 38
- 2. Define the Lagrangian function $\mathcal{L}(x,y,z,\lambda) = f(x,y,z) + \lambda g(x,y,z)$
- 3. Calculate the gradient of the Lagrangian $\nabla \mathcal{L}(x,y,z,\lambda) = \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial z}, \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \lambda}\right)$
- 4. Construct a system of equations by setting $\nabla \mathcal{L}(x, y, z, \lambda) = 0$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x} = 0$$
 $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial y} = 0$ $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial z} = 0$ $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \lambda} = 0$ (5)