

hessio

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Introduction to the `eventio`/`hessio` libraries.

The `hessio` libraries include a number of components which are heavily used in CORSIKA/`sim_telarray` (`sim_telarray` ↔ `hessarray`) simulations but also in some of the H.E.S.S. DAQ components. The basic components go back much further in history and were used for the DAQ of the CRT (Cosmic Ray Tracking) experiment, starting in 1991, and the HEGRA stereoscopic system of Cherenkov telescopes, starting in 1996. The library is thus also known under its original name: `eventio` library. The major components of the package include:

- The `eventio` data storage method with programming interfaces in C and C++.
- The `eventio` based high-level interfaces for shower simulations in the IACT interface to CORSIKA.
- The `eventio` based high-level interfaces for H.E.S.S. raw data and H.E.S.S./CTA simulations, as used by the `sim_telarray` program.
- A memory and speed efficient package for 1-D and 2-D histograms with full multi-threading support.
- The `eventio` based storage of the above histograms and conversion programs from the `eventio` format to PAW (HBOOK) and ROOT formats.
- A software run-time configuration interface named `hconfig` with a cpp-like preprocessor, also with full multi-threading support.

The `hessio` libraries are normally built in several variants:

- `libhessio` The variant optimised for single-threaded C programs. It has no multi-threading support and should not be used in multi-threaded DAQ environments. For simulations performed in a single thread, this variant provides optimum performance because no time is wasted in protecting critical sections by mutexes etc.
- `libhessio_r` The variant with full multi-threading support. Because of the overhead of protecting critical sections, it is not the optimal variant for single-threaded programs but (if linked with the POSIX threading library), will work for both multi-threaded and single-threaded programs. Linking: `-lhessio_r -lpthread`
- `libhessio++` Like `libhessio` it offers no multi-threading support. In addition to `libhessio` it offers also the C++ interfaces to the `eventio` data format. As such, it requires linking with the C++ Standard Library. Single-threaded C++ programs would normally be linked against this variant: `-lhessio++`

- `libhessio++_r` offers everything of `libhessio_r` plus the C++ interfaces to the `eventio` data format. Multi-threaded C++ programs would normally be linked against this variant: `-lhessio++_r -lpthread`

All of these libraries can be built as shared libraries and as static libraries, thus adding up to a total of eight libraries installed. Depending on definitions in the Makefile, the building of static libraries may be skipped by default.

The main documentation web page for this module can be found at

<http://www.mpi-hd.mpg.de/hfm/~bernlohr/HESS/Software/hessio/>

1.2 Eventio format documentation

The underlying `eventio` data format and the C and C++ programming interfaces are documented separately. See http://www.mpi-hd.mpg.de/hfm/~bernlohr/HESS/Software/hessio/eventio_en.pdf

1.3 Utility and test programs in the hessio module

A `make install` in the `hessio` module will, apart from the different variants of the library, install a number of programs. These include

- `testio`: A test program for the C programming interface. Should be run once if you go to a new platform or compiler.
- `TestIO`: A test program for the C++ programming interface. Should be run once if you go to a new platform or compiler. The output file generated should also be bitwise identical to that from the C interface test program.
- `listio`: Lists `eventio` data blocks in a data file or stream. Can also show the sub-block hierarchy.
- `statio`: Count the number of `eventio` top-level data blocks of each type and the total amount of (uncompressed) data for each block type. Also showing the version numbers involved.
- `filterio`: Select or deselect given types of `eventio` top-level data blocks between input or output, not requiring any support for the structure of the data block types.
- `fcats`: Like the standard 'cat' program but accepting any file type known by the `fileopen()` function as input, with decompression as implied by the filetype extension.
- `read_hess`: Reads output files generated by `sim_hessarray` and may optionally redo the image cleaning and shower reconstruction. It may be most useful to quickly visualize the images in the data file. Also called `read_cta` or `read_simtel`.
- `gen_lookup`: Process the histograms generated by `read_hess` to obtain lookup tables for width, length, energy, angular resolution, etc., which are used for further processing with `read_hess`.
- `list_histograms`: Show histograms embedded into an `eventio` file which can be either a dedicated histogram file or a general data file with any number of histogram blocks.
- `add_histograms`: Add up multiple occurrences of matching histograms (in ID, type, limits, and size) from one or multiple files into a new histogram file, independent of any format conversion.
- `hdata2hbook`: Converts from the `eventio` histogram format to the HBOOK/Paw format. Histogram blocks can be anywhere in a data file. You can also add up identical histograms from different input files before exporting.
- `hdata2root`: Converts from the `eventio` histogram format to the ROOT format. Like `hdata2hbook`.
- `gen_trgmask`: Fixing a problem with 2012/13 versions of `sim_telarray` for camera configurations with multiple types of triggers where the information on which type of trigger fired got lost. This tool recovers this information from the log files. Not needed for new simulations (nor for old ones which could only have one type of trigger).
- `check_trgmask`: Check the camera trigger type bit patterns generated by the `gen_trgmask` tool for consistency.

Chapter 2

Module Index

2.1 Modules

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| The fcat program | 16 |
| The list_histogram program | 17 |
| The check_trgmask program | 18 |
| The extract_hess program | 19 |
| The extract_simtel program | 20 |
| The gen_trgmask program | 23 |
| The merge_simtel program | 24 |
| The read_hess (aka read_simtel, read_cta) program | 27 |
| The read_hess_nr program | 30 |
| The split_hessio program | 32 |
| The hdata2hbook program (cvt2) | 34 |
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Chapter 3

Data Structure Index

3.1 Data Structures

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| Interface definitions for binary-only items . . . | 49 |
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| ConfigDataPointer | |
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| ConfigIntern | |
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| ConfigItemStruct | |
| Configuration as used in definitions of configuration blocks . . . | 57 |
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| Use a double-linked list for the registry . . . | 64 |
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| hess_camera_organisation_struct | Logical organisation of camera electronics channels | 68 |
| hess_camera_settings_struct | Definition of camera optics settings | 69 |
| hess_camera_software_setting_struct | Software settings used in camera process | 70 |
| hess_central_event_data_struct | Central trigger event data | 72 |
| hess_event_data_struct | All data for one event | 74 |
| hess_laser_calib_data_struct | Laser calibration data | 75 |
| hess_mc_event_struct | Monte Carlo event-specific data | 76 |
| hess_mc_pe_list | Photo-electrons from Monte Carlo individually | 77 |
| hess_mc_pe_sum_struct | Sums of photo-electrons in MC (total and per pixel) | 78 |
| hess_mc_photons | Photons from Monte Carlo | 79 |
| hess_mc_run_header_struct | MC run header | 80 |
| hess_mc_shower_profile_struct | Monte Carlo shower profile (sort of histogram) | 81 |
| hess_mc_shower_struct | Shower specific data | 83 |
| hess_pixel_calibrated_struct | | 84 |
| hess_pixel_disabled_struct | Pixels disabled in HV and/or trigger | 85 |
| hess_pixel_list | Lists of pixels (triggered, selected, etc.) | 85 |
| hess_pixel_setting_struct | Settings of pixel HV and thresholds | 86 |
| hess_pixel_timing_struct | | 87 |
| hess_pointing_correction_struct | Pointing correction parameters | 89 |
| hess_run_end_mc_statistics_struct | MC end-of-run statistics | 89 |
| hess_run_end_statistics_struct | End-of-run statistics | 90 |
| hess_run_header_struct | Run header common to measured and simulated data | 91 |
| hess_shower_parameter | Reconstructed shower parameters | 93 |
| hess_tel_event_adc_struct | ADC data (either sampled or sum mode) | 95 |
| hess_tel_event_data_struct | Event raw and image data from one telescope | 96 |
| hess_tel_image_struct | Image parameters | 98 |
| hess_tel_monitor_struct | Monitoring data | 101 |
| hess_time_struct | Breakdown of time into seconds since 1970.0 and nanoseconds | 104 |
| hess_tracking_event_data_struct | Tracking data interpolated for one event and one telescope | 104 |
| hess_tracking_setup_struct | Definition of tracking parameters | 105 |

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| histogram | A complete 1-D or 2-D histogram with control and data elements | 106 |
| Histogram_Extension | A histogram extension only allocated for weighted histograms | 109 |
| Histogram_Parameters | Parameters defining the usable range of coordinates | 110 |
| history_struct | Use to build a linked list of configuration history | 112 |
| histstat | Statistics element for histogram analysis | 113 |
| incpath | An element in a linked list of include paths | 113 |
| linked_string | The linked_string is mainly used to keep CORSIKA input | 114 |
| map_tel_struct | Structure with per output telescope information keeping track of prerequisites | 115 |
| moments | Numbers to be summed up to obtain the moments | 116 |
| momstat | First, second, and higher moments of a 1-D histogram | 116 |
| next_file_struct | | 117 |
| photo_electron | A photo-electron produced by a photon hitting a pixel | 117 |
| range_list_struct | | 118 |
| select_struct | | 119 |
| shower_extra_parameters | Extra shower parameters of unspecified nature | 119 |
| tel_type_param | | 121 |
| telescope_list | | 122 |
| trgmask_entry | | 122 |
| trgmask_hash_set | | 123 |
| trgmask_set | | 123 |
| user_parameters | | 124 |
| warn_specific_data | A struct used to store thread-specific data | 129 |

Chapter 4

File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

| | | |
|------------------------------------|---|-----|
| add_histograms.c | Utility program for adding up matching histograms | 131 |
| atmprof.c | A stripped-down version of the interpolation of atmospheric profiles from the <code>atmo.c</code> file of the CORSIKA IACT/ATMO package | 132 |
| atmprof.h | | ?? |
| basic_ntuple.h | Descleration of the basic_ntuple struct | 137 |
| best_of.cc | Tool for extracting best values from listings of 'rh3' sensitivity evaluations | 138 |
| camera_image.c | Plot a camera image from H.E.S.S | 140 |
| camera_image.h | | ?? |
| check_trgmask.c | Check consistency of 'trgmask' files produced with <code>gen_trgmask</code> for the CTA prod-2 data sets produced in 2013 | 145 |
| current.c | Code to insert current time string into warnings | 146 |
| current.h | Header file for optional current time add-on to warning.c | 150 |
| cvt2.c | Utility program for converting histograms to HBOOK format | 153 |
| cvt3.cc | Conversion of eventio histograms to ROOT format | 155 |
| dhsort.c | Dhsort - double type number heapsort | 156 |
| dhsort.h | | ?? |
| eventio_registry.c | Register and enquire about well-known I/O block types | 157 |
| eventio_registry.h | Register and enquire about well-known I/O block types | 160 |
| eventio_version.h | | ?? |
| extract_hess.c | Extract part of the H.E.S.S | 162 |
| extract_simtel.c | A program for extracting data for a subset of simulated telescopes | 163 |

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----|
| fcats.c | Trivial test and utility program for the fileopen/fileclose functions | 166 |
| fileopen.c | Allow searching of files in declared include paths (fopen replacement) | 166 |
| fileopen.h | Function prototypes for fileopen.c | 173 |
| gen_lookup.c | Generate image shape and energy lookups for user analysis in read_hess | 176 |
| gen_trgmask.c | A utility program for fixing problems with simulation data which does not have the correct bit pattern of telescope triggers but the correct pattern can be extracted from the log files | 179 |
| hconfig.c | Configuration control and procedure call interface | 180 |
| hconfig.h | Declare hconfig structures and functions | 190 |
| hessio_doc.h | Add an introduction to doxygen-generated documentation | 202 |
| histogram.c | Manage, fill, and display one- and two-dimensional histograms | 202 |
| histogram.h | Declarations for handling one- and two-dimensional histograms | 224 |
| history.h | Keep blocks of history in the data (like command line of programs operating on the data, ...) | 250 |
| initial.h | Identification of the system and including some basic include file | 251 |
| io_hess.c | Writing and reading of H.E.S.S. | 254 |
| io_hess.h | Definition and structures for H.E.S.S. | 265 |
| io_histogram.c | This file implements I/O for 1-D and 2-D histograms | 274 |
| io_histogram.h | Declarations for eventio I/O of histograms | 277 |
| io_history.c | Record history of configuration settings/commands | 280 |
| io_history.h | Record history of configuration settings/commands | 283 |
| io_simtel.c | Write and read CORSIKA blocks and simulated Cherenkov photon bunches | 284 |
| io_trgmask.c | EventIO plus helper functions for trigger type bit patterns extracted from sim_telarray log files (only relevant for simulations with multiple trigger types using sim_telarray versions before mid-2013) | 305 |
| io_trgmask.h | EventIO plus helper functions for trigger type bit patterns extracted from sim_telarray log files (only relevant for simulations with multiple trigger types using sim_telarray versions before mid-2013) | 307 |
| list_histograms.c | Utility program for listing histograms | 310 |
| mc_tel.h | Definitions and structures for CORSIKA Cherenkov light interface | 311 |
| merge_simtel.c | A program for merging events from separate telescope simulations of the same showers | 332 |
| moments.c | Calculate mean, rms, skewness, and kurtosis of data | 334 |
| read_hess.c | A program reading simulated data, optionally analysing the data, and also optionally also writing summary ("DST") data | 341 |

| | | |
|---------------------------------|--|-----|
| read_hess_nr.c | A skeleton program reading H.E.S.S | 346 |
| rec_tools.h | Tools for shower geometric reconstruction | 347 |
| reconstruct.c | Second moments type image analysis | 352 |
| reconstruct.h | | ?? |
| rndm2.h | Prototypes for random number generators adapted from HEP Random C++ code | 366 |
| split_hessio.c | Rip out data for each telescope into individual files | 368 |
| straux.c | Check for abbreviations of strings and get words from strings | 369 |
| straux.h | Check for abbreviations of strings and get words from strings | 371 |
| tohbook.c | Convert my histograms to HBOOK (PAW) histograms | 374 |
| tohbook.h | | ?? |
| toroot.cc | Functions for conversion of eventio histograms to ROOT format | 375 |
| toroot.hh | | ?? |
| user_analysis.c | Code for analysis of simulated (and reconstructed) showers within the framework of the read_ hess program | 377 |
| user_analysis.h | | ?? |
| warning.c | Pass warning messages to the screen or a usr function as set up | 389 |
| warning.h | Pass warning messages to the screen or a usr function as set up | 395 |
| ~user_analysis.h | | |

Chapter 5

Module Documentation

5.1 The add_histograms program

Functions

- void **syntax** (const char *prgm)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

5.1.2 Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 main()

```
int main (  
    int argc,  
    char ** argv )
```

Main program.

References verbose.

Referenced by dhsort(), line_point_distance(), and set_ev_reg_std().

5.2 The best_of program

One type is before the addition of 68% and 80% angular resolution values.

Data Structures

- struct [best_value](#)

Enumerations

- enum **SpecType** {
SPEC_NONE = -1, **SPEC_GAMMA** = 0, **SPEC_ELECTRON** = 1, **SPEC_PROTON** = 101,
SPEC_HE = 402, **SPEC_CNO** = 1407, **SPEC_SI** = 2814, **SPEC_IRON** = 5626,
SPEC_NONE = -1, **SPEC_GAMMA** = 0, **SPEC_ELECTRON** = 1, **SPEC_PROTON** = 101,
SPEC_HE = 402, **SPEC_CNO** = 1407, **SPEC_SI** = 2814, **SPEC_IRON** = 5626 }
- enum **espec_t** {
OLD_E_POWERLAW = 1, **NEW_E_POWERLAW** = 2, **NEW_E_PL_LGN1** = 3, **NEW_E_PL_LGN2** = 4,
OLD_E_POWERLAW = 1, **NEW_E_POWERLAW** = 2, **NEW_E_PL_LGN1** = 3, **NEW_E_PL_LGN2** = 4 }
- enum **BestChoice** {
BestDiff =1, **BestIntegral** =2, **BestAngle** =3, **BestEres** =4,
BestRate =5, **BestCombined** =6, **BestAll** =7 }

Functions

- string **particle_type** (SpecType sp)
- double **Crab_Unit** (double E)
- static double **cu** (double x)
- double **Crab_Unit_int** (double E)
- double **ergs** (double E)
- static double **f50** (double x)
- static double **fsp50** (double x)
- double **Flux_req50_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req50_E2erg_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req50_CU_south** (double E)
- static double **fn50** (double x)
- static double **fnsf50** (double x)
- double **Flux_req50_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req50_E2erg_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req50_CU_north** (double E)
- static double **f5** (double x)
- static double **fsp5** (double x)
- double **Flux_req5_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req5_E2erg_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req5_CU_south** (double E)
- static double **fn5** (double x)
- static double **fnsf5** (double x)
- double **Flux_req5_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req5_E2erg_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req5_CU_north** (double E)
- static double **f05** (double x)
- static double **fsp05** (double x)

- double **Flux_req05_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req05_E2erg_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req05_CU_south** (double E)
- static double **fn05** (double x)
- static double **fns05** (double x)
- double **Flux_req05_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req05_E2erg_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req05_CU_north** (double E)
- static double **fd50** (double x)
- static double **fdes50** (double x)
- double **Flux_goal50_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_goal50_E2erg_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_goal50_CU_south** (double E)
- static double **fnd50** (double x)
- static double **fndes50** (double x)
- double **Flux_goal50_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_goal50_E2erg_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_goal50_CU_north** (double E)
- double **Angular_resolution_req** (double E)
- double **Angular_resolution_goal** (double E)
- static double **eresb** (double E)
- double **Energy_resolution_req** (double E)
- static double **eresdb** (double E)
- double **Energy_resolution_goal** (double E)
- double **flux_int** (SpecType sp, double E1, double E2)
- double **lima17** (double on, double off, double alpha)
- bool **matching_required_diffsens** (int calc_pput, bool with_flux, double E, double diff_sens)
- bool **matching_required_performance** (int calc_pput, bool with_flux, double E, double diff_sens, double angres, double eres)
- bool **matching_required_angres** (double E, double angres)
- bool **matching_required_eres** (double E, double eres)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

Variables

- static double **sce** = 1.6022
- static double **sca** = 1e-4
- static double **sc** = sce*sca
- espec_t **espec_type** = OLD_E_POWERLAW

5.2.1 Detailed Description

One type is before the addition of 68% and 80% angular resolution values.

Another one is after addition of angular resolution but before addition of the energy resolution, and the third one is after the energy resolution got added to the output. The different formats are recognized by the presence and position of the histogram number (12056 to 12064 normally) on which the sensitivity evaluation is mainly based.

5.3 The fcat program

Macros

- `#define BSIZE 8192`

Functions

- `int main (int argc, char **argv)`

5.3.1 Detailed Description

5.4 The list_histogram program

Functions

- int `main` (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

5.4.2 Function Documentation

5.4.2.1 `main()`

```
int main (  
    int argc,  
    char ** argv )
```

Main program.

References verbose.

5.5 The check_trgmask program

Functions

- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

5.5.1 Detailed Description

5.6 The `extract_hess` program

Functions

- static void `syntax` (char *program)
Show program syntax.
- int `main` (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- static int `interrupted`

5.6.1 Detailed Description

5.6.2 Function Documentation

5.6.2.1 `main()`

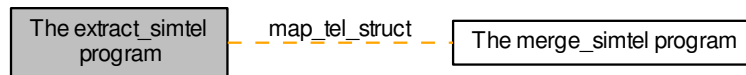
```
int main (  
    int argc,  
    char ** argv )
```

Main program.

Main program function of `extract_hess.c` program.

5.7 The extract_simtel program

Collaboration diagram for The extract_simtel program:



Data Structures

- struct [map_tel_struct](#)

Structure with per output telescope information keeping track of prerequisites.

Functions

- static void [syntax](#) (const char *program)
Show program syntax.
- int [find_in_tel_idx](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Offset of an input telescope of given ID within the input structures.
- int [find_out_tel_idx](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Offset of an input telescope of given ID within the output structures.
- int [find_mapped_telescope](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Mapping from telescope ID on input to telescope ID on output, with check.
- int [write_io_block_to_file](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, FILE *f)
Write an I/O block as-is to another file than foreseen for the I/O buffer.
- int [check_for_delayed_write](#) (IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header, int ifile, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, IO_BUFFER *iobuf_out)
- int [merge_data_from_io_block](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header, int ifile, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, IO_BUFFER *iobuf_out)
Processing of I/O blocks from the input file.
- int [check_autoload_trgmask](#) (const char *input_fname, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int ifile)
Check for a 'trgmask.gz' file matching the given input data file name and, if it exists, extract the corrected trigger bit patterns from it.
- void [print_process_status](#) (int prev_type1, int this_type1)
- int [read_map](#) (const char *map_fname)
- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- static int **interrupted**
- static int **verbose** = 0
- struct [map_tel_struct](#) **map_tel** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- int [map_to](#) [2][[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]
Mapping structures from input telescope ID to output telescope ID.
- int [tel_idx](#) [2][[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]
Mapping from telescope IDs to offsets in the data structures, first for input telescope IDs.
- int [tel_idx_out](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]
Mapping from output telescope ID to offset in output data structures.
- int **ntel1**
- int **ntel2**
- int **ntel**
- int **nrtel1**
- int **nrtel2**
- long **event1** = -1
- long **event2** = 0
- long **ev_hess_event** = 0
- long [ev_pe_sum](#) = 0
For delayed writing.
- int **run1** = -1
- int **run2** = -1
- int **min_trg** = 2
- static struct [trgmask_set](#) * **tms** [2] = { NULL, NULL }
- static struct [trgmask_hash_set](#) * **ths** [2] = { NULL, NULL }
- static int **events** [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int **mcshowers** [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int **mcevents** [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int **max_list** = 999

5.7.1 Detailed Description

5.7.2 Function Documentation

5.7.2.1 check_autoload_trgmask()

```
int check_autoload_trgmask (
    const char * input_fname,
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int ifile )
```

Check for a 'trgmask.gz' file matching the given input data file name and, if it exists, extract the corrected trigger bit patterns from it.

(Note: this is only relevant for multi-trigger data produced with a bug in recording the trigger bit pattern.)

We do not need to merge the contents of this file since the trigger bit patterns are corrected after reading the data.

References [fopen\(\)](#).

5.7.3 Variable Documentation

5.7.3.1 map_to

```
int map_to[2][H_MAX_TEL+1]
```

Mapping structures from input telescope ID to output telescope ID.

Not mapped telescopes are defined by output telescope ID of -1. The telescope ID to which a given input telescope ID should get mapped.

Referenced by find_mapped_telescope(), and find_out_tel_idx().

5.7.3.2 tel_idx

```
int tel_idx[2][H_MAX_TEL+1]
```

Mapping from telescope IDs to offsets in the data structures, first for input telescope IDs.

We restrict the ID/index mapping here to well behaved cases ($0 < ID \leq H_MAX_TEL$). An index value of -1 indicates a non-existent/ignored telescope. Where is a telescope of given ID in the input data structures?

Referenced by find_in_tel_idx(), and find_out_tel_idx().

5.7.3.3 tel_idx_out

```
int tel_idx_out[H_MAX_TEL+1]
```

Mapping from output telescope ID to offset in output data structures.

Where is a telescope of given ID in the output data structures?

Referenced by find_out_tel_idx().

5.8 The `gen_trgmask` program

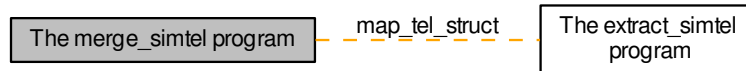
Functions

- void **syntax** (char *prgname)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

5.8.1 Detailed Description

5.9 The merge_simtel program

Collaboration diagram for The merge_simtel program:



Data Structures

- struct [map_tel_struct](#)

Structure with per output telescope information keeping track of prerequisites.

Functions

- void [stop_signal_function](#) (int isig)
Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.
- int [find_in_tel_idx](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Offset of an input telescope of given ID within the input structures.
- int [find_out_tel_idx](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Offset of an input telescope of given ID within the output structures.
- int [find_mapped_telescope](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Mapping from telescope ID on input to telescope ID on output, with check.
- int [write_io_block_to_file](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, FILE *f)
Write an I/O block as-is to another file than foreseen for the I/O buffer.
- int [has_min_trg_tel](#) ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, int mtrg, double rtm)
- int [check_for_delayed_write](#) (IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header, int ifile, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, IO_BUFFER *iobuf_out)
- int [merge_data_from_io_block](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header, int ifile, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, IO_BUFFER *iobuf_out)
Processing and merging of I/O blocks from the two input files, hopefully presented in the right order.
- int [check_autoload_trgmask](#) (const char *input_fname, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int ifile)
Check for a 'trgmask.gz' file matching the given input data file name and, if it exists, extract the corrected trigger bit patterns from it.
- void [print_process_status](#) (int prev_type1, int this_type1, int prev_type2, int this_type2)
- int [read_map](#) (const char *map_fname)
- static void [syntax](#) (const char *program)
Show program syntax.
- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- static int **interrupted**
- static int **verbose** = 0
- struct [map_tel_struct](#) **map_tel** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- int **map_to** [2][[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]
Mapping structures from input telescope ID to output telescope ID.
- int **tel_idx** [2][[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]
Mapping from telescope IDs to offsets in the data structures, first for input telescope IDs.
- int **tel_idx_out** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]
Mapping from output telescope ID to offset in output data structures.
- int **ntel1**
- int **ntel2**
- int **ntel**
- int **nrtel1**
- int **nrtel2**
- long **event1** = -1
- long **event2** = 0
- long **ev_hess_event** = 0
- long **ev_pe_sum** = 0
For delayed writing.
- int **run1** = -1
- int **run2** = -1
- int **min_trg** = 2
- double **distinct_sep** = 1.0
- static struct [trgmask_set](#) * **tms** [2] = { NULL, NULL }
- static struct [trgmask_hash_set](#) * **ths** [2] = { NULL, NULL }
- static int **events** [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int **mcshowers** [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int **mcevents** [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int **max_list** = 999

5.9.1 Detailed Description

5.9.2 Function Documentation

5.9.2.1 `check_autoload_trgmask()`

```
int check_autoload_trgmask (
    const char * input_fname,
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int ifile )
```

Check for a 'trgmask.gz' file matching the given input data file name and, if it exists, extract the corrected trigger bit patterns from it.

(Note: this is only relevant for multi-trigger data produced with a bug in recording the trigger bit pattern.)

We do not need to merge the contents of this file since the trigger bit patterns are corrected after reading the data.

References `fileopen()`.

5.9.2.2 stop_signal_function()

```
void stop_signal_function (
    int isig )
```

Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|----------------|
| <i>isig</i> | Signal number. |
|-------------|----------------|

Returns

(none)

5.9.3 Variable Documentation

5.9.3.1 map_to

```
int map_to[2][H_MAX_TEL+1]
```

Mapping structures from input telescope ID to output telescope ID.

Not mapped telescopes are defined by output telescope ID of -1. The telescope ID to which a given input telescope ID should get mapped.

Referenced by find_mapped_telescope(), and find_out_tel_idx().

5.9.3.2 tel_idx

```
int tel_idx[2][H_MAX_TEL+1]
```

Mapping from telescope IDs to offsets in the data structures, first for input telescope IDs.

We restrict the ID/index mapping here to well behaved cases ($0 < ID \leq H_MAX_TEL$). An index value of -1 indicates a non-existent/ignored telescope. Where is a telescope of given ID in the input data structures?

Referenced by find_in_tel_idx(), and find_out_tel_idx().

5.9.3.3 tel_idx_out

```
int tel_idx_out[H_MAX_TEL+1]
```

Mapping from output telescope ID to offset in output data structures.

Where is a telescope of given ID in the output data structures?

Referenced by find_out_tel_idx().

5.10 The read_hess (aka read_simtel, read_cta) program

Data Structures

- struct [next_file_struct](#)
- struct [range_list_struct](#)

Macros

- #define [CALIB_SCALE](#) 0.92
The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.
- #define [CALIB_SCALE](#) 0.92
The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.

Typedefs

- typedef struct [next_file_struct](#) **NextFile**
- typedef struct [range_list_struct](#) **RangeList**
- typedef struct [next_file_struct](#) **NextFile**

Functions

- void [stop_signal_function](#) (int isig)
Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.
- static void **init_rand** (int is)
- double [grand48](#) (double mean, double sigma)
Like RandFlat() from rndm2.c but using the drand48 engine.
- static void [mc_event_fill](#) ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, double d_sp_idx)
Fill [histogram\(s\)](#) for DST writing which require all MC shower and event data and which cannot be filled from DST level ≥ 2 data.
- static int [write_dst_histos](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf2)
Write histograms for DST book-keeping and clear them afterwards.
- static void **show_run_summary** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int nev, int ntrg, double plidx, double wsum_all, double wsum_trg, double rmax_x, double rmax_y, double rmax_r)
- static void [syntax](#) (char *program)
Show program syntax.
- [NextFile](#) * **add_next_file** (const char *fn, [NextFile](#) *nxt)
- [RangeList](#) * **add_range** (long f, long t, [RangeList](#) *rl)
- int **is_in_range** (long n, [RangeList](#) *rl)
- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- struct [basic_ntuple](#) **bnt**
- static int **interrupted**
- static int **dst_processing**
- static int **g48_set**
- static double **g48_next**
- struct [basic_ntuple](#) **bnt**
- static int **interrupted**
- static int **dst_processing**

5.10.1 Detailed Description

5.10.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.10.2.1 CALIB_SCALE [1/2]

```
#define CALIB_SCALE 0.92
```

The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.

units to units of the single-p.e. peak: Depends on the collection efficiency, the asymmetry of the single p.e. amplitude distribution and the electronic noise added to the signals.

5.10.2.2 CALIB_SCALE [2/2]

```
#define CALIB_SCALE 0.92
```

The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.

units to units of the single-p.e. peak: Depends on the collection efficiency, the asymmetry of the single p.e. amplitude distribution and the electronic noise added to the signals.

5.10.3 Function Documentation

5.10.3.1 main()

```
int main (
    int argc,
    char ** argv )
```

Main program.

Main program function of [read_hess.c](#) program.

References verbose.

5.10.3.2 stop_signal_function()

```
void stop_signal_function (
    int isig )
```

Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|----------------|
| <i>sig</i> | Signal number. |
|------------|----------------|

Returns

(none)

5.11 The read_hess_nr program

Macros

- `#define _UNUSED_`
- `#define CALIB_SCALE 0.92`

The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.

Functions

- double `calibrate_pixel_amplitude` (`AllHessData` *hsdata, int itel, int ipix, int dummy, double cdummy)
Calibrate a single pixel amplitude, for cameras with two gains per pixel.
- double `calibrate_pixel_amplitude` (`AllHessData` *hsdata, int itel, int ipix, `_UNUSED_` int dummy, `_UNUSED_` double cdummy)
- void `stop_signal_function` (int isig)
Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.
- static void `show_run_summary` (`AllHessData` *hsdata, int nev, int ntrg, double plidx, double wsum_all, double wsum_trg, double rmax_x, double rmax_y, double rmax_r)
- static void `syntax` (char *program)
Show program syntax.
- int `main` (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- static int `interrupted`

5.11.1 Detailed Description

5.11.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.11.2.1 CALIB_SCALE

```
#define CALIB_SCALE 0.92
```

The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.

units to units of the single-p.e. peak: Depends on the collection efficiency, the asymmetry of the single p.e. amplitude distribution and the electronic noise added to the signals.

5.11.3 Function Documentation

5.11.3.1 `calibrate_pixel_amplitude()`

```
double calibrate_pixel_amplitude (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int ipix,
    int dummy,
    double cdummy )
```

Calibrate a single pixel amplitude, for cameras with two gains per pixel.

This version does not include amplitude clipping nor obtaining amplitudes from the pixel timing data structure.

Returns

Pixel amplitude in peak p.e. units.

5.11.3.2 `main()`

```
int main (
    int argc,
    char ** argv )
```

Main program.

Main program function of [read_hess.c](#) program.

References `user_parameters::reco_flag`, and `verbose`.

5.11.3.3 `stop_signal_function()`

```
void stop_signal_function (
    int isig )
```

Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|----------------|
| <i>isig</i> | Signal number. |
|-------------|----------------|

Returns

(none)

5.12 The split_hessio program

Functions

- void [stop_signal_function](#) (int isig)
Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.
- static void [syntax](#) (char *program)
Show program syntax.
- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- static int **interrupted**

5.12.1 Detailed Description

5.12.2 Function Documentation

5.12.2.1 main()

```
int main (  
    int argc,  
    char ** argv )
```

Main program.

Main program function of [read_hess.c](#) program.

References verbose.

5.12.2.2 stop_signal_function()

```
void stop_signal_function (  
    int isig )
```

Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|----------------|
| <i>isig</i> | Signal number. |
|-------------|----------------|

Returns

(none)

5.13 The hdata2hbook program (cvt2)

Functions

- int `main` (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

5.13.1 Detailed Description

5.13.2 Function Documentation

5.13.2.1 `main()`

```
int main (  
    int argc,  
    char ** argv )
```

Main program.

References verbose.

5.14 The hdata2root program (cvt3)

Functions

- int **read_file** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, const char *fname, int add_flag, int list_flag)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

5.14.1 Detailed Description

Chapter 6

Data Structure Documentation

6.1 basic_ntuple Struct Reference

A struct with basic per-shower parameters, to be used as an n-tuple in the event selection.

```
#include <basic_ntuple.h>
```

Data Fields

- int `primary`
Primary particle ID.
- int `run`
Simulation run number.
- int `event`
*Event number (100*shower number + array number)*
- double `weight`
Event weight, not to be used for selection (based on true energy).
- double `lg_e_true`
log10(true energy of primary).
- double `xfirst_true`
Atmospheric depth of first interaction.
- double `xmax_true`
True shower maximum atmospheric depth (not well defined with few particles).
- double `xc_true`
True core position at detection level (x coordinate).
- double `yc_true`
True core position at detection level (y coordinate).
- double `az_true`
True shower direction (Azimuth).
- double `alt_true`
True shower direction (Altitude).
- double `xc`
Reconstructed core position at detection level (x coordinate).
- double `yc`
Reconstructed core position at detection level (y coordinate).

- double [az](#)
Reconstructed shower direction (Azimuth).
- double [alt](#)
Reconstructed shower direction (Altitude).
- double [rcm](#)
Mean core distance of telescopes used in reconstruction.
- double [mdisp](#)
Mean DISP (1.
- double [theta](#)
Angle between source position and rec.
- double [sig_theta](#)
R.m.s.
- double [mscrw](#)
Mean scaled reduced width.
- double [sig_mscrw](#)
R.m.s.
- double [mscrl](#)
Mean scaled reduced length.
- double [sig_mscrl](#)
R.m.s.
- double [xmax](#)
Depth of shower maximum.
- double [sig_xmax](#)
R.m.s.
- double [lg_e](#)
Log10 of reconstructed energy.
- double [sig_e](#)
Relative error estimate on E (NOT the r.m.s.
- double [chi2_e](#)
Consistency of individual energy estimates as reduced χ^2 value.
- double [tslope](#)
Core distance corrected mean time slope (deg/ns/100 m).
- double [tsphere](#)
R.m.s.
- size_t [n_img](#)
Number of used images.
- size_t [n_trg](#)
Number of triggered telescopes.
- size_t [n_fail](#)
Number of failed triggers (telescopes expected to trigger).
- size_t [n_tsl0](#)
Number of images with zero time slope well outside light pool.
- size_t [n_pix](#)
Total number of used pixels in all used images.
- size_t [acceptance](#)
Event acceptance level by standard selection scheme (0: no; 1: shape cuts; 2: +angular cut; 3: +dE cut; 4: +dE2 cut; 5: +Hmax cut.

6.1.1 Detailed Description

A struct with basic per-shower parameters, to be used as an n-tuple in the event selection.

6.1.2 Field Documentation

6.1.2.1 acceptance

```
size_t basic_ntuple::acceptance
```

Event acceptance level by standard selection scheme (0: no; 1: shape cuts; 2: +angular cut; 3: +dE cut; 4: +dE2 cut; 5: +Hmax cut).

6.1.2.2 alt

```
double basic_ntuple::alt
```

Reconstructed shower direction (Altitude).

6.1.2.3 alt_true

```
double basic_ntuple::alt_true
```

True shower direction (Altitude).

6.1.2.4 az

```
double basic_ntuple::az
```

Reconstructed shower direction (Azimuth).

6.1.2.5 az_true

```
double basic_ntuple::az_true
```

True shower direction (Azimuth).

6.1.2.6 chi2_e

```
double basic_ntuple::chi2_e
```

Consistency of individual energy estimates as reduced χ^2 value.

6.1.2.7 lg_e

```
double basic_ntuple::lg_e
```

Log10 of reconstructed energy.

Referenced by list_ntuple().

6.1.2.8 lg_e_true

```
double basic_ntuple::lg_e_true
```

log10(true energy of primary).

6.1.2.9 mdisp

```
double basic_ntuple::mdisp
```

Mean DISP (1.

-width/length) of usable images.

Referenced by list_ntuple().

6.1.2.10 mscl

```
double basic_ntuple::mscl
```

Mean scaled reduced length.

6.1.2.11 mscrw

```
double basic_ntuple::mscrw
```

Mean scaled reduced width.

6.1.2.12 n_fail

```
size_t basic_ntuple::n_fail
```

Number of failed triggers (telescopes expected to trigger).

6.1.2.13 n_img

```
size_t basic_ntuple::n_img
```

Number of used images.

6.1.2.14 n_pix

```
size_t basic_ntuple::n_pix
```

Total number of used pixels in all used images.

6.1.2.15 n_trg

```
size_t basic_ntuple::n_trg
```

Number of triggered telescopes.

6.1.2.16 n_tsl0

```
size_t basic_ntuple::n_tsl0
```

Number of images with zero time slope well outside light pool.

6.1.2.17 primary

```
int basic_ntuple::primary
```

Primary particle ID.

6.1.2.18 rcm

```
double basic_ntuple::rcm
```

Mean core distance of telescopes used in reconstruction.

Referenced by list_ntuple().

6.1.2.19 run

```
int basic_ntuple::run
```

Simulation run number.

6.1.2.20 sig_e

```
double basic_ntuple::sig_e
```

Relative error estimate on E (NOT the r.m.s.
of individual estimates).

6.1.2.21 sig_mscl

```
double basic_ntuple::sig_mscl
```

R.m.s.
of scaled reduced lengths of individual images.

6.1.2.22 sig_mscrw

```
double basic_ntuple::sig_mscrw
```

R.m.s.
of scaled reduced widths of individual images.

6.1.2.23 sig_theta

```
double basic_ntuple::sig_theta
```

R.m.s.

of theta of telescopes pairs (if > 2 tel.).

6.1.2.24 sig_xmax

```
double basic_ntuple::sig_xmax
```

R.m.s.

of Xmax from individual telescopes/images.

6.1.2.25 theta

```
double basic_ntuple::theta
```

Angle between source position and rec.

shower direction.

Referenced by list_ntuple().

6.1.2.26 tslope

```
double basic_ntuple::tslope
```

Core distance corrected mean time slope (deg/ns/100 m).

6.1.2.27 tsphere

```
double basic_ntuple::tsphere
```

R.m.s.

of trigger times from spherical propagation from shower max.

6.1.2.28 weight

```
double basic_ntuple::weight
```

Event weight, not to be used for selection (based on true energy).

6.1.2.29 xc

```
double basic_ntuple::xc
```

Reconstructed core position at detection level (x coordinate).

Referenced by `user_event_fill()`.

6.1.2.30 xc_true

```
double basic_ntuple::xc_true
```

True core position at detection level (x coordinate).

Referenced by `user_event_fill()`.

6.1.2.31 xfirst_true

```
double basic_ntuple::xfirst_true
```

Atmospheric depth of first interaction.

6.1.2.32 xmax

```
double basic_ntuple::xmax
```

Depth of shower maximum.

6.1.2.33 xmax_true

```
double basic_ntuple::xmax_true
```

True shower maximum atmospheric depth (not well defined with few particles).

6.1.2.34 yc

```
double basic_ntuple::yc
```

Reconstructed core position at detection level (y coordinate).

Referenced by `user_event_fill()`.

6.1.2.35 yc_true

```
double basic_ntuple::yc_true
```

True core position at detection level (y coordinate).

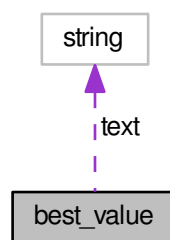
Referenced by `user_event_fill()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [basic_ntuple.h](#)

6.2 best_value Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for `best_value`:



Public Member Functions

- **best_value** (int k, double v, int qtr, const string &t, double aeff, double vlGE, double vlGE1, double vlGE2, double vds, double vbr=0., double vgr=0., double var=0., double ver=0., double veb=0., double ng=0., double nb=0.)

Data Fields

- int **kbin**
- double **best**
- int **q**
- string **text**
- double **A**
effective area (for gammas)
- double **lgE**
- double **lgE1**
- double **lgE2**
- double **diff_sens**
- double **bg_rate**

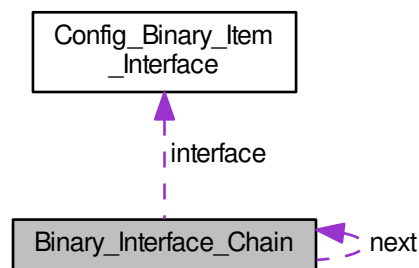
- double **gamma_rate**
- double **angres**
- double **eres**
- double **ebias**
- double **n_gamma_cu**
- double **nint_gamma_cu**
- double **n_bg**
- double **nint_bg**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [best_of.cc](#)

6.3 Binary_Interface_Chain Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for Binary_Interface_Chain:



Data Fields

- struct [Config_Binary_Item_Interface](#) * **interface**
- struct [Binary_Interface_Chain](#) * **next**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [hconfig.c](#)

6.4 FloatCompressor::Bits Union Reference

Data Fields

- float **f**
- int32_t **si**
- uint32_t **ui**

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

- [f16.cc](#)

6.5 Float16Compressor::Bits Union Reference

Data Fields

- float **f**
- int32_t **si**
- uint32_t **ui**

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

- f16.cc

6.6 bunch Struct Reference

Photons collected in bunches of identical direction, position, time, and wavelength.

```
#include <mc_tel.h>
```

Data Fields

- float **photons**
Number of photons in bunch.
- float **x**
- float **y**
Arrival position relative to telescope (cm)
- float **cx**
- float **cy**
Direction cosines of photon direction.
- float **ctime**
Arrival time (ns)
- float **zem**
Height of emission point above sea level (cm)
- float **lambda**
Wavelength in nanometers or 0.

6.6.1 Detailed Description

Photons collected in bunches of identical direction, position, time, and wavelength.

The wavelength will normally be unspecified as produced by CORSIKA (lambda=0).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [mc_tel.h](#)

6.7 camera_nb_list Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int [npix](#)
Number of pixels in camera.
- int [nbsize](#)
Number of neighbours in list (elements in nblast).
- int * [pix_num_nb](#)
Number of neighbours for each pixel.
- int * [pix_first_nb](#)
Where in list is the first of the neighbours for each pixel.
- int * [nblast](#)
The actual packed list of all neighbours for all pixels.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [reconstruct.c](#)

6.8 compact_bunch Struct Reference

The [compact_bunch](#) struct is equivalent to the bunch struct except that we try to use less memory.

```
#include <mc_tel.h>
```

Data Fields

- short [photons](#)
*ph*100*
- short [x](#)
- short [y](#)
*x,y*10 (mm)*
- short [cx](#)
- short [cy](#)
*cx,cy*30000*
- short [ctime](#)
*ctime*10 (0.1ns) after subtracting offset*
- short [log_zem](#)
*log10(zem)*1000*
- short [lambda](#)
(nm) or 0

6.8.1 Detailed Description

The [compact_bunch](#) struct is equivalent to the bunch struct except that we try to use less memory.

And that has a number of limitations: 1) Bunch sizes must be less than 327. 2) photon impact points in a horizontal plane through the centre of each detector sphere must be less than 32.7 m from the detector centre in both x and y coordinates. Thus, $\sec(z) * R < 32.7$ m is required, with 'z' being the zenith angle and 'R' the radius of the detector sphere. When accounting for multiple scattering and Cherenkov emission angles, the actual limit is reached even earlier than that. 3) Only times within 3.27 microseconds from the time, when the primary particle propagated with the speed of light would cross the altitude of the sphere centre, can be treated. For large zenith angle observations this limits horizontal core distances to about 1000 m. For efficiency reasons, no checks are made on these limits.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [mc_tel.h](#)

6.9 Config_Binary_Item_Interface Struct Reference

Interface definitions for binary-only items.

```
#include <hconfig.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [io_item_type](#)
The eventio item type.
- int [elem_size](#)
The size of the elements.
- void [\(* new_func\)](#)(int nelem, int item_type)
The function to be called for allocating elements.
- int [\(* delete_func\)](#)(void *ptr, int nelem, int item_type)
The function to be called for deleting elements.
- int [\(* read_func\)](#)(void *bin_item, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int item_type)
The function to be called for reading elements from buffer.
- int [\(* write_func\)](#)(void *bin_item, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int item_type)
The function to be called for writing elements to buffer.
- int [\(* readtext_func\)](#)(void *bin_item, char *text, int item_type)
The function to be called for reading elements from text line.
- int [\(* list_func\)](#)(void *bin_item, int item_type)
The optional function for listing element contents.
- int [\(* copy_func\)](#)(void *bin_item_to, void *bin_item_from, int io_type)
The optional function for copying elements.

6.9.1 Detailed Description

Interface definitions for binary-only items.

Binary-only items are structures, classes, or unions which can only be filled via dedicated functions (methods) and not via the standard text-input.

This structure defines available interface methods. The item type is always passed to the functions, in case that a function can handle more than one type.

6.9.2 Field Documentation

6.9.2.1 copy_func

```
int (* Config_Binary_Item_Interface::copy_func) (void *bin_item_to, void *bin_item_from, int io_type)
```

The optional function for copying elements.

This is only needed if the element includes pointers to external or dynamically allocated material.

6.9.2.2 delete_func

```
int (* Config_Binary_Item_Interface::delete_func) (void *ptr, int nelem, int item_type)
```

The function to be called for deleting elements.

6.9.2.3 elem_size

```
int Config_Binary_Item_Interface::elem_size
```

The size of the elements.

6.9.2.4 io_item_type

```
int Config_Binary_Item_Interface::io_item_type
```

The eventio item type.

Referenced by find_config_binary_interface().

6.9.2.5 list_func

```
int (* Config_Binary_Item_Interface::list_func) (void *bin_item, int item_type)
```

The optional function for listing element contents.

6.9.2.6 new_func

```
void*(* Config_Binary_Item_Interface::new_func) (int nelem, int item_type)
```

The function to be called for allocating elements.

6.9.2.7 read_func

```
int(* Config_Binary_Item_Interface::read_func) (void *bin_item, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int item_type)
```

The function to be called for reading elements from buffer.

6.9.2.8 readtext_func

```
int(* Config_Binary_Item_Interface::readtext_func) (void *bin_item, char *text, int item_type)
```

The function to be called for reading elements from text line.

Referenced by `define_config_binary_interface()`.

6.9.2.9 write_func

```
int(* Config_Binary_Item_Interface::write_func) (void *bin_item, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int item_type)
```

The function to be called for writing elements to buffer.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [hconfig.h](#)

6.10 config_specific_data Struct Reference

Data Fields

- char **default_section** [65]

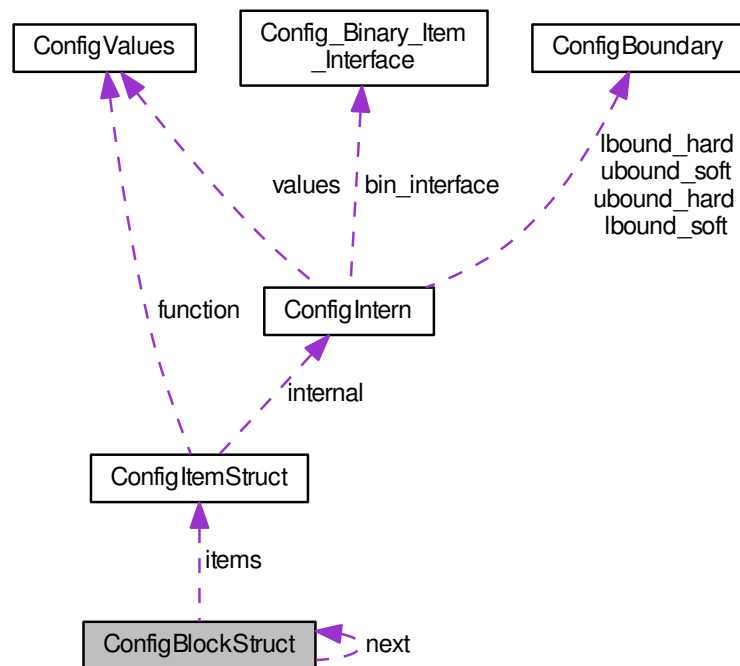
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [hconfig.c](#)

6.11 ConfigBlockStruct Struct Reference

Configuration is organized in sections.

Collaboration diagram for ConfigBlockStruct:



Data Fields

- `const char * section`
- `struct ConfigItemStruct * items`
- `struct ConfigBlockStruct * next`
- `int flag`

6.11.1 Detailed Description

Configuration is organized in sections.

`CONFIG_BLOCK` used for bookkeeping of that.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [hconfig.c](#)

6.12 ConfigBoundary Union Reference

Configuration value may have optional lower and/or upper bounds.

```
#include <hconfig.h>
```

Data Fields

- long **lval**
- unsigned long **ulval**
- double * **rval**

6.12.1 Detailed Description

Configuration value may have optional lower and/or upper bounds.

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

- [hconfig.h](#)

6.13 ConfigDataPointer Union Reference

This union of pointers allows convenient access of various types of data.

```
#include <hconfig.h>
```

Data Fields

- void * **anything**
- char * **cdata**
- unsigned char * **ucdata**
- short * **sdata**
- unsigned short * **usdata**
- int * **idata**
- unsigned int * **uidata**
- long * **ldata**
- unsigned long * **uldata**
- float * **fdata**
- double * **ddata**

6.13.1 Detailed Description

This union of pointers allows convenient access of various types of data.

The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

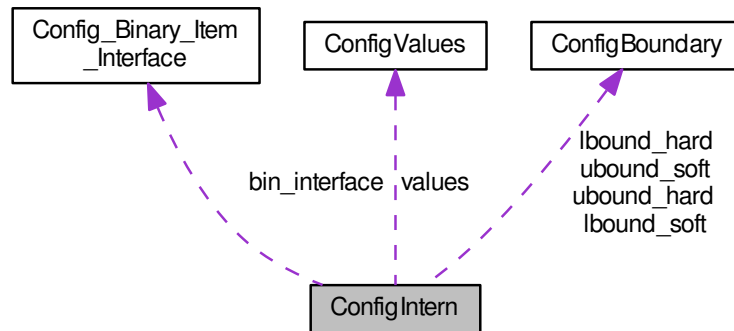
- [hconfig.h](#)

6.14 ConfigIntern Struct Reference

Configuration elements used only internally.

```
#include <hconfig.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for ConfigIntern:



Data Fields

- int [itype](#)
Parameter type code.
- int [elem_size](#)
Size of elements in bytes.
- int [locked](#)
Set to 1 if locked.
- int [bound](#)
Bits 0-3 set if lower soft, upper soft,.
- union [ConfigBoundary](#) [lbound_soft](#)
Used for checking new values.
- union [ConfigBoundary](#) [ubound_soft](#)
Used for checking new values.
- union [ConfigBoundary](#) [lbound_hard](#)
Used for checking new values.
- union [ConfigBoundary](#) [ubound_hard](#)
Used for checking new values.
- struct [ConfigValues](#) [values](#)
Passed to user function.
- struct [Config_Binary_Item_Interface](#) * [bin_interface](#)
- int [bin_alloc_elements](#)

6.14.1 Detailed Description

Configuration elements used only internally.

6.14.2 Field Documentation

6.14.2.1 bound

```
int ConfigIntern::bound
```

Bits 0-3 set if lower soft, upper soft,.

lower hard, or upper hard bound present.

6.14.2.2 elem_size

```
int ConfigIntern::elem_size
```

Size of elements in bytes.

6.14.2.3 itype

```
int ConfigIntern::itype
```

Parameter type code.

Referenced by `display_config_current()`.

6.14.2.4 lbound_hard

```
union ConfigBoundary ConfigIntern::lbound_hard
```

Used for checking new values.

6.14.2.5 lbound_soft

```
union ConfigBoundary ConfigIntern::lbound_soft
```

Used for checking new values.

6.14.2.6 locked

```
int ConfigIntern::locked
```

Set to 1 if locked.

Referenced by `display_config_item()`.

6.14.2.7 ubound_hard

```
union ConfigBoundary ConfigIntern::ubound_hard
```

Used for checking new values.

6.14.2.8 ubound_soft

```
union ConfigBoundary ConfigIntern::ubound_soft
```

Used for checking new values.

6.14.2.9 values

```
struct ConfigValues ConfigIntern::values
```

Passed to user function.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

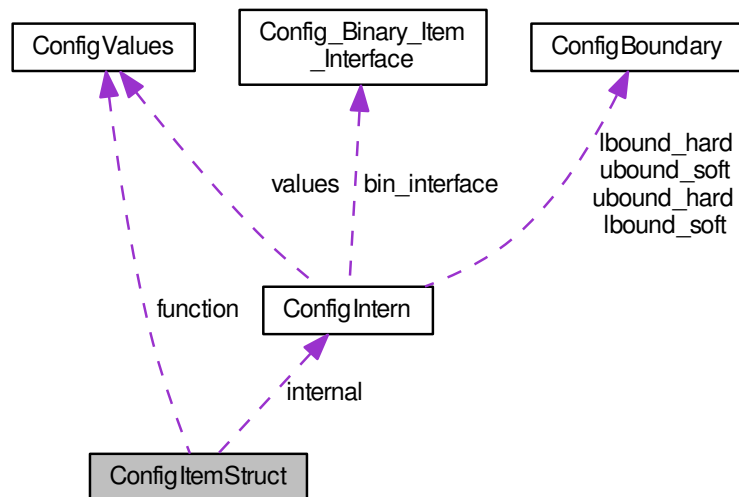
- [hconfig.h](#)

6.15 ConfigItemStruct Struct Reference

Configuration as used in definitions of configuration blocks.

```
#include <hconfig.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for ConfigItemStruct:



Data Fields

- const char * [name](#)
Parameter/function name.
- const char * [type](#)
Data/function type.
- int [size](#)
Number of elements.
- void * [data](#)
Data pointer or NULL.
- PFIIX [function](#)
Associated function or NULL.
- const char * [initial](#)
Initial values/argument or NULL.
- const char * [lbound](#)
Lower bound (soft,hard) on values or NULL.
- const char * [ubound](#)
Upper bound (soft,hard) on values or NULL.
- int [flags](#)
Additional flag bits.
- PFISS [validate](#)

Function to validate if change is possible or NULL.

- void * [res1](#)

Placeholder to keep structure size the same.

- void * [res2](#)

Not used.

- struct [ConfigIntern](#) [internal](#)

Internal data.

6.15.1 Detailed Description

Configuration as used in definitions of configuration blocks.

6.15.2 Field Documentation

6.15.2.1 data

```
void* ConfigItemStruct::data
```

Data pointer or NULL.

Referenced by `display_config_current()`.

6.15.2.2 flags

```
int ConfigItemStruct::flags
```

Additional flag bits.

Referenced by `set_config_values()`.

6.15.2.3 function

```
PFX ConfigItemStruct::function
```

Associated function or NULL.

6.15.2.4 initial

```
const char* ConfigItemStruct::initial
```

Initial values/argument or NULL.

6.15.2.5 internal

```
struct ConfigIntern ConfigItemStruct::internal
```

Internal data.

Referenced by `display_config_current()`, and `display_config_item()`.

6.15.2.6 lbound

```
const char* ConfigItemStruct::lbound
```

Lower bound (soft,hard) on values or NULL.

6.15.2.7 name

```
const char* ConfigItemStruct::name
```

Parameter/function name.

Referenced by `display_config_item()`.

6.15.2.8 res1

```
void* ConfigItemStruct::res1
```

Placeholder to keep structure size the same.

6.15.2.9 res2

```
void* ConfigItemStruct::res2
```

Not used.

6.15.2.10 size

```
int ConfigItemStruct::size
```

Number of elements.

Referenced by `display_config_current()`.

6.15.2.11 type

```
const char* ConfigItemStruct::type
```

Data/function type.

Referenced by `display_config_item()`.

6.15.2.12 ubound

```
const char* ConfigItemStruct::ubound
```

Upper bound (soft,hard) on values or NULL.

6.15.2.13 validate

```
PFISS ConfigItemStruct::validate
```

Function to validate if change is possible or NULL.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [hconfig.h](#)

6.16 ConfigValues Struct Reference

Configuration values and supporting data passed to user functions.

```
#include <hconfig.h>
```

Data Fields

- void * [data_changed](#)
Pointer to the updated values.
- void * [data_saved](#)
Pointer to the saved values.
- int [max_mod](#)
How many elements can, at most, be modified.
- int [nmod](#)
How many have been modified.
- int * [list_mod](#)
List of indices to modified elements.
- unsigned char * [mod_flag](#)
Vector of size max_mod indicating modified elements.
- int [itype](#)
Internal item type representation.
- const char * [name](#)
The name of the element.
- const char * [section](#)
The section to which it belongs.
- int [elements](#)
The number of elements it has.
- int [elem_size](#)
The size of one element in bytes.
- int [binary_config](#)
Set to one if binary configuration was used.

6.16.1 Detailed Description

Configuration values and supporting data passed to user functions.

6.16.2 Field Documentation

6.16.2.1 [binary_config](#)

```
int ConfigValues::binary_config
```

Set to one if binary configuration was used.

6.16.2.2 [data_changed](#)

```
void* ConfigValues::data_changed
```

Pointer to the updated values.

6.16.2.3 data_saved

```
void* ConfigValues::data_saved
```

Pointer to the saved values.

6.16.2.4 elem_size

```
int ConfigValues::elem_size
```

The size of one element in bytes.

6.16.2.5 elements

```
int ConfigValues::elements
```

The number of elements it has.

6.16.2.6 itype

```
int ConfigValues::itype
```

Internal item type representation.

6.16.2.7 list_mod

```
int* ConfigValues::list_mod
```

List of indices to modified elements.

6.16.2.8 max_mod

```
int ConfigValues::max_mod
```

How many elements can, at most, be modified.

6.16.2.9 mod_flag

```
unsigned char* ConfigValues::mod_flag
```

Vector of size max_mod indicating modified elements.

6.16.2.10 name

```
const char* ConfigValues::name
```

The name of the element.

6.16.2.11 nmod

```
int ConfigValues::nmod
```

How many have been modified.

6.16.2.12 section

```
const char* ConfigValues::section
```

The section to which it belongs.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [hconfig.h](#)

6.17 ebias_cor_data Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int **ndat**
- double * **IgE**
- double * **IgDE**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [user_analysis.c](#)

6.18 `ev_reg_chain` Struct Reference

Use a double-linked list for the registry.

Collaboration diagram for `ev_reg_chain`:



Data Fields

- struct `ev_reg_entry` * `entry`
The current entry.
- struct `ev_reg_chain` * `prev`
- struct `ev_reg_chain` * `next`

6.18.1 Detailed Description

Use a double-linked list for the registry.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [eventio_registry.c](#)

6.19 `Float16Compressor` Class Reference

Data Structures

- union `Bits`

Static Public Member Functions

- static uint16_t **compress** (float value)
- static float **decompress** (uint16_t value)

Static Private Attributes

- static int const **shift** = 13
- static int const **shiftSign** = 16
- static int32_t const **infN** = 0x7F800000
- static int32_t const **maxN** = 0x477FE000
- static int32_t const **minN** = 0x38800000
- static int32_t const **signN** = 0x80000000
- static int32_t const **infC** = infN >> shift
- static int32_t const **nanN** = (infC + 1) << shift
- static int32_t const **maxC** = maxN >> shift
- static int32_t const **minC** = minN >> shift
- static int32_t const **signC** = signN >> shiftSign
- static int32_t const **mulN** = 0x52000000
- static int32_t const **mulC** = 0x33800000
- static int32_t const **subC** = 0x003FF
- static int32_t const **norC** = 0x00400
- static int32_t const **maxD** = infC - maxC - 1
- static int32_t const **minD** = minC - subC - 1

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- f16.cc

6.20 FloatCompressor Class Reference

Data Structures

- union [Bits](#)

Public Member Functions

- **FloatCompressor** (float min, float epsilon, float max, int precision)
- float **clamp** (float value)
- uint32_t **compress** (float value)
- float **decompress** (uint32_t value)

Private Attributes

- bool **hasNegatives**
- bool **noLoss**
- int32_t **_maxF**
- int32_t **_minF**
- int32_t **_epsF**
- int32_t **_maxC**
- int32_t **_zeroC**
- int32_t **_pDelta**
- int32_t **_nDelta**
- int **_shift**

Static Private Attributes

- static int32_t const **signF** = 0x80000000
- static int32_t const **absF** = ~signF

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

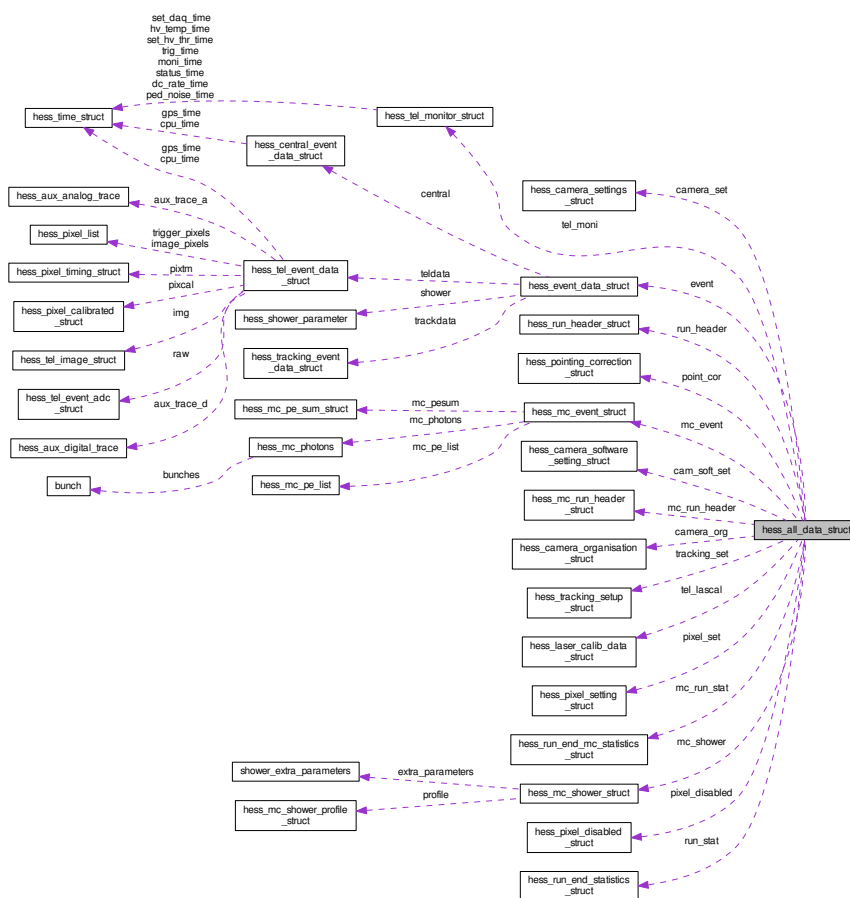
- f16.cc

6.21 hess_all_data_struct Struct Reference

Container for all H.E.S.S.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for hess_all_data_struct:



Data Fields

- [RunHeader](#) **run_header**
- [MCRunHeader](#) **mc_run_header**
- [CameraSettings](#) **camera_set** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- [CameraOrganisation](#) **camera_org** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- [PixelSetting](#) **pixel_set** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- [PixelDisabled](#) **pixel_disabled** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- [CameraSoftSet](#) **cam_soft_set** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- [TrackingSetup](#) **tracking_set** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- [PointingCorrection](#) **point_cor** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- [FullEvent](#) **event**
- [MCShower](#) **mc_shower**
- [MCEvent](#) **mc_event**
- [TelMoniData](#) **tel_moni** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- [LasCalData](#) **tel_lascal** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- [RunStat](#) **run_stat**
- [MCRunStat](#) **mc_run_stat**

6.21.1 Detailed Description

Container for all H.E.S.S.

data

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.22 hess_aux_analog_trace Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int [known](#)
Must be set to 1 if and only if corresponding data is available.
- int [tel_id](#)
Must match the expected telescope ID when reading.
- int [trace_type](#)
Indicate what type of trace we have (1: pixel input, 2: analog sum, 3: disc/comp. output, 4: majority input)
- float [time_scale](#)
Time per auxilliary sample over time per normal FADC sample (typ.: 0.25)
- size_t [num_traces](#)
The number of traces coming from the camera.
- size_t [len_traces](#)
The length of each trace in FADC samples.
- float * [trace_data](#)
*Allocated on first use with num_traces*len_traces elements.*

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.23 hess_aux_digital_trace Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int [known](#)
Must be set to 1 if and only if corresponding data is available.
- int [tel_id](#)
Must match the expected telescope ID when reading.
- int [trace_type](#)
Indicate what type of trace we have (1: DigitalSum trigger trace)
- float [time_scale](#)
Time per auxilliary sample over time per normal FADC sample (typ.: 1.0)
- size_t [num_traces](#)
The number of traces coming from the camera.
- size_t [len_traces](#)
The length of each trace in FADC samples.
- uint16_t * [trace_data](#)
*Allocated on first use with num_traces*len_traces elements.*

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.24 hess_camera_organisation_struct Struct Reference

Logical organisation of camera electronics channels.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [tel_id](#)
Telescope ID.
- int [num_pixels](#)
Number of pixels in camera.
- int [num_drawers](#)
Number of drawers (mechanical units) in camera.
- int [num_gains](#)
Number of gains per PM.
- int [num_sectors](#)
Number of sectors (trigger groups).
- int [drawer](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Drawer assignment for each pixel.
- int [card](#) [H_MAX_PIX][H_MAX_GAINS]
- int [chip](#) [H_MAX_PIX][H_MAX_GAINS]
- int [channel](#) [H_MAX_PIX][H_MAX_GAINS]
- int [nsect](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Number of sectors (trigger groups) for trigger(s).

- int [sectors](#) [H_MAX_PIX][H_MAX_PIXSECTORS]
Pixels in sectors (trigger groups).
- int [sector_type](#) [H_MAX_SECTORS]
0: majority, 1: analog sum, 2: digital sum
- double [sector_threshold](#) [H_MAX_SECTORS]
Multiplicity or sum threshold applied to sector. [mV ?].
- double [sector_pixthresh](#) [H_MAX_SECTORS]
Pixel threshold for majority or clipping limit for sum triggers. [mV ?].

6.24.1 Detailed Description

Logical organisation of camera electronics channels.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.25 hess_camera_settings_struct Struct Reference

Definition of camera optics settings.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [tel_id](#)
Telescope ID.
- int [num_pixels](#)
Number of pixels in camera.
- double [xpix](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Pixel x position in camera [m].
- double [ypix](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Pixel y position in camera [m].
- double [zpix](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Pixel z position w.r.t. focal plane in camera center [m]. {new}.
- double [nxpix](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Pixel pointing direction (nx,ny,1) x component. {new}.
- double [nypix](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Pixel pointing direction (nx,ny,1) y component. {new}.
- double [area](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Pixel active area (l^2).
- double [size](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Pixel diameter (flat-to-flat, [m]).
- int [pixel_shape](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Pixel shape type (0: circ., 1,3: hex, 2: square, -1: unknown). {new}.
- double [cam_rot](#)
Rotation angle of camera (counter-clock-wise from back side for prime focus camera).

- double [flen](#)
Focal length of optics (geometric or nominal) [m].
- double [eff_flen](#)
Suggested effective focal length for image scale (can be zero). [m].
- int [num_mirrors](#)
Number of mirror tiles.
- double [mirror_area](#)
Total area of individual mirrors corrected for inclination [m²].
- int [curved_surface](#)
0 for flat surface, 1 for curved surface. {new}
- int [pixels_parallel](#)
0 if (some) pixels are inclined, 1 if all pixels are parallel {new}
- int [common_pixel_shape](#)
instead of individual pixel shape if all pixels are the same. {new}

6.25.1 Detailed Description

Definition of camera optics settings.

6.25.2 Field Documentation

6.25.2.1 [mirror_area](#)

```
double hess_camera_settings_struct::mirror_area
```

Total area of individual mirrors corrected for inclination [m²].

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.26 [hess_camera_software_setting_struct](#) Struct Reference

Software settings used in camera process.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```


Data Fields

- int [tel_id](#)
The telescope ID number (1 ... n)
- int **dyn_trig_mode**
- int **dyn_trig_threshold**
- int **dyn_HV_mode**
- int **dyn_HV_threshold**
- int [data_red_mode](#)
The desired data reduction mode.
- int [zero_sup_mode](#)
The desired zero suppression mode.
- int [zero_sup_num_thr](#)
The number of thresholds to be used by z.s.
- int [zero_sup_thresholds](#) [10]
Threshold values to be used by z.s.
- int **unbiased_scale**
- int **dyn_ped_mode**
- int **dyn_ped_events**
- int [dyn_ped_period](#)
[ms]
- int [monitor_cur_period](#)
[ms]
- int [report_cur_period](#)
[ms]
- int [monitor_HV_period](#)
[ms]
- int [report_HV_period](#)
[ms]

6.26.1 Detailed Description

Software settings used in camera process.

6.26.2 Field Documentation

6.26.2.1 zero_sup_mode

```
int hess_camera_software_setting_struct::zero_sup_mode
```

The desired zero suppression mode.

The mode actually used may depend on the data.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

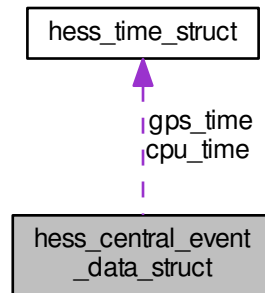
- [io_hess.h](#)

6.27 hess_central_event_data_struct Struct Reference

Central trigger event data.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for hess_central_event_data_struct:



Data Fields

- int [glob_count](#)
Global event count.
- [HTime](#) [cpu_time](#)
CPU time at central trigger station.
- [HTime](#) [gps_time](#)
GPS time at central trigger station.
- int [teltrg_pattern](#)
Bit pattern of telescopes having sent a trigger signal to the central station.
- int [teldata_pattern](#)
Bit pattern of telescopes having sent event data that could be merged.
- int [num_teltrg](#)
How many telescopes triggered.
- int [teltrg_list](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
List of IDs of triggered telescopes.
- float [teltrg_time](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Relative time of trigger signal.
- int [teltrg_type_mask](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Bit mask which type of trigger fired.
- float [teltrg_time_by_type](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)][[H_MAX_TRG_TYPES](#)]
Time of trigger separate for each type.
- int [num_teldata](#)
Number of telescopes expected to have data.
- int [teldata_list](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
List of IDs of telescopes with data.

6.27.1 Detailed Description

Central trigger event data.

6.27.2 Field Documentation

6.27.2.1 teldata_pattern

```
int hess_central_event_data_struct::teldata_pattern
```

Bit pattern of telescopes having sent event data that could be merged.

(Historical; only useful for small no. of telescopes.)

6.27.2.2 teltrg_pattern

```
int hess_central_event_data_struct::teltrg_pattern
```

Bit pattern of telescopes having sent a trigger signal to the central station.

(Historical; only useful for small no. of telescopes.)

6.27.2.3 teltrg_time

```
float hess_central_event_data_struct::teltrg_time[H_MAX_TEL]
```

Relative time of trigger signal.

after correction for nominal delay [ns].

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

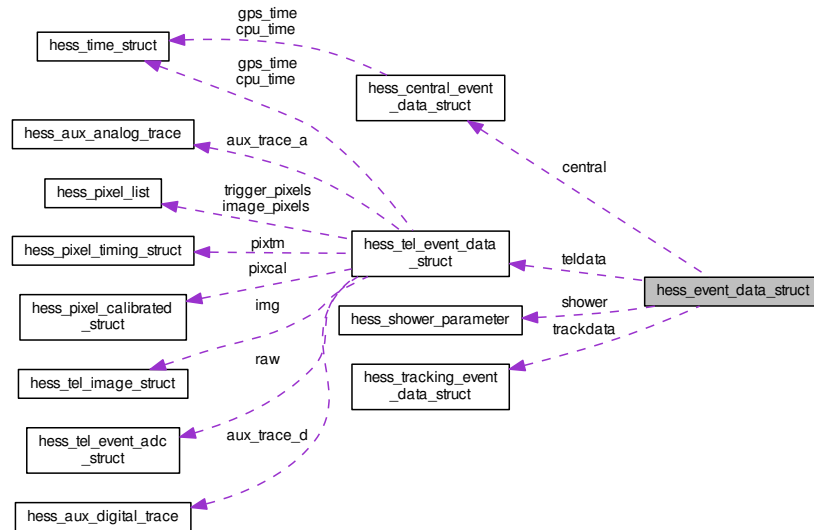
- [io_hess.h](#)

6.28 hess_event_data_struct Struct Reference

All data for one event.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for hess_event_data_struct:



Data Fields

- `int num_tel`
Number of telescopes in run.
- `CentralEvent central`
Central trigger data and data pattern.
- `TelEvent teldata` [`H_MAX_TEL`]
Raw and/or image data.
- `TrackEvent trackdata` [`H_MAX_TEL`]
Interpolated tracking data.
- `ShowerParameters shower`
Reconstructed shower parameters.
- `int num_teldata`
Number of telescopes for which we actually have data.
- `int teldata_list` [`H_MAX_TEL`]
List of IDs of telescopes with data.

6.28.1 Detailed Description

All data for one event.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `io_hess.h`

6.29 hess_laser_calib_data_struct Struct Reference

Laser calibration data.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [known](#)
Are the calibration values known?
- int [tel_id](#)
Telescope ID.
- int [num_pixels](#)
Number of pixels.
- int [num_gains](#)
Number of gains.
- int [lascal_id](#)
Laser calibration ID.
- double [calib](#) [[H_MAX_GAINS](#)][[H_MAX_PIX](#)]
ADC to laser/LED p.e.
- double [max_int_frac](#) [[H_MAX_GAINS](#)]
Maximum fraction of the signal which can be in the fixed integration window.
- double [max_pixtm_frac](#) [[H_MAX_GAINS](#)]
Maximum fraction of the signal which can be in the pixel timing integration.
- double [tm_calib](#) [[H_MAX_GAINS](#)][[H_MAX_PIX](#)]

6.29.1 Detailed Description

Laser calibration data.

6.29.2 Field Documentation

6.29.2.1 calib

```
double hess_laser_calib_data_struct::calib[H\_MAX\_GAINS][H\_MAX\_PIX]
```

ADC to laser/LED p.e.

conversion, in [mean p.e.], details depending on calibration procedure.

6.29.2.2 max_int_frac

```
double hess_laser_calib_data_struct::max_int_frac[H\_MAX\_GAINS]
```

Maximum fraction of the signal which can be in the fixed integration window.

6.29.2.3 max_pixtm_frac

```
double hess_laser_calib_data_struct::max_pixtm_frac[H_MAX_GAINS]
```

Maximum fraction of the signal which can be in the pixel timing integration.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

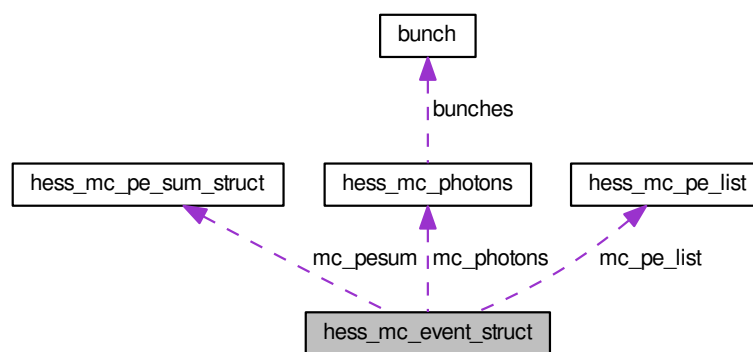
- [io_hess.h](#)

6.30 hess_mc_event_struct Struct Reference

Monte Carlo event-specific data.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for hess_mc_event_struct:



Data Fields

- int [event](#)
Event number -> global counter.
- int [shower_num](#)
Shower number as in shower structure.
- double [xcore](#)
Core position w.r.t. array reference point [m],.
- double [ycore](#)
x -> N, y -> W.
- double [aweight](#)
Area weight (units: [m**2]) in case of non-uniform sampling, normally counted in the shower plane and normalized such that the sum over all events for a shower should, on average, be the area over which core offsets are thrown (see also num_use and core_range in MCRunHeader).
- double [photons](#) [H_MAX_TEL]
The CORSIKA photon sum into fiducial volume.
- struct [hess_mc_pe_sum_struct](#) [mc_pesum](#)
Numbers of / sums of photo-electrons.
- struct [hess_mc_photons](#) [mc_photons](#) [H_MAX_TEL]
Raw simulated photons.
- struct [hess_mc_pe_list](#) [mc_pe_list](#) [H_MAX_TEL]
List of detected photo-electrons.

6.30.1 Detailed Description

Monte Carlo event-specific data.

6.30.2 Field Documentation

6.30.2.1 aweight

```
double hess_mc_event_struct::aweight
```

Area weight (units: [m**2]) in case of non-uniform sampling, normally counted in the shower plane and normalized such that the sum over all events for a shower should, on average, be the area over which core offsets are thrown (see also num_use and core_range in MCRunHeader).

It may be zero for uniform sampling.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.31 hess_mc_pe_list Struct Reference

Photo-electrons from Monte Carlo individually.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [npe](#)
The number of all photo-electrons in the telescope.
- int [pixels](#)
The number of pixels in the camera.
- int [flags](#)
Bit 0: with amplitudes, bit 1: includes NSB.
- int [pe_count](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
The numbers of p.e. at each pixel.
- int [itstart](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
The start index for each pixel in the sequential atimes vector.
- double * [atimes](#)
The list of start times of all photo-eletrons.
- double * [amplitudes](#)
Optional list of matching amplitudes [mean p.e.].
- int [max_npe](#)
How many p.e. we can store in the atimes (+amplitudes) vector(s).

6.31.1 Detailed Description

Photo-electrons from Monte Carlo individually.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.32 hess_mc_pe_sum_struct Struct Reference

Sums of photo-electrons in MC (total and per pixel).

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [event](#)
Event number -> global counter.
- int [shower_num](#)
Shower number as in shower structure.
- int [num_tel](#)
Number of telescopes simulated.
- int [num_pe](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Number of photo-electrons per telescope.
- int [num_pixels](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Pixels per telescope or 0.
- int [pix_pe](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)][[H_MAX_PIX](#)]
Photo-electrons per pixel (without NSB).
- double [photons](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
The sum of the photon content of all bunches.
- double [photons_atm](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Photons surviving atmospheric transmission.
- double [photons_atm_3_6](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Photons surv. atm. tr. in the 300 to 600 nm range.
- double [photons_atm_400](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Photons surv. atm. tr. in the 350 to 450 nm range.
- double [photons_atm_qe](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Photons surviving atmospheric transmission, mirror reflectivity (except funnel), and Q.E.

6.32.1 Detailed Description

Sums of photo-electrons in MC (total and per pixel).

6.32.2 Field Documentation

6.32.2.1 photons_atm_qe

```
double hess_mc_pe_sum_struct::photons_atm_qe[H_MAX_TEL]
```

Photons surviving atmospheric transmission, mirror reflectivity (except funnel), and Q.E.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

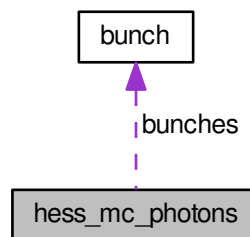
- [io_hess.h](#)

6.33 hess_mc_photons Struct Reference

Photons from Monte Carlo.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for hess_mc_photons:



Data Fields

- struct [bunch](#) * [bunches](#)
Bunches of photons.
- int [nbunches](#)
How many photon bunches we have at this telescope.
- int [max_bunches](#)
How many we can store in 'bunches' vector above.
- double [photons](#)
The sum of the photon content of all bunches.

6.33.1 Detailed Description

Photons from Monte Carlo.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.34 hess_mc_run_header_struct Struct Reference

MC run header.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [shower_prog_id](#)
Recorded data:
- int [shower_prog_vers](#)
*version * 1000*
- time_t [shower_prog_start](#)
Time when shower simulation of run started (CORSIKA: only date)
- int [detector_prog_id](#)
sim_telarray=1, ...
- int [detector_prog_vers](#)
*version * 1000*
- time_t [detector_prog_start](#)
Time when detector simulation of run started.
- double [obsheight](#)
Height of simulated observation level.
- int [num_showers](#)
Number of showers (intended to be) simulated.
- int [num_use](#)
Number of uses of each shower.
- int [core_pos_mode](#)
Core position fixed/circular/rectangular/...
- double [core_range](#) [2]
rmin+rmax or dx+dy [m].
- double [az_range](#) [2]
Range of shower azimuth [rad, N->E].
- double [alt_range](#) [2]
Range of shower altitude [rad].
- int [diffuse](#)
Diffuse mode off/on.
- double [viewcone](#) [2]
Min.+max. opening angle for diffuse mode [degrees] (was always in degrees despite earlier 'rad]' comment).
- double [E_range](#) [2]
Energy range [TeV] of simulated showers.
- double [spectral_index](#)
Power-law spectral index of spectrum (<0).
- double [B_total](#)
Total geomagnetic field assumed [microT].
- double [B_inclination](#)
Inclination of geomagnetic field [rad].
- double [B_declination](#)
Declination of geomagnetic field [rad].
- double [injection_height](#)
Height of particle injection [m].

- double [fixed_int_depth](#)
Fixed depth of first interaction or 0 [g/cm²].
- int [atmosphere](#)
Atmospheric model number.
- int **corsika_iact_options**
- int **corsika_low_E_model**
- int **corsika_high_E_model**
- double **corsika_bunchsize**
- double **corsika_wlen_min**
- double **corsika_wlen_max**
- int **corsika_low_E_detail**
- int **corsika_high_E_detail**

6.34.1 Detailed Description

MC run header.

6.34.2 Field Documentation

6.34.2.1 shower_prog_id

```
int hess_mc_run_header_struct::shower_prog_id
```

Recorded data:

CORSIKA=1, ALTAI=2, KASCADE=3, MOCCA=4.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.35 hess_mc_shower_profile_struct Struct Reference

Monte Carlo shower profile (sort of histogram).

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [id](#)
Type of profile (also determines units below).
- int [num_steps](#)
Number of histogram steps.
- int [max_steps](#)
Number of allowed steps as allocated for content.
- double [start](#)
Start of ordinate ([m] or [g/cm²])
- double [end](#)
End of it.
- double [binsize](#)
(End-Start)/num_steps; not saved
- double * [content](#)
Histogram contents (allocated on demand).

6.35.1 Detailed Description

Monte Carlo shower profile (sort of histogram).

6.35.2 Field Documentation

6.35.2.1 id

```
int hess_mc_shower_profile_struct::id
```

Type of profile (also determines units below).

Temptative definitions:

- 1000*k + 1: Profile of all charged particles.
- 1000*k + 2: Profile of electrons+positrons.
- 1000*k + 3: Profile of muons.
- 1000*k + 4: Profile of hadrons.
- 1000*k + 10: Profile of Cherenkov photon emission [1/m].

The value of k specifies the binning:

- k = 0: The profile is in terms of atmospheric depth along the shower axis.
- k = 1: in terms of vertical atmospheric depth.
- k = 2: in terms of altitude [m] above sea level.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

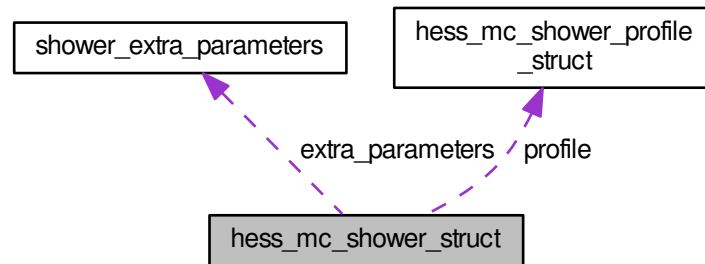
- [io_hess.h](#)

6.36 hess_mc_shower_struct Struct Reference

Shower specific data.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for hess_mc_shower_struct:



Data Fields

- int **shower_num**
- int **primary_id**
Particle ID of primary.
- double **energy**
primary energy [TeV]
- double **azimuth**
Azimuth (N->E) [rad].
- double **altitude**
Altitude [rad].
- double **depth_start**
Atmospheric depth where particle started [g/cm²].
- double **h_first_int**
height of first interaction a.s.l. [m]
- double **xmax**
Atmospheric depth of shower maximum [g/cm²], derived from all charged particles.
- double **hmax**
Height of shower maximum [m] in xmax.
- double **emax**
Atm. depth of maximum in electron number.
- double **cmax**
Atm. depth of max. in Cherenkov photon emission.
- int **num_profiles**
Number of profiles filled.
- **ShowProfile** **profile** [H_MAX_PROFILE]
- struct **shower_extra_parameters** **extra_parameters**

6.36.1 Detailed Description

Shower specific data.

6.36.2 Field Documentation

6.36.2.1 `primary_id`

```
int hess_mc_shower_struct::primary_id
```

Particle ID of primary.

Was in CORSIKA convention where detector_prog_vers in MC run header was 0, and is now 0 (gamma), 1(e-), 2(mu-), 100*A+Z for nucleons and nuclei, negative for antimatter.

6.36.2.2 `xmax`

```
double hess_mc_shower_struct::xmax
```

Atmospheric depth of shower maximum [g/cm²], derived from all charged particles.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.37 `hess_pixel_calibrated_struct` Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int [known](#)
is calibrated pixel data known?
- int [tel_id](#)
Telescope ID.
- int [num_pixels](#)
Pixels in camera: list should be in this range.
- int [int_method](#)
-2 (timing local peak), -1 (timing global peak), >=0 (integration scheme, if known)
- int [list_known](#)
Was list of significant pixels filled in? 1: use list, 2: all pixels significant.
- int [list_size](#)
Size of the list of available pixels (with list mode).
- int [pixel_list](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
List of available pixels (with list mode).
- uint8_t [significant](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Was amplitude large enough to record it?
- float [pixel_pe](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Calibrated & flat-fielded pixel intensity [p.e..]

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.38 hess_pixel_disabled_struct Struct Reference

Pixels disabled in HV and/or trigger.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [tel_id](#)
The telescope ID number (1 ... n)
- int **num_trig_disabled**
- int **trigger_disabled** [H_MAX_PIX]
- int **num_HV_disabled**
- int **HV_disabled** [H_MAX_PIX]

6.38.1 Detailed Description

Pixels disabled in HV and/or trigger.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.39 hess_pixel_list Struct Reference

Lists of pixels (triggered, selected, etc.)

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [code](#)
Indicates what sort of list this is: 0 (triggered pixel), 1 (selected pixel), ...
- int [pixels](#)
The size of the pixels in this list.
- int [pixel_list](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
The actual list of pixel numbers.

6.39.1 Detailed Description

Lists of pixels (triggered, selected, etc.)

6.39.2 Field Documentation

6.39.2.1 code

```
int hess_pixel_list::code
```

Indicates what sort of list this is: 0 (triggered pixel), 1 (selected pixel), ...

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.40 hess_pixel_setting_struct Struct Reference

Settings of pixel HV and thresholds.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [tel_id](#)
The telescope ID number (1 ... n)
- int **setup_id**
- int **trigger_mode**
- int [min_pixel_mult](#)
The minimum number of pixels in a camera.
- int [num_pixels](#)
Local copy of the number of pixels.
- int [pixel_HV_DAC](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
High voltage DAC values set.
- int [num_drawers](#)
Local copy of the number of drawers in the camera.
- int [threshold_DAC](#) [H_MAX_DRAWERS]
Threshold DAC values set.
- int **ADC_start** [H_MAX_DRAWERS]
- int **ADC_count** [H_MAX_DRAWERS]
- double [time_slice](#)
Width of readout time slice (i.e. one sample) [ns].
- int [sum_bins](#)
Standard integration over so many time slices.
- int [nrefshape](#)
Number of following reference pulse shapes (num_gains or 0)
- int [lrefshape](#)
Length of following reference pulse shape(s).
- double [refshape](#) [H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_FSHAPE]
Reference pulse shape(s).
- double [ref_step](#)
Time step between refshape entries [ns].

6.40.1 Detailed Description

Settings of pixel HV and thresholds.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.41 hess_pixel_timing_struct Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int [known](#)
is pixel timing data known?
- int [tel_id](#)
Telescope ID.
- int [num_pixels](#)
Pixels in camera: list should be in this range.
- int [num_gains](#)
Number of different gains per pixel.
- int [list_type](#)
0: not set; 1: individual pixels; 2: pixel ranges.
- int [list_size](#)
The size of the pixels in this list.
- int [pixel_list](#) [2 *H_MAX_PIX]
The actual list of pixel numbers.
- int [threshold](#)
Minimum base-to-peak raw amplitude difference applied in pixel selection.
- int [before_peak](#)
Number of bins before peak being summed up.
- int [after_peak](#)
Number of bins after peak being summed up.
- int [num_types](#)
How many different types of times can we store?
- int [time_type](#) [H_MAX_PIX_TIMES]
Which types come in which order.
- float [time_level](#) [H_MAX_PIX_TIMES]
The width and startpos types apply.
- float [granularity](#)
Actually stored are the following timvals divided by granularity, as 16-bit integers.
- float [peak_global](#)
Camera-wide (mean) peak position [time slices].
- float [timval](#) [H_MAX_PIX][H_MAX_PIX_TIMES]
Only the first 'pixels'.
- int [pulse_sum_loc](#) [H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_PIX]
Amplitude sum around.
- int [pulse_sum_glob](#) [H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_PIX]
Amplitude sum around.

6.41.1 Field Documentation

6.41.1.1 granularity

```
float hess_pixel_timing_struct::granularity
```

Actually stored are the following timvals divided by granularity, as 16-bit integers.

Set this to e.g. 0.25 for a 0.25 time slice stepping.

6.41.1.2 pulse_sum_glob

```
int hess_pixel_timing_struct::pulse_sum_glob[H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_PIX]
```

Amplitude sum around.

global peak; for all pixels. Ped. subtracted. Only present if before&after_peak \geq 0 and if list is of size $>$ 0 (otherwise no peak).

6.41.1.3 pulse_sum_loc

```
int hess_pixel_timing_struct::pulse_sum_loc[H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_PIX]
```

Amplitude sum around.

local peak, for pixels in list. Ped. subtr. Only present if before&after_peak \geq 0.

6.41.1.4 threshold

```
int hess_pixel_timing_struct::threshold
```

Minimum base-to-peak raw amplitude difference applied in pixel selection.

Referenced by nb_fc_shaped_peak_integration().

6.41.1.5 time_level

```
float hess_pixel_timing_struct::time_level[H_MAX_PIX_TIMES]
```

The width and startpos types apply.

above some fraction from base to peak.

Referenced by nb_fc_shaped_peak_integration(), and pixel_timing_analysis().

6.41.1.6 timval

```
float hess_pixel_timing_struct::timval[H_MAX_PIX][H_MAX_PIX_TIMES]
```

Only the first 'pixels'.

elements are actually filled and stored. Others are undefined.

Referenced by pixel_timing_analysis().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.42 hess_pointing_correction_struct Struct Reference

Pointing correction parameters.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [tel_id](#)
The telescope ID number (1 ... n)
- int **function_type**
- int **num_param**
- double **pointing_param** [20]

6.42.1 Detailed Description

Pointing correction parameters.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.43 hess_run_end_mc_statistics_struct Struct Reference

MC end-of-run statistics.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [run_num](#)
Run number.
- int [num_showers](#)
Number of simulated showers found.
- int [num_events](#)
Number of MC events found.

6.43.1 Detailed Description

MC end-of-run statistics.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.44 hess_run_end_statistics_struct Struct Reference

End-of-run statistics.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [run_num](#)
Run number.
- int [num_tel](#)
Number of telescopes used.
- int [tel_ids](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
IDs of all telescopes.
- int [num_central_trig](#)
Number of system triggers.
- int [num_local_trig](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Number of local telescope triggers.
- int [num_local_sys_trig](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Number of valid telescope triggers.
- int [num_events](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Number of events read out.

6.44.1 Detailed Description

End-of-run statistics.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.45 hess_run_header_struct Struct Reference

Run header common to measured and simulated data.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [run](#)
Recorded data:
- time_t [time](#)
Time of run start [UTC sec since 1970.0].
- int [run_type](#)
Data/pedestal/laser/muon run or MC run: MC run: -1, Data run: 1, Pedestal run: 2, Laser run: 3, Muon run: 4.
- int [tracking_mode](#)
Tracking/pointing mode: 0: Az/Alt, 1: R.A.
- int [reverse_flag](#)
Normal or reverse tracking: 0: Normal, 1: reverse.
- double [direction](#) [2]
Tracking/pointing direction in [radians]: [0]=Azimuth, [1]=Altitude in mode 0, [0]=R.A., [1]=Declination in mode 1.
- double [offset_fov](#) [2]
Offset of pointing dir.
- double [conv_depth](#)
Atmospheric depth of convergence point.
- double [conv_ref_pos](#) [2]
Reference position for convergent pointing.
- int [ntel](#)
Number of telescopes involved.
- int [tel_id](#) [H_MAX_TEL]
ID numbers of telescopes used in this run.
- double [tel_pos](#) [H_MAX_TEL][3]
x,y,z positions of the telescopes [m].
- int [min_tel_trig](#)
Minimum number of tel. in system trigger.
- int [duration](#)
Nominal duration of run [s].
- char * [target](#)
Primary target object name.
- char * [observer](#)
Observer(s) starting or supervising run.
- int [max_len_target](#)
For internal data handling only:
- int [max_len_observer](#)

6.45.1 Detailed Description

Run header common to measured and simulated data.

6.45.2 Field Documentation

6.45.2.1 conv_depth

```
double hess_run_header_struct::conv_depth
```

Atmospheric depth of convergence point.

In $[g/cm^2]$ from the top of the atmosphere along the system viewing direction. Typically 0 for parallel viewing or about $X_{max}(0.x \text{ TeV})$ for convergent viewing.

6.45.2.2 conv_ref_pos

```
double hess_run_header_struct::conv_ref_pos[2]
```

Reference position for convergent pointing.

X,y in [m] at the telescope reference height.

6.45.2.3 direction

```
double hess_run_header_struct::direction[2]
```

Tracking/pointing direction in [radians]: [0]=Azimuth, [1]=Altitude in mode 0, [0]=R.A., [1]=Declination in mode 1.

Referenced by `mc_event_fill()`.

6.45.2.4 offset_fov

```
double hess_run_header_struct::offset_fov[2]
```

Offset of pointing dir.

in camera f.o.v. divided by focal length, i.e. converted to [radians]: [0]=Camera x (downwards in normal pointing, i.e. increasing Alt, [1]=Camera y -> Az).

6.45.2.5 reverse_flag

```
int hess_run_header_struct::reverse_flag
```

Normal or reverse tracking: 0: Normal, 1: reverse.

6.45.2.6 run

```
int hess_run_header_struct::run
```

Recorded data:

Run number.

Referenced by `hesscam_ps_plot()`.

6.45.2.7 run_type

```
int hess_run_header_struct::run_type
```

Data/pedestal/laser/muon run or MC run: MC run: -1, Data run: 1, Pedestal run: 2, Laser run: 3, Muon run: 4.

6.45.2.8 tel_pos

```
double hess_run_header_struct::tel_pos[H_MAX_TEL][3]
```

x,y,z positions of the telescopes [m].

x is counted from array reference position towards North, y towards West, z upwards.

6.45.2.9 tracking_mode

```
int hess_run_header_struct::tracking_mode
```

Tracking/pointing mode: 0: Az/Alt, 1: R.A.

/Dec. 2000

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.46 hess_shower_parameter Struct Reference

Reconstructed shower parameters.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int **known**
- int **num_trg**
Number of telescopes contributing to central trigger.
- int **num_read**
Number of telescopes read out.
- int **num_img**
Number of images used for shower parameters.
- int **img_pattern**
Bit pattern of which telescopes were used (for small no. of telescopes only).
- int **img_list** [H_MAX_TEL]
With more than 16 or 32 telescopes, we can only use the list.
- int **result_bits**
Bit pattern of what results are available: Bits 0 + 1: direction + errors Bits 2 + 3: core position + errors Bits 4 + 5: mean scaled image shape + errors Bits 6 + 7: energy + error Bits 8 + 9: shower maximum + error.
- double **Az**
Azimuth angle [radians from N->E].
- double **Alt**
Altitude [radians].
- double **err_dir1**
Error estimate in nominal plane X direction (\parallel Alt) [rad].
- double **err_dir2**
Error estimate in nominal plane Y direction (\parallel Az) [rad].
- double **err_dir3**
?
- double **xc**
X core position [m].
- double **yc**
Y core position [m].
- double **err_core1**
Error estimate in X coordinate [m].
- double **err_core2**
Error estimate in Y coordinate [m].
- double **err_core3**
?
- double **mscl**
Mean scaled image length [gammas ~ 1 (HEGRA-style) or ~ 0 (HESS-style)].
- double **err_mscl**
- double **mscw**
Mean scaled image width [gammas ~ 1 (HEGRA-style) or ~ 0 (HESS-style)].
- double **err_mscw**
- double **energy**
Primary energy [TeV], assuming a gamma.
- double **err_energy**
- double **xmax**
Atmospheric depth of shower maximum [g/cm^2].
- double **err_xmax**

6.46.1 Detailed Description

Reconstructed shower parameters.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.47 hess_tel_event_adc_struct Struct Reference

ADC data (either sampled or sum mode)

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [known](#)
Must be set to 1 if and only if raw data is available.
- int [tel_id](#)
Must match the expected telescope ID when reading.
- int [num_pixels](#)
The number of pixels in the camera (as in configuration)
- int [num_gains](#)
The number of different gains per pixel (2 for HESS).
- int [num_samples](#)
The number of samples (time slices) recorded.
- int [zero_sup_mode](#)
The desired or used zero suppression mode.
- int [data_red_mode](#)
The desired or used data reduction mode.
- int [offset_hg8](#)
The offset to be used in shrinking high-gain data.
- int [scale_hg8](#)
The scale factor (denominator) in shrinking h-g data.
- int [threshold](#)
Threshold (in high gain) for recording low-gain data.
- int [list_known](#)
Was list of significant pixels filled in?
- int [list_size](#)
Size of the list of available pixels (with list mode).
- int [adc_list](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
List of available pixels (with list mode).
- uint8_t [significant](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Was amplitude large enough to record it? Bit 0: sum, 1: samples.
- uint8_t [adc_known](#) [H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_PIX]
Was individual channel recorded? Bit 0: sum, 1: samples, 2: ADC was in saturation.
- uint32_t [adc_sum](#) [H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_PIX]
Sum of ADC values.
- uint16_t [adc_sample](#) [H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_PIX][H_MAX_SLICES]
Pulses sampled.

6.47.1 Detailed Description

ADC data (either sampled or sum mode)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

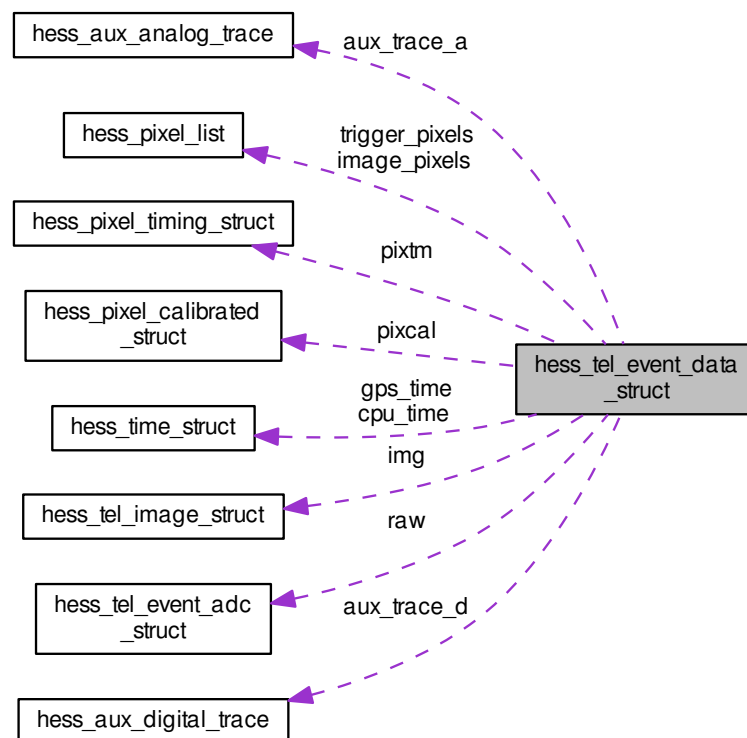
- [io_hess.h](#)

6.48 hess_tel_event_data_struct Struct Reference

Event raw and image data from one telescope.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for hess_tel_event_data_struct:



Data Fields

- int **known**
- int [tel_id](#)
The telescope ID number (1 ... n)
- int [loc_count](#)

- The counter for local triggers.*
- int [glob_count](#)
 - The counter for system triggers.*
- [HTime cpu_time](#)
 - Camera CPU system time of event.*
- [HTime gps_time](#)
 - GPS time of event, if any.*
- int [trg_source](#)
 - 1=internal (event data) or 2=external (calib data).*
- int [num_list_trgsect](#)
 - Number of trigger groups (sectors) listed.*
- int [list_trgsect](#) [H_MAX_SECTORS]
 - List of triggered groups (sectors).*
- int [known_time_trgsect](#)
 - Are the trigger times known? (0/1)*
- double [time_trgsect](#) [H_MAX_SECTORS]
 - Times when trigger groups (as in list) fired.*
- int [readout_mode](#)
 - Sum mode (0) or sample mode only (1) or both (>=2)*
- int [num_image_sets](#)
 - how many 'img' sets are available.*
- int [max_image_sets](#)
 - how many 'img' sets were allocated.*
- [AdcData](#) * [raw](#)
 - Pointer to raw data, if any.*
- [PixelTiming](#) * [pixtm](#)
 - Optional pixel (pulse shape) timing.*
- [ImgData](#) * [img](#)
 - Pointer to second moments, if any.*
- [PixelCalibrated](#) * [pixcal](#)
 - Pointer to calibrated pixel intensities, if available.*
- int [num_phys_addr](#)
 - (not used)*
- int [phys_addr](#) [4 * H_MAX_DRAWERS]
 - (not used)*
- [PixelList](#) [trigger_pixels](#)
 - List of triggered pixels.*
- [PixelList](#) [image_pixels](#)
 - Pixels included in (first) image.*
- [AuxTraceD](#) [aux_trace_d](#) [MAX_AUX_TRACE_D]
 - Optional auxilliary digital traces.*
- [AuxTraceA](#) [aux_trace_a](#) [MAX_AUX_TRACE_A]
 - Optional auxilliary analog traces.*

6.48.1 Detailed Description

Event raw and image data from one telescope.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.49 hess_tel_image_struct Struct Reference

Image parameters.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [known](#)
is image data known?
- int [tel_id](#)
Telescope ID.
- int [pixels](#)
number of pixels used for image
- int [cut_id](#)
For which set of tail-cuts was used.
- double [amplitude](#)
Image amplitude (= "SIZE") [mean p.e.].
- double [clip_amp](#)
Pixel amplitude clipping level [mean p.e.] or zero for no clipping.
- int [num_sat](#)
Number of pixels in saturation (ADC saturation or dedicated clipping).
- double [x](#)
Position.
- double [x_err](#)
Error on x (0: error not known, <0: x not known) [rad].
- double [y](#)
Y position (c.o.g.) [rad], corrected for any camera rotation.
- double [y_err](#)
Error on y (0: error not known, <0: y not known) [rad].
- double [phi](#)
Orientation.
- double [phi_err](#)
Error on phi (0: error not known, <0: phi not known) [rad].
- double [l](#)
Shape.
- double [l_err](#)
Error on length (0: error not known, <0: l not known) [rad].
- double [w](#)
Width (minor axis) [rad].
- double [w_err](#)
Error on width (0: error not known, <0: w not known) [rad].
- double [skewness](#)
Skewness, indicating asymmetry of image.
- double [skewness_err](#)
Error (0: error not known, <0: skewness not known)
- double [kurtosis](#)
Kurtosis, indicating sharpness of peak of image.
- double [kurtosis_err](#)
Error (0: error not known, <0: kurtosis not known)

- int [num_conc](#)
Number of hottest pixels used for concentration.
- double [concentration](#)
Fraction of total amplitude in num_conc hottest pixels.
- double [tm_slope](#)
Timing.
- double [tm_residual](#)
R.m.s. average residual time after slope correction. [ns].
- double [tm_width1](#)
Average pulse width (50% of peak or time over threshold) [ns].
- double [tm_width2](#)
Average pulse width (20% of peak or 0) [ns].
- double [tm_rise](#)
Average pixel rise time (or 0) [ns].
- int [num_hot](#)
Individual pixels.
- int [hot_pixel](#) [H_MAX_HOTPIX]
Pixel IDs of hottest pixels.
- double [hot_amp](#) [H_MAX_HOTPIX]
Amplitudes of hottest pixels [mean p.e.].

6.49.1 Detailed Description

Image parameters.

6.49.2 Field Documentation

6.49.2.1 l

```
double hess_tel_image_struct::l
```

Shape.

Length (major axis) [rad]

6.49.2.2 num_hot

```
int hess_tel_image_struct::num_hot
```

Individual pixels.

Number of hottest pixels individually saved

6.49.2.3 phi

```
double hess_tel_image_struct::phi
```

Orientation.

Angle of major axis w.r.t. x axis [rad], corrected for any camera rotation.

Referenced by `pixel_timing_analysis()`.

6.49.2.4 tm_slope

```
double hess_tel_image_struct::tm_slope
```

Timing.

Slope in peak times along major axis as given by phi. [ns/rad]

Referenced by `pixel_timing_analysis()`.

6.49.2.5 x

```
double hess_tel_image_struct::x
```

Position.

X position (c.o.g.) [rad], corrected for any camera rotation.

Referenced by `pixel_timing_analysis()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

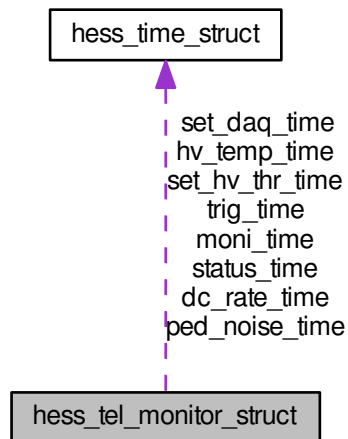
- [io_hess.h](#)

6.50 hess_tel_monitor_struct Struct Reference

Monitoring data.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for hess_tel_monitor_struct:



Data Fields

- int `known`
Status etc., pedestals, DC, HV.
- int `new_parts`
What of that is new.
- int `tel_id`
Telescope ID number.
- int `num_sectors`
Number of sector available for trigger (default trigger).
- int `num_pixels`
Number of pixels in camera.
- int `num_drawers`
Number of drawers in camera.
- int `num_gains`
- int `num_ped_slices`
How many slices have been added for pedestal.
- int `num_drawer_temp`
Number of temperatures per drawer.
- int `num_camera_temp`
Number of other temperatures monitored.
- int `monitor_id`
Incremented with each update.

- [HTime moni_time](#)
Time when last monitoring data was sent.
- [HTime status_time](#)
- [HTime trig_time](#)
Time when last trigger monitor data was read.
- [HTime ped_noise_time](#)
Time when pedestals + noise were determined.
- [HTime hv_temp_time](#)
Time when hv+currents+temp. were all read out.
- [HTime dc_rate_time](#)
Time when DC current + pixels scalers were read.
- [HTime set_hv_thr_time](#)
Time when HV + thresholds where set.
- [HTime set_daq_time](#)
Time when DAQ parameters where set.
- [int status_bits](#)
Lid, HV, trigger, readout, drawers, fans.
- [long coinc_count](#)
These have to be obtained from the camera trigger electronics (first trigger type only)
- [long event_count](#)
Count of events read out.
- [double event_rate](#)
Average event rate [Hz].
- [double data_rate](#)
Average rate of packed data [MB/s].
- [double trigger_rate](#)
Camera average local trigger rate [Hz].
- [double sector_rate](#) [H_MAX_SECTORS]
Sector trigger rate [Hz].
- [double mean_significant](#)
These are computed by the readout software:
- [double pedestal](#) [H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_PIX]
Average pedestal on ADC sums.
- [double noise](#) [H_MAX_GAINS][H_MAX_PIX]
Average noise on ADC sums.
- [uint16_t current](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
These numbers need mapping from drawers+channel to pixel id:
- [uint16_t scaler](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
ADC values of pixel trigger rate.
- [uint16_t hv_v_mon](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
ADC values of HV voltage monitor.
- [uint16_t hv_i_mon](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
ADC values of HV current monitor.
- [uint16_t hv_dac](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
DAC values of HV settings.
- [uint16_t thresh_dac](#) [H_MAX_DRAWERS]
Thresholds set in each drawer.
- [uint8_t trig_set](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Set if pixel excluded from trigger.
- [uint8_t hv_set](#) [H_MAX_PIX]
Set if HV switched off for pixel.

- `uint8_t hv_stat` [H_MAX_PIX]
Set if HV switched off for pixel.
- `short drawer_temp` [H_MAX_DRAWERS][H_MAX_D_TEMP]
That is left in its raw order:
- `short camera_temp` [H_MAX_C_TEMP]
ADC values.
- `uint16_t daq_conf`
As set by CNTRLDAQ message.
- `uint16_t daq_scaler_win`
- `uint16_t daq_nd`
- `uint16_t daq_acc`
- `uint16_t daq_nl`

6.50.1 Detailed Description

Monitoring data.

6.50.2 Field Documentation

6.50.2.1 `coinc_count`

```
long hess_tel_monitor_struct::coinc_count
```

These have to be obtained from the camera trigger electronics (first trigger type only)

Count of pixel coincidences (local triggers).

6.50.2.2 `current`

```
uint16_t hess_tel_monitor_struct::current[H_MAX_PIX]
```

These numbers need mapping from drawers+channel to pixel id:

ADC values of DC current.

6.50.2.3 `drawer_temp`

```
short hess_tel_monitor_struct::drawer_temp[H_MAX_DRAWERS][H_MAX_D_TEMP]
```

That is left in its raw order:

ADC values.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.51 hess_time_struct Struct Reference

Breakdown of time into seconds since 1970.0 and nanoseconds.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- long **seconds**
- long **nanoseconds**

6.51.1 Detailed Description

Breakdown of time into seconds since 1970.0 and nanoseconds.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.52 hess_tracking_event_data_struct Struct Reference

Tracking data interpolated for one event and one telescope.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [tel_id](#)
The telescope ID number (1 ... n)
- double [azimuth_raw](#)
Raw azimuth angle [radians from N->E].
- double [altitude_raw](#)
Raw altitude angle [radians].
- double [azimuth_cor](#)
Azimuth corrected for pointing errors.
- double [altitude_cor](#)
Azimuth corrected for pointing errors.
- int [raw_known](#)
Set if raw angles are known.
- int [cor_known](#)
Set if corrected angles are known.

6.52.1 Detailed Description

Tracking data interpolated for one event and one telescope.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_hess.h](#)

6.53 hess_tracking_setup_struct Struct Reference

Definition of tracking parameters.

```
#include <io_hess.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [tel_id](#)
Telescope ID.
- int **known**
- int [drive_type_az](#)
0 for now.
- int [drive_type_alt](#)
0 for now.
- double [zeropoint_az](#)
Offsets subtracted from the values reported.
- double [zeropoint_alt](#)
by hardware before calculating 'raw' angles [rad].
- double [sign_az](#)
This is -1 if hardware counts the other way than.
- double [sign_alt](#)
we do, and +1 otherwise.
- double [resolution_az](#)
Typical resolution expected [rad].
- double [resolution_alt](#)
Typical resolution expected [rad].
- double [range_low_az](#)
Note: The values may be outside the $[0...2\pi]$ range.
- double **range_low_alt**
- double **range_high_az**
- double **range_high_alt**
- double **park_pos_az**
- double **park_pos_alt**

6.53.1 Detailed Description

Definition of tracking parameters.

This is a copy of the configuration given to the tracking computers. Note: all angles are in radians. This block should not be needed for event analysis.

6.53.2 Field Documentation

6.53.2.1 range_low_az

```
double hess_tracking_setup_struct::range_low_az
```

Note: The values may be outside the $[0...2\pi[$ range.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

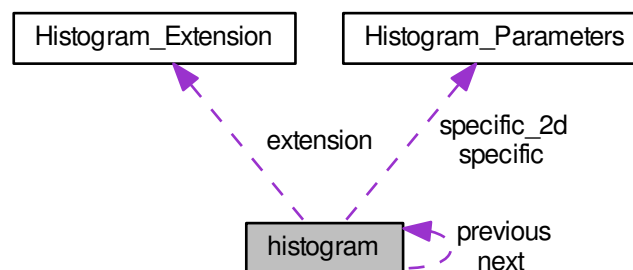
- [io_hess.h](#)

6.54 histogram Struct Reference

A complete 1-D or 2-D histogram with control and data elements.

```
#include <histogram.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for histogram:



Data Fields

- `char * title`
Histogram title (optional)
- `long ident`
Histogram ID number (optional)
- `union Histogram_Parameters specific`
- `union Histogram_Parameters specific_2d`
- `int nbins`
Number of histogram bins.
- `int nbins_2d`

- Same for 2nd coordinate of 2-D.*
- unsigned long [entries](#)
- No.*
- unsigned long [tentries](#)
- No.*
- unsigned long [underflow](#)
- No.*
- unsigned long [underflow_2d](#)
- Same in 2nd coord of 2-D histo.*
- unsigned long [overflow](#)
- No.*
- unsigned long [overflow_2d](#)
- Same in 2nd coord of 2-D histo.*
- unsigned long * [counts](#)
- Pointer to histogram data.*
- char [type](#)
- 'I' for integer histogram,*
- struct [histogram](#) * [previous](#)
- References to neighbours in.*
- struct [histogram](#) * [next](#)
- linked list of histograms.*
- struct [Histogram_Extension](#) * [extension](#)
- Extension for weighted histos.*

6.54.1 Detailed Description

A complete 1-D or 2-D histogram with control and data elements.

6.54.2 Field Documentation

6.54.2.1 [entries](#)

```
unsigned long histogram::entries
```

No.

of entries, incl. u.f./o.f.

Referenced by [histogram_to_root\(\)](#), and [write_dst_histos\(\)](#).

6.54.2.2 next

```
struct histogram* histogram::next
```

linked list of histograms.

Referenced by `convert_histograms_to_root()`, and `write_histograms()`.

6.54.2.3 overflow

```
unsigned long histogram::overflow
```

No.

of entries above range

Referenced by `histogram_to_root()`.

6.54.2.4 overflow_2d

```
unsigned long histogram::overflow_2d
```

Same in 2nd coord of 2-D histo.

Referenced by `histogram_to_root()`.

6.54.2.5 tentries

```
unsigned long histogram::tentries
```

No.

of entries, without ""

Referenced by `display_histogram()`, `fast_stat_histogram()`, `lookup_int()`, `lookup_real()`, and `print_histogram()`.

6.54.2.6 type

```
char histogram::type
```

'I' for integer histogram,

'i' for int. lookup table, 'R' for floating point histogr. 'r' for fl. p. lookup table, 'F'/'D' for single/double precision weighted histograms.

Referenced by `aux_alloc_histogram()`, `display_2d_histogram()`, `display_histogram()`, `fast_stat_histogram()`, `fill_2d_int_histogram()`, `fill_2d_real_histogram()`, `fill_2d_weighted_histogram()`, `fill_histogram()`, `fill_int_histogram()`, `fill_real_histogram()`, `fill_weighted_histogram()`, `histogram_matching()`, `histogram_to_root()`, `lookup_int()`, `lookup_real()`, `print_histogram()`, and `set_ebias_correction()`.

6.54.2.7 underflow

```
unsigned long histogram::underflow
```

No.

of entries below range

Referenced by `histogram_to_root()`.

6.54.2.8 underflow_2d

```
unsigned long histogram::underflow_2d
```

Same in 2nd coord of 2-D histo.

Referenced by `histogram_to_root()`.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [histogram.h](#)

6.55 Histogram_Extension Struct Reference

A histogram extension only allocated for weighted histograms.

```
#include <histogram.h>
```

Data Fields

- double [content_all](#)
Sum of all contents.
- double [content_inside](#)
Sum of contents within range.
- double [content_outside](#) [8]
Contents outside range.
- float * [fdata](#)
*Data of each bin (ix+nx*iy)*
- double * [ddata](#)
in one of two precisions.

6.55.1 Detailed Description

A histogram extension only allocated for weighted histograms.

6.55.2 Field Documentation

6.55.2.1 ddata

```
double* Histogram_Extension::ddata
```

in one of two precisions.

Referenced by [aux_alloc_histogram\(\)](#), [display_2d_histogram\(\)](#), [fill_gaps\(\)](#), [free_histo_contents\(\)](#), [gen_image_↔lookups\(\)](#), [histogram_to_root\(\)](#), and [set_ebias_correction\(\)](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [histogram.h](#)

6.56 Histogram_Parameters Union Reference

Parameters defining the usable range of coordinates.

```
#include <histogram.h>
```


Data Fields

- struct {
 - double [lower_limit](#)
Lower limit of histogram range.
 - double [upper_limit](#)
Upper limit of histogram range.
 - double [sum](#)
Sum of all values.
 - double [tsum](#)
Sum of values within range.
 - double [inverse_binwidth](#)
1.
- } [real](#)

Histogram parameters if it is some sort of 'F' or 'D' type.
- struct {
 - long [lower_limit](#)
Lower limit of histogram range.
 - long [upper_limit](#)
Upper limit of histogram range.
 - long [sum](#)
Sum of all values.
 - long [tsum](#)
Sum of values within range.
 - long [width](#)
Width of histogram range.
- } [integer](#)

Histogram parameters if it is some sort of 'I' (int) type.

6.56.1 Detailed Description

Parameters defining the usable range of coordinates.

6.56.2 Field Documentation

6.56.2.1 integer

```
struct { ... } Histogram_Parameters::integer
```

Histogram parameters if it is some sort of 'I' (int) type.

Needed for integer-type limits.

Referenced by `histogram_matching()`, `histogram_to_root()`, `lookup_int()`, and `print_histogram()`.

6.56.2.2 inverse_binwidth

```
double Histogram_Parameters::inverse_binwidth
```

1.

```
/(width_of_one_bin)
```

Referenced by `lookup_real()`.

6.56.2.3 real

```
struct { ... } Histogram_Parameters::real
```

Histogram parameters if it is some sort of 'F' or 'D' type.

Needed for real-type limits.

Referenced by `fill_gaps()`, `gen_image_lookups()`, `histogram_matching()`, `histogram_to_root()`, `lookup_real()`, `print_histogram()`, and `set_ebias_correction()`.

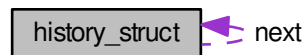
The documentation for this union was generated from the following file:

- [histogram.h](#)

6.57 history_struct Struct Reference

Use to build a linked list of configuration history.

Collaboration diagram for `history_struct`:



Data Fields

- `char * text`
- `time_t time`
Configuration test.
- `struct history_struct * next`
Time when the configuration was entered.

6.57.1 Detailed Description

Use to build a linked list of configuration history.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_history.c](#)

6.58 histstat Struct Reference

Statistics element for histogram analysis.

```
#include <histogram.h>
```

Data Fields

- double **mean**
- double **mean_2d**
- double **tmean**
- double **tmean_2d**
- double **hmean**
- double **hmean_2d**
- double **sigma**
- double **sigma_2d**
- double **median**
- double **median_2d**

6.58.1 Detailed Description

Statistics element for histogram analysis.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [histogram.h](#)

6.59 incpath Struct Reference

An element in a linked list of include paths.

Collaboration diagram for incpath:



Data Fields

- char * [path](#)
The path name.
- struct [incpath](#) * [next](#)
The next element.

6.59.1 Detailed Description

An element in a linked list of include paths.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

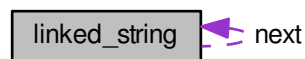
- [fileopen.c](#)

6.60 [linked_string](#) Struct Reference

The [linked_string](#) is mainly used to keep CORSIKA input.

```
#include <mc_tel.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for [linked_string](#):



Data Fields

- char * **text**
- struct [linked_string](#) * **next**

6.60.1 Detailed Description

The [linked_string](#) is mainly used to keep CORSIKA input.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [mc_tel.h](#)

6.61 map_tel_struct Struct Reference

Structure with per output telescope information keeping track of prerequisites.

Data Fields

- int [tel_id](#)
Telescope ID on output.
- int [ifn](#)
Input file number (1 only in this program)
- int [inp_id](#)
Telescope ID on input.
- int [inp_itel](#)
Sequential telescope count on input.
- int [have_camset](#)
Have camera_settings for this telescope.
- int [have_camorg](#)
Have camera organisation for this telescope.
- int [have_pixset](#)
Have pixel settings for this telescope.
- int [have_pixdis](#)
Have pixels disabled for this telescope (optional)
- int [have_camsoft](#)
Have camera software settings for this telescope.
- int [have_pointcor](#)
Have pointing correction for this telescope.
- int [have_trackset](#)
Have tracking settings for this telescope.

6.61.1 Detailed Description

Structure with per output telescope information keeping track of prerequisites.

6.61.2 Field Documentation

6.61.2.1 ifn

```
int map_tel_struct::ifn
```

Input file number (1 only in this program)

Input file number (1 or 2)

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- [extract_simtel.c](#)
- [merge_simtel.c](#)

6.62 moments Struct Reference

Numbers to be summed up to obtain the moments.

```
#include <histogram.h>
```

Data Fields

- double **lower_limit**
- double **upper_limit**
- double **sum**
- double **tsum**
- double **sum2**
- double **tsum2**
- double **sum3**
- double **tsum3**
- double **sum4**
- double **tsum4**
- unsigned long **entries**
- unsigned long **tentries**
- int **level**

6.62.1 Detailed Description

Numbers to be summed up to obtain the moments.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [histogram.h](#)

6.63 momstat Struct Reference

First, second, and higher moments of a 1-D histogram.

```
#include <histogram.h>
```

Data Fields

- double **mean**
- double **sigma**
- double **skewness**
- double **kurtosis**
- double **tmean**
- double **tsigma**
- double **tskewness**
- double **tkurtosis**

6.63.1 Detailed Description

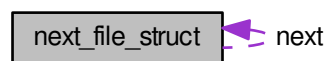
First, second, and higher moments of a 1-D histogram.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [histogram.h](#)

6.64 next_file_struct Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for next_file_struct:



Data Fields

- char * **fname**
- struct [next_file_struct](#) * **next**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- [read_hess.c](#)
- [read_hess_cc.cc](#)

6.65 photo_electron Struct Reference

A photo-electron produced by a photon hitting a pixel.

```
#include <mc_tel.h>
```

Data Fields

- int [pixel](#)
The pixel that was hit.
- int [lambda](#)
The wavelength of the photon.
- double [atime](#)
The time [ns] when the photon hit the pixel.

6.65.1 Detailed Description

A photo-electron produced by a photon hitting a pixel.

6.65.2 Field Documentation

6.65.2.1 `atime`

```
double photo_electron::atime
```

The time [ns] when the photon hit the pixel.

6.65.2.2 `lambda`

```
int photo_electron::lambda
```

The wavelength of the photon.

6.65.2.3 `pixel`

```
int photo_electron::pixel
```

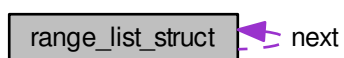
The pixel that was hit.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [mc_tel.h](#)

6.66 `range_list_struct` Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for `range_list_struct`:



Data Fields

- long **from**
- long **to**
- struct [range_list_struct](#) * **next**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [read_hess.c](#)

6.67 select_struct Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int **event**
- int **tel_id**
- int **pixel**
- int **gain**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [rh_d10_test.c](#)

6.68 shower_extra_parameters Struct Reference

Extra shower parameters of unspecified nature.

```
#include <mc_tel.h>
```

Data Fields

- long [id](#)
May identify to the user what the parameters should mean.
- int [is_set](#)
May be reset after writing the parameter block and must thus be set to 1 for each shower for which the extra parameters should get recorded.
- double [weight](#)
To be used if the weight of a shower may change during processing, e.g.
- size_t [niparam](#)
Number of extra integer parameters.
- int * [iparam](#)
Space for extra integer parameters, at least of size niparam.
- size_t [nfparam](#)
Number of extra floating-point parameters.
- float * [fparam](#)
Space for extra floats, at least of size nfparam.

6.68.1 Detailed Description

Extra shower parameters of unspecified nature.

Useful for things to be used like in the event header but which may only become available while processing a shower. Should be initialized with the `init_shower_extra_parameters(int ni_max, int nf_max)` function.

6.68.2 Field Documentation

6.68.2.1 fparam

```
float* shower_extra_parameters::fparam
```

Space for extra floats, at least of size `nfparam`.

6.68.2.2 id

```
long shower_extra_parameters::id
```

May identify to the user what the parameters should mean.

6.68.2.3 iparam

```
int* shower_extra_parameters::iparam
```

Space for extra integer parameters, at least of size `niparam`.

6.68.2.4 is_set

```
int shower_extra_parameters::is_set
```

May be reset after writing the parameter block and must thus be set to 1 for each shower for which the extra parameters should get recorded.

6.68.2.5 nfparam

```
size_t shower_extra_parameters::nfparam
```

Number of extra floating-point parameters.

6.68.2.6 niparam

```
size_t shower_extra_parameters::niparam
```

Number of extra integer parameters.

6.68.2.7 weight

```
double shower_extra_parameters::weight
```

To be used if the weight of a shower may change during processing, e.g.

when shower processing can be aborted depending on how quickly the electromagnetic component builds up and the remaining showers may have a larger weight to compensate for that. For backwards compatibility this should be set to 1.0 when no additional weight is needed.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [mc_tel.h](#)

6.69 tel_type_param Struct Reference

Data Fields

- int **min_tel_id**
- int **max_tel_id**
- double **mirror_area**
- double **flen**
- int **num_pixels**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [user_analysis.c](#)

6.70 telescope_list Struct Reference

Data Fields

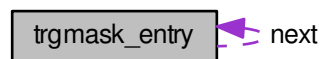
- size_t **min_tel**
- size_t **ntel**
- int * **tel_id**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [user_analysis.c](#)

6.71 trgmask_entry Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for trgmask_entry:



Data Fields

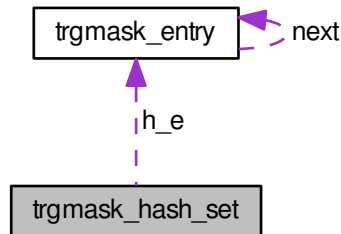
- long **event**
The event number.
- int **tel_id**
The telescope ID number.
- int **trg_mask**
The trigger mask bit pattern which got messed up in data files.
- struct **trgmask_entry** * **next**
Can be used in arrays but also in linked lists.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_trgmask.h](#)

6.72 `trgmask_hash_set` Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for `trgmask_hash_set`:



Data Fields

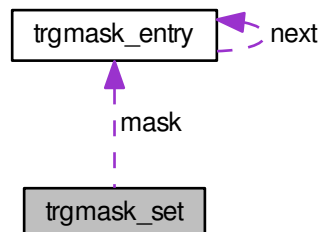
- long **run**
- struct `trgmask_entry` * `h_e` [TRGMASK_PRIME]
Start of linked list for each possible hash value.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_trgmask.h](#)

6.73 `trgmask_set` Struct Reference

Collaboration diagram for `trgmask_set`:



Data Fields

- long **run**
- size_t **num_entries**
- struct [trgmask_entry](#) * **mask**

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [io_trgmask.h](#)

6.74 user_parameters Struct Reference

Data Fields

- ```
struct {
 int user_flags
 1: HESS-style analysis standard cuts; 2: hard cuts; 3: loose cuts.
 int min_pix
 The minimum number of significant pixels in usable images.
 int reco_flag
 Reconstruction level flag.
 int min_tel_img
 Minimum and maximum number of usable images for events used in analysis.
 int max_tel_img
 int lref
 Which pixel's amplitude is used as reference.
 int integrator
 The type of pixel intensity integration scheme.
 int integ_param [3]
 Integration-scheme-specific integer parameters, typically:
 int integ_thresh [2]
 Integer type thresholds for significance in ADC units (one per gain)
 int integ_no_rescale
 Set to 1 if integration over small window should not rescale for fraction of single p.e.
 int trg_req
 Required trigger type (bit pattern: bit 0 = majo, 1=asum, 2=dsum)
} i
```
- ```
struct {
    double source_offset_deg
    double d\_sp\_idx
        Difference between generated MC spectrum (e.g.
    double min\_amp
        The minimum amplitude [ peak p.e.
    double tailcut\_low
        The lower and upper tail cuts for the standard two-level tail-cut scheme.
    double tailcut_high
    double minfrac
        Minimum fraction of reference amplitude is needed.
    double max_theta_deg
    double theta_scale
```

```

double de2_cut_param [4]
double mscrw_min [4]
double mscrw_max [4]
double mscrl_min [4]
double mscrl_max [4]
double eres_cut_param [4]
double hmax_cut_param
double min_theta_deg
double camera\_clipping\_deg
    Pixel outside this radius (if > 0) should be ignored in image reconstruction.
double theta\_escale [4]
    If the angular acceptance deviates from the 80% containment.
double clip\_amp
    Pixel intensity clipped to this value after calibration, if this param is not zero.
double d\_integ\_param [2][4]
    Integration-scheme- and gain-specific floating-point parameters.
double calib\_scale
    Calibration scale from mean-p.e.
double r\_nb [3]
    Radii for initial neighbour pixel search.
double r\_ne
    Radius for extending significant pixels in image cleaning [pixel diameter].
double impact\_range [3]
    [0]: maximum distance of array center from shower axis, [1],[2]: max.
double true\_impact\_range [3]
    As for impact\_range.
double max_core_distance
double focal_length
} d

```

•

```

struct {
    int user\_flags
        1: HESS-style analysis standard cuts; 2: hard cuts; 3: loose cuts.
    int min\_pix
        The minimum number of significant pixels in usable images.
    int reco\_flag
        Reconstruction level flag.
    int min\_tel\_img
        Minimum and maximum number of usable images for events used in analysis.
    int max_tel_img
    int lref
        Which pixel's amplitude is used as reference.
    int integrator
        The type of pixel intensity integration scheme.
    int integ\_param [3]
        Integration-scheme-specific integer parameters, typically:
    int integ\_thresh [2]
        Integer type thresholds for significance in ADC units (one per gain)
    int integ\_no\_rescale
        Set to 1 if integration over small window should not rescale for fraction of single p.e.
    int trg\_req
        Required trigger type (bit pattern: bit 0 = majo, 1=asum, 2=dsum)
} i

```

•

```

struct {
    double source_offset_deg

```

```

double d_sp_idx
    Difference between generated MC spectrum (e.g.
double min_amp
    The minimum amplitude [ peak p.e.
double tailcut_low
    The lower and upper tail cuts for the standard two-level tail-cut scheme.
double tailcut_high
double minfrac
    Minimum fraction of reference amplitude is needed.
double max_theta_deg
double theta_scale
double de2_cut_param [4]
double mscrw_min [4]
double mscrw_max [4]
double mscl_min [4]
double mscl_max [4]
double eres_cut_param [4]
double hmax_cut_param
double min_theta_deg
double camera_clipping_deg
    Pixel outside this radius (if > 0) should be ignored in image reconstruction.
double theta_escale [4]
    If the angular acceptance deviates from the 80% containment.
double clip_amp
    Pixel intensity clipped to this value after calibration, if this param is not zero.
double d_integ_param [2][4]
    Integration-scheme- and gain-specific floating-point parameters.
double calib_scale
    Calibration scale from mean-p.e.
double r_nb [3]
    Radii for initial neighbour pixel search.
double r_ne
    Radius for extending significant pixels in image cleaning [pixel diameter].
double impact_range [3]
    [0]: maximum distance of array center from shower axis, [1],[2]: max.
double true_impact_range [3]
    As for impact_range.
double max_core_distance
double focal_length
} d

```

6.74.1 Field Documentation

6.74.1.1 calib_scale

```
double user_parameters::calib_scale
```

Calibration scale from mean-p.e.

units to experimental units (0.0: like HESS).

6.74.1.2 camera_clipping_deg

```
double user_parameters::camera_clipping_deg
```

Pixel outside this radius (if > 0) should be ignored in image reconstruction.

6.74.1.3 clip_amp

```
double user_parameters::clip_amp
```

Pixel intensity clipped to this value after calibration, if this param is not zero.

6.74.1.4 d_integ_param

```
double user_parameters::d_integ_param[2][4]
```

Integration-scheme- and gain-specific floating-point parameters.

6.74.1.5 d_sp_idx

```
double user_parameters::d_sp_idx
```

Difference between generated MC spectrum (e.g.

$E^{-2.0}$) and assumed source spectrum (e.g. $E^{-2.5}$), e.g. case $d_sp_idx = -0.5$.

Referenced by `user_event_fill()`, and `user_mc_event_fill()`.

6.74.1.6 impact_range

```
double user_parameters::impact_range[3]
```

[0]: maximum distance of array center from shower axis, [1],[2]: max.

$|x|, |y|$ of core in ground plane.

6.74.1.7 integ_no_rescale

```
int user_parameters::integ_no_rescale
```

Set to 1 if integration over small window should not rescale for fraction of single p.e.

trace.

6.74.1.8 integ_param

```
int user_parameters::integ_param[3]
```

Integration-scheme-specific integer parameters, typically:

number of bins to integrate and some offset value from start or back from detected peak.

Referenced by pixel_integration().

6.74.1.9 integrator

```
int user_parameters::integrator
```

The type of pixel intensity integration scheme.

0: none (implicitly all samples), 1: simple, 2: around global peak, 3: around local peak, 4: around peak in neighbour pixels.

Referenced by pixel_integration().

6.74.1.10 min_amp

```
double user_parameters::min_amp
```

The minimum amplitude [peak p.e.

] of images usable for the analysis.

6.74.1.11 min_pix

```
int user_parameters::min_pix
```

The minimum number of significant pixels in usable images.

6.74.1.12 min_tel_img

```
int user_parameters::min_tel_img
```

Minimum and maximum number of usable images for events used in analysis.

6.74.1.13 r_nb

```
double user_parameters::r_nb[3]
```

Radii for initial neighbour pixel search.

Maximum search radii for neighbours [pixel diameter]

6.74.1.14 tailcut_low

```
double user_parameters::tailcut_low
```

The lower and upper tail cuts for the standard two-level tail-cut scheme.

6.74.1.15 theta_escale

```
double user_parameters::theta_escale[4]
```

If the angular acceptance deviates from the 80% containment.

6.74.1.16 user_flags

```
int user_parameters::user_flags
```

1: HESS-style analysis standard cuts; 2: hard cuts; 3: loose cuts.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following files:

- user_analysis.h
- ~user_analysis.h

6.75 warn_specific_data Struct Reference

A struct used to store thread-specific data.

Data Fields

- int **warninglevel**
- int **warningmode**
- char **output_buffer** [2048]
- const char * **logfname**
The name of the log file.
- char **saved_logfname** [256]
- int **buffered**
- FILE * **logfile**
- void(* **log_function**)(const char *, const char *, int, int)
- void(* **output_function**)(const char *)
- char *(* **aux_function**)(void)
- int **recursive**

6.75.1 Detailed Description

A struct used to store thread-specific data.

6.75.2 Field Documentation

6.75.2.1 logfname

```
const char* warn_specific_data::logfname
```

The name of the log file.

Used only when opening the file.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [warning.c](#)

Chapter 7

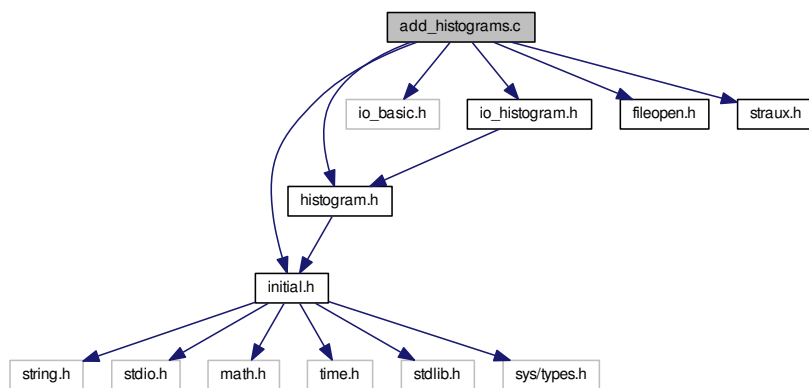
File Documentation

7.1 add_histograms.c File Reference

Utility program for adding up matching histograms.

```
#include "initial.h"  
#include "histogram.h"  
#include "io_basic.h"  
#include "io_histogram.h"  
#include "fileopen.h"  
#include "straux.h"
```

Include dependency graph for add_histograms.c:



Functions

- void **syntax** (const char *prgm)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

Main program.

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Utility program for adding up matching histograms.

```
Syntax: add_histograms [ -x id1,...] input_files ... -o output_file
```

The histograms may be within multiple I/O blocks of the input file. Matching histograms will be added up, unless set to be excluded with the '-x' option. Only non-empty histograms are written to output.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2014/06/24 14:29:40 \$

Version

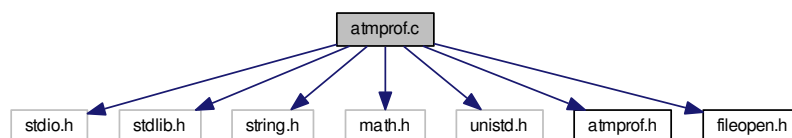
CVS \$Revision: 1.2 \$

7.2 atmprof.c File Reference

A stripped-down version of the interpolation of atmospheric profiles from the atmo.c file of the CORSIKA IACT/A₀ TMO package.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "atmprof.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
```

Include dependency graph for atmprof.c:



Macros

- `#define MAX_PROFILE 50`

Functions

- static void `interp` (double x, double *v, int n, int *ipl, double *rpl)
Linear interpolation with binary search algorithm.
- static double `rpol` (double *x, double *y, int n, double xp)
Linear interpolation with binary search algorithm.
- static char * `find_elsewhere` (const char *fname, char *bf, size_t sz)
Find the atmospheric profiles elsewhere (in the sim_telarray configuration).
- int `init_atmprof` (int atmosphere)
Initialize atmospheric profiles.
- double `rhofx` (double height)
Density of the atmosphere as a function of altitude.
- double `thickx` (double height)
*Atmospheric thickness [g/cm**2] as a function of altitude.*
- double `refidx` (double height)
Index of refraction as a function of altitude [cm].
- double `heighx` (double thick)
*Altitude [m] as a function of atmospheric thickness [g/cm**2].*

Variables

- static int `current_atmosphere`
- static int `num_prof`
- static double `p_alt` [MAX_PROFILE]
- static double `p_log_alt` [MAX_PROFILE]
- static double `p_log_rho` [MAX_PROFILE]
- static double `p_rho` [MAX_PROFILE]
- static double `p_log_thick` [MAX_PROFILE]
- static double `p_log_n1` [MAX_PROFILE]
- static double `top_of_atmosphere` = 112.83e3
- static double `bottom_of_atmosphere` = 0.

7.2.1 Detailed Description

A stripped-down version of the interpolation of atmospheric profiles from the atmo.c file of the CORSIKA IACT/A_→TMO package.

The main differences are a) parameters are passed by value instead of FORTRAN by-reference way, b) the height is measured in meters.

The CORSIKA built-in profiles are not handled here.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2010/07/20 13:37:47 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.6 \$

7.2.2 Function Documentation

7.2.2.1 heighx()

```
double heighx (
    double thick )
```

Altitude [m] as a function of atmospheric thickness [g/cm**2].

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>thick</i> | atmospheric thickness [g/cm**2] |
|--------------|---------------------------------|

Returns

altitude [m]

7.2.2.2 init_atmprof()

```
int init_atmprof (
    int atmosphere )
```

Initialize atmospheric profiles.

Atmospheric models are read in from text-format tables. For the interpolation of relevant parameters (density, thickness, index of refraction, ...) all parameters are transformed such that linear interpolation can be easily used.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| <i>atmosphere</i> | Atmosphere number, to be expanded to the table file name. |
|-------------------|---|

Returns

0 (OK) or -1 (error, e.g. table available)

References `fileopen()`, and `find_elsewhere()`.

7.2.2.3 interp()

```
static void interp (
    double x,
```



```
double * v,
int n,
int * ipl,
double * rpl ) [static]
```

Linear interpolation with binary search algorithm.

Linear interpolation between data point in sorted (i.e. monotonic ascending or descending) order. This function determines between which two data points the requested coordinate is and where between them. If the given coordinate is outside the covered range, the value for the corresponding edge is returned.

A binary search algorithm is used for fast interpolation.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|--|
| <i>x</i> | Input: the requested coordinate |
| <i>v</i> | Input: tabulated coordinates at data points |
| <i>n</i> | Input: number of data points |
| <i>ipl</i> | Output: the number of the data point following the requested coordinate in the given sorting ($1 \leq ipl \leq n-1$) |
| <i>rpl</i> | Output: the fraction $(x-v[ipl-1])/(v[ipl]-v[ipl-1])$ with $0 \leq rpl \leq 1$ |

References rpol().

Referenced by rpol().

7.2.2.4 refidx()

```
double refidx (
    double height )
```

Index of refraction as a function of altitude [cm].

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| <i>height</i> | altitude [m] |
|---------------|--------------|

Returns

index of refraction

7.2.2.5 rhofx()

```
double rhofx (
    double height )
```

Density of the atmosphere as a function of altitude.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| <i>height</i> | altitude [m] |
|---------------|--------------|

Returns

density [g/cm**3]

7.2.2.6 rpol()

```
static double rpol (
    double * x,
    double * y,
    int n,
    double xp )  [static]
```

Linear interpolation with binary search algorithm.

Linear interpolation between data point in sorted (i.e. monotonic ascending or descending) order. The resulting interpolated value is returned as a return value.

This function calls [interp\(\)](#) to find out where to interpolate.

Parameters

| | |
|-----------|--|
| <i>x</i> | Input: Coordinates for data table |
| <i>y</i> | Input: Corresponding values for data table |
| <i>n</i> | Input: Number of data points |
| <i>xp</i> | Input: Coordinate of requested value |

Returns

Interpolated value

References [find_elsewhere\(\)](#), and [interp\(\)](#).

Referenced by [interp\(\)](#).

7.2.2.7 thickx()

```
double thickx (
    double height )
```

Atmospheric thickness [g/cm**2] as a function of altitude.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--------------|
| <i>height</i> | altitude [m] |
|---------------|--------------|

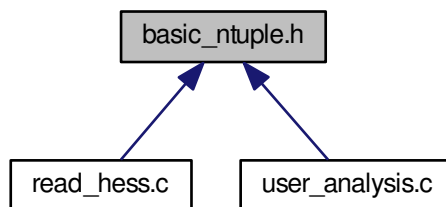
Returns

thickness [g/cm**2]

7.3 basic_ntuple.h File Reference

Descleration of the [basic_ntuple](#) struct.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct [basic_ntuple](#)

A struct with basic per-shower parameters, to be used as an n-tuple in the event selection.

Functions

- int [list_ntuple](#) (FILE *f, const struct [basic_ntuple](#) *b, int wtr)

List the parameters useful for event selection plus some more parameters which should not be used for event selection.

7.3.1 Detailed Description

Descleration of the [basic_ntuple](#) struct.

7.3.2 Function Documentation

7.3.2.1 list_ntuple()

```
int list_ntuple (
    FILE * f,
    const struct basic_ntuple * b,
    int wtr )
```

List the parameters useful for event selection plus some more parameters which should not be used for event selection.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|--|
| <i>f</i> | Output file, to be opened beforehand. |
| <i>b</i> | Pointer to the struct containing all the relevant numbers. |
| <i>wtr</i> | Non-zero on first call to write also true MC parameters. |

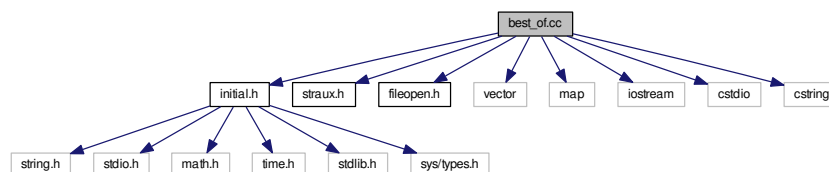
References `basic_ntuple::lg_e`, `basic_ntuple::mdisp`, `basic_ntuple::rcm`, and `basic_ntuple::theta`.

7.4 best_of.cc File Reference

Tool for extracting best values from listings of 'rh3' sensitivity evaluations.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "straux.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include <vector>
#include <map>
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdio>
#include <cstring>
```

Include dependency graph for `best_of.cc`:



Data Structures

- struct `best_value`

Enumerations

- enum **SpecType** {
SPEC_NONE = -1, **SPEC_GAMMA** = 0, **SPEC_ELECTRON** = 1, **SPEC_PROTON** = 101,
SPEC_HE = 402, **SPEC_CNO** = 1407, **SPEC_SI** = 2814, **SPEC_IRON** = 5626,
SPEC_NONE = -1, **SPEC_GAMMA** = 0, **SPEC_ELECTRON** = 1, **SPEC_PROTON** = 101,
SPEC_HE = 402, **SPEC_CNO** = 1407, **SPEC_SI** = 2814, **SPEC_IRON** = 5626 }
- enum **espec_t** {
OLD_E_POWERLAW = 1, **NEW_E_POWERLAW** = 2, **NEW_E_PL_LGN1** = 3, **NEW_E_PL_LGN2** = 4,
OLD_E_POWERLAW = 1, **NEW_E_POWERLAW** = 2, **NEW_E_PL_LGN1** = 3, **NEW_E_PL_LGN2** = 4 }
- enum **BestChoice** {
BestDiff = 1, **BestIntegral** = 2, **BestAngle** = 3, **BestEres** = 4,
BestRate = 5, **BestCombined** = 6, **BestAll** = 7 }

Functions

- string **particle_type** (SpecType sp)
- double **Crab_Unit** (double E)
- static double **cu** (double x)
- double **Crab_Unit_int** (double E)
- double **ergs** (double E)
- static double **f50** (double x)
- static double **fsp50** (double x)
- double **Flux_req50_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req50_E2erg_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req50_CU_south** (double E)
- static double **fn50** (double x)
- static double **fnsf50** (double x)
- double **Flux_req50_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req50_E2erg_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req50_CU_north** (double E)
- static double **f5** (double x)
- static double **fsp5** (double x)
- double **Flux_req5_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req5_E2erg_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req5_CU_south** (double E)
- static double **fn5** (double x)
- static double **fnsf5** (double x)
- double **Flux_req5_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req5_E2erg_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req5_CU_north** (double E)
- static double **f05** (double x)
- static double **fsp05** (double x)
- double **Flux_req05_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req05_E2erg_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_req05_CU_south** (double E)
- static double **fn05** (double x)
- static double **fnsf05** (double x)
- double **Flux_req05_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req05_E2erg_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_req05_CU_north** (double E)
- static double **fd50** (double x)
- static double **fdes50** (double x)
- double **Flux_goal50_south** (double E)

- double **Flux_goal50_E2erg_south** (double E)
- double **Flux_goal50_CU_south** (double E)
- static double **fnd50** (double x)
- static double **fndes50** (double x)
- double **Flux_goal50_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_goal50_E2erg_north** (double E)
- double **Flux_goal50_CU_north** (double E)
- double **Angular_resolution_req** (double E)
- double **Angular_resolution_goal** (double E)
- static double **eresb** (double E)
- double **Energy_resolution_req** (double E)
- static double **eresdb** (double E)
- double **Energy_resolution_goal** (double E)
- double **flux_int** (SpecType sp, double E1, double E2)
- double **lima17** (double on, double off, double alpha)
- bool **matching_required_diffsens** (int calc_pput, bool with_flux, double E, double diff_sens)
- bool **matching_required_performance** (int calc_pput, bool with_flux, double E, double diff_sens, double angles, double eres)
- bool **matching_required_angles** (double E, double angles)
- bool **matching_required_eres** (double E, double eres)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

Variables

- static double **sce** = 1.6022
- static double **sca** = 1e-4
- static double **sc** = sce*sca
- espec_t **espec_type** = OLD_E_POWERLAW

7.4.1 Detailed Description

Tool for extracting best values from listings of 'rh3' sensitivity evaluations.

Three versions of the 'rh3' output format are supported. All of the input (from standard input) should be in the same format type.

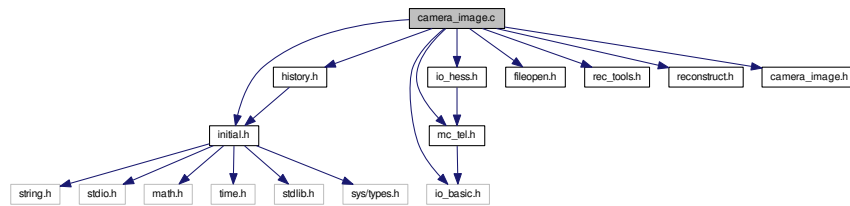
7.5 camera_image.c File Reference

Plot a camera image from H.E.S.S.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "history.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "rec_tools.h"
#include "reconstruct.h"
```

```
#include "camera_image.h"
```

Include dependency graph for camera_image.c:



Macros

- `#define H_MAX_NB1 8`
- `#define H_MAX_NB2 24`

Functions

- static int **guessed_pixel_shape_type** ([CameraSettings](#) *camset, int itel)
- static double **dist2** (double x, double y)
- static void **print_pix_col** (double n_o_r, FILE *psfile, double gamma_coeff)
Print a false-colour RGB value for a pixel intensity.
- void **hesscam_ps_plot** (const char *image_fname, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int type, int amp_tm, double clip_amp)
Write PostScript of camera sum image or sample image to a dedicated file.
- static int **find_neighbours** ([CameraSettings](#) *camset, int itel)
Find the list of neighbours for each pixel.

Variables

- static char **ps_head1a** []
- static char **ps_head1b** []
- static char **ps_head2** []
- static char **ps_head3** []
- static char **ps_begin_page1** []
- static char **ps_begin_page2** []
- static char **ps_end_page** []
- static char **ps_trailer** []
- static char **alt_az_arrow** []
- static int **ps_num_page** = 0
- static int **neighbours1** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)][[H_MAX_PIX](#)][[H_MAX_NB1](#)]
- static int **nnb1** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)][[H_MAX_PIX](#)]
- static int **has_nblast** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- static int **px_shape_type** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]

7.5.1 Detailed Description

Plot a camera image from H.E.S.S.

/CTA data.

This code is derived from `sim_conv2hess.c` but now getting the relevant data from the data structure filled after reading the eventio based data, rather than from the internal data structures of `sim_hessarray`. As a consequence not all information available in the `sim_hessarray` generated plots is available in the plots generated here. Also some flexibility is lost, concerning for example the pixel shape which is not included in the data.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2017/08/21 16:48:14 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.40 \$

7.5.2 Function Documentation

7.5.2.1 `find_neighbours()`

```
static int find_neighbours (
    CameraSettings * camset,
    int itel ) [static]
```

Find the list of neighbours for each pixel.

References `hess_camera_settings_struct::num_pixels`.

7.5.2.2 `hesscam_ps_plot()`

```
void hesscam_ps_plot (
    const char * image_fname,
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int type,
    int amp_tm,
    double clip_amp )
```

Write PostScript of camera sum image or sample image to a dedicated file.

Also controlled via environment variables `GAMMA_COEFF`, `GRAY_IMAGE`, `IMAGE_RANGE`, `IMAGE_OFFSET` for image colors, `PLOT_WITH_PIXEL_ID`, `PLOT_WITH_PIXEL_AMP`, `PLOT_WITH_PIXEL_PE` for overlay text, `SHOW_TRUE_PE` for showing color for true p.e. number in place of calibrated amplitude.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| <i>image_fname</i> | The name of the postscript image file. Opened for appending new images. |
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to the structure containing all data. |
| <i>itel</i> | The telescope index number. |
| <i>type</i> | Event type (<0: MC events, >=0: various type of calib data). |
| <i>amp_tm</i> | 0: Use normal integrated amplitude. 1: Use integration around global peak position from pulse shape analysis. May include all pixels or only selected. 2: Use integration around local peak position from pulse shape analysis. Return 0 for pixels without a fairly significant peak. 3: Show only true p.e. content as amplitude (no samples). |
| <i>clip_amp</i> | if >0, any calibrated amplitude is clipped not to exceed this value [mean p.e.]. |

References `hess_event_data_struct::central`, `hess_camera_settings_struct::flen`, `hess_central_event_data_struct::glob_count`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::loc_count`, `hess_camera_settings_struct::num_pixels`, `hess_run_header_struct::run`, `hess_camera_settings_struct::tel_id`, `hess_event_data_struct::teldata`, `hess_camera_settings_struct::xpix`, and `hess_camera_settings_struct::ypix`.

7.5.2.3 `print_pix_col()`

```
static void print_pix_col (
    double n_o_r,
    FILE * psfile,
    double gamma_coeff ) [static]
```

Print a false-colour RGB value for a pixel intensity.

7.5.3 Variable Documentation

7.5.3.1 `alt_az_arrow`

```
char alt_az_arrow[] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
=
"n 18000 26000 m "
"0 100 rl 200 -100 rl -200 -100 rl 0 100 rl -1000 0 rl "
"cp gs 20 slw black s gr\n"
"txt5 18700 26100 mtxt (Az) tblack\n"
"n 17000 25000 m "
"100 0 rl -100 -200 rl -100 200 rl 100 0 rl 0 1000 rl "
"cp gs 20 slw black s gr\n"
"txt5 17000 24600 mtxt (Alt) tblack\n"
"gs 17800 25500 tr %f rot -17800 -25500 tr\n"
"n 17800 25500 m "
"0 100 rl 200 -100 rl -200 -100 rl 0 100 rl -300 0 rl "
"cp gs 10 slw black s gr\n"
"txt2 17950 25350 mtxt (y) tblack\n"
"n 17500 25200 m "
"100 0 rl -100 -200 rl -100 200 rl 100 0 rl 0 300 rl "
"cp gs 10 slw black s gr\n"
"txt2 17700 25200 mtxt (x) tblack\n"
"gr\n"
```

7.5.3.2 ps_begin_page1

```
char ps_begin_page1[] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
=  
"%Page: "
```

7.5.3.3 ps_begin_page2

```
char ps_begin_page2[] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
=  
"save\n"  
"10 setmiterlimit\n"  
"n -1000 31000 m -1000 -1000 1 22000 -1000 1 22000 31000 1 cp clip\n"  
" 0.02835 0.02835 sc\n"  
"gs\n"  
"7.500 slw\n"  
"black\n"
```

7.5.3.4 ps_end_page

```
char ps_end_page[] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
=  
"gr\n"  
"showpage\n"
```

7.5.3.5 ps_head1a

```
char ps_head1a[] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
=  
"%!PS-Adobe-2.0\n"
```

```
"%%Title: H.E.S.S. Telescope Simulation"
```

7.5.3.6 ps_head1b

```
char ps_head1b[] [static]
```

Initial value:

```
=
"\n%%Creator:"
```

7.5.3.7 ps_trailer

```
char ps_trailer[] [static]
```

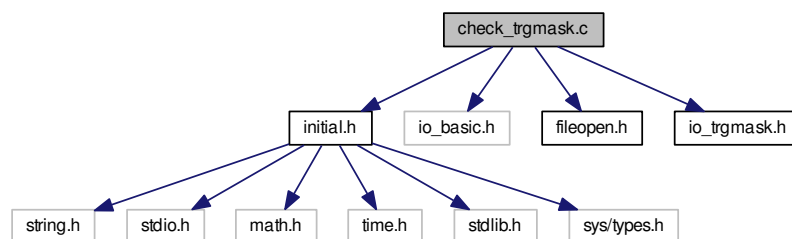
Initial value:

```
=
"rs\n"
```

7.6 check_trgmask.c File Reference

Check consistency of 'trgmask' files produced with gen_trgmask for the CTA prod-2 data sets produced in 2013.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "io_trgmask.h"
Include dependency graph for check_trgmask.c:
```

**Functions**

- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

7.6.1 Detailed Description

Check consistency of 'trgmask' files produced with gen_trgmask for the CTA prod-2 data sets produced in 2013.

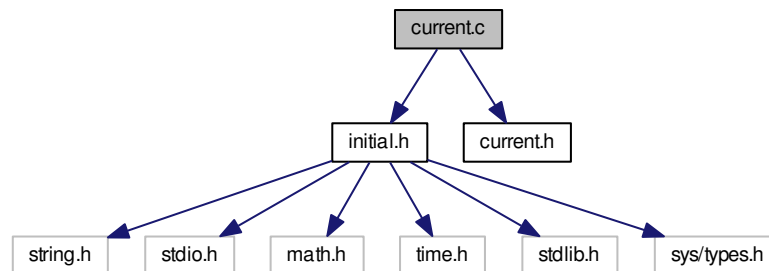
Syntax: bin/check_trgmask trgmask-file

@author Konrad Bernloehr

7.7 current.c File Reference

Code to insert current time string into warnings.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "current.h"
Include dependency graph for current.c:
```



Macros

- `#define __Current_Module__ 1`

Functions

- static long **time_correction** (time_t now)
- time_t **current_time** ()
Get the current time in seconds since 1970.0 GMT.
- time_t **current_localtime** ()
Like current_time() but should return time in the local time zone.
- void **set_current_offset** (long off)
Set current time offset.
- void **set_local_offset** (long off)
Set offset of local time zone.
- void **reset_local_offset** ()
Reset any previous local time offset.
- char * **time_string** ()
Return a pointer to a formatted time-and-date string.
- time_t **mkgmtime** (struct tm *tms)
Inverse to gmtime() library function.

Variables

- static long `tcor_parm` [3]
- static long `local_offset` = `DEFAULT_LOCAL_OFFSET`
- static int `local_set` = 0

7.7.1 Detailed Description

Code to insert current time string into warnings.

This code is meant for inserting time strings into warnings passed through the code of [warning.c](#). It is not currently used in my code and is not yet multi-threading safe. It is here mainly for improved backward-compatibility with `config.c`.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1995, 2000, 2007

Date

2018/05/11 11:54:29

Version

Revision

1.8

7.7.2 Function Documentation

7.7.2.1 `current_localtime()`

```
time_t current_localtime (  
    void )
```

Like [current_time\(\)](#) but should return time in the local time zone.

The offset of the time zone to GMT must be set by [set_local_offset\(\)](#) or it is derived from the machine's internal time zone setup.

Referenced by `time_string()`.

7.7.2.2 `current_time()`

```
time_t current_time (
    void )
```

Get the current time in seconds since 1970.0 GMT.

The resulting time includes the last time correction with respect to the server. Therefore, as long as the clock on the local computer is not much slower or faster than the clock on the I/O server, it is the current Greenwich Mean Time on the I/O server.

Returns

Time in seconds since 0h UT on January 1, 1970.

7.7.2.3 `mkgmtime()`

```
time_t mkgmtime (
    struct tm * tms )
```

Inverse to `gmtime()` library function.

Inverse to `gmtime()` library function without correction for timezone and daylight saving time.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|--|
| <i>tms</i> | Pointer to time structure as filled by <code>gmtime()</code> . |
|------------|--|

Returns

Time in seconds since 1970.0

7.7.2.4 `reset_local_offset()`

```
void reset_local_offset (
    void )
```

Reset any previous local time offset.

Reset any previously set local time offset. The next call to [current_localtime\(\)](#) will therefore set the offset to present system value.

Note: in a multi-threaded program this function should be called only at program startup.

Returns

(none)

7.7.2.5 set_current_offset()

```
void set_current_offset (
    long off )
```

Set current time offset.

Set the offset between the time on the time server and the local time (in seconds in the sense 'remote-local').

Note: in a multi-threaded program this function should be called only at program startup.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|------------------------|
| <i>off</i> | Time offset in seconds |
|------------|------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.7.2.6 set_local_offset()

```
void set_local_offset (
    long off )
```

Set offset of local time zone.

Set the offset between the local time zone and GMT (in seconds in the sense 'local zone - GMT').

Note: in a multi-threaded program this function should be called only at program startup.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|------------------------|
| <i>off</i> | Time offset in seconds |
|------------|------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.7.2.7 time_string()

```
char* time_string (
    void )
```

Return a pointer to a formatted time-and-date string.

This string is reused (changed) on the next call.

Returns

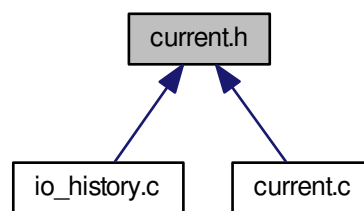
Time/date character string pointer.

References `current_localtime()`.

7.8 `current.h` File Reference

Header file for optional current time add-on to [warning.c](#).

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- `#define` **DEFAULT_LOCAL_OFFSET** 3600

Functions

- `time_t` **current_time** (void)
Get the current time in seconds since 1970.0 GMT.
- `time_t` **current_localtime** (void)
Like `current_time()` but should return time in the local time zone.
- void **set_current_offset** (long _toffset)
Set current time offset.
- void **set_local_offset** (long _local_offset)
Set offset of local time zone.
- void **reset_local_offset** (void)
Reset any previous local time offset.
- char * **time_string** (void)
Return a pointer to a formatted time-and-date string.
- `time_t` **mkgmtime** (struct tm *tms)
Inverse to `gmtime()` library function.

Variables

- `time_t` **last_data_time**

7.8.1 Detailed Description

Header file for optional current time add-on to [warning.c](#).

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1993 (original version)

Date

2010/07/20 13:37:45

Revision

1.4

7.8.2 Function Documentation

7.8.2.1 `current_localtime()`

```
time_t current_localtime (  
    void )
```

Like [current_time\(\)](#) but should return time in the local time zone.

The offset of the time zone to GMT must be set by [set_local_offset\(\)](#) or it is derived from the machine's internal time zone setup.

Referenced by [time_string\(\)](#).

7.8.2.2 `current_time()`

```
time_t current_time (  
    void )
```

Get the current time in seconds since 1970.0 GMT.

The resulting time includes the last time correction with respect to the server. Therefore, as long as the clock on the local computer is not much slower or faster than the clock on the I/O server, it is the current Greenwich Mean Time on the I/O server.

Returns

Time in seconds since 0h UT on January 1, 1970.

7.8.2.3 `mkgmtime()`

```
time_t mkgmtime (  
    struct tm * tms )
```

Inverse to [gmtime\(\)](#) library function.

Inverse to [gmtime\(\)](#) library function without correction for timezone and daylight saving time.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|--|
| <i>tms</i> | Pointer to time structure as filled by <code>gmtime()</code> . |
|------------|--|

Returns

Time in seconds since 1970.0

7.8.2.4 reset_local_offset()

```
void reset_local_offset (
    void )
```

Reset any previous local time offset.

Reset any previously set local time offset. The next call to [current_localtime\(\)](#) will therefore set the offset to present system value.

Note: in a multi-threaded program this function should be called only at program startup.

Returns

(none)

7.8.2.5 set_current_offset()

```
void set_current_offset (
    long off )
```

Set current time offset.

Set the offset between the time on the time server and the local time (in seconds in the sense 'remote-local').

Note: in a multi-threaded program this function should be called only at program startup.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|------------------------|
| <i>off</i> | Time offset in seconds |
|------------|------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.8.2.6 set_local_offset()

```
void set_local_offset (
    long off )
```

Set offset of local time zone.

Set the offset between the local time zone and GMT (in seconds in the sense 'local zone - GMT').

Note: in a multi-threaded program this function should be called only at program startup.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|------------------------|
| <i>off</i> | Time offset in seconds |
|------------|------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.8.2.7 time_string()

```
char* time_string (
    void )
```

Return a pointer to a formatted time-and-date string.

This string is reused (changed) on the next call.

Returns

Time/date character string pointer.

References `current_localtime()`.

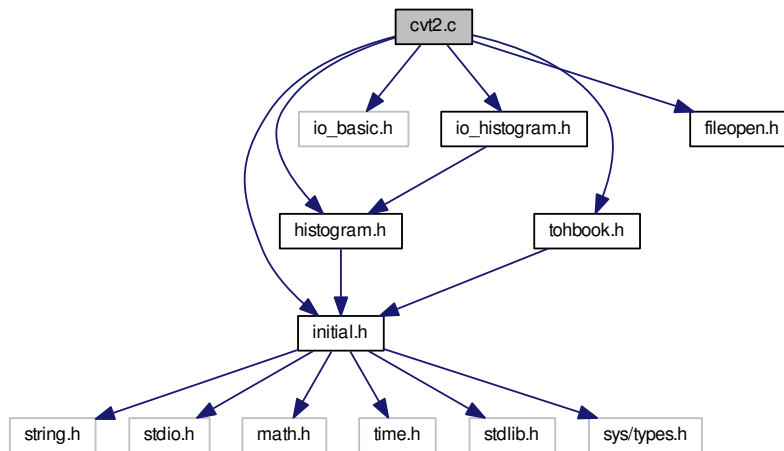
7.9 cvt2.c File Reference

Utility program for converting histograms to HBOOK format.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "tohbook.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
```

```
#include "fileopen.h"
```

Include dependency graph for cvt2.c:



Functions

- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

7.9.1 Detailed Description

Utility program for converting histograms to HBOOK format.

```
Syntax: hdata2hbook [ input_file [ output_file ] ]
or: hdata2hbook -a input_files ... -o output_file
```

The program was originally called `cvt2`. The default input file name is 'testpattern.hdata', the default output file name is 'testpattern.hbook' or the input file name with extension '.hbook' (instead of '.hdata'). The histograms may be within multiple I/O blocks of the input file. Only non-empty histograms are written to output.

With the '-a' option, all identical histograms in the input files will be added up before writing them to output.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2014/02/20 10:53:06 \$

Version

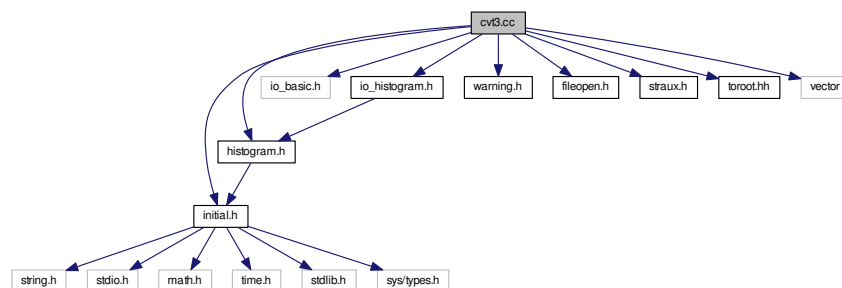
CVS \$Revision: 1.23 \$

7.10 cvt3.cc File Reference

Conversion of eventio histograms to ROOT format.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "warning.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "straux.h"
#include "toroot.hh"
#include <vector>
```

Include dependency graph for cvt3.cc:



Functions

- int **read_file** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, const char *fname, int add_flag, int list_flag)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

7.10.1 Detailed Description

Conversion of eventio histograms to ROOT format.

```
Syntax: hdata2root [ input_file [ output_file ] ]
or: hdata2root -a input_files ... -o output_file
```

The program was originally called `cvt3`. The default input file name is 'testpattern.hdata', the default output file name is 'testpattern.root' or the input file name with extension '.root' (instead of '.hdata'). The histograms may be within multiple I/O blocks of the input file. Only non-empty histograms are written to output. Take care not to replace any ROOT data format you wanted to keep.

With the '-a' option, all identical histograms in the input files will be added up before writing them to output.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2016/10/21 12:37:05 \$

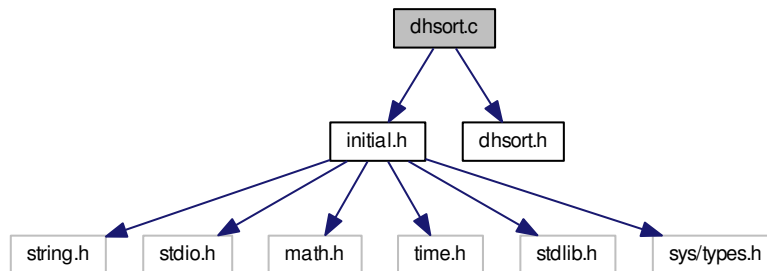
Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.19 \$

7.11 dhsort.c File Reference

dhsort - double type number heapsort

```
#include "initial.h"  
#include "dhsort.h"  
Include dependency graph for dhsort.c:
```



Functions

- void [dhsort](#) (double *dnum, int nel)
Perform a heap sort on a double array starting at dnum.

7.11.1 Detailed Description

dhsort - double type number heapsort

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

Date

2010/07/20 13:37:45

Version

Revision

1.6

Based on algorithms by Jon Bentley [Communications of the ACM v 28 n 3 p 245 (Mar 85) and v 28 n 5 p 456 (May 85)], and the sort interface routines by Allen I. Holub [Dr. Dobb's Journal #102 (Apr 85)].

Notes...

This routine sorts N doubles in worst-case time proportional to $N \log(N)$. The heapsort was discovered by J. W. J. Williams [Communications of the ACM v 7 p 347-348 (1964)] and is discussed by D. E. Knuth [The Art of Computer Programming, Volume 3: Sorting and Searching, Addison-Wesley, Reading, Mass., 1973, section 5.2.3].

This algorithm depends on a portion of an array having the "heap" property. The array X has the property $\text{heap}[L,U]$ if:

```

for all      L, i, and U
such that     $2L \leq i \leq U$ 
we have       $X[i \text{ div } 2] \leq X[i]$ 

```

7.11.2 Function Documentation

7.11.2.1 dhsort()

```

void dhsort (
    double * dnum,
    int nel )

```

Perform a heap sort on a double array starting at dnum.

References main().

7.12 eventio_registry.c File Reference

Register and enquire about well-known I/O block types.

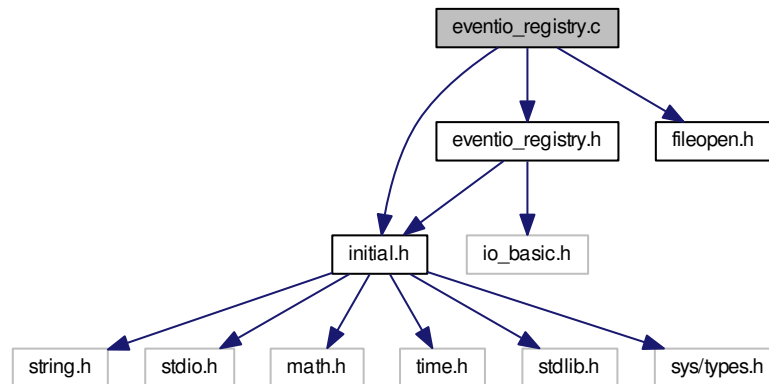
```

#include "initial.h"
#include "eventio_registry.h"

```

```
#include "fileopen.h"
```

Include dependency graph for eventio_registry.c:



Data Structures

- struct [ev_reg_chain](#)

Use a double-linked list for the registry.

Functions

- struct ev_reg_entry * [new_reg_entry](#) (unsigned long t, const char *n, const char *d)
Allocate a new entry for the registry.
- int [read_eventio_registry](#) (const char *fname)
Read the type names and descriptions into the registry.
- static void [read_default_registry](#) (void)
By default the registry contents will be searched in a few places.
- struct ev_reg_entry * [find_ev_reg_std](#) (unsigned long t)
Find an entry for a given type number in the registry.
- void [set_ev_reg_std](#) ()
Set the default registry search function.

Variables

- static struct [ev_reg_chain](#) * [ev_reg_start](#) = NULL

7.12.1 Detailed Description

Register and enquire about well-known I/O block types.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

2014
CVS

Date

2017/05/16 12:31:51

Version

CVS

Revision

1.4

7.12.2 Function Documentation

7.12.2.1 find_ev_reg_std()

```
struct ev_reg_entry* find_ev_reg_std (
    unsigned long t )
```

Find an entry for a given type number in the registry.

This is the standard implementation being used by default where available.

References `ev_reg_chain::entry`, and `read_default_registry()`.

Referenced by `set_ev_reg_std()`.

7.12.2.2 read_eventio_registry()

```
int read_eventio_registry (
    const char * fname )
```

Read the type names and descriptions into the registry.

Note: this will only be done once.

References `ev_reg_chain::entry`, `fclose()`, `fileopen()`, `new_reg_entry()`, and `read_default_registry()`.

Referenced by `read_default_registry()`.

7.12.2.3 set_ev_reg_std()

```
void set_ev_reg_std (
    void )
```

Set the default registry search function.

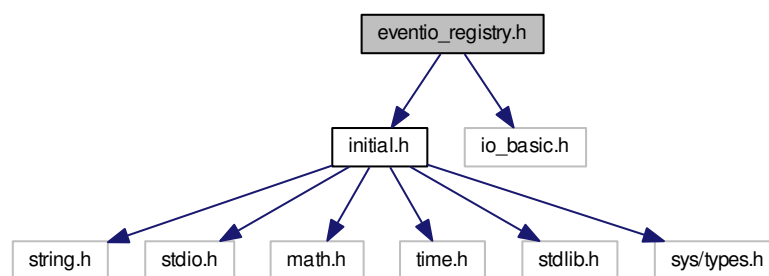
At least with GCC we can do this without explicitly calling it.

References `ev_reg_chain::entry`, `find_ev_reg_std()`, `main()`, and `read_default_registry()`.

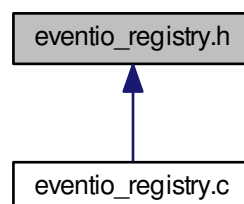
7.13 eventio_registry.h File Reference

Register and enquire about well-known I/O block types.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
Include dependency graph for eventio_registry.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- int [read_eventio_registry](#) (const char *fname)
Read the type names and descriptions into the registry.
- struct ev_reg_entry * [find_ev_reg_std](#) (unsigned long t)
Find an entry for a given type number in the registry.
- void [set_ev_reg_std](#) (void)
Set the default registry search function.

7.13.1 Detailed Description

Register and enquire about well-known I/O block types.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

2014
CVS

Date

2014/06/01 11:33:04

Version

CVS

Revision

1.2

7.13.2 Function Documentation

7.13.2.1 [find_ev_reg_std\(\)](#)

```
struct ev_reg_entry* find_ev_reg_std (  
    unsigned long t )
```

Find an entry for a given type number in the registry.

This is the standard implementation being used by default where available.

References [ev_reg_chain::entry](#), and [read_default_registry\(\)](#).

Referenced by [set_ev_reg_std\(\)](#).

7.13.2.2 read_eventio_registry()

```
int read_eventio_registry (
    const char * fname )
```

Read the type names and descriptions into the registry.

Note: this will only be done once.

References `ev_reg_chain::entry`, `fclose()`, `fileopen()`, `new_reg_entry()`, and `read_default_registry()`.

Referenced by `read_default_registry()`.

7.13.2.3 set_ev_reg_std()

```
void set_ev_reg_std (
    void )
```

Set the default registry search function.

At least with GCC we can do this without explicitly calling it.

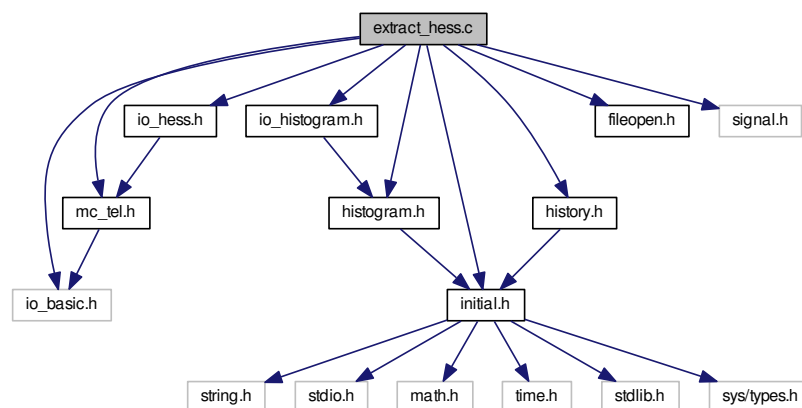
References `ev_reg_chain::entry`, `find_ev_reg_std()`, `main()`, and `read_default_registry()`.

7.14 extract_hess.c File Reference

Extract part of the H.E.S.S.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "history.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include <signal.h>
```

Include dependency graph for `extract_hess.c`:



Functions

- static void [syntax](#) (char *program)
Show program syntax.
- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- static int **interrupted**

7.14.1 Detailed Description

Extract part of the H.E.S.S.
data from sim_hessarray.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2014/10/28 14:23:47 \$

Version

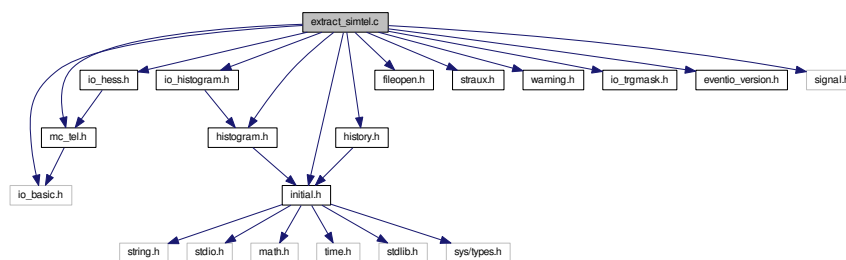
CVS \$Revision: 1.7 \$

7.15 extract_simtel.c File Reference

A program for extracting data for a subset of simulated telescopes.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "history.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "straux.h"
#include "warning.h"
#include "io_trgmask.h"
#include "eventio_version.h"
#include <signal.h>
```

Include dependency graph for extract_simtel.c:



Data Structures

- struct [map_tel_struct](#)
Structure with per output telescope information keeping track of prerequisites.

Functions

- void [stop_signal_function](#) (int isig)
Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.
- static void [syntax](#) (const char *program)
Show program syntax.
- int [find_in_tel_idx](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Offset of an input telescope of given ID within the input structures.
- int [find_out_tel_idx](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Offset of an input telescope of given ID within the output structures.
- int [find_mapped_telescope](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Mapping from telescope ID on input to telescope ID on output, with check.
- int [write_io_block_to_file](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, FILE *f)
Write an I/O block as-is to another file than foreseen for the I/O buffer.
- int [check_for_delayed_write](#) (IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header, int ifile, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, IO_BUFFER *iobuf_out)
- int [merge_data_from_io_block](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header, int ifile, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, IO_BUFFER *iobuf_out)
Processing of I/O blocks from the input file.
- int [check_autoload_trgmask](#) (const char *input_fname, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int ifile)
Check for a 'trgmask.gz' file matching the given input data file name and, if it exists, extract the corrected trigger bit patterns from it.
- void [print_process_status](#) (int prev_type1, int this_type1)
- int [read_map](#) (const char *map_fname)
- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- static int [interrupted](#)
- static int [verbose](#) = 0
- struct [map_tel_struct](#) [map_tel](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- int [map_to](#) [2][[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]
Mapping structures from input telescope ID to output telescope ID.
- int [tel_idx](#) [2][[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]
Mapping from telescope IDs to offsets in the data structures, first for input telescope IDs.
- int [tel_idx_out](#) [[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]
Mapping from output telescope ID to offset in output data structures.
- int [ntel1](#)
- int [ntel2](#)
- int [ntel](#)
- int [nrtel1](#)
- int [nrtel2](#)
- long [event1](#) = -1
- long [event2](#) = 0
- long [ev_hess_event](#) = 0

- long `ev_pe_sum` = 0
For delayed writing.
- int `run1` = -1
- int `run2` = -1
- int `min_trg` = 2
- static struct `trgmask_set` * `tms` [2] = { NULL, NULL }
- static struct `trgmask_hash_set` * `ths` [2] = { NULL, NULL }
- static int `events` [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int `mcshowers` [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int `mcevents` [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int `max_list` = 999

7.15.1 Detailed Description

A program for extracting data for a subset of simulated telescopes.

The program will read `sim_telarray` raw or DST data from one input file, map telescope ID according to how they appear in the list of selected telescopes and write the re-mapped blocks to an output file. It behaves basically like 'merge_simtel' with only one input file.

Inputs expected - and the action to be performed: Type Once per run: 70 (history) - Write as-is, no attempt to identify which part is relevant for which telescope 2000 (run_header) - Re-write as needed for telescope list and positions 2001 (MC run header) - Write as-is, nothing telescope-specific 1212 (input config = CORSIKA inputs) - Write as-is, nothing telescope-specific Once per telescope (and per run for raw & DST levels 0-2; just once for DST level 3): 2002 (camera settings) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2003 (camera organization) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2004 (pixel settings) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2005 (pixel disable) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2006 (camera software settings) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2008 (tracking settings) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2007 (pointing corrections) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2022 (telescope monitoring) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2023 (Laser calibration) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) Per shower: once: 2020 (MC shower) - Write as-is, nothing telescope-specific per array: 2021 (MC event) - Write as-is, nothing telescope-specific Optional per event; not immediately written but delayed until next MC etc. block: 2026 (MC pe sum) - ??? 1204 (photo-electrons individually) - ??? 2010 (event) - Needs remapping at all levels At end of run: 2024 (run statistics - usually not present) 2025 (MC run statistics - usually not present) 100 (histograms) - Cannot be remapped properly (but few histograms are telescope-specific)

FIXME: Ignoring 'trgmask' files initially - include them later on.

Syntax: `extract_simtel [options] input output`

Options:

- `--map-file` : Load the telescope ID mapping from a file.
- `--only-telescope`: List of telescopes on command line rather than map file.
- `--auto-trgmask` : Load `trgmask.gz` files for each input file where available.
- `--min-trg-tel n` : Require at least `n` telescopes in extracted event (default: 2).
- `--verbose` : Show events being extracted.

@author Konrad Bernloehr

@date @verbatim CVS \$Date: 2017/10/10 15:18:34 \$

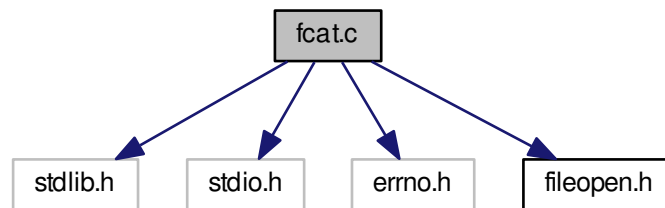
Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.4 \$

7.16 fcat.c File Reference

Trivial test and utility program for the fopen/fileclose functions.

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include "fileopen.h"
Include dependency graph for fcat.c:
```



Macros

- `#define BSIZE 8192`

Functions

- `int main (int argc, char **argv)`

7.16.1 Detailed Description

Trivial test and utility program for the fopen/fileclose functions.

7.17 fopen.c File Reference

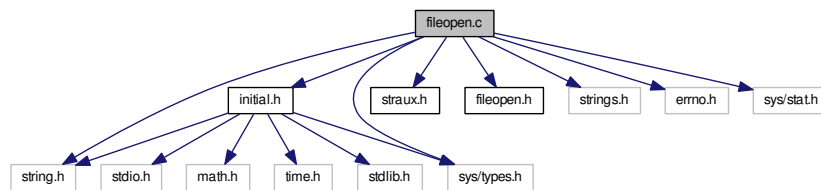
Allow searching of files in declared include paths (fopen replacement).

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "straux.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include <string.h>
#include <strings.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
```



```
#include <sys/stat.h>
```

Include dependency graph for fopen.c:



Data Structures

- struct [incpath](#)
An element in a linked list of include paths.

Functions

- static FILE * **popenx** (const char *fname, const char *mode)
- static FILE * **fopenx** (const char *fname, const char *mode)
- void [set_permissive_pipes](#) (int p)
Enable or disable the permissive execution of pipes.
- void [enable_permissive_pipes](#) ()
Enable the permissive execution of pipes.
- void [disable_permissive_pipes](#) ()
Disable the permissive execution of pipes.
- static void [freepath](#) ()
Free a whole list of include path elements.
- static void [freeexepath](#) ()
Free a whole list of execution path elements.
- void [initpath](#) (const char *default_path)
Init the path list, with default_path as the only entry.
- void **initexepath** (const char *default_exe_path)
- void [listpath](#) (char *buffer, size_t bufsize)
Show the list of include paths.
- void [addpath](#) (const char *name)
Add a path to the list of include paths, if not already there.
- void [addexepath](#) (const char *name)
Add a path to the list of execution paths, if not already there.
- static FILE * **exe_popen** (const char *fname, const char *mode)
Helper function for opening a pipe from or to a given program.
- static FILE * **cmp_popen** (const char *fname, const char *mode, int compression)
Helper function for opening a compressed file through a fifo.
- static FILE * **uri_popen** (const char *fname, const char *mode, int compression)
Helper function for opening a file with a URI (<http://> etc.).
- static FILE * **ssh_popen** (const char *fname, const char *mode, int compression)
Helper function for opening a file on a remote SSH server.
- FILE * **fopen** (const char *fname, const char *mode)
Search for a file in the include path list and open it if possible.
- int [fclose](#) (FILE *f)
Close a file or fifo but not if it is one of the standard streams.

Variables

- static int `verbose` = 0
Use to decide if open/close success/failure is reported.
- static int `parallel` = 0
- static struct `incpath` * `root_path` = NULL
The starting element of include paths.
- static struct `incpath` * `root_exe_path` = NULL
The starting element for execution paths.
- static int `permissive_pipes` = 0
Allow any execution pipe command if this variable is non-zero.

7.17.1 Detailed Description

Allow searching of files in declared include paths (fopen replacement).

The functions provided in this file provide an enhanced replacement `fileopen()` for the C standard library's `fopen()` function. The enhancements are in several areas:

- Where possible files are opened such that more than 2 gigabytes of data can be accessed on 32-bit systems when suitably compiled. This also works with software where a `'-D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64'` at compile-time cannot be used (of which ROOT is an infamous example).
- For reading files, a list of paths can be configured before the the first `fileopen()` call and all files without absolute paths will be searched in these paths. Writing always strictly follows the given file name and will not search in the path list.
- Files compressed with `gzip` or `bzip2` can be handled on the fly. Files with corresponding file name extensions (`.gz` and `.bz2`) will be automatically decompressed when reading or compressed when writing (in a pipe, i.e. without producing temporary copies).
- In the same way, files compressed with `lzop` (for extension `.lzo`), `lzma` (for extension `.lzma`) as well as `xz` (for extension `@.xz`) and `lz4` (for extension `.lz4`) are handled on the fly. No check is made if these programs are installed.
- URIs (uniform resource identifiers) starting with `http:`, `https:`, or `ftp:` will also be opened in a pipe, with optional decompression, depending on the ending of the URI name. You can therefore easily process files located on a web or ftp server. Access is limited to reading.
- Files on any SSH server where you can login without a password can be read as `'ssh://user:filepath'` where filepath can be an absolute path (starting with `'/'`) or one relative to the users home directory.
- Input and output can also be from/to a user-defined program. Restrictions apply there which prevent execution of any program by default. Either a list of accepted execution paths has to be set up beforehand with `initexepath()/addexepath()` or permissive mode can be enabled, allowing execution of any given program.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

Nov. 2000

CVS \$Date: 2018/05/04 13:32:58 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.27 \$

7.17.2 Function Documentation

7.17.2.1 addexepath()

```
void addexepath (
    const char * name )
```

Add a path to the list of execution paths, if not already there.

The path name is always copied to a newly allocated memory location. This path name can actually be a colon-separated list, as for `initexepath()`.

References `addpath()`, `root_exe_path`, and `root_path`.

7.17.2.2 addpath()

```
void addpath (
    const char * name )
```

Add a path to the list of include paths, if not already there.

The path name is always copied to a newly allocated memory location. This path name can actually be a colon-separated list, as for `initpath()`. Also environment variables (indicated by starting with '\$', e.g. "\$HOME") are accepted (and may expand into colon-separated list) but no mixed expansion (like "\$HOME/bin").

References `getword()`, `incpath::next`, `incpath::path`, `root_path`, and `verbose`.

Referenced by `addexepath()`.

7.17.2.3 cmp_popen()

```
static FILE* cmp_popen (
    const char * fname,
    const char * mode,
    int compression ) [static]
```

Helper function for opening a compressed file through a fifo.

7.17.2.4 `disable_permissive_pipes()`

```
void disable_permissive_pipes (
    void )
```

Disable the permissive execution of pipes.

References `freexepath()`, and `freepath()`.

Referenced by `set_permissive_pipes()`.

7.17.2.5 `enable_permissive_pipes()`

```
void enable_permissive_pipes (
    void )
```

Enable the permissive execution of pipes.

Referenced by `set_permissive_pipes()`.

7.17.2.6 `exe_popen()`

```
static FILE* exe_popen (
    const char * fname,
    const char * mode ) [static]
```

Helper function for opening a pipe from or to a given program.

References `incpath::path`, and `verbose`.

Referenced by `fileopen()`.

7.17.2.7 `fileclose()`

```
int fileclose (
    FILE * f )
```

Close a file or fifo but not if it is one of the standard streams.

References `verbose`.

Referenced by `read_eventio_registry()`, and `write_all_histograms()`.

7.17.2.8 fileopen()

```
FILE* fileopen (
    const char * fname,
    const char * mode )
```

Search for a file in the include path list and open it if possible.

References `exe_popen()`, `initpath()`, `incpath::path`, `root_path`, `ssh_popen()`, `uri_popen()`, and `verbose`.

Referenced by `check_autoload_trgmask()`, `init_atmprof()`, `read_eventio_registry()`, and `write_all_histograms()`.

7.17.2.9 freeexepath()

```
static void freeexepath ( ) [static]
```

Free a whole list of execution path elements.

References `incpath::next`, and `incpath::path`.

Referenced by `disable_permissive_pipes()`.

7.17.2.10 freepath()

```
static void freepath ( ) [static]
```

Free a whole list of include path elements.

References `incpath::next`, and `incpath::path`.

Referenced by `disable_permissive_pipes()`, and `initpath()`.

7.17.2.11 initpath()

```
void initpath (
    const char * default_path )
```

Init the path list, with `default_path` as the only entry.

References `freepath()`, and `verbose`.

Referenced by `fileopen()`.

7.17.2.12 listpath()

```
void listpath (
    char * buffer,
    size_t bufsize )
```

Show the list of include paths.

References `incpath::next`, and `incpath::path`.

7.17.2.13 set_permissive_pipes()

```
void set_permissive_pipes (
    int p )
```

Enable or disable the permissive execution of pipes.

References `disable_permissive_pipes()`, and `enable_permissive_pipes()`.

7.17.2.14 uri_popen()

```
static FILE * uri_popen (
    const char * fname,
    const char * mode,
    int compression ) [static]
```

Helper function for opening a file with a URI (<http://> etc.).

Referenced by `fileopen()`.

7.17.3 Variable Documentation

7.17.3.1 permissive_pipes

```
int permissive_pipes = 0 [static]
```

Allow any execution pipe command if this variable is non-zero.

7.18.1 Detailed Description

Function prototypes for [fileopen.c](#).

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2014/06/23 09:34:45 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.7 \$

7.18.2 Function Documentation

7.18.2.1 addexepath()

```
void addexepath (
    const char * name )
```

Add a path to the list of execution paths, if not already there.

The path name is always copied to a newly allocated memory location. This path name can actually be a colon-separated list, as for [initexepath\(\)](#).

References [addpath\(\)](#), [root_exe_path](#), and [root_path](#).

7.18.2.2 addpath()

```
void addpath (
    const char * name )
```

Add a path to the list of include paths, if not already there.

The path name is always copied to a newly allocated memory location. This path name can actually be a colon-separated list, as for [initpath\(\)](#). Also environment variables (indicated by starting with '\$', e.g. "\$HOME") are accepted (and may expand into colon-separated list) but no mixed expansion (like "\$HOME/bin").

References [getword\(\)](#), [incpath::next](#), [incpath::path](#), [root_path](#), and [verbose](#).

Referenced by [addexepath\(\)](#).

7.18.2.3 disable_permissive_pipes()

```
void disable_permissive_pipes (
    void )
```

Disable the permissive execution of pipes.

References `freexepath()`, and `freepath()`.

Referenced by `set_permissive_pipes()`.

7.18.2.4 enable_permissive_pipes()

```
void enable_permissive_pipes (
    void )
```

Enable the permissive execution of pipes.

Referenced by `set_permissive_pipes()`.

7.18.2.5 fileclose()

```
int fileclose (
    FILE * f )
```

Close a file or fifo but not if it is one of the standard streams.

References `verbose`.

Referenced by `read_eventio_registry()`, and `write_all_histograms()`.

7.18.2.6 fileopen()

```
FILE* fileopen (
    const char * fname,
    const char * mode )
```

Search for a file in the include path list and open it if possible.

References `exe_popen()`, `initpath()`, `incpath::path`, `root_path`, `ssh_popen()`, `uri_popen()`, and `verbose`.

Referenced by `check_autoload_trgmask()`, `init_atmprof()`, `read_eventio_registry()`, and `write_all_histograms()`.

7.18.2.7 `initpath()`

```
void initpath (
    const char * default_path )
```

Init the path list, with `default_path` as the only entry.

References `freepath()`, and `verbose`.

Referenced by `fileopen()`.

7.18.2.8 `listpath()`

```
void listpath (
    char * buffer,
    size_t bufsize )
```

Show the list of include paths.

References `incpath::next`, and `incpath::path`.

7.18.2.9 `set_permissive_pipes()`

```
void set_permissive_pipes (
    int p )
```

Enable or disable the permissive execution of pipes.

References `disable_permissive_pipes()`, and `enable_permissive_pipes()`.

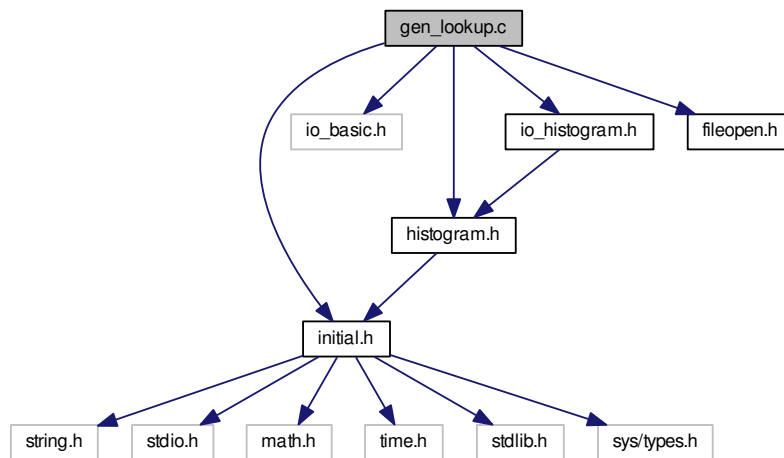
7.19 `gen_lookup.c` File Reference

Generate image shape and energy lookups for user analysis in `read_hess`.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
```

```
#include "fileopen.h"
```

Include dependency graph for gen_lookup.c:



Functions

- void [fill_gaps](#) ()
Fill gaps in those histograms used for generating the lookups.
- void [gen_image_lookups](#) ()
Generate the lookups for image shape parameters and energy.
- void **fill_ebias_correction** (void)
- void **syntax** (char *prgm)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

Variables

- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18000**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18001**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18011**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18012**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18021**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18022**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18051**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18052**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18100**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18101**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18111**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18112**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18121**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18122**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18151**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18152**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18113**
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * **h18114**

- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18123](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18124](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18140](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18141](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18153](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18154](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18005](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18006](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18071](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18072](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18081](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18082](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18105](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18106](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18171](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18172](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18181](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18182](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18173](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18174](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18183](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18184](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18200](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18201](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18211](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18212](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18301](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18311](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18321](#)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [h18322](#)

7.19.1 Detailed Description

Generate image shape and energy lookups for user analysis in `read_hess`.

`Read_hess` must be run with user analysis once and the generated histogram file is used by this program to generate the lookups. The lookup file is used in the next round of `read_hess` user analysis, if found under the desired name. Look at the last lines of output from `read_hess` (or at the beginning, right after the history) to see how the lookup file should be called (depends on tail cut parameters, and so on).

Date

CVS \$Revision: 1.21 \$

Version

CVS \$Date: 2012/05/11 13:18:48 \$

7.19.2 Function Documentation

7.19.2.1 fill_gaps()

```
void fill_gaps ( )
```

Fill gaps in those histograms used for generating the lookups.

Depending on the physical quantities we have different strategies for interpolation/extrapolation/smoothing.

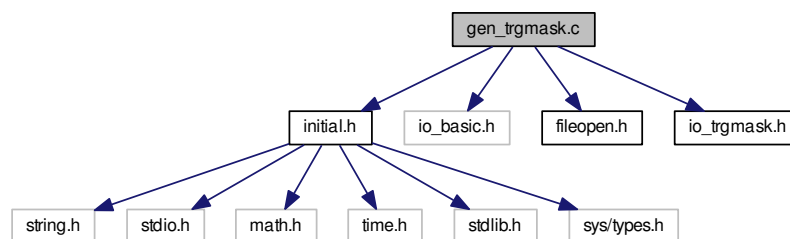
References Histogram_Extension::ddata, histogram::extension, fill_histogram(), gen_image_lookups(), Histogram_↵
_Parameters::lower_limit, histogram::nbins, histogram::nbins_2d, Histogram_Parameters::real, and Histogram_↵
Parameters::upper_limit.

7.20 gen_trgmask.c File Reference

A utility program for fixing problems with simulation data which does not have the correct bit pattern of telescope triggers but the correct pattern can be extracted from the log files.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "io_trgmask.h"
```

Include dependency graph for gen_trgmask.c:



Functions

- void **syntax** (char *prgname)
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

7.20.1 Detailed Description

A utility program for fixing problems with simulation data which does not have the correct bit pattern of telescope triggers but the correct pattern can be extracted from the log files.

```
Syntax: bin/gen_trgmask log-file [ trgmask-file ]
or: bin/gen_trgmask -l trgmask-file
```

The first variant will create a file with a single data block for the trigger mask patterns recovered from the log file.

The default file name is derived with extension .trgmask.gz

Note that only data for one run per file is supported.

The second variant will list the contents of such a file.

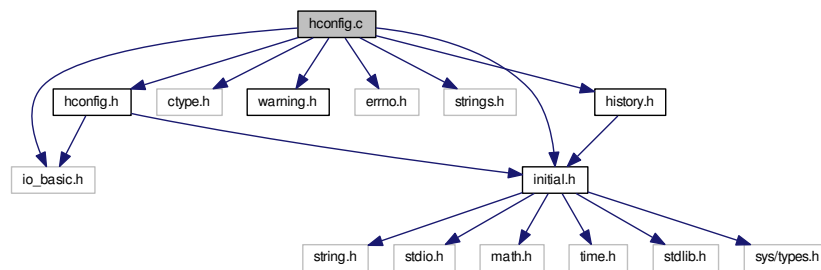
@author Konrad Bernloehr

7.21 hconfig.c File Reference

Configuration control and procedure call interface.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include <ctype.h>
#include "warning.h"
#include <errno.h>
#include <strings.h>
#include "hconfig.h"
#include "history.h"
```

Include dependency graph for hconfig.c:



Data Structures

- struct [ConfigBlockStruct](#)
Configuration is organized in sections.
- struct [config_specific_data](#)
- struct [Binary_Interface_Chain](#)

Macros

- #define **get_config_specific()** (&config_defaults)
- #define **TMP_FORMAT** "cfg%d.tmp"

Typedefs

- typedef struct [ConfigBlockStruct](#) **CONFIG_BLOCK**

Functions

- static int **do_config** (CONFIG_ITEM *item, CONST char *line)
Internal configuration function.
- static void **config_syntax_error** (const char *name, const char *text)
- static void **config_info** (const char *name, const char *text)
- static int **set_config_values** (CONFIG_ITEM *item, int first, int last, char *text)
Set configuration values (internal usage only).
- static void **display_config_current** (CONFIG_ITEM *item)
Display current values of a single configuration item (internal usage only).
- static void **display_config_item** (CONFIG_ITEM *item)
Display a single configuration item (internal usage only).
- static int **do_reset_func** (const char *text)
- static int **signed_config_val** (const char *name, const char *text, const char *lbound, const char *ubound, int strict, long *ival)
- static int **unsigned_config_val** (const char *name, const char *text, const char *lbound, const char *ubound, int strict, unsigned long *uval)
- static int **hex_config_val** (const char *name, const char *text, const char *lbound, const char *ubound, int strict, unsigned long *uval)
- static int **real_config_val** (const char *name, const char *text, const char *lbound, const char *ubound, int strict, double *rval)
- static int **f_show_config** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
Display the current configuration status (internal usage only).
- static int **f_lock_config** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
- static int **f_unlock_config** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
- static int **f_limit_config** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
- static int **f_status_config** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
- static int **f_list_config** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
- static int **f_get_config** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
- static int **f_echo** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
- static int **f_warning** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
- static int **f_error** (const char *name, CONFIG_VALUES *val)
- static int **save_config_values** (CONFIG_ITEM *item, int first, int last)
- static int **restore_config_values** (CONFIG_ITEM *item, int first, int last)
- int **build_config** (CONFIG_ITEM *items, const char *section)
Build up the configuration by adding another section of configuration definitions.
- int **init_config** (char *(*fptr)(void))
Initialize the configuration after all build_config() calls.
- void **unhook_internal** ()
Disable access to internal functions via configuration.
- void **rehook_internal** ()
Enable access again to internal functions via configuration.
- int **reload_config** (char *(*fptr)(void))
Reload some configuration using the file name/preprocessor as set up for init_config() or with different file etc.
- CONFIG_ITEM * **find_config_item** (const char *name)
Find a configuration item by its name (mainly for internal usage).
- int **verify_config_section** (char *section)
- int **set_config_history** (PFITI fptr)
Set a function for recording the history of the configuration settings.
- int **reconfig** (char *text)
Modify the configuration after init_config() has been called.
- static int **lock_unlock_status** (const char *name, int lock)
- int **is_signed_number** (const char *text)

- int **is_unsigned_number** (const char *text)
- int **is_hex_number** (const char *text)
- int **is_bin_number** (const char *text)
- unsigned long **decode_bin_number** (const char *text)
- int **is_real_number** (const char *text)
- void **set_config_filename** (const char *fname)

Set the name of the configuration file to be read by the function [read_config_lines\(\)](#).
- char * **get_config_filename** ()

Return the current value of the configuration file name.
- void **set_config_preprocessor** (char *preproc)

Set the command name and options of a preprocessor for configuration files to be read by function [read_config_lines\(\)](#).
- char * **get_config_preprocessor** ()

Return the current value of the configuration preprocessor.
- void **set_config_stack** (char **stack)

Set a list of configuration lines to be processed before any lines from a file are read by [read_config_lines\(\)](#).
- char * **read_config_lines** ()

Read configuration data from a file and return it line by line to the calling function (one line per call).
- int **read_config_status** ()

Return the status of reading a configuration file with [read_config_lines\(\)](#) in a preceding call to [init_config\(\)](#).
- int **define_config_binary_interface** (int item_type, size_t elem_size, void *(*new_func)(int nelem, int item_type), int(*delete_func)(void *ptr, int nelem, int item_type), int(*read_func)(void *bin_item, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int item_type), int(*write_func)(void *bin_item, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int item_type), int(*readtext_func)(void *bin_item, char *text, int item_type), int(*list_func)(void *bin_item, int item_type), int(*copy_func)(void *bin_item_to, void *bin_item_from, int io_type))

Define a binary interface for an I/O type.
- struct **Config_Binary_Item_Interface** * **find_config_binary_interface** (int item_type)

Find the matching binary interface for given item type.

Variables

- static **CONFIG_ITEM** **default_config** []

Internal functions of the hconfig package.
- static **CONFIG_BLOCK** **first_config_block**
- static int **internal_unhooked** = 0
- static PFIT **history_function**
- int **config_level**
- static struct **config_specific_data** **config_defaults**
- static struct **Binary_Interface_Chain** * **bin_chain_root**
- static char **cfg_fname** [1024]
- static char **preprocessor** [4096] = ""
- static char ** **cfg_stack**
- static int **read_status**

7.21.1 Detailed Description

Configuration control and procedure call interface.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

Date

2018/05/11 11:54:29

Version

Revision

1.21

This is the module controlling all configuration except that a function has to be supplied that collects input line for line. Most functions in this file are for internal use only and are given a 'static' modifier. The only functions to be called by the user are

```
build_config()
init_config()
reconfig().
```

In order to set up the configuration, one or several calls to `build_config()` should be done, each with a list of 'configuration items' ('CONFIG_ITEM *items') terminated by a `NULL_CONFIG_ITEM` as an end marker. The list must be of 'static' or global/'extern' type and none of its entries must be modified by the user in any way, once they have been passed to `build_config`.

Such a list might look like the following example:

```
static CONFIG_ITEM cfg_list[] =
{
    { "ANY_Numbers", "Int", 30, iarray },
    { "ANY_Function", "function", -1, NULL, some_function },
    { "REAL_Number", "R", 10, dblarray, NULL, "0-9: 99.9",
      "10", "100", CFG_REQUIRE_ALL_DATA | CFG_REJECT_MODIFICATION },
    { "DYNAllocArray", "i", 100, NULL, NULL },
    { NULL_CONFIG_ITEM }
}
```

The components of each item are:

- 1) The name, consisting of letters, digits, and '_'.
In external data the items are referenced by their name which may be abbreviated and is case-insensitive. However, the name used for the definition is case-sensitive in the current implementation. The first lowercase letter indicates the minimum length of accepted abbreviations. In the example above "ANY_Numbers" may be abbreviated as "any_n", "any_nu", and so on, "DYNAllocArray" as "dy", "dyn", and so on. It is the user's responsibility to avoid conflicts of the accepted abbreviations of any two items.
- 2) The type which may be an abbreviation of one of the following:
 "Character", "Short", "Integer", "Long" (signed integer types),
 "UCharacter", "UShort", "UInteger", "ULong" (unsigned types)
 "Float", "Real", "Double" (floating point, "Real" == "Double"),
 "Text" (simple text, character string),
 "FUnction" (a function reference, not a data reference).

- 3) The number of data element. Must be -1 for "FUnction" type.
The terminating '\0' in characters strings should be included.
- 4) A data pointer of any type. Must be NULL for "FUnction" type.
If the data should be dynamically allocated by the configuration software it should be a pointer to the pointer that should be set. Allocated data is initialized with '0's.
- 5) A function pointer. Must not be NULL except for "FUnction" type and is optional (may be NULL) for data type entries.
For the "Function" type, the data (normally a character string) is passed as the only argument. For data type entries, the associated functions are called with an extended calling syntax.
- 6) A pointer to a character string with the default initialization values or NULL.
- 7) A pointer to a character string with a lower bound value or NULL.
- 8) A pointer to a character string with an upper bound value or NULL.
- 9) An integer where any of the following flags may be combined by a bitwise OR '|':
 CFG_REQUIRE_DATA
 CFG_REQUIRE_ALL_DATA
 CFG_REJECT_MODIFICATION
- 10) Reserved. In multi_threaded mode, use
 CFG_MUTEX(&some_pthread_mutex)
 if the associated function is not fully reentrant or
 if a set of functions should only be called one at a time.
- 11) Reserved. Do not modify. Is 1 if reconfigured.

Components not specified are automatically initialized to NULL or 0.

The reason why `build_config` may be called several times (with different configuration items each time) is that this way the configuration items for each more or less independent part of a program may be defined separately and there is no need for global data sharing. You only need to call a 'configuration definition function' for each part which has its items defined and only calls `build_config()`.

Once the whole configuration items from all parts have been passed to `build_config()`, a single call to `init_config()` is required to make the configuration effective. `init_config()` first sets those initial values declared in the items (if any) and then tries to get external data line by line from a function passed to `init_config()`, unless a NULL pointer is passed instead of a function pointer. This user-defined function (declared 'char *user_function(void);') should return the address of the first character of each line read from a configuration file, the command line, or anywhere else, until the end of input which the function must indicate by returning a NULL pointer. Input lines can be of any length up to 10240 bytes and may include a linefeed character as read by `fgets()`. Note that there used to be a problem with semicolons in comments, which should be fixed now - but beware of possible side-effects.

Later, configuration data can be changed by calling `reconfig()` with a line of input passed as argument. Configuration data marked as 'not to be modified' will not be changed. If a configuration item is of 'function' type that function will be called with the remaining line (after extracting the item name and processing special characters) passed as argument.

7.21.2 Function Documentation

7.21.2.1 `build_config()`

```
int build_config (
    CONFIG_ITEM * items,
    const char * section )
```

Build up the configuration by adding another section of configuration definitions.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>items</i> | Vector of configuration items, which is terminated by a NULL_CONFIG_ITEM |
| <i>section</i> | Name of this configuration section. |

Returns

0 (O.k.), -1 (memory allocation failed), -2 (other error)

7.21.2.2 find_config_item()

```
CONFIG_ITEM* find_config_item (  
    const char * name )
```

Find a configuration item by its name (mainly for internal usage).

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| <i>name</i> | Item name or block:name |
|-------------|-------------------------|

Returns

Pointer to (first) configuration item found or NULL.

7.21.2.3 get_config_filename()

```
char* get_config_filename (  
    void )
```

Return the current value of the configuration file name.

Parameters

| | |
|---|--------|
| - | (none) |
|---|--------|

Returns

pointer to static file name string

7.21.2.4 `get_config_preprocessor()`

```
char* get_config_preprocessor (
    void )
```

Return the current value of the configuration preprocessor.

Parameters

| | |
|---|--------|
| – | (none) |
|---|--------|

Returns

pointer to static command string

7.21.2.5 `init_config()`

```
int init_config (
    char *(*)(void) fptr )
```

Initialize the configuration after all [build_config\(\)](#) calls.

Initialize the configuration after all sections have been supplied via [build_config\(\)](#). A function may be specified for reading external configuration data after the internal specifications have been processed. This function may be called only once.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|---|
| <i>fptr</i> | Pointer to function that returns a string pointer as long as external configuration data is available, and NULL when no more data is available. <i>fptr</i> may be NULL if no such function should be called. |
|-------------|---|

Returns

0 (O.k.), -1 (called a second time or invalid configuration data)

7.21.2.6 `read_config_lines()`

```
char* read_config_lines (
    void )
```

Read configuration data from a file and return it line by line to the calling function (one line per call).

A NULL pointer is returned on end-of-file. This function is intended to be used as the usual 'fptr' argument for [init_config\(\)](#).

Parameters

| | |
|---|--------|
| – | (none) |
|---|--------|

Returns

Pointer to character string or NULL.

7.21.2.7 read_config_status()

```
int read_config_status (
    void )
```

Return the status of reading a configuration file with [read_config_lines\(\)](#) in a preceding call to [init_config\(\)](#).

Parameters

| | |
|---|--------|
| – | (none) |
|---|--------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no config file set), -2 (config file open failed), -3 (preprocessing failed), -4 (read error).

7.21.2.8 reconfig()

```
int reconfig (
    char * text )
```

Modify the configuration after [init_config\(\)](#) has been called.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|--|
| <i>text</i> | String consisting of configuration keyword (separated by a blank or '=' from the rest) and the corresponding data. |
|-------------|--|

Returns

0 (O.k.), -1 (invalid or undefined configuration keyword or error in the data)

7.21.2.9 reload_config()

```
int reload_config (
    char *(*)(void) fptr )
```

Reload some configuration using the file name/preprocessor as set up for [init_config\(\)](#) or with different file etc.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|---|
| <i>fptr</i> | Pointer to function that returns a string pointer as long as external configuration data is available, and NULL when no more data is available. |
|-------------|---|

Returns

0 (O.k.), -1 (invalid configuration data)

7.21.2.10 [set_config_filename\(\)](#)

```
void set_config_filename (
    const char * fname )
```

Set the name of the configuration file to be read by the function [read_config_lines\(\)](#).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| <i>fname</i> | Name of file to be used. |
|--------------|--------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.21.2.11 [set_config_history\(\)](#)

```
int set_config_history (
    PFITI fptr )
```

Set a function for recording the history of the configuration settings.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|---|
| <i>fptr</i> | – Pointer to function of type 'int fptr(char *text,int flag)' where 'text' is the configuration line and flag is 0 for configuration file processing and 1 for latre reconfiguration. |
|-------------|---|

Returns

0

7.21.2.12 set_config_preprocessor()

```
void set_config_preprocessor (
    char * preproc )
```

Set the command name and options of a preprocessor for configuration files to be read by function [read_config_lines\(\)](#).

The input and output file names will be appended to the command string set by this function.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|----------------|
| <i>preproc</i> | Command string |
|----------------|----------------|

Returns

(none)

7.21.2.13 set_config_stack()

```
void set_config_stack (
    char ** stack )
```

Set a list of configuration lines to be processed before any lines from a file are read by [read_config_lines\(\)](#).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>stack</i> | Pointer to NULL terminated vector of strings. |
|--------------|---|

Returns

(none)

7.21.3 Variable Documentation

7.21.3.1 config_defaults

```
struct config\_specific\_data config_defaults [static]
```

Initial value:

```
=
{
    "_internal_"
}
```

7.21.3.2 default_config

`CONFIG_ITEM` default_config[] [static]

Initial value:

```
=
{
    { "SHOW",      "FUN", -1, NULL, f_show_config,  NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { "LOCK",      "FUN", -1, NULL, f_lock_config,  NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { "UNLOCK",    "FUN", -1, NULL, f_unlock_config, NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { "LIMITS",    "FUN", -1, NULL, f_limit_config,  NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { "STATUS",    "FUN", -1, NULL, f_status_config, NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { "LIST",      "FUN", -1, NULL, f_list_config,   NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { "GET",       "FUN", -1, NULL, f_get_config,    NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { "ECHO",      "FUN", -1, NULL, f_echo,          NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { "WARNING",   "FUN", -1, NULL, f_warning,       NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { "ERROR",     "FUN", -1, NULL, f_error,         NULL, NULL, NULL, 0, NULL,
      CFG_MUTEX(mlock_hconfig) },
    { NULL_CONFIG_ITEM }
}
```

Internal functions of the hconfig package.

7.21.3.3 first_config_block

`CONFIG_BLOCK` first_config_block [static]

Initial value:

```
=
{ "_internal_", default_config, (CONFIG_BLOCK *) NULL, 0 }
```

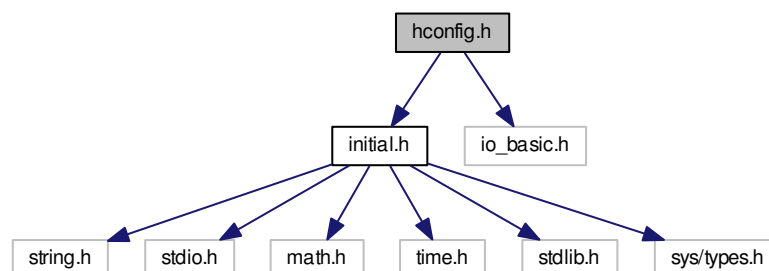
7.22 hconfig.h File Reference

Declare hconfig structures and functions.

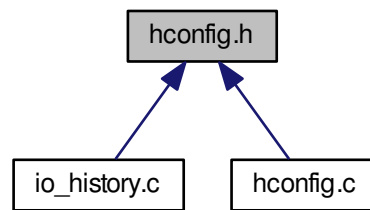
```
#include "initial.h"
```

```
#include "io_basic.h"
```

Include dependency graph for hconfig.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- union [ConfigDataPointer](#)
This union of pointers allows convenient access of various types of data.
- union [ConfigBoundary](#)
Configuration value may have optional lower and/or upper bounds.
- struct [ConfigValues](#)
Configuration values and supporting data passed to user functions.
- struct [Config_Binary_Item_Interface](#)
Interface definitions for binary-only items.
- struct [ConfigIntern](#)
Configuration elements used only internally.
- struct [ConfigItemStruct](#)
Configuration as used in definitions of configuration blocks.

Macros

- `#define NO_INITIAL_MACROS 1`
- `#define _XSTR_(s) _STR_(s)`
Expand a macro first and then enclose in string.
- `#define _STR_(s) #s`
Enclose in string without macro expansion.
- `#define CONST const`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HCONFIG_ENVELOPE 900`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HCONFIG_NAME 901`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HCONFIG_TEXT 902`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HCONFIG_INDEX 903`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HCONFIG_NUMBERS 904`
- `#define CFG_REQUIRE_DATA 1`
- `#define CFG_REQUIRE_ALL_DATA 2`
- `#define CFG_REJECT_MODIFICATION 4`
- `#define CFG_HARD_BOUND 8`
- `#define CFG_STRICT_BOUND 16`
- `#define CFG_INITIALIZED 32`
- `#define CFG_ALL_INITIALIZED 64`
- `#define CFG_NOT_INITIAL 128`
- `#define NULL_CONFIG_ITEM (char *) NULL, (char *) NULL, 0, NULL, NULL, (char *) NULL, (char *) NULL, (char *) NULL, 0, NULL, NULL, NULL, {0}`
- `#define CFG_MUTEX(mutex) (NULL)`
Mutexes are only inserted when pthreads are used.

Typedefs

- typedef void **(*** **PFVP** **)** (char *, char *, int)
- typedef int **(*** **PFISI** **)** (char *, int)
- typedef int **(*** **PFITI** **)** (const char *, int)
- typedef int **(*** **PFISS** **)** (char *, char *)
- typedef struct **ConfigValues** **CONFIG_VALUES**
- typedef int **(*** **PFI** **)** (const char *name, **CONFIG_VALUES** *val)
- typedef struct **ConfigItemStruct** **CONFIG_ITEM**

Functions

- int **build_config** (**CONFIG_ITEM** *items, const char *section)
Build up the configuration by adding another section of configuration definitions.
- int **init_config** (char **(*** **fptr** **)**(void))
*Initialize the configuration after all **build_config()** calls.*
- void **unhook_internal** (void)
Disable access to internal functions via configuration.
- void **rehook_internal** (void)
Enable access again to internal functions via configuration.
- int **reload_config** (char **(*** **fptr** **)**(void))
*Reload some configuration using the file name/preprocessor as set up for **init_config()** or with different file etc.*
- void *** config_alloc_data** (char *name, char *type, int size)
- int **reconfig** (char *text)
*Modify the configuration after **init_config()** has been called.*
- int **verify_config_section** (char *section)
- int **set_config_history** (**PFITI** fptr)
Set a function for recording the history of the configuration settings.
- void **set_config_filename** (const char *fname)
*Set the name of the configuration file to be read by the function **read_config_lines()**.*
- char *** get_config_filename** (void)
Return the current value of the configuration file name.
- void **set_config_preprocessor** (char *preproc)
*Set the command name and options of a preprocessor for configuration files to be read by function **read_config_lines()**.*
- char *** get_config_preprocessor** (void)
Return the current value of the configuration preprocessor.
- void **set_config_stack** (char **stack)
*Set a list of configuration lines to be processed before any lines from a file are read by **read_config_lines()**.*
- char *** read_config_lines** (void)
Read configuration data from a file and return it line by line to the calling function (one line per call).
- int **read_config_status** (void)
*Return the status of reading a configuration file with **read_config_lines()** in a preceding call to **init_config()**.*
- **CONFIG_ITEM** *** find_config_item** (const char *name)
Find a configuration item by its name (mainly for internal usage).
- int **define_config_binary_interface** (int item_type, size_t elem_size, void **(*** **new_func** **)**(int nelem, int item_type), int **(*** **delete_func** **)**(void *ptr, int nelem, int item_type), int **(*** **read_func** **)**(void *bin_item, **IO_BUFFER** *iobuf, int item_type), int **(*** **write_func** **)**(void *bin_item, **IO_BUFFER** *iobuf, int item_type), int **(*** **readtext_func** **)**(void *bin_item, char *text, int item_type), int **(*** **list_func** **)**(void *bin_item, int item_type), int **(*** **copy_func** **)**(void *bin_item_to, void *bin_item_from, int io_type)
Define a binary interface for an I/O type.
- struct **Config_Binary_Item_Interface** *** find_config_binary_interface** (int item_type)

Find the matching binary interface for given item type.

- int **reconfig_binary** (char *buffer, size_t buflen)
- int **config_binary_read_text** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, char *name, int maxlen)

Get a hconfig name or text item from an I/O buffer.

- int **is_signed_number** (const char *text)
- int **is_unsigned_number** (const char *text)
- int **is_hex_number** (const char *text)
- int **is_bin_number** (const char *text)
- int **is_real_number** (const char *text)
- unsigned long **decode_bin_number** (const char *text)
- int **abbrev** (CONST char *s, CONST char *t)

Compare strings s and t.

- int **getword** (CONST char *s, int *spos, char *word, int maxlen, char blank, char endchar)

*Copies a blank or '\0' or < endchar > delimited word from position *spos of the string s to the string word and increment *spos to the position of the first non-blank character after the word.*

- int **config_binary_read_index** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int *nidx, int *idx_low, int *idx_high, int max_idx)

Get a list of index ranges for binary hconfig data following.

- int **config_binary_write_name** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, char *name)

Write the name of a hconfig item for which binary data should follow.

- int **config_binary_write_text** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, char *text)

Write 'binary' hconfig data as text (for 'string' or 'function' types).

- int **config_binary_text_length** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)

If the next item is of the text type, get the length of the text.

- int **config_binary_read_name** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, char *name, int maxlen)

*Is the same as **config_binary_read_text()**.*

- int **config_binary_write_index** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int nidx, int *idx_low, int *idx_high)

Put a list of index ranges for binary hconfig data following.

- int **config_binary_envelope_begin** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header)

Begin with the envelope for a binary configuration item.

- int **config_binary_envelope_end** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header)

Close the envelope for a binary configuration item.

- int **config_binary_inquire_numbers** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int *ntype, int *nsize, int32_t *num, int *nopt)

Tell me what kind of binary numbers follow in the next I/O item.

- int **config_binary_read_numbers** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, void *data, size_t max_size)

Get the binary numbers from the next I/O item.

- int **config_binary_convert_data** (void *out, int out_type, int out_size, void *in, int in_type, int in_size)

Convert binary numbers of one type to numbers of another type.

7.22.1 Detailed Description

Declare hconfig structures and functions.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS

Date

2017/08/02 13:29:04

Version

CVS

Revision

1.8

7.22.2 Macro Definition Documentation**7.22.2.1 _STR_**

```
#define _STR_(  
    s ) #s
```

Enclose in string without macro expansion.

7.22.2.2 CFG_MUTEX

```
#define CFG_MUTEX(  
    mutex ) (NULL)
```

Mutexes are only inserted when pthreads are used.

In the multi-threaded variant: the address of the given mutex. In the single-threaded variant: a null pointer.

7.22.3 Function Documentation**7.22.3.1 abbrev()**

```
int abbrev (  
    CONST char * s,  
    CONST char * t )
```

Compare strings *s* and *t*.

s may be an abbreviation of *t*. Upper/lower case in *s* is ignored. *s* has to be at least as long as the leading upper case, digit, and '_' part of *t*.

Parameters

| | |
|----------|--|
| <i>s</i> | The string to be checked. |
| <i>t</i> | The test string with minimum part in upper case. |

Returns

1 if *s* is an abbreviation of *t*, 0 if not.

7.22.3.2 build_config()

```
int build_config (
    CONFIG_ITEM * items,
    const char * section )
```

Build up the configuration by adding another section of configuration definitions.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>items</i> | Vector of configuration items, which is terminated by a NULL_CONFIG_ITEM |
| <i>section</i> | Name of this configuration section. |

Returns

0 (O.k.), -1 (memory allocation failed), -2 (other error)

7.22.3.3 config_binary_convert_data()

```
int config_binary_convert_data (
    void * out,
    int out_type,
    int out_size,
    void * in,
    int in_type,
    int in_size )
```

Convert binary numbers of one type to numbers of another type.

Supported types are signed integers of various lengths, unsigned integers of various lengths, float and double. The signed and unsigned integers can be 1, 2, 4 or perhaps 8 bytes long. Float should be 4 bytes long, double 8 bytes.

7.22.3.4 config_binary_read_text()

```
int config_binary_read_text (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    char * name,
    int maxlen )
```

Get a hconfig name or text item from an I/O buffer.

Both the IO_TYPE_HCONFIG_NAME and IO_TYPE_HCONFIG_TEXT eventio item types are simple text strings enclosed in an I/O item. Because either of them can appear at the beginning of binary configuration data (with different interpretations) they are distinguished by different item type numbers. Otherwise they are the same.

Referenced by config_binary_read_name().

7.22.3.5 config_binary_text_length()

```
int config_binary_text_length (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

If the next item is of the text type, get the length of the text.

This allows finding out the length of the text first, allocating enough memory to read it and then start reading the text.

Returns

The length of the string not including the trailing '\0' which has to be appended.

7.22.3.6 config_binary_write_name()

```
int config_binary_write_name (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    char * name )
```

Write the name of a hconfig item for which binary data should follow.

Calls config_binary_write_as_text().

7.22.3.7 config_binary_write_text()

```
int config_binary_write_text (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    char * text )
```

Write 'binary' hconfig data as text (for 'string' or 'function' types).

Calls config_binary_write_as_text().

7.22.3.8 find_config_item()

```
CONFIG_ITEM* find_config_item (
    const char * name )
```

Find a configuration item by its name (mainly for internal usage).

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| <i>name</i> | Item name or block:name |
|-------------|-------------------------|

Returns

Pointer to (first) configuration item found or NULL.

7.22.3.9 get_config_filename()

```
char* get_config_filename (
    void )
```

Return the current value of the configuration file name.

Parameters

| | |
|---|--------|
| — | (none) |
|---|--------|

Returns

pointer to static file name string

7.22.3.10 get_config_preprocessor()

```
char* get_config_preprocessor (
    void )
```

Return the current value of the configuration preprocessor.

Parameters

| | |
|---|--------|
| — | (none) |
|---|--------|

Returns

pointer to static command string

7.22.3.11 getword()

```
int getword (
    CONST char * s,
    int * spos,
    char * word,
    int maxlen,
```

```
char blank,
char endchar )
```

Copies a blank or '\0' or < endchar > delimited word from position *spos of the string s to the string word and increment *spos to the position of the first non-blank character after the word.

The word must have a length less than or equal to maxlen.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>s</i> | string with any number of words. |
| <i>spos</i> | position in the string where we start and end. |
| <i>word</i> | the extracted word. |
| <i>maxlen</i> | the maximum allowed length of word. |
| <i>blank</i> | has the same effect as ' ', i.e. end-of-word. |
| <i>endchar</i> | his terminates the whole string (as '\0'). |

Returns

-2 : Invalid string or NULL -1 : The word was longer than maxlen (without the terminating '\0'); 0 : There were no more words in the string s. 1 : ok, we have a word and there are still more of them in the string s 2 : ok, but this was the last word

Referenced by `addpath()`, and `user_set_tel_type_param_by_str()`.

7.22.3.12 `init_config()`

```
int init_config (
    char *(*)(void) fptr )
```

Initialize the configuration after all [build_config\(\)](#) calls.

Initialize the configuration after all sections have been supplied via [build_config\(\)](#). A function may be specified for reading external configuration data after the internal specifications have been processed. This function may be called only once.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|--|
| <i>fptr</i> | Pointer to function that returns a string pointer as long as external configuration data is available, and NULL when no more data is available. fptr may be NULL if no such function should be called. |
|-------------|--|

Returns

0 (O.k.), -1 (called a second time or invalid configuration data)

7.22.3.13 read_config_lines()

```
char* read_config_lines (
    void )
```

Read configuration data from a file and return it line by line to the calling function (one line per call).

A NULL pointer is returned on end-of-file. This function is intended to be used as the usual 'fptr' argument for [init_config\(\)](#).

Parameters

| | |
|---|--------|
| – | (none) |
|---|--------|

Returns

Pointer to character string or NULL.

7.22.3.14 read_config_status()

```
int read_config_status (
    void )
```

Return the status of reading a configuration file with [read_config_lines\(\)](#) in a preceding call to [init_config\(\)](#).

Parameters

| | |
|---|--------|
| – | (none) |
|---|--------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no config file set), -2 (config file open failed), -3 (preprocessing failed), -4 (read error).

7.22.3.15 reconfig()

```
int reconfig (
    char * text )
```

Modify the configuration after [init_config\(\)](#) has been called.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|--|
| <i>text</i> | String consisting of configuration keyword (separated by a blank or '=' from the rest) and the corresponding data. |
|-------------|--|

Returns

0 (O.k.), -1 (invalid or undefined configuration keyword or error in the data)

7.22.3.16 reload_config()

```
int reload_config (
    char *(*)(void) fptr )
```

Reload some configuration using the file name/preprocessor as set up for [init_config\(\)](#) or with different file etc.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|---|
| <i>fptr</i> | Pointer to function that returns a string pointer as long as external configuration data is available, and NULL when no more data is available. |
|-------------|---|

Returns

0 (O.k.), -1 (invalid configuration data)

7.22.3.17 set_config_filename()

```
void set_config_filename (
    const char * fname )
```

Set the name of the configuration file to be read by the function [read_config_lines\(\)](#).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| <i>fname</i> | Name of file to be used. |
|--------------|--------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.22.3.18 set_config_history()

```
int set_config_history (
    PFITI fptr )
```

Set a function for recording the history of the configuration settings.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|--|
| <i>fptr</i> | – Pointer to function of type 'int fptr(char *text,int flag)' where 'text' is the configuration line and flag is 0 for configuration file processing and 1 for late reconfiguration. |
|-------------|--|

Returns

0

7.22.3.19 set_config_preprocessor()

```
void set_config_preprocessor (
    char * preproc )
```

Set the command name and options of a preprocessor for configuration files to be read by function [read_config_lines\(\)](#).

The input and output file names will be appended to the command string set by this function.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|----------------|
| <i>preproc</i> | Command string |
|----------------|----------------|

Returns

(none)

7.22.3.20 set_config_stack()

```
void set_config_stack (
    char ** stack )
```

Set a list of configuration lines to be processed before any lines from a file are read by [read_config_lines\(\)](#).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>stack</i> | Pointer to NULL terminated vector of strings. |
|--------------|---|

Returns

(none)

7.23 hessio_doc.h File Reference

Add an introduction to doxygen-generated documentation.

7.23.1 Detailed Description

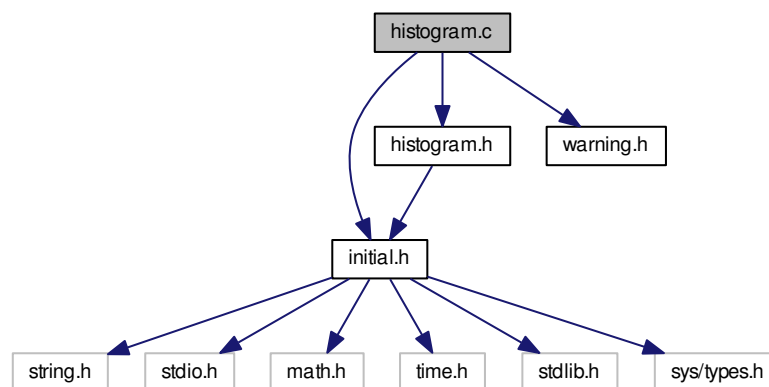
Add an introduction to doxygen-generated documentation.

This file is not included during compilation.

7.24 histogram.c File Reference

Manage, fill, and display one- and two-dimensional histograms.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "warning.h"
Include dependency graph for histogram.c:
```



Macros

- `#define _HLOCK_`
- `#define _HUNLOCK_`
- `#define _WAIT_IF_BUSY_(histo)`
- `#define _CLEAR_BUSY_(histo)`
- `#define HistOutput(a)`

Functions

- static void `initialize_histogram` (`HISTOGRAM *histo`)
For internal purpose only.
- static `HISTOGRAM * aux_alloc_histogram` (int ncounts, const char *type)
For internal purpose only.
- static void `free_histo_contents` (`HISTOGRAM *histo`)
Free the contents (data pointers) of a histogram to be released or removed.
- static void `display_2d_histogram` (`HISTOGRAM *histo`)
Display contents of a 2D histogram.
- void `histogram_lock` (`HISTOGRAM *histo`)
- void `histogram_unlock` (`HISTOGRAM *histo`)
- `HISTOGRAM * get_first_histogram` ()
Get a pointer to the first histogram.
- void `sort_histograms` ()
Sort histograms in linked list by idents.
- void `set_first_histogram` (`HISTOGRAM *new_first_histogram`)
Set a new histogram as the first element (context switching).
- `HISTOGRAM * get_histogram_by_ident` (long ident)
Get a histogram with the given ID.
- void `list_histograms` (long ident)
List all available histograms using the 'Output()' function.
- `HISTOGRAM * book_histogram` (long id, const char *title, const char *type, int dimension, double *low, double *high, int *nbins)
General histogram booking function, assigning ID and title.
- `HISTOGRAM * book_1d_histogram` (long id, const char *title, const char *type, double low, double high, int nbins)
Simplified histogram booking function for one-dimensional histograms, assigning ID and title.
- `HISTOGRAM * book_int_histogram` (long id, const char *title, int dimension, long *low, long *high, int *nbins)
Book and integer-type histogram (content incremented by one per entry).
- `HISTOGRAM * allocate_histogram` (const char *type, int dimension, double *low, double *high, int *nbins)
Allocate any histogram without ID and title.
- `HISTOGRAM * alloc_int_histogram` (long low, long high, int nbins)
Allocate memory for a 1-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.
- `HISTOGRAM * alloc_real_histogram` (double low, double high, int nbins)
Allocate memory for a 1-D 'real' histogram and initialize it.
- `HISTOGRAM * alloc_2d_int_histogram` (long xlow, long xhigh, int nxbins, long ylow, long yhigh, int nybins)
Allocate memory for a 2-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.
- `HISTOGRAM * alloc_2d_real_histogram` (double xlow, double xhigh, int nxbins, double ylow, double yhigh, int nybins)
Allocate memory for a 2-D 'real' histogram and initialize it.
- void `describe_histogram` (`HISTOGRAM *histo`, const char *title, long ident)
Add a describing title to a histogram previously allocated.
- void `clear_histogram` (`HISTOGRAM *histo`)
Initialize an existing histogram.
- void `free_histogram` (`HISTOGRAM *histo`)
Free a histogram completely (both data and control structure).
- void `free_all_histograms` ()
Deletes all histograms which are included in the linked list of histograms.
- void `unlink_histogram` (`HISTOGRAM *histo`)
Remove a histogram from the list without destroying it.

- int [fill_int_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, long value)
Increment a bin of a 1-D 'int' histogram by one.
- int [fill_real_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, double value)
Increment a bin of a 1-D 'real' histogram by one.
- int [fill_weighted_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, double value, double weight)
Add an entry to a weighted 1-D histogram.
- int [fill_2d_int_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, long xvalue, long yvalue)
Increment a bin of a 2-D 'int' histogram by one.
- int [fill_2d_real_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, double xvalue, double yvalue)
Increment a bin of a 2-D 'real' histogram by one.
- int [fill_2d_weighted_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, double xvalue, double yvalue, double weight)
Add an entry to a weighted 2-D histogram.
- int [fill_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, double xvalue, double yvalue, double weight)
Fill any type of 1-D or 2-D histogram known by its pointer.
- int [fill_histogram_by_ident](#) (long id, double xvalue, double yvalue, double weight)
Fill any type of 1-D or 2-D histogram known by its ID number.
- int [histogram_matching](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo1, [HISTOGRAM](#) *histo2)
Check if two histograms have exactly matching definitions (same type, dimension, size, ranges).
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [add_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo1, [HISTOGRAM](#) *histo2)
Add a second histogram to a first one.
- int [stat_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, struct [histstat](#) *stbuf)
Statistical analysis of a histogram.
- double [locate_histogram_fraction](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, double fraction)
Locate point of arbitrary fraction of entries (quantile).
- int [fast_stat_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, struct [histstat](#) *stbuf)
Fast and basic histogram statistics.
- void [print_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo)
Print contents of a histogram on the terminal.
- void [display_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo)
Display contents of a histogram on the terminal.
- void [display_all_histograms](#) ()
Display all histograms in list of histograms.
- int [histogram_to_lookup](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo, [HISTOGRAM](#) *lookup)
Convert a histogram to a lookup table by integrating the histogram.
- long [lookup_int](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *lookup, long value, long factor)
Look up a table created from an integer histogram.
- double [lookup_real](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *lookup, double value, double factor)
Look up a table created from an 'real' histogram.
- int [histogram_hashing](#) (int tabsz)
Turn hashing of histograms (using their ident as key) on or off.

Variables

- static [HISTOGRAM](#) * **first_histogram** = ([HISTOGRAM](#) *) NULL
- static [HISTOGRAM](#) * **last_histogram** = ([HISTOGRAM](#) *) NULL
- FILE * **histogram_file**
- static [HISTOGRAM](#) ** **hash_table**
- static long **hash_size** = 0
- static CONST_QUAL short **primetab** []
- static CONST_QUAL int **zero** = 0

7.24.1 Detailed Description

Manage, fill, and display one- and two-dimensional histograms.

Eventio routines for these types of histograms are available in [io_histogram.c](#). Conversion to HBOOK format is available through the `hdata2hbook` (was `cvt2`) program. Conversion to ROOT format is available through the `hdata2root` (was `cvt3`) program.

Note: multi-threading safety of functions provided in this file has not been tested extensively. Threads must not delete histograms shared with other threads when referenced by pointers.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1991 - 2010
CVS

Date

2014/02/20 10:53:06

Version

CVS

Revision

1.21

7.24.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.24.2.1 HistOutput

```
#define HistOutput(  
    a )
```

Value:

```
do { if ( histogram_file == (FILE *) NULL ) \  
    Output(a); \  
    else \  
        fputs(a,histogram_file); } while(zero)
```

7.24.3 Function Documentation

7.24.3.1 add_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* add_histogram (  
    HISTOGRAM * histo1,  
    HISTOGRAM * histo2 )
```

Add a second histogram to a first one.

The histograms must exactly match in their definitions. The first histogram will be modified, the second is unchanged.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>histo1</i> | pointer to first histogram |
| <i>histo2</i> | pointer to second histogram |

Returns

NULL pointer indicates failure.

7.24.3.2 `alloc_2d_int_histogram()`

```
HISTOGRAM* alloc_2d_int_histogram (
    long xlow,
    long xhigh,
    int nxbins,
    long ylow,
    long yhigh,
    int nybins )
```

Allocate memory for a 2-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.

Resulting histogram has integer range limits and integer contents (incremented by one per entry).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>xlow</i> | lower limit of values in X to be covered by histogram |
| <i>xhigh</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nxbins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated in X |
| <i>ylow</i> | lower limit of values in Y to be covered by histogram |
| <i>yhigh</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nybins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated in Y |

Returns

pointer to allocated histogram or NULL

References `aux_alloc_histogram()`.

7.24.3.3 `alloc_2d_real_histogram()`

```
HISTOGRAM* alloc_2d_real_histogram (
    double xlow,
    double xhigh,
    int nxbins,
    double ylow,
```



```
double yhigh,  
int nybins )
```

Allocate memory for a 2-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.

Resulting histogram has floating point range limits and integer contents (incremented by one per entry).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>xlow</i> | lower limit of values in X to be covered by histogram |
| <i>xhigh</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nxbins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated in X |
| <i>ylow</i> | lower limit of values in Y to be covered by histogram |
| <i>yhigh</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nybins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated in Y |

Returns

pointer to allocated histogram or NULL

References `allocate_histogram()`.

7.24.3.4 `alloc_int_histogram()`

```
HISTOGRAM* alloc_int_histogram (  
    long low,  
    long high,  
    int nbins )
```

Allocate memory for a 1-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.

Resulting histogram has integer range limits and integer contents (incremented by one per entry).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>low</i> | lower limit of values to be covered by histogram |
| <i>high</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nbins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated |

Returns

pointer to allocated histogram or NULL

References `aux_alloc_histogram()`.

7.24.3.5 alloc_real_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* alloc_real_histogram (
    double low,
    double high,
    int nbins )
```

Allocate memory for a 1-D 'real' histogram and initialize it.

Resulting histogram has floating point range limits and integer contents (incremented by one per entry).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>low</i> | lower limit of values to be covered by histogram |
| <i>high</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nbins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated |

Returns

pointer to allocated histogram or NULL

References [allocate_histogram\(\)](#).

7.24.3.6 allocate_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* allocate_histogram (
    const char * type,
    int dimension,
    double * low,
    double * high,
    int * nbins )
```

Allocate any histogram without ID and title.

Allocate a histogram of 1 or 2 dimensions, 'I', 'R', 'F' or 'D' type, without assigning an ID number and title string to it. To avoid the (long) <=> (double) typecasts, the direct calls to [alloc_int_histogram\(\)](#) and [alloc_2d_int_histogram\(\)](#) are recommended for integer-limits histograms (type 'I').

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|--|
| <i>type</i> | "I" (int, no weights), "R" (real, no weights), "F" (float, with weights), "D" (double, w.w.) |
| <i>dimension</i> | 1 or 2 for 1-D or 2-D histogram |
| <i>low</i> | Pointer to lower limits (x or x,y for 1-D or 2-D) |
| <i>high</i> | Pointer to upper limits |
| <i>nbins</i> | Pointer to no. of bins per dimension (nx or nx, ny) |

Returns

Pointer to new histogram or NULL

Referenced by `alloc_2d_real_histogram()`, `alloc_real_histogram()`, `book_1d_histogram()`, and `book_histogram()`.

7.24.3.7 `book_1d_histogram()`

```
HISTOGRAM* book_1d_histogram (  
    long id,  
    const char * title,  
    const char * type,  
    double low,  
    double high,  
    int nbins )
```

Simplified histogram booking function for one-dimensional histograms, assigning ID and title.

Book a histogram of one dimension, 'I', 'R', 'F', or 'D' type. The histogram is allocated (if possible) and the supplied ID number and title string are assigned.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>id</i> | ID number |
| <i>title</i> | Histogram title string |
| <i>type</i> | "I" (int, no weights), "R" (real, no weights), "F" (float, with weights), "D" (double, w.w.) |
| <i>low</i> | Lower limit (x) |
| <i>high</i> | Upper limit (x) |
| <i>nbins</i> | No. of bins (nx) |

Returns

Pointer to new histogram or NULL

References `allocate_histogram()`, and `describe_histogram()`.

7.24.3.8 `book_histogram()`

```
HISTOGRAM* book_histogram (  
    long id,  
    const char * title,  
    const char * type,  
    int dimension,  
    double * low,  
    double * high,  
    int * nbins )
```

General histogram booking function, assigning ID and title.

Book a histogram of 1 or 2 dimensions, 'I', 'R', 'F', or 'D' type. The histogram is allocated (if possible) and the supplied ID number and title string are assigned.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|--|
| <i>id</i> | ID number |
| <i>title</i> | Histogram title string |
| <i>type</i> | "I" (int, no weights), "R" (real, no weights), "F" (float, with weights), "D" (double, w.w.) |
| <i>dimension</i> | 1 or 2 for 1-D or 2-D histogram |
| <i>low</i> | Pointer to lower limits (x or x,y for 1-D or 2-D) |
| <i>high</i> | Pointer to upper limits |
| <i>nbins</i> | Pointer to no. of bins per dimension (nx or nx, ny) |

Returns

Pointer to new histogram or NULL

References `allocate_histogram()`, and `describe_histogram()`.

7.24.3.9 book_int_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* book_int_histogram (
    long id,
    const char * title,
    int dimension,
    long * low,
    long * high,
    int * nbins )
```

Book and integer-type histogram (content incremented by one per entry).

Like `book_histogram()` but for 'I' type histograms only (1-D or 2-D)

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <i>id</i> | ID number |
| <i>title</i> | Histogram title string |
| <i>dimension</i> | 1 or 2 for 1-D or 2-D histogram |
| <i>low</i> | Pointer to lower limits (x or x,y for 1-D or 2-D) |
| <i>high</i> | Pointer to upper limits |
| <i>nbins</i> | Pointer to no. of bins per dimension (nx or nx, ny) |

Returns

Pointer to new histogram or NULL

7.24.3.10 clear_histogram()

```
void clear_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Initialize an existing histogram.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | – pointer to histogram |
|--------------|------------------------|

Returns

(none)

Referenced by `gen_image_lookups()`, and `write_dst_histos()`.

7.24.3.11 `describe_histogram()`

```
void describe_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    const char * title,
    long ident )
```

Add a describing title to a histogram previously allocated.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Histogram to which the title should be added |
| <i>title</i> | The title string. This is ignored if the histogram already has a title. |
| <i>ident</i> | Identification number, must be unique (or 0) if any I/O is intended, because <code>read_histogram()</code> deletes a pre-existing histogram with the same ID. |

Returns

none

Referenced by `book_1d_histogram()`, and `book_histogram()`.

7.24.3.12 `display_2d_histogram()`

```
static void display_2d_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo ) [static]
```

Display contents of a 2D histogram.

Called by `display_histogram()`.

The histogram has already been checked by `display_histogram()` and its title has been printed.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | – Pointer to histogram |
|--------------|------------------------|

Returns

(none)

References `histogram::counts`, `Histogram_Extension::ddata`, `histogram::extension`, `Histogram_Extension::fdata`, `histogram::nbins`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, and `histogram::type`.

7.24.3.13 display_all_histograms()

```
void display_all_histograms (
    void )
```

Display all histograms in list of histograms.

Arguments: none

Return value: none

7.24.3.14 display_histogram()

```
void display_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Display contents of a histogram on the terminal.

This is a simple 'HPRINT' type display on one screen.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|----------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
|--------------|----------------------|

Returns

(none)

References `histogram::counts`, `histogram::extension`, `histogram::nbins`, `histogram::tentries`, and `histogram::type`.

7.24.3.15 fast_stat_histogram()

```
int fast_stat_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    struct histstat * stbuf )
```

Fast and basic histogram statistics.

Compute mean and truncated mean for histogram. For this kind of histogram analysis actually no histogram is required. A 'moments' structure would be sufficient.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | pointer to histogram (1-D) |
| <i>stbuf</i> | pointer to histogram statistics structure |

Returns

Nonzero result indicates failure

References histogram::nbins_2d, histogram::tentries, and histogram::type.

7.24.3.16 fill_2d_int_histogram()

```
int fill_2d_int_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    long xvalue,
    long yvalue )
```

Increment a bin of a 2-D 'int' histogram by one.

Increment a bin of a 2-D histogram by one. Either a count for one of the bins in the histogram range is incremented or an underflow or overflow count. For the calculation of the mean value and truncated mean value sums of values and number of histogram entries are updated as well.

Arguments: histo – pointer to histogram xvalue, yvalue – X and Y positions where an entry is to be to the histogram (they may be outside the given ranges)

Return value: 0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References fill_2d_real_histogram(), fill_int_histogram(), histogram::nbins_2d, and histogram::type.

7.24.3.17 fill_2d_real_histogram()

```
int fill_2d_real_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double xvalue,
    double yvalue )
```

Increment a bin of a 2-D 'real' histogram by one.

Increment a bin of a 2-D histogram by one. Either a count for one of the bins in the histogram range is incremented or an underflow or overflow count. For the calculation of the mean value and truncated mean value sums of values and number of histogram entries are updated as well.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
| <i>xvalue</i> | X position where an entry is to be to the histogram (may be outside the given ranges) |
| <i>yvalue</i> | Y position where an entry is to be to the histogram (may be outside the given ranges) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References `fill_2d_weighted_histogram()`, `fill_real_histogram()`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, and `histogram::type`.

Referenced by `fill_2d_int_histogram()`.

7.24.3.18 fill_2d_weighted_histogram()

```
int fill_2d_weighted_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double xvalue,
    double yvalue,
    double weight )
```

Add an entry to a weighted 2-D histogram.

Increment a bin of a 2-D histogram by a given weight rather than by 1. This requires a suitable histogram type 'F' or 'D'.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram. |
| <i>xvalue</i> | X position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>yvalue</i> | Y position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>weight</i> | The weight of that entry. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled with weights)

References `histogram::ident`, and `histogram::type`.

Referenced by `fill_2d_real_histogram()`.

7.24.3.19 fill_histogram()

```
int fill_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
```



```
double xvalue,
double yvalue,
double weight )
```

Fill any type of 1-D or 2-D histogram known by its pointer.

Generic histogram fill function that can be used for type 'I', 'R', 'F', and 'D' histograms, although it is not recommended for type 'I' histograms, due to type conversions.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram. |
| <i>xvalue</i> | X position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>yvalue</i> | Y position (ignored for 1-D histograms) |
| <i>weight</i> | The weight of that entry (must be 1.0 for 'I' and 'R' type histograms). |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References histogram::ident, and histogram::type.

Referenced by fill_gaps(), and gen_image_lookups().

7.24.3.20 fill_histogram_by_ident()

```
int fill_histogram_by_ident (
    long id,
    double xvalue,
    double yvalue,
    double weight )
```

Fill any type of 1-D or 2-D histogram known by its ID number.

Generic histogram fill function that can be used for type 'I', 'R', 'F', and 'D' histograms, although it is not recommended for type 'I' histograms, due to type conversions.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>id</i> | Identifier number of the histogram. |
| <i>xvalue</i> | X position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>yvalue</i> | Y position (ignored for 1-D histograms) |
| <i>weight</i> | The weight of that entry (must be 1.0 for 'I' and 'R' type histograms). |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

Referenced by user_mc_event_fill().

7.24.3.21 `fill_int_histogram()`

```
int fill_int_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    long value )
```

Increment a bin of a 1-D 'int' histogram by one.

Either a count for one of the bins in the histogram range is incremented or an underflow or overflow count. For the calculation of the mean value and truncated mean value sums of values and number of histogram entries are updated as well.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
| <i>value</i> | Position where an entry is to be added (may be outside the given range) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References `fill_real_histogram()`, and `histogram::type`.

Referenced by `fill_2d_int_histogram()`.

7.24.3.22 `fill_real_histogram()`

```
int fill_real_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double value )
```

Increment a bin of a 1-D 'real' histogram by one.

Either a count for one of the bins in the histogram range is incremented or an underflow or overflow count. For the calculation of the mean value and truncated mean value sums of values and number of histogram entries are updated as well.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
| <i>value</i> | Position where an entry is to be added (may be outside the given range) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References `fill_weighted_histogram()`, and `histogram::type`.

Referenced by `fill_2d_real_histogram()`, and `fill_int_histogram()`.

7.24.3.23 fill_weighted_histogram()

```
int fill_weighted_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double value,
    double weight )
```

Add an entry to a weighted 1-D histogram.

Increment a bin of a histogram by a given weight rather than by 1. This requires a suitable histogram type 'F' or 'D'.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram. |
| <i>value</i> | Position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>weight</i> | The weight of that entry. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled with weights)

References histogram::ident, and histogram::type.

Referenced by fill_real_histogram().

7.24.3.24 free_all_histograms()

```
void free_all_histograms (
    void )
```

Deletes all histograms which are included in the linked list of histograms.

Returns

(none)

7.24.3.25 free_histo_contents()

```
static void free_histo_contents (
    HISTOGRAM * histo ) [static]
```

Free the contents (data pointers) of a histogram to be released or removed.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>Pointer</i> | to histogram that should be 'cleaned'. |
|----------------|--|

Returns

(none)

References `histogram::counts`, `Histogram_Extension::ddata`, `histogram::extension`, `Histogram_Extension::fdata`, and `histogram::title`.

7.24.3.26 free_histogram()

```
void free_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Free a histogram completely (both data and control structure).

Deallocates memory previously allocated to a histogram. If `release_histogram` was applied to that histogram before, it cannot be reallocated.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | – pointer to previously allocated histogram |
|--------------|---|

Returns

(none)

7.24.3.27 get_first_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* get_first_histogram (
    void )
```

Get a pointer to the first histogram.

Get a pointer to the first histogram in the linked list of available histograms without making the corresponding variable global.

Returns

Pointer to the first histogram in the linked list.

Referenced by `convert_histograms_to_root()`, `write_all_histograms()`, and `write_histograms()`.

7.24.3.28 get_histogram_by_ident()

```
HISTOGRAM* get_histogram_by_ident (
    long ident )
```

Get a histogram with the given ID.

Get the first histogram with a given ident (different from 0) or return NULL pointer if none exists.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>ident</i> | – The histogram ident to be searched for. |
|--------------|---|

Returns

Histogram pointer or NULL

Referenced by `histogram_to_root()`, and `write_dst_histos()`.

7.24.3.29 histogram_hashing()

```
int histogram_hashing (
    int tabsize )
```

Turn hashing of histograms (using their ident as key) on or off.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|---|
| <i>tabsize</i> | Minimum number of elements in hashing table or 0 if hash table should be released (max: 15000). |
|----------------|---|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (error)

7.24.3.30 histogram_matching()

```
int histogram_matching (
    HISTOGRAM * histo1,
    HISTOGRAM * histo2 )
```

Check if two histograms have exactly matching definitions (same type, dimension, size, ranges).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>histo1</i> | pointer to first histogram |
| <i>histo2</i> | pointer to second histogram |

Returns

0 (not matching) or 1 (matching)

References `histogram::counts`, `histogram::extension`, `Histogram_Parameters::integer`, `Histogram_Parameters::lower_limit`, `histogram::nbins`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, `Histogram_Parameters::real`, `histogram::type`, and `Histogram_Parameters::upper_limit`.

7.24.3.31 histogram_to_lookup()

```
int histogram_to_lookup (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    HISTOGRAM * lookup )
```

Convert a histogram to a lookup table by integrating the histogram.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | input histogram |
| <i>lookup</i> | output lookup table |

Returns

0 if ok or -1 for failure

7.24.3.32 list_histograms()

```
void list_histograms (
    long ident )
```

List all available histograms using the 'Output()' function.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| <i>ident</i> | – histogram ident to search or 0 |
|--------------|----------------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.24.3.33 locate_histogram_fraction()

```
double locate_histogram_fraction (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double fraction )
```

Locate point of arbitrary fraction of entries (quantile).

Locate the place in a 1-D histogram where a given fraction of the entries is to the 'left' of this place ('l' and 'R' type only).

Parameters

| | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
| <i>fraction</i> | Fraction of entries to the left. |

Returns

x-coordinate of given fraction or 0. for error.

7.24.3.34 lookup_int()

```
long lookup_int (
    HISTOGRAM * lookup,
    long value,
    long factor )
```

Look up a table created from an integer histogram.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>lookup</i> | the lookup table |
| <i>value</i> | the value at which to look up |
| <i>factor</i> | the scaling factor of the lookup result or 0 |

Returns

If 'value' is inside the range of the lookup table (that is the range of the histogram from which the lookup table was created), a value between 0 and 'factor' (or the number of entries in the range, if factor==0) is returned.

References `histogram::counts`, `Histogram_Parameters::integer`, `Histogram_Parameters::lower_limit`, `histogram::nbins`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, `histogram::tentries`, `histogram::type`, `Histogram_Parameters::upper_limit`, and `Histogram_Parameters::width`.

7.24.3.35 lookup_real()

```
double lookup_real (
    HISTOGRAM * lookup,
    double value,
    double factor )
```

Look up a table created from an 'real' histogram.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>lookup</i> | the lookup table |
| <i>value</i> | the value at which to look up |
| <i>factor</i> | the scaling factor of the lookup result or 0 |

Returns

If 'value' is inside the range of the lookup table (that is the range of the histogram from which the lookup table was created), a value between 0 and 'factor' (or the number of entries in the range, if factor==0) is returned.

References `histogram::counts`, `Histogram_Parameters::inverse_binwidth`, `Histogram_Parameters::lower_limit`, `histogram::nbins`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, `Histogram_Parameters::real`, `histogram::tentries`, `histogram::type`, and `Histogram_Parameters::upper_limit`.

7.24.3.36 print_histogram()

```
void print_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Print contents of a histogram on the terminal.

Showing the actual content of each bin.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|----------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
|--------------|----------------------|

Returns

(none)

References `histogram::counts`, `histogram::extension`, `Histogram_Parameters::integer`, `Histogram_Parameters::lower_limit`, `histogram::nbins`, `Histogram_Parameters::real`, `histogram::tentries`, `histogram::type`, and `Histogram_Parameters::upper_limit`.

7.24.3.37 set_first_histogram()

```
void set_first_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * new_first_histogram )
```

Set a new histogram as the first element (context switching).

To allow 'context switching' of histograms the first element of the linked list of histograms can be changed by this function. Before that, the old value should be obtained with [get_first_histogram\(\)](#) and saved. Note: For context switching it is not necessary to specify the actually first member of a linked list but any member of a list can be specified to activate that list.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| <i>new_first_histogram</i> | A histogram in the new list (may be NULL pointer). |
|----------------------------|--|

Returns

none

7.24.3.38 sort_histograms()

```
void sort_histograms (
    void )
```

Sort histograms in linked list by ids.

Returns

(none)

7.24.3.39 stat_histogram()

```
int stat_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    struct histstat * stbuf )
```

Statistical analysis of a histogram.

The median calculation is implemented for 1-D 'I' and 'R' types histograms only.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | pointer to histogram |
| <i>stbuf</i> | pointer to histogram statistics structure |

Returns

Nonzero result indicates failure

7.24.3.40 unlink_histogram()

```
void unlink_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Remove a histogram from the list without destroying it.

Remove a histogram from the linked list of histograms. That histogram will therefore not be found by any subsequent call to `'free_all_histograms()'`, `'display_all_histograms()'`, and `'get_histogram_by_ident()'`.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram. |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.24.4 Variable Documentation

7.24.4.1 primetab

```
CONST_QUAL short primetab[] [static]
```

Initial value:

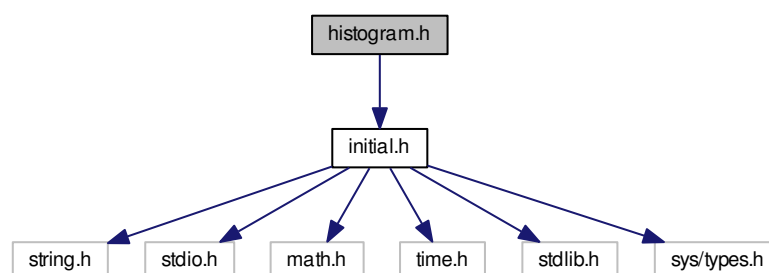
```
=
{ 131, 233, 353, 541, 751, 1051, 1367, 1511, 1723,
  1931, 2393, 3163, 3907, 5261, 6143, 7187, 8623, 9749, 11321, 15031 }
```

7.25 histogram.h File Reference

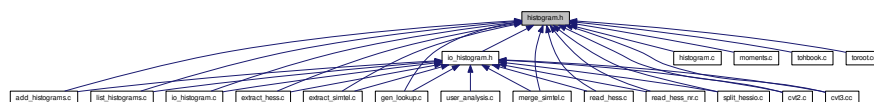
Declarations for handling one- and two-dimensional histograms.

```
#include "initial.h"
```

Include dependency graph for histogram.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- union [Histogram_Parameters](#)
Parameters defining the usable range of coordinates.
- struct [Histogram_Extension](#)
A histogram extension only allocated for weighted histograms.
- struct [histogram](#)
A complete 1-D or 2-D histogram with control and data elements.
- struct [histstat](#)
Statistics element for histogram analysis.
- struct [momstat](#)
First, second, and higher moments of a 1-D histogram.
- struct [moments](#)
Numbers to be summed up to obtain the moments.

Macros

- `#define MAX_HISTCOUNT 4294967295UL /* or ULONG_MAX from <limits.h> */`

Typedefs

- typedef double [HISTVALUE_REAL](#)
May be 'float' for ANSI C compiler.
- typedef long [HISTVALUE_INT](#)
Short int is not recommended.
- typedef unsigned long [HISTCOUNT](#)
The histogram counts may be unsigned short or unsigned long.
- typedef double [HISTSUM_REAL](#)
To avoid loss of precision for adding many numbers, sums are of double type if 'real' type HISTVALUES are used.
- typedef long [HISTSUM_INT](#)
- typedef double [HISTSTATVALUE](#)
- typedef struct [histogram](#) [HISTOGRAM](#)
- typedef struct [moments](#) [MOMENTS](#)

Functions

- void [histogram_lock](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo)
- void [histogram_unlock](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *histo)
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [get_first_histogram](#) (void)
Get a pointer to the first histogram.
- void [set_first_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM](#) *new_first_histogram)
Set a new histogram as the first element (context switching).
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [get_histogram_by_ident](#) (long ident)
Get a histogram with the given ID.
- void [list_histograms](#) (long ident)
List all available histograms using the 'Output()' function.
- [HISTOGRAM](#) * [book_histogram](#) (long id, const char *title, const char *type, int dimension, double *low, double *high, int *nbins)
General histogram booking function, assigning ID and title.

- [HISTOGRAM * book_int_histogram](#) (long id, const char *title, int dimension, long *low, long *high, int *nbins)
Book and integer-type histogram (content incremented by one per entry).
- [HISTOGRAM * book_1d_histogram](#) (long id, const char *title, const char *type, double low, double high, int nbins)
Simplified histogram booking function for one-dimensional histograms, assigning ID and title.
- [HISTOGRAM * allocate_histogram](#) (const char *type, int dimension, double *low, double *high, int *nbins)
Allocate any histogram without ID and title.
- [HISTOGRAM * alloc_int_histogram](#) (long low, long high, int nbins)
Allocate memory for a 1-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.
- [HISTOGRAM * alloc_real_histogram](#) (double low, double high, int nbins)
Allocate memory for a 1-D 'real' histogram and initialize it.
- [HISTOGRAM * alloc_2d_int_histogram](#) (long xlow, long xhigh, int nxbins, long ylow, long yhigh, int nybins)
Allocate memory for a 2-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.
- [HISTOGRAM * alloc_2d_real_histogram](#) (double xlow, double xhigh, int nxbins, double ylow, double yhigh, int nybins)
Allocate memory for a 2-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.
- void [describe_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), const char *title, long ident)
Add a describing title to a histogram previously allocated.
- void [clear_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#))
Initialize an existing histogram.
- void [free_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#))
Free a histogram completely (both data and control structure).
- void [free_all_histograms](#) (void)
Deletes all histograms which are included in the linked list of histograms.
- void [unlink_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#))
Remove a histogram from the list without destroying it.
- int [fill_int_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), long value)
Increment a bin of a 1-D 'int' histogram by one.
- int [fill_real_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), double value)
Increment a bin of a 1-D 'real' histogram by one.
- int [fill_weighted_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), double value, double weight)
Add an entry to a weighted 1-D histogram.
- int [fill_2d_int_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), long xvalue, long yvalue)
Increment a bin of a 2-D 'int' histogram by one.
- int [fill_2d_real_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), double xvalue, double yvalue)
Increment a bin of a 2-D 'real' histogram by one.
- int [fill_2d_weighted_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), double xvalue, double yvalue, double weight)
Add an entry to a weighted 2-D histogram.
- int [fill_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), double xvalue, double yvalue, double weight)
Fill any type of 1-D or 2-D histogram known by its pointer.
- int [fill_histogram_by_id](#) (long id, double xvalue, double yvalue, double weight)
Fill any type of 1-D or 2-D histogram known by its ID number.
- int [stat_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), struct [histstat](#) *stbuf)
Statistical analysis of a histogram.
- double [locate_histogram_fraction](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), double fraction)
Locate point of arbitrary fraction of entries (quantile).
- int [fast_stat_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo](#), struct [histstat](#) *stbuf)
Fast and basic histogram statistics.
- int [histogram_matching](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo1](#), [HISTOGRAM *histo2](#))
Check if two histograms have exactly matching definitions (same type, dimension, size, ranges).
- [HISTOGRAM * add_histogram](#) ([HISTOGRAM *histo1](#), [HISTOGRAM *histo2](#))

- Add a second histogram to a first one.*

 - void [print_histogram](#) (HISTOGRAM *histo)

Print contents of a histogram on the terminal.
- void [display_histogram](#) (HISTOGRAM *histo)

Display contents of a histogram on the terminal.
- void [display_all_histograms](#) (void)

Display all histograms in list of histograms.
- int [histogram_to_lookup](#) (HISTOGRAM *histo, HISTOGRAM *lookup)

Convert a histogram to a lookup table by integrating the histogram.
- long [lookup_int](#) (HISTOGRAM *lookup, long value, long factor)

Look up a table created from an integer histogram.
- double [lookup_real](#) (HISTOGRAM *lookup, double value, double factor)

Look up a table created from an 'real' histogram.
- int [histogram_hashing](#) (int tabsize)

Turn hashing of histograms (using their ident as key) on or off.
- void [sort_histograms](#) (void)

Sort histograms in linked list by ident.
- void [release_histogram](#) (HISTOGRAM *histo)
- [MOMENTS](#) * [alloc_moments](#) (double low, double high)

Allocate a structure for sums of powers of data.
- void [clear_moments](#) (MOMENTS *mom)

Initialize an existing moments structure (except for its range limits).
- void [free_moments](#) (MOMENTS *mom)

Deallocates memory previously allocated to a moments structure.
- void [fill_moments](#) (MOMENTS *mom, double value)

Add up those things needed to compute mean, standard deviation, skewness, and kurtosis (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_mean](#) (MOMENTS *mom, double value)

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_mean_and_sigma](#) (MOMENTS *mom, double value)

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_real_moments](#) (MOMENTS *mom, double value, double weight)

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, – skewness, and – kurtosis (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_real_mean](#) (MOMENTS *mom, double value, double weight)

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_real_mean_and_sigma](#) (MOMENTS *mom, double value, double weight)

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- int [stat_moments](#) (MOMENTS *mom, struct [momstat](#) *stmom)

Calculate moments (mean, rms, skewness, kurtosis) from the sums of powers of data values.

7.25.1 Detailed Description

Declarations for handling one- and two-dimensional histograms.

The functions to work with these histograms is found in [histogram.c](#) . Eventio routines are available in [io_histogram.c](#) and conversion to HBOOK format is available through the 'cvt2' program. Handling of moments of a 1-D distribution is implemented in [moments.c](#) .

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1991 - 2010

CVS

Date

2013/10/21 12:53:31

Version

CVS

Revision

1.12

7.25.2 Typedef Documentation**7.25.2.1 HISTCOUNT**

```
typedef unsigned long HISTCOUNT
```

The histogram counts may be unsigned short or unsigned long.

With a unsigned short the overflow of a bin might easily happen.

7.25.2.2 HISTVALUE_REAL

```
typedef double HISTVALUE_REAL
```

May be 'float' for ANSI C compiler.

```
+++++
For compatibility reasons the following 'typedef's are kept, but
the defined types should not be used any more because all of them
were changed in histogram.c to 'long', 'double', etc.
+++++
```

HISTVALUE may be either an 'integer' type (recommended: long int) or a 'real' type (recommended: double). The method of calculating the array index corresponding to a given value is somewhat different for these two alternatives. Using a float for the 'real' type instead of a double would make no difference. However, a short int or an unsigned short int as 'integer' type requires more care for the calculation of the array index compared to a long or a unsigned long (frequent overflows unless a type cast of intermediate values to a long type is used).

7.25.3 Function Documentation

7.25.3.1 add_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* add_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo1,
    HISTOGRAM * histo2 )
```

Add a second histogram to a first one.

The histograms must exactly match in their definitions. The first histogram will be modified, the second is unchanged.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>histo1</i> | pointer to first histogram |
| <i>histo2</i> | pointer to second histogram |

Returns

NULL pointer indicates failure.

7.25.3.2 alloc_2d_int_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* alloc_2d_int_histogram (
    long xlow,
    long xhigh,
    int nxbins,
    long ylow,
    long yhigh,
    int nybins )
```

Allocate memory for a 2-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.

Resulting histogram has integer range limits and integer contents (incremented by one per entry).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>xlow</i> | lower limit of values in X to be covered by histogram |
| <i>xhigh</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nxbins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated in X |
| <i>ylow</i> | lower limit of values in Y to be covered by histogram |
| <i>yhigh</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nybins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated in Y |

Returns

pointer to allocated histogram or NULL

References `aux_alloc_histogram()`.

7.25.3.3 alloc_2d_real_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* alloc_2d_real_histogram (
    double xlow,
    double xhigh,
    int nxbins,
    double ylow,
    double yhigh,
    int nybins )
```

Allocate memory for a 2-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.

Resulting histogram has floating point range limits and integer contents (incremented by one per entry).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>xlow</i> | lower limit of values in X to be covered by histogram |
| <i>xhigh</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nxbins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated in X |
| <i>ylow</i> | lower limit of values in Y to be covered by histogram |
| <i>yhigh</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nybins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated in Y |

Returns

pointer to allocated histogram or NULL

References `allocate_histogram()`.

7.25.3.4 alloc_int_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* alloc_int_histogram (
    long low,
    long high,
    int nbins )
```

Allocate memory for a 1-D 'int' histogram and initialize it.

Resulting histogram has integer range limits and integer contents (incremented by one per entry).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>low</i> | lower limit of values to be covered by histogram |
| <i>high</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nbins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated |

Returns

pointer to allocated histogram or NULL

References `aux_alloc_histogram()`.

7.25.3.5 `alloc_moments()`

```
MOMENTS* alloc_moments (
    HISTVALUE_REAL low,
    HISTVALUE_REAL high )
```

Allocate a structure for sums of powers of data.

Returns NULL if no structure could be allocated.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| <i>low</i> | Lower limit of range for truncation |
| <i>high</i> | Upper limit of range for truncation |

Returns

Pointer to allocated structure or NULL.

References `clear_moments()`.

7.25.3.6 `alloc_real_histogram()`

```
HISTOGRAM* alloc_real_histogram (
    double low,
    double high,
    int nbins )
```

Allocate memory for a 1-D 'real' histogram and initialize it.

Resulting histogram has floating point range limits and integer contents (incremented by one per entry).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>low</i> | lower limit of values to be covered by histogram |
| <i>high</i> | upper limit ... |
| <i>nbins</i> | the number of bins to be allocated |

Returns

pointer to allocated histogram or NULL

References `allocate_histogram()`.

7.25.3.7 `allocate_histogram()`

```
HISTOGRAM* allocate_histogram (
    const char * type,
    int dimension,
    double * low,
    double * high,
    int * nbins )
```

Allocate any histogram without ID and title.

Allocate a histogram of 1 or 2 dimensions, 'I', 'R', 'F' or 'D' type, without assigning an ID number and title string to it. To avoid the (long) <--> (double) typecasts, the direct calls to `alloc_int_histogram()` and `alloc_2d_int_histogram()` are recommended for integer-limits histograms (type 'I').

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|--|
| <i>type</i> | "I" (int, no weights), "R" (real, no weights), "F" (float, with weights), "D" (double, w.w.) |
| <i>dimension</i> | 1 or 2 for 1-D or 2-D histogram |
| <i>low</i> | Pointer to lower limits (x or x,y for 1-D or 2-D) |
| <i>high</i> | Pointer to upper limits |
| <i>nbins</i> | Pointer to no. of bins per dimension (nx or nx, ny) |

Returns

Pointer to new histogram or NULL

Referenced by `alloc_2d_real_histogram()`, `alloc_real_histogram()`, `book_1d_histogram()`, and `book_histogram()`.

7.25.3.8 `book_1d_histogram()`

```
HISTOGRAM* book_1d_histogram (
    long id,
```

```

    const char * title,
    const char * type,
    double low,
    double high,
    int nbins )

```

Simplified histogram booking function for one-dimensional histograms, assigning ID and title.

Book a histogram of one dimension, 'I', 'R', 'F', or 'D' type. The histogram is allocated (if possible) and the supplied ID number and title string are assigned.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>id</i> | ID number |
| <i>title</i> | Histogram title string |
| <i>type</i> | "I" (int, no weights), "R" (real, no weights), "F" (float, with weights), "D" (double, w.w.) |
| <i>low</i> | Lower limit (x) |
| <i>high</i> | Upper limit (x) |
| <i>nbins</i> | No. of bins (nx) |

Returns

Pointer to new histogram or NULL

References `allocate_histogram()`, and `describe_histogram()`.

7.25.3.9 book_histogram()

```

HISTOGRAM* book_histogram (
    long id,
    const char * title,
    const char * type,
    int dimension,
    double * low,
    double * high,
    int * nbins )

```

General histogram booking function, assigning ID and title.

Book a histogram of 1 or 2 dimensions, 'I', 'R', 'F', or 'D' type. The histogram is allocated (if possible) and the supplied ID number and title string are assigned.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|--|
| <i>id</i> | ID number |
| <i>title</i> | Histogram title string |
| <i>type</i> | "I" (int, no weights), "R" (real, no weights), "F" (float, with weights), "D" (double, w.w.) |
| <i>dimension</i> | 1 or 2 for 1-D or 2-D histogram |
| <i>low</i> | Pointer to lower limits (x or x,y for 1-D or 2-D) |
| <i>high</i> | Pointer to upper limits |
| <i>nbins</i> | Pointer to no. of bins per dimension (nx or nx, ny) |

Returns

Pointer to new histogram or NULL

References `allocate_histogram()`, and `describe_histogram()`.

7.25.3.10 book_int_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* book_int_histogram (
    long id,
    const char * title,
    int dimension,
    long * low,
    long * high,
    int * nbins )
```

Book and integer-type histogram (content incremented by one per entry).

Like `book_histogram()` but for 'I' type histograms only (1-D or 2-D)

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <i>id</i> | ID number |
| <i>title</i> | Histogram title string |
| <i>dimension</i> | 1 or 2 for 1-D or 2-D histogram |
| <i>low</i> | Pointer to lower limits (x or x,y for 1-D or 2-D) |
| <i>high</i> | Pointer to upper limits |
| <i>nbins</i> | Pointer to no. of bins per dimension (nx or nx, ny) |

Returns

Pointer to new histogram or NULL

7.25.3.11 clear_histogram()

```
void clear_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Initialize an existing histogram.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|------------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | — pointer to histogram |
|--------------|------------------------|

Returns

(none)

Referenced by `gen_image_lookups()`, and `write_dst_histos()`.

7.25.3.12 clear_moments()

```
void clear_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom )
```

Initialize an existing moments structure (except for its range limits).

Parameters

| | |
|------------|------------------------------|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to moments structure |
|------------|------------------------------|

Referenced by `alloc_moments()`.

7.25.3.13 describe_histogram()

```
void describe_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    const char * title,
    long ident )
```

Add a describing title to a histogram previously allocated.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Histogram to which the title should be added |
| <i>title</i> | The title string. This is ignored if the histogram already has a title. |
| <i>ident</i> | Identification number, must be unique (or 0) if any I/O is intended, because <code>read_histogram()</code> deletes a pre-existing histogram with the same ID. |

Returns

none

Referenced by `book_1d_histogram()`, and `book_histogram()`.

7.25.3.14 display_all_histograms()

```
void display_all_histograms (
    void )
```

Display all histograms in list of histograms.

Arguments: none

Return value: none

7.25.3.15 display_histogram()

```
void display_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Display contents of a histogram on the terminal.

This is a simple 'HPRINT' type display on one screen.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|----------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
|--------------|----------------------|

Returns

(none)

References histogram::counts, histogram::extension, histogram::nbins, histogram::tentries, and histogram::type.

7.25.3.16 fast_stat_histogram()

```
int fast_stat_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    struct histstat * stbuf )
```

Fast and basic histogram statistics.

Compute mean and truncated mean for histogram. For this kind of histogram analysis actually no histogram is required. A 'moments' structure would be sufficient.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | pointer to histogram (1-D) |
| <i>stbuf</i> | pointer to histogram statistics structure |

Returns

Nonzero result indicates failure

References `histogram::nbins_2d`, `histogram::tentries`, and `histogram::type`.

7.25.3.17 `fill_2d_int_histogram()`

```
int fill_2d_int_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    long xvalue,
    long yvalue )
```

Increment a bin of a 2-D 'int' histogram by one.

Increment a bin of a 2-D histogram by one. Either a count for one of the bins in the histogram range is incremented or an underflow or overflow count. For the calculation of the mean value and truncated mean value sums of values and number of histogram entries are updated as well.

Arguments: `histo` – pointer to histogram `xvalue`, `yvalue` – X and Y positions where an entry is to be to the histogram (they may be outside the given ranges)

Return value: 0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References `fill_2d_real_histogram()`, `fill_int_histogram()`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, and `histogram::type`.

7.25.3.18 `fill_2d_real_histogram()`

```
int fill_2d_real_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double xvalue,
    double yvalue )
```

Increment a bin of a 2-D 'real' histogram by one.

Increment a bin of a 2-D histogram by one. Either a count for one of the bins in the histogram range is incremented or an underflow or overflow count. For the calculation of the mean value and truncated mean value sums of values and number of histogram entries are updated as well.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
| <i>xvalue</i> | X position where an entry is to be to the histogram (may be outside the given ranges) |
| <i>yvalue</i> | Y position where an entry is to be to the histogram (may be outside the given ranges) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References `fill_2d_weighted_histogram()`, `fill_real_histogram()`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, and `histogram::type`.

Referenced by `fill_2d_int_histogram()`.

7.25.3.19 `fill_2d_weighted_histogram()`

```
int fill_2d_weighted_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double xvalue,
    double yvalue,
    double weight )
```

Add an entry to a weighted 2-D histogram.

Increment a bin of a 2-D histogram by a given weight rather than by 1. This requires a suitable histogram type 'F' or 'D'.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram. |
| <i>xvalue</i> | X position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>yvalue</i> | Y position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>weight</i> | The weight of that entry. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled with weights)

References `histogram::ident`, and `histogram::type`.

Referenced by `fill_2d_real_histogram()`.

7.25.3.20 `fill_histogram()`

```
int fill_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double xvalue,
    double yvalue,
    double weight )
```

Fill any type of 1-D or 2-D histogram known by its pointer.

Generic histogram fill function that can be used for type 'I', 'R', 'F', and 'D' histograms, although it is not recommended for type 'I' histograms, due to type conversions.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram. |
| <i>xvalue</i> | X position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>yvalue</i> | Y position (ignored for 1-D histograms) |
| <i>weight</i> | The weight of that entry (must be 1.0 for 'I' and 'R' type histograms). |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References histogram::ident, and histogram::type.

Referenced by fill_gaps(), and gen_image_lookups().

7.25.3.21 fill_histogram_by_ident()

```
int fill_histogram_by_ident (
    long id,
    double xvalue,
    double yvalue,
    double weight )
```

Fill any type of 1-D or 2-D histogram known by its ID number.

Generic histogram fill function that can be used for type 'I', 'R', 'F', and 'D' histograms, although it is not recommended for type 'I' histograms, due to type conversions.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>id</i> | Identifier number of the histogram. |
| <i>xvalue</i> | X position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>yvalue</i> | Y position (ignored for 1-D histograms) |
| <i>weight</i> | The weight of that entry (must be 1.0 for 'I' and 'R' type histograms). |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

Referenced by user_mc_event_fill().

7.25.3.22 fill_int_histogram()

```
int fill_int_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    long value )
```

Increment a bin of a 1-D 'int' histogram by one.

Either a count for one of the bins in the histogram range is incremented or an underflow or overflow count. For the calculation of the mean value and truncated mean value sums of values and number of histogram entries are updated as well.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
| <i>value</i> | Position where an entry is to be added (may be outside the given range) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References `fill_real_histogram()`, and `histogram::type`.

Referenced by `fill_2d_int_histogram()`.

7.25.3.23 fill_mean()

```
void fill_mean (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |

7.25.3.24 fill_mean_and_sigma()

```
void fill_mean_and_sigma (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |

7.25.3.25 fill_moments()

```
void fill_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value )
```

Add up those things needed to compute mean, standard deviation, skewness, and kurtosis (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |

7.25.3.26 fill_real_histogram()

```
int fill_real_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double value )
```

Increment a bin of a 1-D 'real' histogram by one.

Either a count for one of the bins in the histogram range is incremented or an underflow or overflow count. For the calculation of the mean value and truncated mean value sums of values and number of histogram entries are updated as well.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
| <i>value</i> | Position where an entry is to be added (may be outside the given range) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled)

References [fill_weighted_histogram\(\)](#), and [histogram::type](#).

Referenced by [fill_2d_real_histogram\(\)](#), and [fill_int_histogram\(\)](#).

7.25.3.27 fill_real_mean()

```
void fill_real_mean (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value,
    double weight )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |
| <i>weight</i> | Weighting factor of this value |

7.25.3.28 fill_real_mean_and_sigma()

```
void fill_real_mean_and_sigma (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value,
    double weight )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |
| <i>weight</i> | Weighting factor of this value |

7.25.3.29 fill_real_moments()

```
void fill_real_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value,
    double weight )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, – skewness, and – kurtosis (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |
| <i>weight</i> | Weighting factor of this value |

7.25.3.30 fill_weighted_histogram()

```
int fill_weighted_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
```

```
double value,
double weight )
```

Add an entry to a weighted 1-D histogram.

Increment a bin of a histogram by a given weight rather than by 1. This requires a suitable histogram type 'F' or 'D'.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram. |
| <i>value</i> | Position where an entry is to be added. |
| <i>weight</i> | The weight of that entry. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (no histogram that can be filled with weights)

References histogram::ident, and histogram::type.

Referenced by fill_real_histogram().

7.25.3.31 free_all_histograms()

```
void free_all_histograms (
    void )
```

Deletes all histograms which are included in the linked list of histograms.

Returns

(none)

7.25.3.32 free_histogram()

```
void free_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Free a histogram completely (both data and control structure).

Deallocates memory previously allocated to a histogram. If release_histogram was applied to that histogram before, it cannot be reallocated.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | — pointer to previously allocated histogram |
|--------------|---|

Returns

(none)

7.25.3.33 free_moments()

```
void free_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom )
```

Deallocates memory previously allocated to a moments structure.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|---|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated structure |
|------------|---|

7.25.3.34 get_first_histogram()

```
HISTOGRAM* get_first_histogram (
    void )
```

Get a pointer to the first histogram.

Get a pointer to the first histogram in the linked list of available histograms without making the corresponding variable global.

Returns

Pointer to the first histogram in the linked list.

Referenced by `convert_histograms_to_root()`, `write_all_histograms()`, and `write_histograms()`.

7.25.3.35 get_histogram_by_ident()

```
HISTOGRAM* get_histogram_by_ident (
    long ident )
```

Get a histogram with the given ID.

Get the first histogram with a given ident (different from 0) or return NULL pointer if none exists.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>ident</i> | – The histogram ident to be searched for. |
|--------------|---|

Returns

Histogram pointer or NULL

Referenced by `histogram_to_root()`, and `write_dst_histos()`.

7.25.3.36 histogram_hashing()

```
int histogram_hashing (
    int tabsize )
```

Turn hashing of histograms (using their ident as key) on or off.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|---|
| <i>tabsize</i> | Minimum number of elements in hashing table or 0 if hash table should be released (max: 15000). |
|----------------|---|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (error)

7.25.3.37 histogram_matching()

```
int histogram_matching (
    HISTOGRAM * histo1,
    HISTOGRAM * histo2 )
```

Check if two histograms have exactly matching definitions (same type, dimension, size, ranges).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>histo1</i> | pointer to first histogram |
| <i>histo2</i> | pointer to second histogram |

Returns

0 (not matching) or 1 (matching)

References `histogram::counts`, `histogram::extension`, `Histogram_Parameters::integer`, `Histogram_Parameters::lower_limit`, `histogram::nbins`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, `Histogram_Parameters::real`, `histogram::type`, and `Histogram_Parameters::upper_limit`.

7.25.3.38 histogram_to_lookup()

```
int histogram_to_lookup (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    HISTOGRAM * lookup )
```

Convert a histogram to a lookup table by integrating the histogram.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | input histogram |
| <i>lookup</i> | output lookup table |

Returns

0 if ok or -1 for failure

7.25.3.39 list_histograms()

```
void list_histograms (
    long ident )
```

List all available histograms using the 'Output()' function.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| <i>ident</i> | – histogram ident to search or 0 |
|--------------|----------------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.25.3.40 locate_histogram_fraction()

```
double locate_histogram_fraction (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    double fraction )
```

Locate point of arbitrary fraction of entries (quantile).

Locate the place in a 1-D histogram where a given fraction of the entries is to the 'left' of this place ('I' and 'R' type only).

Parameters

| | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
| <i>fraction</i> | Fraction of entries to the left. |

Returns

x-coordinate of given fraction or 0. for error.

7.25.3.41 lookup_int()

```
long lookup_int (
    HISTOGRAM * lookup,
    long value,
    long factor )
```

Look up a table created from an integer histogram.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>lookup</i> | the lookup table |
| <i>value</i> | the value at which to look up |
| <i>factor</i> | the scaling factor of the lookup result or 0 |

Returns

If 'value' is inside the range of the lookup table (that is the range of the histogram from which the lookup table was created), a value between 0 and 'factor' (or the number of entries in the range, if factor==0) is returned.

References `histogram::counts`, `Histogram_Parameters::integer`, `Histogram_Parameters::lower_limit`, `histogram::nbins`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, `histogram::tentries`, `histogram::type`, `Histogram_Parameters::upper_limit`, and `Histogram_Parameters::width`.

7.25.3.42 lookup_real()

```
double lookup_real (
    HISTOGRAM * lookup,
    double value,
    double factor )
```

Look up a table created from an 'real' histogram.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>lookup</i> | the lookup table |
| <i>value</i> | the value at which to look up |
| <i>factor</i> | the scaling factor of the lookup result or 0 |

Returns

If 'value' is inside the range of the lookup table (that is the range of the histogram from which the lookup table was created), a value between 0 and 'factor' (or the number of entries in the range, if factor==0) is returned.

References `histogram::counts`, `Histogram_Parameters::inverse_binwidth`, `Histogram_Parameters::lower_limit`, `histogram::nbins`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, `Histogram_Parameters::real`, `histogram::tentries`, `histogram::type`, and `Histogram_Parameters::upper_limit`.

7.25.3.43 print_histogram()

```
void print_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Print contents of a histogram on the terminal.

Showing the actual content of each bin.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|----------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram |
|--------------|----------------------|

Returns

(none)

References `histogram::counts`, `histogram::extension`, `Histogram_Parameters::integer`, `Histogram_Parameters::lower_limit`, `histogram::nbins`, `Histogram_Parameters::real`, `histogram::tentries`, `histogram::type`, and `Histogram_Parameters::upper_limit`.

7.25.3.44 set_first_histogram()

```
void set_first_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * new_first_histogram )
```

Set a new histogram as the first element (context switching).

To allow 'context switching' of histograms the first element of the linked list of histograms can be changed by this function. Before that, the old value should be obtained with [get_first_histogram\(\)](#) and saved. Note: For context switching it is not necessary to specify the actually first member of a linked list but any member of a list can be specified to activate that list.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| <i>new_first_histogram</i> | A histogram in the new list (may be NULL pointer). |
|----------------------------|--|

Returns

none

7.25.3.45 sort_histograms()

```
void sort_histograms (
    void )
```

Sort histograms in linked list by idents.

Returns

(none)

7.25.3.46 stat_histogram()

```
int stat_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo,
    struct histstat * stbuf )
```

Statistical analysis of a histogram.

The median calculation is implemented for 1-D 'I' and 'R' types histograms only.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>histo</i> | pointer to histogram |
| <i>stbuf</i> | pointer to histogram statistics structure |

Returns

Nonzero result indicates failure

7.25.3.47 stat_moments()

```
int stat_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    struct momstat * stmom )
```

Calculate moments (mean, rms, skewness, kurtosis) from the sums of powers of data values.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>mom</i> | 'moments' structure with the sums of the powers of data values (only 1st power if only mean to be calculated, also 2nd power if r.m.s. to be calculated, and also 3rd and 4th if skewness and kurtosis wanted). |
| <i>stmom</i> | Pointer to structure for computed moments |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 and -2 (invalid data)

7.25.3.48 unlink_histogram()

```
void unlink_histogram (
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Remove a histogram from the list without destroying it.

Remove a histogram from the linked list of histograms. That histogram will therefore not be found by any subsequent call to 'free_all_histograms()', display_all_histograms()', and 'get_histogram_by_ident()'.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>histo</i> | Pointer to histogram. |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

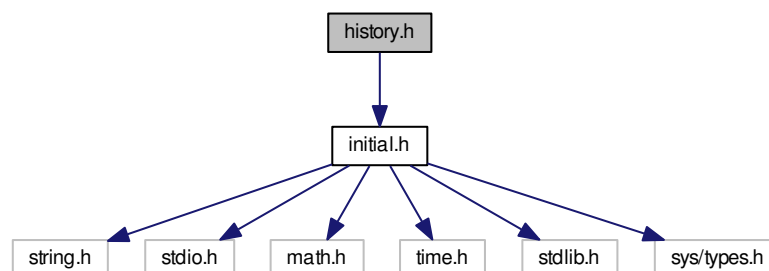
(none)

7.26 history.h File Reference

Keep blocks of history in the data (like command line of programs operating on the data, ...)

```
#include "initial.h"
```

Include dependency graph for history.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- int **push_command_history** (int argc, char **argv)
- int **push_config_history** (const char *line, int replace)
- int **write_history** (long id, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int **write_config_history** (const char *htext, long htime, long id, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int **list_history** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, FILE *file)

7.26.1 Detailed Description

Keep blocks of history in the data (like command line of programs operating on the data, ...)

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1997 to 2010

\$Date: 2014/02/20 11:40:42 \$

Version

\$Revision: 1.5 \$

7.27 initial.h File Reference

Identification of the system and including some basic include file.

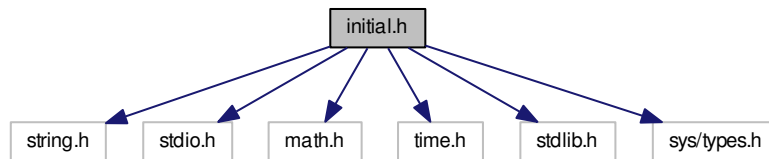
```

#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

Include dependency graph for initial.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- `#define IEEE_FLOAT_FORMAT 1`
- `#define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846`
- `#define ARGLIST(a) a`
- `#define SEEK_CUR 1`
- `#define WRITE_TEXT "w"`
- `#define WRITE_BINARY "w"`
- `#define READ_TEXT "r"`
- `#define READ_BINARY "r"`
- `#define APPEND_TEXT "a"`
- `#define APPEND_BINARY "a"`
- `#define Nint(a) (((a)>=0.)?((long)(a+0.5)):((long)(a-0.5)))`
- `#define Abs(a) (((a)>=0)?(a):(-1*(a)))`
- `#define Min(a, b) ((a)<(b)?(a):(b))`
- `#define Max(a, b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))`
- `#define min(a, b) ((a)<(b)?(a):(b))`
- `#define max(a, b) ((a)>(b)?(a):(b))`
- `#define REGISTER register`
- `#define CONST_QUAL`

Typedefs

- `typedef char int8_t`
- `typedef unsigned char uint8_t`
- `typedef short int16_t`
- `typedef unsigned short uint16_t`
- `typedef int int32_t`
- `typedef unsigned int uint32_t`
- `typedef long intmax_t`
- `typedef unsigned long uintmax_t`

7.27.1 Detailed Description

Identification of the system and including some basic include file.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1991 to 2010

```
$Date: 2016/11/24 13:07:43 $
```

Version

```
$Revision: 1.19 $
```

This file identifies a range of supported operating systems and processor types. As a result, some preprocessor definitions are made. A basic set of system include files (which may vary from one system to another) are included. In addition, compatibility between different systems is improved, for example between K&R compiler systems and ANSI C compilers of various flavours.

```
Identification of the host operating system (not CPU):
```

```
Supported identifiers are
```

```
OS_MSDOS
```

```
OS_VAXVMS
```

```
OS_UNIX
```

```
  + variant identifiers like
```

```
    OS_ULTRIX, OS_LYNX, OS_LINUX, OS_DECUNIX, OS_AIX, OS_HPUX,
```

```
    OS_DARWIN (Mac OS X).
```

```
  Note: ULTRIX may be on VAX or MIPS, LINUX on Intel or Alpha,
```

```
    OS_LYNX on 68K or PowerPC.
```

```
OS_OS9
```

```
You might first reset all identifiers here.
```

```
Then set one or more identifiers according to the system.
```

```
Identification of the CPU architecture:
```

```
Supported CPU identifiers are
```

```
CPU_I86
```

```
CPU_X86_64
```

```
CPU_VAX
```

```
CPU_MIPS
```

```
CPU_ALPHA
```

```
CPU_68K
```

```
CPU_RS6000
```

```
CPU_PowerPC
```

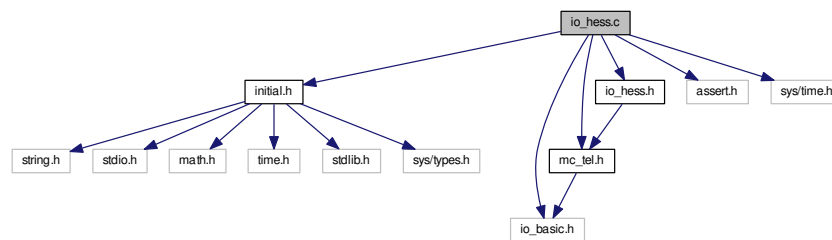
```
CPU_HPPA
```

7.28 io_hess.c File Reference

Writing and reading of H.E.S.S.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include <assert.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
```

Include dependency graph for io_hess.c:



Functions

- void [check_hessio_max](#) (int ncheck, int max_tel, int max_pix, int max_sectors, int max_drawers, int max_↔ pixsectors, int max_slices, int max_hotpix, int max_profile, int max_d_temp, int max_c_temp, int max_gains)
Support for checking if user functions are compiled with the same limits as the library.
- void [show_hessio_max](#) ()
- void [hs_reset_env](#) ()
Allow user to override MAX_PRINT_ARRAY and PRINT_VERBOSE settings at a later time.
- static void [hs_check_env](#) ()
Get settings on how much information to print from environment.
- static void [put_time_blob](#) (HTime *t, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Put the time (seconds since 1970.0, nanoseconds) into an eventio block already started.
- static void [get_time_blob](#) (HTime *t, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Get the time (seconds since 1970.0, nanoseconds) from an eventio block already started.
- void [set_tel_idx_ref](#) (int iref)
Switch between multiple telescope lookup tables.
- void [set_tel_idx](#) (int ntel, int *idx)
Setup of telescope index lookup table.
- int [find_tel_idx](#) (int tel_id)
Lookup from telescope ID to offset number (index) in structures.
- int [write_hess_runheader](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [RunHeader](#) *rh)
Write the run header in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_runheader](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [RunHeader](#) *rh)
Read the run header in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_runheader](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Read the run header in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_mcrunheader](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [MCRunHeader](#) *mcrh)
Write the Monte Carlo run header in eventio format.

- int [read_hess_mcrunheader](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [MCRunHeader](#) *mcrh)
Read the Monte Carlo run header in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_mcrunheader](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print the Monte Carlo run header data.
- int [write_hess_camsettings](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [CameraSettings](#) *cs)
Write the camera definition (pixel positions) in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_camsettings](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [CameraSettings](#) *cs)
Read the camera definition (pixel positions) in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_camsettings](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print the camera definition (pixel positions) in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_camorgan](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [CameraOrganisation](#) *co)
Write the logical organisation of camera electronics in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_camorgan](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [CameraOrganisation](#) *co)
Read the logical organisation of camera electronics in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_camorgan](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Read the logical organisation of camera electronics in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_pixelset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PixelSetting](#) *ps)
Write the settings of pixel parameters (HV, thresholds, ...) in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_pixelset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PixelSetting](#) *ps)
Read the settings of pixel parameters (HV, thresholds, ...) in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_pixelset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Show the settings of pixel parameters (HV, thresholds, ...) in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_pixeldis](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PixelDisabled](#) *pd)
Write which pixels are disabled in HV and/or trigger in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_pixeldis](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PixelDisabled](#) *pd)
Read which pixels are disabled in HV and/or trigger in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_pixeldis](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print which pixels are disabled in HV and/or trigger in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_camsoftset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [CameraSoftSet](#) *cs)
Write camera software parameters relevant for data recording in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_camsoftset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [CameraSoftSet](#) *cs)
Read camera software parameters relevant for data recording in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_trackset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [TrackingSetup](#) *ts)
Write the settings for tracking of a telescope in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_trackset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [TrackingSetup](#) *ts)
Read the settings for tracking of a telescope in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_trackset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print the settings for tracking of a telescope in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_pointingcor](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PointingCorrection](#) *pc)
Write the parameters of a telescope's pointing correction in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_pointingcor](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PointingCorrection](#) *pc)
Read the parameters of a telescope's pointing correction in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_pointingcor](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print the parameters of a telescope's pointing correction in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_centralevent](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [CentralEvent](#) *ce)
Write the trigger data of the central trigger in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_centralevent](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [CentralEvent](#) *ce)
Read the trigger data of the central trigger in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_centralevent](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print the trigger data of the central trigger in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_trackevent](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [TrackEvent](#) *tke)

- Write a tracking position in eventio format.*

 - int [read_hess_trackevent](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [TrackEvent](#) *tke)
- Read a tracking position in eventio format.*

 - int [print_hess_trackevent](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- Print the tracking data in eventio format.*

 - int [write_hess_tlevt_head](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [TelEvent](#) *te)
- Write the event header for data from one camera in eventio format.*

 - int [read_hess_tlevt_head](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [TelEvent](#) *te)
- Read the event header for data from one camera in eventio format.*

 - int [print_hess_tlevt_head](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- Print the event header for data from one camera in eventio format.*

 - void [put_adcsum_as_uint16](#) (uint32_t *adc_sum, int n, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
 - void [get_adcsum_as_uint16](#) (uint32_t *adc_sum, int n, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
 - void [put_adcsum_differential](#) (uint32_t *adc_sum, int n, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
 - void [get_adcsum_differential](#) (uint32_t *adc_sum, int n, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
 - void [put_adcsample_differential](#) (uint16_t *adc_sample, int n, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
 - void [get_adcsample_differential](#) (uint16_t *adc_sample, int n, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
 - int [write_hess_teladc_sums](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [AdcData](#) *raw)
- Write ADC sum data for one camera in eventio format.*

 - int [read_hess_teladc_sums](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [AdcData](#) *raw)
- Write ADC sum data for one camera in eventio format.*

 - int [print_hess_teladc_sums](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- Print summed ADC data in eventio format.*

 - int [write_hess_teladc_samples](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [AdcData](#) *raw)
- Write sampled ADC data in eventio format.*

 - int [read_hess_teladc_samples](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [AdcData](#) *raw, int what)
- Read sampled ADC data in eventio format.*

 - int [print_hess_teladc_samples](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- Print sampled ADC data in eventio format.*

 - static void [adc_reset](#) ([AdcData](#) *raw)
 - int [write_hess_aux_trace_digital](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [AuxTraceD](#) *auxd)
- Write auxilliary digitized traces.*

 - int [read_hess_aux_trace_digital](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [AuxTraceD](#) *auxd)
- Read auxilliary digitized traces.*

 - int [print_hess_aux_trace_digital](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- Print auxilliary digitized traces.*

 - int [write_hess_aux_trace_analog](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [AuxTraceA](#) *auxa)
- Write auxilliary analog traces.*

 - int [read_hess_aux_trace_analog](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [AuxTraceA](#) *auxa)
- Read auxilliary analog traces.*

 - int [print_hess_aux_trace_analog](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- Print auxilliary analog traces.*

 - static void [build_list_for_hess_pixtime](#) ([PixelTiming](#) *pixtm)
- A helper function finding the shorter of two possible formats for the list of pixels with any timing information.*

 - int [write_hess_pixtime](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PixelTiming](#) *pixtm)
- Write pixel timing parameters for selected pixels.*

 - int [read_hess_pixtime](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PixelTiming](#) *pixtm)
- Read pixel timing parameters for selected pixels.*

 - int [print_hess_pixtime](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- Print sampled ADC data in eventio format.*

 - int [write_hess_pixcalib](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PixelCalibrated](#) *pixcal)

- Write pixel intensities calibrated to (mean?) p.e.*

 - int [read_hess_pixcalib](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [PixelCalibrated](#) *pixcal)

Read pixel intensities calibrated to (mean?) p.e.
- int [print_hess_pixcalib](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)

Print pixel intensities calibrated to (mean?) p.e.
- int [write_hess_telimage](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [ImgData](#) *img, int what)

Write image parameters for one telescope in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_telimage](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [ImgData](#) *img)

Read image parameters for one telescope in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_telimage](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)

Print image parameters for one telescope in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_televent](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [TelEvent](#) *te, int what)

Write data for one telescope camera in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_televent](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [TelEvent](#) *te, int what)

Read data for one telescope camera in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_televent](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)

Print data for one telescope camera in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_shower](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [ShowerParameters](#) *sp)

Write reconstructed shower parameters in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_shower](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [ShowerParameters](#) *sp)

Read reconstructed shower parameters in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_shower](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)

Print reconstructed shower parameters in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_event](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [FullEvent](#) *ev, int what)

Write the full array data of one event in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_event](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [FullEvent](#) *ev, int what)

Read the full array data of one event in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_event](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)

Print the full array data of one event in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_calib_event](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [FullEvent](#) *ev, int what, int type)

Write a calibration event (pedestal, laser, led, ...) as an encapsulated raw data event.
- int [read_hess_calib_event](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [FullEvent](#) *ev, int what, int *ptype)

Read a calibration event (pedestal, laser, led, ...) as an encapsulated raw data event.
- int [print_hess_calib_event](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)

Print a calibration event (pedestal, laser, led, ...) as an encapsulated raw data event.
- int [write_hess_mc_shower](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [MCShower](#) *mcs)

Write MC data for one simulated shower in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_mc_shower](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [MCShower](#) *mcs)

Read MC data for one simulated shower in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_mc_shower](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)

Print MC data for one simulated shower in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_mc_event](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [MCEvent](#) *mce)

Write MC data for one use of a simulated shower in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_mc_event](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [MCEvent](#) *mce)

Read MC data for one use of a simulated shower in eventio format.
- int [print_hess_mc_event](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)

Print MC data for one use of a simulated shower in eventio format.
- int [write_hess_mc_pe_sum](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [MCpeSum](#) *mcpes)

Write the numbers of photo-electrons detected from Cherenkov light in eventio format.
- int [read_hess_mc_pe_sum](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, [MCpeSum](#) *mcpes)

Read the numbers of photo-electrons detected from Cherenkov light in eventio format.

- int `print_hess_mc_pe_sum` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print the numbers of photo-electrons detected from Cherenkov light in eventio format.
- void `reset_htime` (HTime *t)
- void `fill_htime_now` (HTime *now)
Fill the current time into a HTime structure.
- void `copy_htime` (HTime *t2, HTime *t1)
Copy a time from one HTime structure into another one.
- int `write_hess_tel_monitor` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, TelMoniData *mon, int what)
Write telescope camera monitoring information in eventio format.
- int `read_hess_tel_monitor` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, TelMoniData *mon)
Read telescope camera monitoring information in eventio format.
- int `print_hess_tel_monitor` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print telescope camera monitoring information in eventio format.
- int `write_hess_laser_calib` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, LasCalData *lcd)
Write a set of laser calibration data in eventio format.
- int `read_hess_laser_calib` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, LasCalData *lcd)
Read a set of laser calibration data in eventio format.
- int `print_hess_laser_calib` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print a set of laser calibration data in eventio format.
- int `write_hess_run_stat` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, RunStat *rs)
Write run statistics in eventio format.
- int `read_hess_run_stat` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, RunStat *rs)
Read run statistics in eventio format.
- int `print_hess_run_stat` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print run statistics in eventio format.
- int `write_hess_mc_run_stat` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, MCRunStat *mcrcs)
Write Monte Carlo run statistics in eventio format.
- int `read_hess_mc_run_stat` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, MCRunStat *mcrcs)
Read Monte Carlo run statistics in eventio format.
- int `print_hess_mc_run_stat` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print Monte Carlo run statistics in eventio format.
- int `read_hess_mc_phot` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, MCEvent *mce)
Read Monte Carlo photons and photo-electrons.
- int `print_hess_mc_phot` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print Monte Carlo photons and photo-electrons.
- int `write_hess_pixel_list` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, PixelList *pl, int telescope)
Write lists of pixels (triggered, selected in image analysis, ...)
- int `read_hess_pixel_list` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, PixelList *pl, int *telescope)
Read lists of pixels (triggered, selected in image analysis, ...)
- int `print_hess_pixel_list` (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print lists of pixels (triggered, selected in image analysis, ...)

Variables

- static int `hs_verbose` = -1
Should hessio print...
- static int `hs_maxprt` = -1
What is the maximum number of per pixel outputs?
- static int `hs_dynamic` = -1
Should be check environment variables each time?
- static int `g_tel_idx` [3][H_MAX_TEL+1]
- static int `g_tel_idx_init` [3]
- static int `g_tel_idx_ref`

7.28.1 Detailed Description

Writing and reading of H.E.S.S.

/CTA data (or other simulation data produced by `sim_telarray/sim_hessarray`) in eventio format.

This file provides functions for writing and reading of H.E.S.S./CTA related data blocks or similar data for other telescope arrays. This software will attempt to be backward-compatible, i.e. to be able to read older data in slightly different formats - but we cannot guarantee that it really works. There is no attempt to write data in older formats. As always: use at your own risc.

Author

Konrad Bernlöhner

Date

July 2000 (initial version)

CVS \$Date: 2018/08/03 16:20:21 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.103 \$

7.28.2 Function Documentation

7.28.2.1 `check_hessio_max()`

```
void check_hessio_max (
    int ncheck,
    int max_tel,
    int max_pix,
    int max_sectors,
    int max_drawers,
    int max_pixsectors,
    int max_slices,
    int max_hotpix,
    int max_profile,
    int max_d_temp,
    int max_c_temp,
    int max_gains )
```

Support for checking if user functions are compiled with the same limits as the library.

References `H_MAX_TEL`.

7.28.2.2 `find_tel_idx()`

```
int find_tel_idx (
    int tel_id )
```

Lookup from telescope ID to offset number (index) in structures.

The lookup table must have been filled before with [set_tel_idx\(\)](#). When dealing with multiple lookups, use [set_tel_idx_ref\(\)](#) first to select the lookup table to be used.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| <i>tel_</i> <i>_id</i> | A telescope ID for which we want the index count. |
|---------------------------|---|

Returns

>= 0 (index in the original list passed to set_tel_idx), -1 (not found in index, -2 (index not initialized).

7.28.2.3 print_hess_aux_trace_analog()

```
int print_hess_aux_trace_analog (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print auxilliary analog traces.

- < Must match the expected telescope ID when reading.
- < Indicate what type of trace we have
- < Time per auxilliary sample over time per normal FADC sample (typ.: 0.25)
- < The number of traces coming from the camera.
- < The length of each trace in FADC samples.

7.28.2.4 print_hess_aux_trace_digital()

```
int print_hess_aux_trace_digital (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print auxilliary digitized traces.

- < Must match the expected telescope ID when reading.
- < Indicate what type of trace we have (1: DigitalSum trigger trace)
- < Time per auxilliary sample over time per normal FADC sample (typ.: 1.0)
- < The number of traces coming from the camera.
- < The length of each trace in FADC samples.

7.28.2.5 print_hess_pixcalib()

```
int print_hess_pixcalib (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print pixel intensities calibrated to (mean?) p.e.

units.

7.28.2.6 read_hess_pixcalib()

```
int read_hess_pixcalib (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    PixelCalibrated * pixcal )
```

Read pixel intensities calibrated to (mean?) p.e.

units.

References `hess_pixel_calibrated_struct::known`.

7.28.2.7 set_tel_idx()

```
void set_tel_idx (
    int ntel,
    int * idx )
```

Setup of telescope index lookup table.

Must be filled before first use of `find_tel_idx()` - which is automatically done when reading a run header data block. When dealing with multiple lookups, use `set_tel_idx_ref()` first to select the one to fill.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|---|
| <i>ntel</i> | The number of telescope following. |
| <i>idx</i> | The list of telescope IDs mapped to indices 0, 1, ... |

7.28.2.8 set_tel_idx_ref()

```
void set_tel_idx_ref (
    int iref )
```

Switch between multiple telescope lookup tables.

Use this function when dealing simultaneously with multiple data streams for different array configurations. Both the `set_tel_idx` and the `find_tel_idx` will then work with the selected choice of lookup table.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|--|
| <i>iref</i> | Which lookup table to use from now on ($0 \leq iref \leq 2$). Not switching lookup if <code>iref</code> is out of range. |
|-------------|--|

Referenced by `merge_data_from_io_block()`.

7.28.2.9 write_hess_aux_trace_digital()

```
int write_hess_aux_trace_digital (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    AuxTraceD * auxd )
```

Write auxilliary digitized traces.

There is no data reduction for auxilliary traces.

References `hess_aux_digital_trace::known`, and `hess_aux_digital_trace::trace_data`.

7.28.2.10 write_hess_event()

```
int write_hess_event (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    FullEvent * ev,
    int what )
```

Write the full array data of one event in eventio format.

This can include raw data, tracking data, and central trigger data as gathered from the individual computers, as well as reconstructed parameters (image parameters, shower parameters).

7.28.2.11 write_hess_laser_calib()

```
int write_hess_laser_calib (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    LasCalData * lcd )
```

Write a set of laser calibration data in eventio format.

This may well change in a future revision (when more details are known how the real laser calibration should work).

7.28.2.12 write_hess_mc_event()

```
int write_hess_mc_event (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    MCEvent * mce )
```

Write MC data for one use of a simulated shower in eventio format.

This includes the core position shift with respect to the telescope array and the cross reference to the simulated shower.

7.28.2.13 write_hess_mc_pe_sum()

```
int write_hess_mc_pe_sum (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    MCpeSum * mcpes )
```

Write the numbers of photo-electrons detected from Cherenkov light in eventio format.

These are the 'true' numbers registered, not including photo-electrons from nightsky background.

7.28.2.14 write_hess_mc_shower()

```
int write_hess_mc_shower (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    MCShower * mcs )
```

Write MC data for one simulated shower in eventio format.

This includes data from the shower simulation itself, independent of how many times a shower is used and where the core position is shifted to with respect to the telescope array.

7.28.2.15 write_hess_pixcalib()

```
int write_hess_pixcalib (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    PixelCalibrated * pixcal )
```

Write pixel intensities calibrated to (mean?) p.e.

units.

References `hess_pixel_calibrated_struct::known`.

7.28.2.16 write_hess_run_stat()

```
int write_hess_run_stat (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    RunStat * rs )
```

Write run statistics in eventio format.

This is pretty much dummy at this moment. Once we get closer to the real experiment, this data will certainly increase by a considerable amount.

7.28.2.17 write_hess_shower()

```
int write_hess_shower (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    ShowerParameters * sp )
```

Write reconstructed shower parameters in eventio format.

Note that the actual amount of data stored depends on what is actually available (as indicated in the 'result_bits').

7.28.2.18 write_hess_tel_monitor()

```
int write_hess_tel_monitor (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    TelMoniData * mon,
    int what )
```

Write telescope camera monitoring information in eventio format.

What actually is written depends on the 'what' parameter. The general idea is to write only those things which have changed. Only when a target farm CPU becomes the target of the data stream, the full set of monitoring data is written.

References copy_hptime(), fill_hptime_now(), hess_tel_monitor_struct::known, hess_tel_monitor_struct::moni_time, and hess_tel_monitor_struct::new_parts.

7.28.2.19 write_hess_teladc_samples()

```
int write_hess_teladc_samples (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    AdcData * raw )
```

Write sampled ADC data in eventio format.

In contrast to sum data, no data reduction is applied so far. It is assumed that sampled data would be taken only for hardware tests, where the full information has to be maintained. If large amounts of sampled data are taken, a suitable data reduction method should be inserted here.

References hess_tel_event_adc_struct::data_red_mode, and hess_tel_event_adc_struct::zero_sup_mode.

7.28.2.20 write_hess_teladc_sums()

```
int write_hess_teladc_sums (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    AdcData * raw )
```

Write ADC sum data for one camera in eventio format.

The data can be optionally reduced (like writing only high-gain channels for pixels with low signals etc.) and zero-suppressed (not writing anything for pixels with very low signals).

References hess_tel_event_adc_struct::data_red_mode, hess_tel_event_adc_struct::known, hess_tel_event_↔
adc_struct::list_known, and hess_tel_event_adc_struct::zero_sup_mode.

7.28.2.21 write_hess_televent()

```
int write_hess_televent (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    TelEvent * te,
    int what )
```

Write data for one telescope camera in eventio format.

Depending on the 'what' parameter, either sampled or summed pixel values are expected to be in the 'te' structure. Writing of image parameters is another option.

7.28.3 Variable Documentation

7.28.3.1 hs_verbose

```
int hs_verbose = -1 [static]
```

Should hessio print...

functions be verbose?

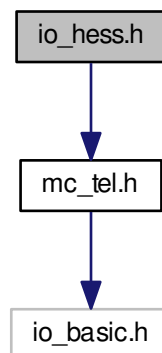
Referenced by `hs_check_env()`, and `hs_reset_env()`.

7.29 io_hess.h File Reference

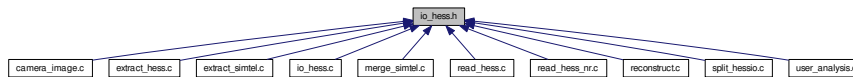
Definition and structures for H.E.S.S.

```
#include "mc_tel.h"
```

Include dependency graph for io_hess.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct [hess_run_header_struct](#)
Run header common to measured and simulated data.
- struct [hess_mc_run_header_struct](#)
MC run header.
- struct [hess_camera_settings_struct](#)
Definition of camera optics settings.
- struct [hess_camera_organisation_struct](#)
Logical organisation of camera electronics channels.
- struct [hess_pixel_setting_struct](#)
Settings of pixel HV and thresholds.
- struct [hess_pixel_disabled_struct](#)
Pixels disabled in HV and/or trigger.
- struct [hess_camera_software_setting_struct](#)
Software settings used in camera process.
- struct [hess_tracking_setup_struct](#)
Definition of tracking parameters.
- struct [hess_pointing_correction_struct](#)
Pointing correction parameters.
- struct [hess_time_struct](#)
Breakdown of time into seconds since 1970.0 and nanoseconds.
- struct [hess_tel_event_adc_struct](#)
ADC data (either sampled or sum mode)
- struct [hess_aux_digital_trace](#)
- struct [hess_aux_analog_trace](#)
- struct [hess_pixel_timing_struct](#)
- struct [hess_pixel_calibrated_struct](#)
- struct [hess_pixel_list](#)
Lists of pixels (triggered, selected, etc.)
- struct [hess_tel_image_struct](#)
Image parameters.
- struct [hess_tel_event_data_struct](#)
Event raw and image data from one telescope.
- struct [hess_central_event_data_struct](#)
Central trigger event data.
- struct [hess_tracking_event_data_struct](#)
Tracking data interpolated for one event and one telescope.
- struct [hess_shower_parameter](#)
Reconstructed shower parameters.
- struct [hess_event_data_struct](#)
All data for one event.
- struct [hess_mc_shower_profile_struct](#)

- *Monte Carlo shower profile (sort of histogram).*
- struct [hess_mc_shower_struct](#)
Shower specific data.
- struct [hess_mc_pe_sum_struct](#)
Sums of photo-electrons in MC (total and per pixel).
- struct [hess_mc_photons](#)
Photons from Monte Carlo.
- struct [hess_mc_pe_list](#)
Photo-electrons from Monte Carlo individually.
- struct [hess_mc_event_struct](#)
Monte Carlo event-specific data.
- struct [hess_tel_monitor_struct](#)
Monitoring data.
- struct [hess_laser_calib_data_struct](#)
Laser calibration data.
- struct [hess_run_end_statistics_struct](#)
End-of-run statistics.
- struct [hess_run_end_mc_statistics_struct](#)
MC end-of-run statistics.
- struct [hess_all_data_struct](#)
Container for all H.E.S.S.

Macros

- #define **IO_HESS_VERSION** 2
- #define [HI_GAIN](#) 0
Which index refers to which type of channel:
- #define [LO_GAIN](#) 1
Index to low-gain channels in adc_sum, adc_sample, pedestal, ...
- #define [LARGE_TELESCOPE](#) 1
Maximum sizes for various arrays:
- #define **SMARTPIXEL** 1
- #define [H_MAX_TEL](#) 16
Maximum number of telescopes handled.
- #define **H_MAX_TRG_PER_SECTOR** 1
- #define **H_MAX_PIX** 4095
- #define **H_MAX_SECTORS** ($H_MAX_PIX * H_MAX_TRG_PER_SECTOR$)
- #define **H_MAX_DRAWERS** H_MAX_PIX
- #define [H_MAX_GAINS](#) 2
Maximum number of different gains per PM.
- #define **H_MAX_PIXSECTORS** 4
- #define [H_MAX_SLICES](#) 128
Maximum number of time slices handled.
- #define [H_MAX_HOTPIX](#) 5
The max.
- #define [H_MAX_PROFILE](#) 10
The max.
- #define **H_MAX_D_TEMP** 8
- #define **H_MAX_C_TEMP** 10
- #define [H_MAX_FSHAPE](#) 1000
Max.

- `#define H_MAX_TRG_TYPES 4`
- `#define H_CHECK_MAX()`
- *Compile-time override of the most relevant limits:*
- `#define RAWDATA_FLAG 0x01`
- *Flags used for saving and restoring event data:*
- `#define RAWSUM_FLAG 0x02`
- `#define TRACKRAW_FLAG 0x04`
- `#define TRACKCOR_FLAG 0x08`
- `#define TRACKDATA_FLAG (TRACKRAW_FLAG|TRACKCOR_FLAG)`
- `#define IMG_BASE_FLAG 0x10`
- `#define IMG_ERR_FLAG 0x20`
- `#define IMG_34M_FLAG 0x40`
- `#define IMG_HOT_FLAG 0x80`
- `#define IMG_PIXTM_FLAG 0x100`
- `#define IMAGE_FLAG (IMG_BASE_FLAG|IMG_ERR_FLAG|IMG_34M_FLAG|IMG_HOT_FLAG|IMG_PIXTM_FLAG)`
- `#define TIME_FLAG 0x200`
- `#define SHOWER_FLAG 0x400`
- `#define CALSUM_FLAG 0x800`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE 2000`
- *Never change the following numbers after MC data is created:*
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_RUNHEADER (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+0)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_MCRUNHEADER (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+1)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_CAMSETTINGS (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+2)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_CAMORGAN (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+3)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_PIXELSET (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+4)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_PIXELDISABLE (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+5)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_CAMSOFTSET (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+6)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_POINTINGCOR (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+7)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_TRACKSET (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+8)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_CENTEVENT (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+9)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_TRACKEVENT (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+100)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_TELEVENT (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+200)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_EVENT (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+10)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_TELEVTHEAD (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+11)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_TELADCSUM (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+12)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_TELADCSAMP (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+13)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_TELIMAGE (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+14)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_SHOWER (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+15)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_PIXELTIMING (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+16)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_PIXELCALIB (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+17)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_MC_SHOWER (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+20)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_MC_EVENT (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+21)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_TEL_MONI (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+22)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_LASCAL (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+23)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_RUNSTAT (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+24)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_MC_RUNSTAT (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+25)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_MC_PE_SUM (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+26)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_PIXELLIST (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+27)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_CALIBEVENT (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+28)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_AUX_DIGITAL_TRACE (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+29)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_AUX_ANALOG_TRACE (IO_TYPE_HESS_BASE+30)`
- `#define HAS_CORSIKA_INTERACTION_DETAIL 1`
- `#define MAX_AUX_TRACE_D 1`

- Only one auxilliary digital trace.*

 - #define [MAX_AUX_TRACE_A](#) 4
- Up to four auxilliary analog traces.*

 - #define [H_MAX_PIX_TIMES](#) 7
- In addition to ADC we may (optionally) also have timing data.*

 - #define [PIX_TIME_PEAKPOS_TYPE](#) 1
- Position of peak in time (slices since readout).*

 - #define [PIX_TIME_STARTPOS_REL_TYPE](#) 2
- Position of first rise above fraction of peak ampl.*

 - #define [PIX_TIME_STARTPOS_ABS_TYPE](#) 3
- Position of first rise above absolute threshold.*

 - #define [PIX_TIME_WIDTH_REL_TYPE](#) 4
- Width of pulse over fraction of peak ampl.*

 - #define [PIX_TIME_WIDTH_ABS_TYPE](#) 5
- Width of pulse over absolute threshold (time over threshold).*

Typedefs

- typedef struct [hess_run_header_struct](#) **RunHeader**
- typedef struct [hess_mc_run_header_struct](#) **MCRunHeader**
- typedef struct [hess_camera_settings_struct](#) **CameraSettings**
- typedef struct [hess_camera_organisation_struct](#) **CameraOrganisation**
- typedef struct [hess_pixel_setting_struct](#) **PixelSetting**
- typedef struct [hess_pixel_disabled_struct](#) **PixelDisabled**
- typedef struct [hess_camera_software_setting_struct](#) **CameraSoftSet**
- typedef struct [hess_tracking_setup_struct](#) **TrackingSetup**
- typedef struct [hess_pointing_correction_struct](#) **PointingCorrection**
- typedef struct [hess_time_struct](#) **HTime**
- typedef struct [hess_tel_event_adc_struct](#) **AdcData**
- typedef struct [hess_aux_digital_trace](#) **AuxTraceD**
- typedef struct [hess_aux_analog_trace](#) **AuxTraceA**
- typedef struct [hess_pixel_timing_struct](#) **PixelTiming**
- typedef struct [hess_pixel_calibrated_struct](#) **PixelCalibrated**
- typedef struct [hess_pixel_list](#) **PixelList**
- typedef struct [hess_tel_image_struct](#) **ImgData**
- typedef struct [hess_tel_event_data_struct](#) **TelEvent**
- typedef struct [hess_central_event_data_struct](#) **CentralEvent**
- typedef struct [hess_tracking_event_data_struct](#) **TrackEvent**
- typedef struct [hess_shower_parameter](#) **ShowerParameters**
- typedef struct [hess_event_data_struct](#) **FullEvent**
- typedef struct [hess_mc_shower_profile_struct](#) **ShowerProfile**
- typedef struct [hess_mc_shower_struct](#) **MCShower**
- typedef struct [hess_mc_pe_sum_struct](#) **MCpeSum**
- typedef struct [hess_mc_event_struct](#) **MCEvent**
- typedef struct [hess_tel_monitor_struct](#) **TelMoniData**
- typedef struct [hess_laser_calib_data_struct](#) **LasCalData**
- typedef struct [hess_run_end_statistics_struct](#) **RunStat**
- typedef struct [hess_run_end_mc_statistics_struct](#) **MCRunStat**
- typedef struct [hess_all_data_struct](#) **AllHessData**

Functions

- void `check_hessio_max` (int ncheck, int max_tel, int max_pix, int max_sectors, int max_drawers, int max_pixsectors, int max_slices, int max_hotpix, int max_profile, int max_d_temp, int max_c_temp, int max_gains)
Support for checking if user functions are compiled with the same limits as the library.
- void `show_hessio_max` (void)

7.29.1 Detailed Description

Definition and structures for H.E.S.S.

/CTA data in eventio format.

This file contains definitions and data structures used for writing and reading HESS data (both Monte Carlo and real data) in the eventio format. It was then extended to include potential additional CTA data.

Author

Konrad Bernlöhr

Date

initial version: July 2000

CVS \$Date: 2018/08/03 16:20:21 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.103 \$

7.29.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.29.2.1 H_CHECK_MAX

```
#define H_CHECK_MAX( )
```

Value:

```
check_hessio_max(11, H_MAX_TEL, H_MAX_PIX, H_MAX_SECTORS, \
H_MAX_DRAWERS, H_MAX_PIXSECTORS, H_MAX_SLICES, H_MAX_HOTPIX, \
H_MAX_PROFILE, \
H_MAX_D_TEMP, H_MAX_C_TEMP, H_MAX_GAINS);
```

Compile-time override of the most relevant limits:

Macro expanding into a function call checking if user function is taking the same maximum array sizes as the library.

Referenced by `main()`.

7.29.2.2 H_MAX_FSHAPE

```
#define H_MAX_FSHAPE 1000
```

Max.

number of (sub-) samples of reference pulse shapes.

7.29.2.3 H_MAX_HOTPIX

```
#define H_MAX_HOTPIX 5
```

The max.

size of the list of hottest pix.

7.29.2.4 H_MAX_PIX_TIMES

```
#define H_MAX_PIX_TIMES 7
```

In addition to ADC we may (optionally) also have timing data.

Referenced by pixel_timing_analysis().

7.29.2.5 H_MAX_PROFILE

```
#define H_MAX_PROFILE 10
```

The max.

number of MC shower profiles.

7.29.2.6 H_MAX_SLICES

```
#define H_MAX_SLICES 128
```

Maximum number of time slices handled.

Referenced by nb_fc_shaped_peak_integration(), nb_peak_integration(), and set_integration_correction().

7.29.2.7 HI_GAIN

```
#define HI_GAIN 0
```

Which index refers to which type of channel:

Index to high-gain channels in `adc_sum`, `adc_sample`, `pedestal`, ...

Referenced by `local_peak_integration()`, and `nb_peak_integration()`.

7.29.2.8 LO_GAIN

```
#define LO_GAIN 1
```

Index to low-gain channels in `adc_sum`, `adc_sample`, `pedestal`, ...

Referenced by `local_peak_integration()`, and `nb_peak_integration()`.

7.29.2.9 PIX_TIME_PEAKPOS_TYPE

```
#define PIX_TIME_PEAKPOS_TYPE 1
```

Position of peak in time (slices since readout).

Referenced by `pixel_timing_analysis()`.

7.29.2.10 PIX_TIME_STARTPOS_ABS_TYPE

```
#define PIX_TIME_STARTPOS_ABS_TYPE 3
```

Position of first rise above absolute threshold.

7.29.2.11 PIX_TIME_STARTPOS_REL_TYPE

```
#define PIX_TIME_STARTPOS_REL_TYPE 2
```

Position of first rise above fraction of peak ampl.

Referenced by `pixel_timing_analysis()`.

7.29.2.12 PIX_TIME_WIDTH_ABS_TYPE

```
#define PIX_TIME_WIDTH_ABS_TYPE 5
```

Width of pulse over absolute threshold (time over threshold).

Referenced by pixel_timing_analysis().

7.29.2.13 PIX_TIME_WIDTH_REL_TYPE

```
#define PIX_TIME_WIDTH_REL_TYPE 4
```

Width of pulse over fraction of peak ampl.

Referenced by pixel_timing_analysis().

7.29.3 Function Documentation

7.29.3.1 check_hessio_max()

```
void check_hessio_max (  
    int ncheck,  
    int max_tel,  
    int max_pix,  
    int max_sectors,  
    int max_drawers,  
    int max_pixsectors,  
    int max_slices,  
    int max_hotpix,  
    int max_profile,  
    int max_d_temp,  
    int max_c_temp,  
    int max_gains )
```

Support for checking if user functions are compiled with the same limits as the library.

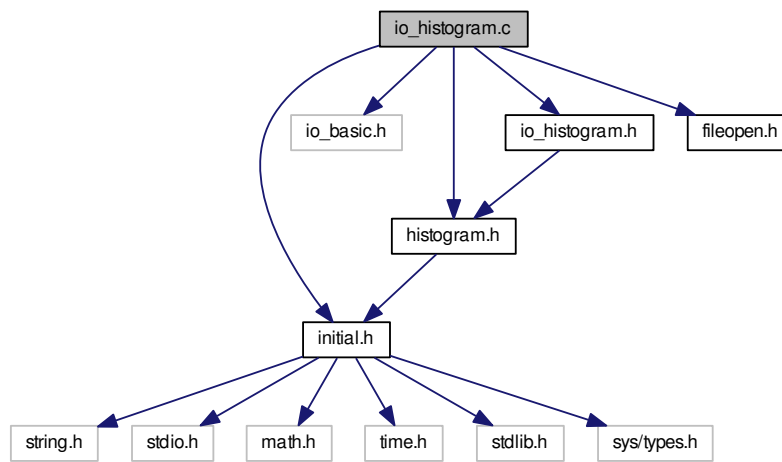
References H_MAX_TEL.

7.30 io_histogram.c File Reference

This file implements I/O for 1-D and 2-D histograms.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
```

Include dependency graph for io_histogram.c:



Macros

- `#define __attribute__(a) /* Ignore gcc specials with other compilers */`

Functions

- `int write_all_histograms (const char *fname)`
Save all available histograms into the file with the given name.
- `int read_histogram_file (const char *fname, int add_flag)`
- `int read_histogram_file_x (const char *fname, int add_flag, const long *xcld_ids, int nxcl)`
- `int write_histograms (HISTOGRAM **phisto, int nhisto, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)`
Save specific histograms or all allocated histograms.
- `int read_histograms (HISTOGRAM **phisto, int nhisto, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)`
Read and allocate histograms and optionally return histogram pointers to caller.
- `int read_histograms_x (HISTOGRAM **phisto, int nhisto, const long *xcld_ids, int nxcl, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)`
Read and allocate histograms and optionally return histogram pointers to caller.
- `int print_histograms (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)`
Print out some basics about histogram data as we read it.

7.30.1 Detailed Description

This file implements I/O for 1-D and 2-D histograms.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1993 to 2010

CVS \$Date: 2018/02/28 16:36:53 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.22 \$

7.30.2 Function Documentation

7.30.2.1 print_histograms()

```
int print_histograms (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print out some basics about histogram data as we read it.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | The input iobuf descriptor. |
|--------------|-----------------------------|

Returns

>= 0 (O.k., no. of histograms read), -1 (error), -2 (e.o.d.)

7.30.2.2 read_histograms()

```
int read_histograms (
    HISTOGRAM ** phisto,
    int nhisto,
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Read and allocate histograms and optionally return histogram pointers to caller.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>phisto</i> | Pointer to vector of histogram pointers or NULL. |
| <i>nhisto</i> | The no. of elements in the phisto vector, i.e. the max. no. of histograms of which the histogram pointer can be returned to the caller. If negative, histograms contents are added to existing histograms of the same ID. |
| <i>iobuf</i> | The input iobuf descriptor. |

Returns

≥ 0 (O.k., no. of histograms read), -1 (error), -2 (e.o.d.)

References `read_histograms_x()`.

7.30.2.3 read_histograms_x()

```
int read_histograms_x (
    HISTOGRAM ** phisto,
    int nhisto,
    const long * xcld_ids,
    int nxclد,
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Read and allocate histograms and optionally return histogram pointers to caller.

This extended version allows to exclude a list of histogram IDs from being kept or added.

Parameters

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| <i>phisto</i> | Pointer to vector of histogram pointers or NULL. |
| <i>nhisto</i> | The no. of elements in the phisto vector, i.e. the max. no. of histograms of which the histogram pointer can be returned to the caller. If negative, histograms contents are added to existing histograms of the same ID. |
| <i>xcld_ids</i> | Pointer to vector of histogram IDs to be excluded. |
| <i>nxclد</i> | Number of histogram IDs to be excluded. |
| <i>iobuf</i> | The input iobuf descriptor. |

Returns

≥ 0 (O.k., no. of histograms read), -1 (error), -2 (e.o.d.)

Referenced by `read_histograms()`.

7.30.2.4 write_histograms()

```
int write_histograms (
    HISTOGRAM ** phisto,
```

```
int nhisto,
IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Save specific histograms or all allocated histograms.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>phisto</i> | Pointer to vector of histogram pointers or NULL. |
| <i>nhisto</i> | The no. of histograms to be saved or -1. If phisto==NULL and nhisto==-1 then all allocated histograms (in the linked list of histograms) are saved. |
| <i>iobuf</i> | The output iobuf descriptor. |

Returns

0 (O.k.) or -1 (error)

References `get_first_histogram()`, `histogram::ident`, and `histogram::next`.

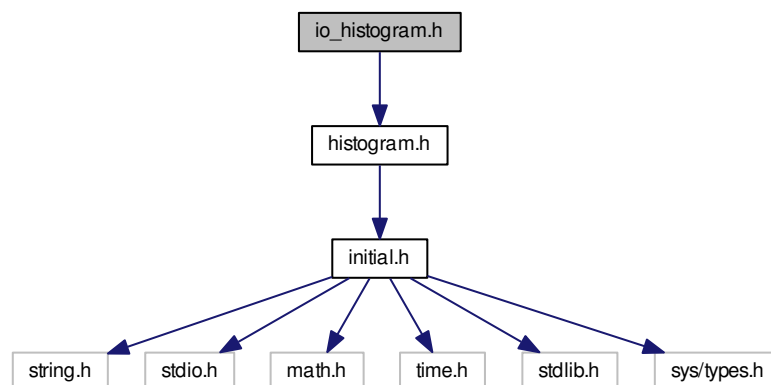
Referenced by `write_all_histograms()`, and `write_dst_histos()`.

7.31 io_histogram.h File Reference

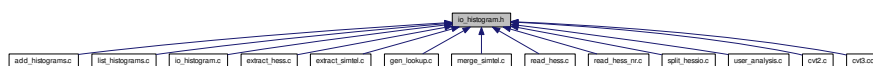
Declarations for eventio I/O of histograms.

```
#include "histogram.h"
```

Include dependency graph for `io_histogram.h`:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- int [write_histograms](#) (HISTOGRAM **phisto, int nhisto, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Save specific histograms or all allocated histograms.
- int [read_histograms](#) (HISTOGRAM **phisto, int nhisto, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Read and allocate histograms and optionally return histogram pointers to caller.
- int [read_histograms_x](#) (HISTOGRAM **phisto, int nhisto, const long *xcld_ids, int nxcl, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Read and allocate histograms and optionally return histogram pointers to caller.
- int [print_histograms](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print out some basics about histogram data as we read it.
- int [write_all_histograms](#) (const char *fname)
Save all available histograms into the file with the given name.
- int [read_histogram_file](#) (const char *fname, int add_flag)
- int [read_histogram_file_x](#) (const char *fname, int add_flag, const long *xcld_ids, int nxcl)

7.31.1 Detailed Description

Declarations for eventio I/O of histograms.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2013/10/21 12:53:31 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.11 \$

7.31.2 Function Documentation

7.31.2.1 [print_histograms\(\)](#)

```
int print_histograms (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print out some basics about histogram data as we read it.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | The input iobuf descriptor. |
|--------------|-----------------------------|

Returns

≥ 0 (O.k., no. of histograms read), -1 (error), -2 (e.o.d.)

7.31.2.2 read_histograms()

```
int read_histograms (
    HISTOGRAM ** phisto,
    int nhisto,
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Read and allocate histograms and optionally return histogram pointers to caller.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>phisto</i> | Pointer to vector of histogram pointers or NULL. |
| <i>nhisto</i> | The no. of elements in the phisto vector, i.e. the max. no. of histograms of which the histogram pointer can be returned to the caller. If negative, histograms contents are added to existing histograms of the same ID. |
| <i>iobuf</i> | The input iobuf descriptor. |

Returns

≥ 0 (O.k., no. of histograms read), -1 (error), -2 (e.o.d.)

References read_histograms_x().

7.31.2.3 read_histograms_x()

```
int read_histograms_x (
    HISTOGRAM ** phisto,
    int nhisto,
    const long * xcld_ids,
    int ncxld,
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Read and allocate histograms and optionally return histogram pointers to caller.

This extended version allows to exclude a list of histogram IDs from being kept or added.

Parameters

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| <i>phisto</i> | Pointer to vector of histogram pointers or NULL. |
| <i>nhisto</i> | The no. of elements in the phisto vector, i.e. the max. no. of histograms of which the histogram pointer can be returned to the caller. If negative, histograms contents are added to existing histograms of the same ID. |
| <i>xcld_ids</i> | Pointer to vector of histogram IDs to be excluded. |
| <i>ncxld</i> | Number of histogram IDs to be excluded. |
| <i>iobuf</i> | The input iobuf descriptor. |

Returns

>= 0 (O.k., no. of histograms read), -1 (error), -2 (e.o.d.)

Referenced by read_histograms().

7.31.2.4 write_histograms()

```
int write_histograms (
    HISTOGRAM ** phisto,
    int nhisto,
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Save specific histograms or all allocated histograms.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>phisto</i> | Pointer to vector of histogram pointers or NULL. |
| <i>nhisto</i> | The no. of histograms to be saved or -1. If phisto==NULL and nhisto==-1 then all allocated histograms (in the linked list of histograms) are saved. |
| <i>iobuf</i> | The output iobuf descriptor. |

Returns

0 (O.k.) or -1 (error)

References get_first_histogram(), histogram::ident, and histogram::next.

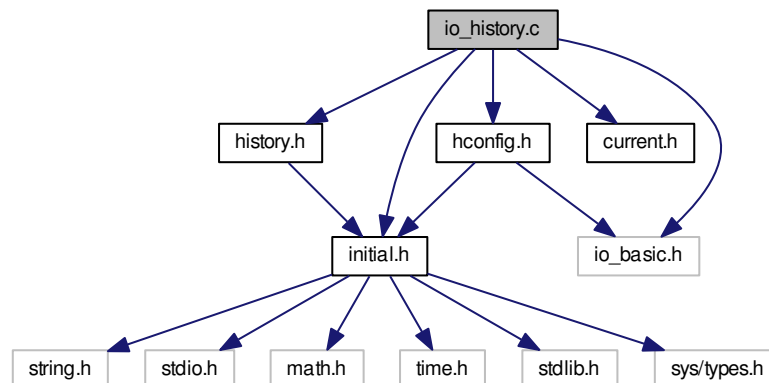
Referenced by write_all_histograms(), and write_dst_histos().

7.32 io_history.c File Reference

Record history of configuration settings/commands.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "history.h"
#include "current.h"
#include "hconfig.h"
```

Include dependency graph for io_history.c:



Data Structures

- struct [history_struct](#)
Use to build a linked list of configuration history.

Typedefs

- typedef struct [history_struct](#) **HSTRUCT**

Functions

- static void **listtime** (time_t t, FILE *f)
- int **push_command_history** (int argc, char **argv)
- int **push_config_history** (const char *line, int noreplace)
- int **write_history** (long id, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int **write_config_history** (const char *htext, long htime, long id, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int **list_history** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, FILE *file)

Variables

- static char * [cmdline](#) = NULL
A copy of the program's command line.
- static time_t [cmdtime](#)
The time when the program was started.
- static **HSTRUCT** * [configs](#) = NULL
Start of configuration history.

7.32.1 Detailed Description

Record history of configuration settings/commands.

This code has not been adapted for multi-threading.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1997 to 2010

CVS \$Date: 2014/02/20 11:40:42 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.8 \$

7.32.2 Variable Documentation

7.32.2.1 cmdline

```
char* cmdline = NULL [static]
```

A copy of the program's command line.

7.32.2.2 cmdtime

```
time_t cmdtime [static]
```

The time when the program was started.

7.32.2.3 configs

```
HSTRUCT* configs = NULL [static]
```

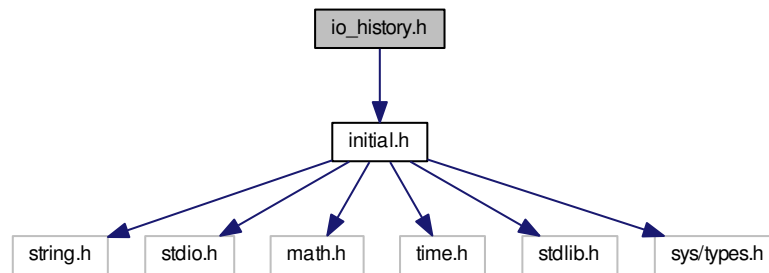
Start of configuration history.

7.33 io_history.h File Reference

Record history of configuration settings/commands.

```
#include "initial.h"
```

Include dependency graph for io_history.h:



Functions

- int **push_command_history** (int argc, char **argv)
- int **push_config_history** (const char *line, int noreplace)
- int **write_history** (long id, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int **write_config_history** (const char *htext, long htime, long id, IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int **list_history** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, FILE *file)

7.33.1 Detailed Description

Record history of configuration settings/commands.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1997 to 2010

CVS \$Date: 2014/02/20 11:40:42 \$

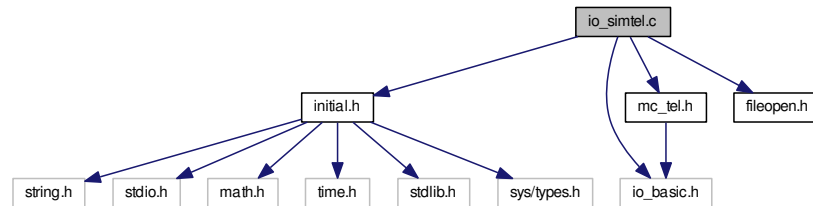
Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.5 \$

7.34 io_simtel.c File Reference

Write and read CORSIKA blocks and simulated Cherenkov photon bunches.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
Include dependency graph for io_simtel.c:
```



Functions

- int [write_tel_block](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int type, int num, real *data, int len)
Write a CORSIKA block as given type number (see [mc_tel.h](#)).
- int [read_tel_block](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int type, real *data, int maxlen)
Read a CORSIKA header/trailer block of given type (see [mc_tel.h](#)).
- int [print_tel_block](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print a CORSIKA header/trailer block of any type (see [mc_tel.h](#)).
- int [write_input_lines](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct [linked_string](#) *list)
Write a linked list of character strings (normally containing the text of the CORSIKA inputs file) as a dedicated block.
- int [read_input_lines](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct [linked_string](#) *list)
Read a block with several character strings (normally containing the text of the CORSIKA inputs file) into a linked list.
- int [write_tel_pos](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int ntel, double *x, double *y, double *z, double *r)
Write positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.
- int [read_tel_pos](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_tel, int *ntel, double *x, double *y, double *z, double *r)
Read positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.
- int [print_tel_pos](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.
- int [write_tel_offset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int narray, double toff, double *xoff, double *yoff)
Write offsets of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.
- int [write_tel_offset_w](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int narray, double toff, double *xoff, double *yoff, double *weight)
Write offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.
- int [read_tel_offset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_array, int *narray, double *toff, double *xoff, double *yoff)
Read offsets of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.
- int [read_tel_offset_w](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_array, int *narray, double *toff, double *xoff, double *yoff, double *weight)
Read offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.
- int [print_tel_offset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.
- int [begin_write_tel_array](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int array)

- Begin writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.*
- int [end_write_tel_array](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih)
- End writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.*
- int [begin_read_tel_array](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int *array)
- Begin reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.*
- int [end_read_tel_array](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih)
- End reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.*
- int [write_tel_array_head](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int array)
- Begin writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.*
- int [write_tel_array_end](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int array)
- End writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.*
- int [read_tel_array_head](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int *array)
- Begin reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.*
- int [read_tel_array_end](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int *array)
- End reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.*
- int [write_tel_photons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int array, int tel, double photons, struct [bunch](#) *bunches, int nbunches, int ext_bunches, char *ext_fname)
- Write all the photon bunches for one telescope to an I/O buffer.*
- int [write_tel_compact_photons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int array, int tel, double photons, struct [compact_bunch](#) *cbunches, int nbunches, int ext_bunches, char *ext_fname)
- Write all the photon bunches for one telescope to an I/O buffer.*
- int [read_tel_photons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_bunches, int *array, int *tel, double *photons, struct [bunch](#) *bunches, int *nbunches)
- Read bunches of Cherenkov photons for one telescope/detector.*
- int [print_tel_photons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int [write_shower_longitudinal](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int event, int type, double *data, int ndim, int np, int nthick, double thickstep)
- Write CORSIKA shower longitudinal distributions.*
- int [read_shower_longitudinal](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int *event, int *type, double *data, int ndim, int *np, int *nthick, double *thickstep, int max_np)
- Read CORSIKA shower longitudinal distributions.*
- int [write_camera_layout](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int itel, int type, int pixels, double *xp, double *yp)
- Write the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.*
- int [read_camera_layout](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_pixels, int *itel, int *type, int *pixels, double *xp, double *yp)
- Read the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.*
- int [print_camera_layout](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- Print the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.*
- int [write_photo_electrons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int array, int tel, int npe, int flags, int pixels, int *pe_counts, int *tstart, double *t, double *a, int *photon_counts)
- Write the photo-electrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.*
- int [read_photo_electrons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_pixels, int max_pe, int *array, int *tel, int *npe, int *pixels, int *flags, int *pe_counts, int *tstart, double *t, double *a, int *photon_counts)
- Read the photoelectrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.*
- int [print_photo_electrons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- List the the photoelectrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.*
- int [write_shower_extra_parameters](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) *ep)
- int [read_shower_extra_parameters](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) *ep)
- int [print_shower_extra_parameters](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int [init_shower_extra_parameters](#) (struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) *ep, size_t ni_max, size_t nf_max)
- Initialize, resize, clear shower extra parameters.*
- int [clear_shower_extra_parameters](#) (struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) *ep)
- Similar to [init_shower_extra_parameters\(\)](#) but without any attempts to re-allocate or resize buffers.*
- struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) * [get_shower_extra_parameters](#) ()

Variables

- static int `max_print` = 0
Print bunches of Cherenkov photons for one telescope/detector.
- static struct `shower_extra_parameters private_shower_extra_parameters`
There is one global (more precisely: static) block of extra shower parameters as, for example, used in the CORSIKA IACT interface.

7.34.1 Detailed Description

Write and read CORSIKA blocks and simulated Cherenkov photon bunches.

This file provides functions for writing and reading of CORSIKA header and trailer blocks, positions of telescopes/detectors, lists of simulated Cherenkov photon bunches before any detector simulation for the telescopes as well as of photoelectrons after absorption, telescope ray-tracing and quantum efficiency applied.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1997 to 2010

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7.34.2 Function Documentation

7.34.2.1 `begin_read_tel_array()`

```
int begin_read_tel_array (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int * array )
```

Begin reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Note: this function does not finish reading from the I/O block but after reading of the photons a call to `end_read_tel_array()` is needed.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | – I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | – I/O item header (for item opened here) |
| <i>array</i> | – Number of array |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

Referenced by `print_hess_mc_phot()`, and `read_hess_mc_phot()`.

7.34.2.2 begin_write_tel_array()

```
int begin_write_tel_array (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int array )
```

Begin writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Note: this function does not finish writing to the I/O block but after writing of the photons a call to [end_write_tel_array\(\)](#) is needed.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (for item opened here) |
| <i>array</i> | Number of array |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.3 clear_shower_extra_parameters()

```
int clear_shower_extra_parameters (
    struct shower_extra_parameters * ep )
```

Similar to [init_shower_extra_parameters\(\)](#) but without any attempts to re-allocate or resize buffers.

Just clear contents.

Parameters

| | |
|-----------|--|
| <i>ep</i> | Pointer to parameter block. A NULL value indicates that the static block is meant. |
|-----------|--|

7.34.2.4 end_read_tel_array()

```
int end_read_tel_array (
```

```
IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih )
```

End reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (as opened in begin_write_tel_array()) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.5 end_write_tel_array()

```
int end_write_tel_array (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih )
```

End writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (as opened in begin_write_tel_array()) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.6 init_shower_extra_parameters()

```
int init_shower_extra_parameters (
    struct shower_extra_parameters * ep,
    size_t ni_max,
    size_t nf_max )
```

Initialize, resize, clear shower extra parameters.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>ep</i> | Pointer to parameter block. A NULL value indicates that the static block is meant. |
| <i>ni_max</i> | The number of integer parameters to be used. |
| <i>nf_max</i> | The number of float parameters to be used. |

7.34.2.7 print_camera_layout()

```
int print_camera_layout (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.8 print_photo_electrons()

```
int print_photo_electrons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

List the the photoelectrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.9 print_tel_block()

```
int print_tel_block (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print a CORSIKA header/trailer block of any type (see [mc_tel.h](#))

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.10 print_tel_offset()

```
int print_tel_offset (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.11 print_tel_pos()

```
int print_tel_pos (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.12 read_camera_layout()

```
int read_camera_layout (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_pixels,
    int * itel,
    int * type,
    int * pixels,
```

```
double * xp,  
double * yp )
```

Read the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_pixels</i> | The maximum number of pixels that can be stored in xp, yp. |
| <i>itel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>type</i> | camera type (hex/square) |
| <i>pixels</i> | number of pixels |
| <i>xp</i> | X positions of pixels |
| <i>yp</i> | Y position of pixels |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.13 read_input_lines()

```
int read_input_lines (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    struct linked_string * list )
```

Read a block with several character strings (normally containing the text of the CORSIKA inputs file) into a linked list.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>list</i> | starting point of linked list (on first call this should be a link to an empty list, i.e. the first element has text=NULL and next=NULL; on additional calls the new lines will be appended.) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.14 read_photo_electrons()

```
int read_photo_electrons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_pixels,
    int max_pe,
    int * array,
    int * tel,
    int * npe,
    int * pixels,
    int * flags,
    int * pe_counts,
```

```

int * tstart,
double * t,
double * a,
int * photon_counts )

```

Read the photoelectrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_pixels</i> | Maximum number of pixels which can be treated |
| <i>max_pe</i> | Maximum number of photo-electrons |
| <i>array</i> | Array number |
| <i>tel</i> | Telescope number |
| <i>npe</i> | The total number of photo-electrons read. |
| <i>pixels</i> | Number of pixels read. |
| <i>flags</i> | Bit 0: amplitudes available, bit 1: includes NSB p.e. |
| <i>pe_counts</i> | Numbers of photo-electrons in each pixel |
| <i>tstart</i> | Offsets in 't' at which data for each pixel starts |
| <i>t</i> | Time of arrival of photons at the camera. |
| <i>a</i> | Amplitudes of p.e. signals [mean p.e.] (optional, may be NULL). |
| <i>photon_counts</i> | Optional number of photons arriving at a pixel. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.15 read_shower_longitudinal()

```

int read_shower_longitudinal (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int * event,
    int * type,
    double * data,
    int ndim,
    int * np,
    int * nthick,
    double * thickstep,
    int max_np )

```

Read CORSIKA shower longitudinal distributions.

See `telling_()` in `iact.c` for more detailed parameter description.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>event</i> | return event number |
| <i>type</i> | return 1 = particle numbers, 2 = energy, 3 = energy deposits |
| <i>data</i> | return set of (usually 9) distributions |

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <i>ndim</i> | maximum number of entries per distribution |
| <i>np</i> | return number of distributions (usually 9) |
| <i>nthick</i> | return number of entries actually filled per distribution (is 1 if called without LONGI being enabled). |
| <i>thickstep</i> | return step size in g/cm**2 |
| <i>max_np</i> | maximum number of distributions for which we have space. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.16 read_tel_array_end()

```
int read_tel_array_end (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int * array )
```

End reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (as opened in begin_write_tel_array()) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.17 read_tel_array_head()

```
int read_tel_array_head (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int * array )
```

Begin reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Note: this function does not finish reading from the I/O block but after reading of the photons a call to [end_read_tel_array\(\)](#) is needed.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | – I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | – I/O item header (for item opened here) |
| <i>array</i> | – Number of array |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.18 read_tel_block()

```
int read_tel_block (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int type,
    real * data,
    int maxlen )
```

Read a CORSIKA header/trailer block of given type (see [mc_tel.h](#))

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>type</i> | block type (see mc_tel.h) |
| <i>data</i> | area for data to be read |
| <i>maxlen</i> | maximum number of elements to be read |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.19 read_tel_offset()

```
int read_tel_offset (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_array,
    int * narray,
    double * toff,
    double * xoff,
    double * yoff )
```

Read offsets of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_array</i> | Maximum number of arrays that can be treated |
| <i>narray</i> | Number of arrays of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>toff</i> | Time offset (ns, from first interaction to ground) |
| <i>xoff</i> | X offsets of arrays |
| <i>yoff</i> | Y offsets of arrays |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

References `read_tel_offset_w()`.

7.34.2.20 read_tel_offset_w()

```
int read_tel_offset_w (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_array,
    int * narray,
    double * toff,
    double * xoff,
    double * yoff,
    double * weight )
```

Read offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_array</i> | Maximum number of arrays that can be treated |
| <i>narray</i> | Number of arrays of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>toff</i> | Time offset (ns, from first interaction to ground) |
| <i>xoff</i> | X offsets of arrays |
| <i>yoff</i> | Y offsets of arrays |
| <i>weight</i> | Area weight for uniform or importance sampled core offset. For old version data (uniformly sampled), 0.0 is returned. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

Referenced by `read_tel_offset()`.

7.34.2.21 read_tel_photons()

```
int read_tel_photons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_bunches,
    int * array,
    int * tel,
    double * photons,
    struct bunch * bunches,
    int * nbunches )
```

Read bunches of Cherenkov photons for one telescope/detector.

The data format may be either the more or less compact one.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_bunches</i> | maximum number of bunches that can be treated |
| <i>array</i> | array number |
| <i>tel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>photons</i> | sum of photons (and fractions) in this device |
| <i>bunches</i> | list of photon bunches |
| <i>nbunches</i> | number of elements in bunch list |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.22 read_tel_pos()

```
int read_tel_pos (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_tel,
    int * ntel,
    double * x,
    double * y,
    double * z,
    double * r )
```

Read positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_tel</i> | maximum number of telescopes allowed |
| <i>ntel</i> | number of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>x</i> | X positions |
| <i>y</i> | Y positions |
| <i>z</i> | Z positions |
| <i>r</i> | radius of spheres including the whole devices |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.23 write_camera_layout()

```
int write_camera_layout (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
```

```

    int itel,
    int type,
    int pixels,
    double * xp,
    double * yp )

```

Write the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>itel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>type</i> | camera type (hex/square) |
| <i>pixels</i> | number of pixels |
| <i>xp</i> | X positions of pixels |
| <i>yp</i> | Y position of pixels |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.24 write_input_lines()

```

int write_input_lines (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    struct linked_string * list )

```

Write a linked list of character strings (normally containing the text of the CORSIKA inputs file) as a dedicated block.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>list</i> | starting point of linked list |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.25 write_photo_electrons()

```

int write_photo_electrons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int array,
    int tel,
    int npe,

```

```

int flags,
int pixels,
int * pe_counts,
int * tstart,
double * t,
double * a,
int * photon_counts )

```

Write the photo-electrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>array</i> | array number |
| <i>tel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>npe</i> | Total number of photo-electrons in the camera. |
| <i>pixels</i> | No. of pixels to be written |
| <i>flags</i> | Bit 0: amplitudes available, bit 1: includes NSB p.e., bit 2: also including no. of photons hitting each pixel. |
| <i>pe_counts</i> | Numbers of photo-electrons in each pixel |
| <i>tstart</i> | Offsets in 't' at which data for each pixel starts |
| <i>t</i> | Time of arrival of photons at the camera. |
| <i>a</i> | Amplitudes of p.e. signals [mean p.e.] (optional, may be NULL). |
| <i>photon_counts</i> | Optional number of photons arriving at a pixel (with flags bit 2 set) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.26 write_shower_longitudinal()

```

int write_shower_longitudinal (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int event,
    int type,
    double * data,
    int ndim,
    int np,
    int nthick,
    double thickstep )

```

Write CORSIKA shower longitudinal distributions.

See `telling_()` in `iact.c` for more detailed parameter description.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>event</i> | event number |
| <i>type</i> | 1 = particle numbers, 2 = energy, 3 = energy deposits |

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|--|
| <i>data</i> | set of (usually 9) distributions |
| <i>ndim</i> | maximum number of entries per distribution |
| <i>np</i> | number of distributions (usually 9) |
| <i>nthick</i> | number of entries actually filled per distribution (is 1 if called without LONGI being enabled). |
| <i>thickstep</i> | step size in g/cm**2 |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.27 write_tel_array_end()

```
int write_tel_array_end (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int array )
```

End writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (as opened in begin_write_tel_array()) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.28 write_tel_array_head()

```
int write_tel_array_head (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int array )
```

Begin writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Note: this function does not finish writing to the I/O block but after writing of the photons a call to [end_write_tel_array\(\)](#) is needed.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (for item opened here) |
| <i>array</i> | Number of array |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.29 write_tel_block()

```
int write_tel_block (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int type,
    int num,
    real * data,
    int len )
```

Write a CORSIKA block as given type number (see [mc_tel.h](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>type</i> | block type (see mc_tel.h) |
| <i>num</i> | Run or event number depending on type |
| <i>data</i> | Data as passed from CORSIKA |
| <i>len</i> | Number of elements to be written |

Returns

0 (OK), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.30 write_tel_compact_photons()

```
int write_tel_compact_photons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int array,
    int tel,
    double photons,
    struct compact_bunch * cbunches,
    int nbunches,
    int ext_bunches,
    char * ext_fname )
```

Write all the photon bunches for one telescope to an I/O buffer.

Usually, calls to this function for each telescope in an array should be enclosed within calls to [begin_write_tel_array\(\)](#) and [end_write_tel_array\(\)](#). This routine writes the more compact format (16 bytes per bunch). The more compact format should usually be used to save memory and disk space.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>array</i> | array number |
| <i>tel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>photons</i> | sum of photons (and fractions) in this device |
| <i>cbunches</i> | list of photon bunches |
| <i>nbunches</i> | number of elements in bunch list |
| <i>ext_bunches</i> | number of elements in external file |
| <i>ext_fname</i> | name of external (temporary) file |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.31 write_tel_offset()

```
int write_tel_offset (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int narray,
    double toff,
    double * xoff,
    double * yoff )
```

Write offsets of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>narray</i> | Number of arrays of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>toff</i> | Time offset (ns, from first interaction to ground) |
| <i>xoff</i> | X offsets of arrays |
| <i>yoff</i> | Y offsets of arrays |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

References `write_tel_offset_w()`.

7.34.2.32 write_tel_offset_w()

```
int write_tel_offset_w (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int narray,
```



```
double toff,
double * xoff,
double * yoff,
double * weight )
```

Write offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

With respect to the backwards-compatible non-weights version [write_tel_offset\(\)](#), this version adds a weight to each offset position which should be normalized in such a way that with uniform sampling it should be the area over which showers are thrown divided by the number of array in each shower. With importance sampling the same relation should hold on average. So in either case, the average sum of weights for the different offsets in one shower equals just the area over which cores are randomized. This leaves the possibility to change the number of offsets from shower to shower.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>narray</i> | Number of arrays of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>toff</i> | Time offset (ns, from first interaction to ground) |
| <i>xoff</i> | X offsets of arrays |
| <i>yoff</i> | Y offsets of arrays |
| <i>weight</i> | Area weight for uniform or importance sampled core offset. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

Referenced by [write_tel_offset\(\)](#).

7.34.2.33 write_tel_photons()

```
int write_tel_photons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int array,
    int tel,
    double photons,
    struct bunch * bunches,
    int nbunches,
    int ext_bunches,
    char * ext_fname )
```

Write all the photon bunches for one telescope to an I/O buffer.

Usually, calls to this function for each telescope in an array should be enclosed within calls to [begin_write_tel_array\(\)](#) and [end_write_tel_array\(\)](#). This routine writes the less compact format (32 bytes per bunch).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>array</i> | array number |
| <i>tel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>photons</i> | sum of photons (and fractions) in this device |
| <i>bunches</i> | list of photon bunches |
| <i>nbunches</i> | number of elements in bunch list |
| <i>ext_bunches</i> | number of elements in external file |
| <i>ext_fname</i> | name of external (temporary) file |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.2.34 write_tel_pos()

```
int write_tel_pos (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int ntel,
    double * x,
    double * y,
    double * z,
    double * r )
```

Write positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ntel</i> | number of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>x</i> | X positions |
| <i>y</i> | Y positions |
| <i>z</i> | Z positions |
| <i>r</i> | radius of spheres including the whole devices |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.3 Variable Documentation**7.34.3.1 max_print**

```
int max_print = 0 [static]
```

Print bunches of Cherenkov photons for one telescope/detector.

The data format may be either the more or less compact one.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.34.3.2 private_shower_extra_parameters

```
struct shower_extra_parameters private_shower_extra_parameters [static]
```

There is one global (more precisely: static) block of extra shower parameters as, for example, used in the CORSIKA IACT interface.

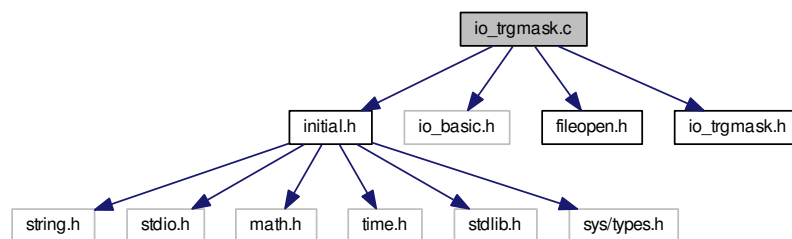
Get a pointer to this block.

7.35 io_trgmask.c File Reference

EventIO plus helper functions for trigger type bit patterns extracted from sim_telarray log files (only relevant for simulations with multiple trigger types using sim_telarray versions before mid-2013).

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "io_trgmask.h"
```

Include dependency graph for io_trgmask.c:



Macros

- `#define TMS_ALLOCS 100`

Functions

- `int trgmask_scan_log (struct trgmask_set *tms, const char *fname)`
Scan a `sim_telarray` log file for lines related to trigger type mask bit patterns.
- `int write_trgmask (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct trgmask_set *tms)`
Write the accumulated trigger mask bit patterns as an I/O block.
- `int print_trgmask (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)`
Print the trigger mask bit patterns contained in an I/O block.
- `int read_trgmask (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct trgmask_set *tms)`
Read the trigger mask bit patterns contained in an I/O block.
- `int trgmask_fill_hashed (struct trgmask_set *tms, struct trgmask_hash_set *ths)`
Fill an array of linked lists of `trgmask` entries, suitable for hashing.
- `struct trgmask_entry * find_trgmask (struct trgmask_hash_set *ths, long event, int tel_id)`
Find the `trgmask` entry for a given event and telescope in the hashed list.
- `void print_hashed_trgmasks (struct trgmask_hash_set *ths)`
Print the collected `trgmask` entries in the order as hashed.

7.35.1 Detailed Description

EventIO plus helper functions for trigger type bit patterns extracted from `sim_telarray` log files (only relevant for simulations with multiple trigger types using `sim_telarray` versions before mid-2013).

7.35.2 Function Documentation

7.35.2.1 `find_trgmask()`

```
struct trgmask\_entry* find_trgmask (
    struct trgmask\_hash\_set * ths,
    long event,
    int tel_id )
```

Find the `trgmask` entry for a given event and telescope in the hashed list.

Hash collisions are handled by linear search through the linked list at each hash entry.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------------|
| <i>ths</i> | The <code>trgmask</code> hash set. |
| <i>event</i> | The event number in the search. |
| <i>tel_id</i> | The telescope ID in the search. |

Returns

A pointer to the `trgmask` entry searched for, or NULL for not found.

7.35.2.2 print_hashed_trgmasks()

```
void print_hashed_trgmasks (
    struct trgmask_hash_set * tms )
```

Print the collected trgmask entries in the order as hashed.

Also show the maximum number of colliding entries under one hash value.

7.35.2.3 trgmask_fill_hashed()

```
int trgmask_fill_hashed (
    struct trgmask_set * tms,
    struct trgmask_hash_set * tms )
```

Fill an array of linked lists of trgmask entries, suitable for hashing.

Hash collisions are handled by linear search through the linked list at each hash entry.

7.35.2.4 trgmask_scan_log()

```
int trgmask_scan_log (
    struct trgmask_set * tms,
    const char * fname )
```

Scan a sim_telarray log file for lines related to trigger type mask bit patterns.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>tms</i> | The trigger mask structure into which results should be filled in. |
| <i>fname</i> | The name of the log file to be opened. |

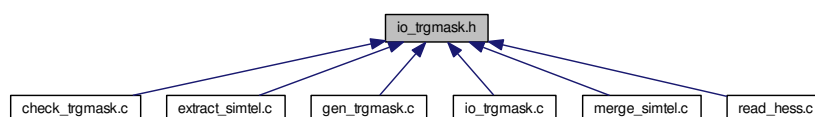
Returns

0 (OK), -1 (invalid parameters or file not found), -2 (allocation error, partially filled)

7.36 io_trgmask.h File Reference

EventIO plus helper functions for trigger type bit patterns extracted from sim_telarray log files (only relevant for simulations with multiple trigger types using sim_telarray versions before mid-2013).

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct [trgmask_entry](#)
- struct [trgmask_set](#)
- struct [trgmask_hash_set](#)

Macros

- `#define IO_TYPE_HESS_XTRGMASK 2090`
Extra (or external - not in normal data file) trigger mask data block type.
- `#define TRGMASK_PRIME 15269`
- `#define TRGMASK_HASH(ev, ti) (((ti)*10000+(ev))%TRGMASK_PRIME)`

Functions

- int [trgmask_scan_log](#) (struct [trgmask_set](#) *tms, const char *fname)
Scan a sim_telarray log file for lines related to trigger type mask bit patterns.
- int [write_trgmask](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct [trgmask_set](#) *tms)
Write the accumulated trigger mask bit patterns as an I/O block.
- int [print_trgmask](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print the trigger mask bit patterns contained in an I/O block.
- int [read_trgmask](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct [trgmask_set](#) *tms)
Read the trigger mask bit patterns contained in an I/O block.
- int [trgmask_fill_hashed](#) (struct [trgmask_set](#) *tms, struct [trgmask_hash_set](#) *ths)
Fill an array of linked lists of trgmask entries, suitable for hashing.
- struct [trgmask_entry](#) * [find_trgmask](#) (struct [trgmask_hash_set](#) *ths, long event, int tel_id)
Find the trgmask entry for a given event and telescope in the hashed list.
- void [print_hashed_trgmasks](#) (struct [trgmask_hash_set](#) *ths)
Print the collected trgmask entries in the order as hashed.

7.36.1 Detailed Description

EventIO plus helper functions for trigger type bit patterns extracted from sim_telarray log files (only relevant for simulations with multiple trigger types using sim_telarray versions before mid-2013).

7.36.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.36.2.1 IO_TYPE_HESS_XTRGMASK

```
#define IO_TYPE_HESS_XTRGMASK 2090
```

Extra (or external - not in normal data file) trigger mask data block type.

Referenced by [print_trgmask\(\)](#).

7.36.3 Function Documentation

7.36.3.1 find_trgmask()

```
struct trgmask_entry* find_trgmask (
    struct trgmask_hash_set * ths,
    long event,
    int tel_id )
```

Find the trgmask entry for a given event and telescope in the hashed list.

Hash collisions are handled by linear search through the linked list at each hash entry.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| <i>ths</i> | The trgmask hash set. |
| <i>event</i> | The event number in the search. |
| <i>tel_id</i> | The telescope ID in the search. |

Returns

A pointer to the trgmask entry searched for, or NULL for not found.

7.36.3.2 print_hashed_trgmasks()

```
void print_hashed_trgmasks (
    struct trgmask_hash_set * ths )
```

Print the collected trgmask entries in the order as hashed.

Also show the maximum number of colliding entries under one hash value.

7.36.3.3 trgmask_fill_hashed()

```
int trgmask_fill_hashed (
    struct trgmask_set * tms,
    struct trgmask_hash_set * ths )
```

Fill an array of linked lists of trgmask entries, suitable for hashing.

Hash collisions are handled by linear search through the linked list at each hash entry.

7.36.3.4 trgmask_scan_log()

```
int trgmask_scan_log (
    struct trgmask_set * tms,
    const char * fname )
```

Scan a sim_telarray log file for lines related to trigger type mask bit patterns.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>tms</i> | The trigger mask structure into which results should be filled in. |
| <i>fname</i> | The name of the log file to be opened. |

Returns

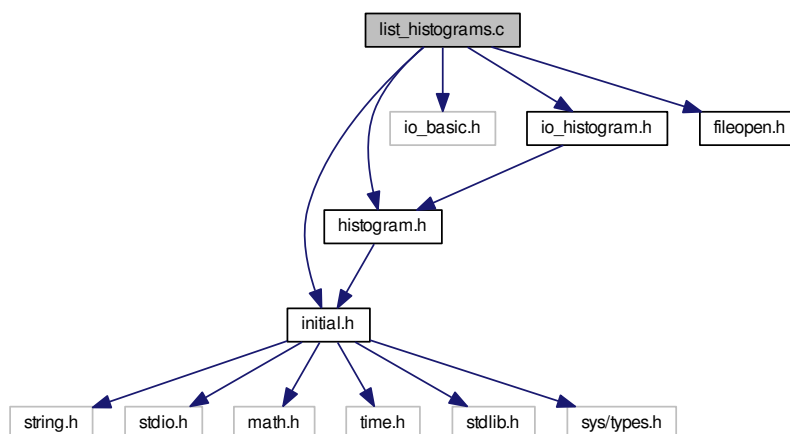
0 (OK), -1 (invalid parameters or file not found), -2 (allocation error, partially filled)

7.37 list_histograms.c File Reference

Utility program for listing histograms.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
```

Include dependency graph for list_histograms.c:



Functions

- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

7.37.1 Detailed Description

Utility program for listing histograms.

Syntax: `list_histograms [input_file ...]`

The default input file name is 'testpattern.hdata'. The histograms may be within multiple I/O blocks of the input file.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2018/02/28 16:36:52 \$

Version

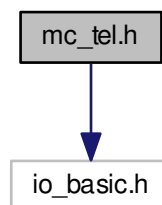
CVS \$Revision: 1.3 \$

7.38 mc_tel.h File Reference

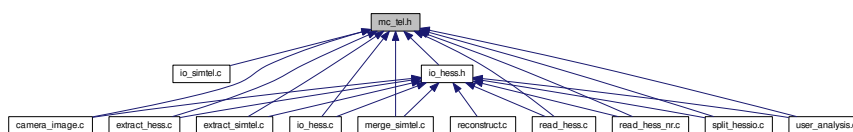
Definitions and structures for CORSIKA Cherenkov light interface.

```
#include "io_basic.h"
```

Include dependency graph for mc_tel.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct [bunch](#)
Photons collected in bunches of identical direction, position, time, and wavelength.
- struct [compact_bunch](#)
The [compact_bunch](#) struct is equivalent to the [bunch](#) struct except that we try to use less memory.
- struct [photo_electron](#)
A photo-electron produced by a photon hitting a pixel.
- struct [linked_string](#)
The [linked_string](#) is mainly used to keep CORSIKA input.
- struct [shower_extra_parameters](#)
Extra shower parameters of unspecified nature.

Macros

- `#define _MC_TEL_LOADED 2`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_BASE 1200`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_RUNH (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+0)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_TELPOS (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+1)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_EVTH (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+2)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_TELOFF (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+3)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_TELARRAY (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+4)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_PHOTONS (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+5)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_LAYOUT (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+6)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_TRIGTIME (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+7)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_PE (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+8)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_EVTE (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+9)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_RUNE (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+10)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_LONGI (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+11)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_INPUTCFG (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+12)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_TELARRAY_HEAD (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+13)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_TELARRAY_END (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+14)`
- `#define IO_TYPE_MC_EXTRA_PARAM (IO_TYPE_MC_BASE+15)`

Typedefs

- `typedef float real`
- `typedef short INT16`
- `typedef unsigned short UINT16`
- `typedef int INT32`
- `typedef unsigned int UINT32`

Functions

- `int write_tel_block (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int type, int num, real *data, int len)`
Write a CORSIKA block as given type number (see [mc_tel.h](#)).
- `int read_tel_block (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int type, real *data, int maxlen)`
Read a CORSIKA header/trailer block of given type (see [mc_tel.h](#))
- `int print_tel_block (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)`
Print a CORSIKA header/trailer block of any type (see [mc_tel.h](#))
- `int write_input_lines (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct linked_string *list)`
Write a linked list of character strings (normally containing the text of the CORSIKA inputs file) as a dedicated block.
- `int read_input_lines (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct linked_string *list)`
Read a block with several character strings (normally containing the text of the CORSIKA inputs file) into a linked list.
- `int write_tel_pos (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int ntel, double *x, double *y, double *z, double *r)`
Write positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.
- `int read_tel_pos (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_tel, int *ntel, double *x, double *y, double *z, double *r)`
Read positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.
- `int print_tel_pos (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)`
Print positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.
- `int write_tel_offset (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int narray, double toff, double *xoff, double *yoff)`
Write offsets of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.
- `int write_tel_offset_w (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int narray, double toff, double *xoff, double *yoff, double *weight)`
Write offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

- int [read_tel_offset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_array, int *narray, double *toff, double *xoff, double *yoff)
Read offsets of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.
- int [read_tel_offset_w](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_array, int *narray, double *toff, double *xoff, double *yoff, double *weight)
Read offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.
- int [print_tel_offset](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.
- int [begin_write_tel_array](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int array)
Begin writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.
- int [end_write_tel_array](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih)
End writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.
- int [begin_read_tel_array](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int *array)
Begin reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.
- int [end_read_tel_array](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih)
End reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.
- int [write_tel_array_head](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int array)
Begin writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.
- int [write_tel_array_end](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int array)
End writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.
- int [read_tel_array_head](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int *array)
Begin reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.
- int [read_tel_array_end](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *ih, int *array)
End reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.
- int [write_tel_photons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int array, int tel, double photons, struct [bunch](#) *bunches, int nbunches, int ext_bunches, char *ext_fname)
Write all the photon bunches for one telescope to an I/O buffer.
- int [write_tel_compact_photons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int array, int tel, double photons, struct [compact_bunch](#) *cbunches, int nbunches, int ext_bunches, char *ext_fname)
Write all the photon bunches for one telescope to an I/O buffer.
- int [read_tel_photons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_bunches, int *array, int *tel, double *photons, struct [bunch](#) *bunches, int *nbunches)
Read bunches of Cherenkov photons for one telescope/detector.
- int [print_tel_photons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int [write_shower_longitudinal](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int event, int type, double *data, int ndim, int np, int nthick, double thickstep)
Write CORSIKA shower longitudinal distributions.
- int [read_shower_longitudinal](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int *event, int *type, double *data, int ndim, int *np, int *nthick, double *thickstep, int max_np)
Read CORSIKA shower longitudinal distributions.
- int [write_camera_layout](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int itel, int type, int pixels, double *xp, double *yp)
Write the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.
- int [read_camera_layout](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_pixels, int *itel, int *type, int *pixels, double *xp, double *yp)
Read the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.
- int [print_camera_layout](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
Print the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.
- int [write_photo_electrons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int array, int tel, int npe, int pixels, int flags, int *pe_counts, int *tstart, double *t, double *a, int *photon_counts)
Write the photo-electrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.
- int [read_photo_electrons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int max_pixel, int max_pe, int *array, int *tel, int *npe, int *pixels, int *flags, int *pe_counts, int *tstart, double *t, double *a, int *photon_counts)
Read the photoelectrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.

- int [print_photo_electrons](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
List the photoelectrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.
- int **write_shower_extra_parameters** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) *ep)
- int **read_shower_extra_parameters** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) *ep)
- int **print_shower_extra_parameters** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf)
- int [init_shower_extra_parameters](#) (struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) *ep, size_t ni_max, size_t nf_max)
Initialize, resize, clear shower extra parameters.
- int [clear_shower_extra_parameters](#) (struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) *ep)
Similar to [init_shower_extra_parameters\(\)](#) but without any attempts to re-allocate or resize buffers.
- struct [shower_extra_parameters](#) * **get_shower_extra_parameters** (void)

7.38.1 Detailed Description

Definitions and structures for CORSIKA Cherenkov light interface.

This file contains definitions of data structures and of function prototypes as needed for the Cherenkov light extraction interfaced to the modified CORSIKA code.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1997 to 2010

CVS \$Date: 2016/03/08 16:07:50 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.16 \$

7.38.2 Function Documentation

7.38.2.1 begin_read_tel_array()

```
int begin_read_tel_array (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int * array )
```

Begin reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Note: this function does not finish reading from the I/O block but after reading of the photons a call to [end_read_tel_array\(\)](#) is needed.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | – I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | – I/O item header (for item opened here) |
| <i>array</i> | – Number of array |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

Referenced by `print_hess_mc_phot()`, and `read_hess_mc_phot()`.

7.38.2.2 `begin_write_tel_array()`

```
int begin_write_tel_array (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int array )
```

Begin writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Note: this function does not finish writing to the I/O block but after writing of the photons a call to [end_write_tel_array\(\)](#) is needed.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (for item opened here) |
| <i>array</i> | Number of array |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.3 `clear_shower_extra_parameters()`

```
int clear_shower_extra_parameters (
    struct shower_extra_parameters * ep )
```

Similar to [init_shower_extra_parameters\(\)](#) but without any attempts to re-allocate or resize buffers.

Just clear contents.

Parameters

| | |
|-----------|--|
| <i>ep</i> | Pointer to parameter block. A NULL value indicates that the static block is meant. |
|-----------|--|

7.38.2.4 `end_read_tel_array()`

```
int end_read_tel_array (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih )
```

End reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (as opened in begin_write_tel_array()) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.5 `end_write_tel_array()`

```
int end_write_tel_array (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih )
```

End writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (as opened in begin_write_tel_array()) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.6 `init_shower_extra_parameters()`

```
int init_shower_extra_parameters (
    struct shower_extra_parameters * ep,
```

```
size_t ni_max,  
size_t nf_max )
```

Initialize, resize, clear shower extra parameters.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>ep</i> | Pointer to parameter block. A NULL value indicates that the static block is meant. |
| <i>ni_max</i> | The number of integer parameters to be used. |
| <i>nf_max</i> | The number of float parameters to be used. |

7.38.2.7 print_camera_layout()

```
int print_camera_layout (  
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.8 print_photo_electrons()

```
int print_photo_electrons (  
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

List the the photoelectrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.9 print_tel_block()

```
int print_tel_block (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print a CORSIKA header/trailer block of any type (see [mc_tel.h](#))

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.10 print_tel_offset()

```
int print_tel_offset (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.11 print_tel_pos()

```
int print_tel_pos (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf )
```

Print positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.12 read_camera_layout()

```
int read_camera_layout (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_pixels,
    int * itel,
    int * type,
    int * pixels,
    double * xp,
    double * yp )
```

Read the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_pixels</i> | The maximum number of pixels that can be stored in xp, yp. |
| <i>itel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>type</i> | camera type (hex/square) |
| <i>pixels</i> | number of pixels |
| <i>xp</i> | X positions of pixels |
| <i>yp</i> | Y position of pixels |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.13 read_input_lines()

```
int read_input_lines (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    struct linked_string * list )
```

Read a block with several character strings (normally containing the text of the CORSIKA inputs file) into a linked list.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>list</i> | starting point of linked list (on first call this should be a link to an empty list, i.e. the first element has text=NULL and next=NULL; on additional calls the new lines will be appended.) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.14 read_photo_electrons()

```
int read_photo_electrons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_pixels,
    int max_pe,
    int * array,
    int * tel,
    int * npe,
    int * pixels,
    int * flags,
    int * pe_counts,
    int * tstart,
    double * t,
    double * a,
    int * photon_counts )
```

Read the photoelectrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_pixels</i> | Maximum number of pixels which can be treated |
| <i>max_pe</i> | Maximum number of photo-electrons |
| <i>array</i> | Array number |
| <i>tel</i> | Telescope number |
| <i>npe</i> | The total number of photo-electrons read. |
| <i>pixels</i> | Number of pixels read. |
| <i>flags</i> | Bit 0: amplitudes available, bit 1: includes NSB p.e. |
| <i>pe_counts</i> | Numbers of photo-electrons in each pixel |
| <i>tstart</i> | Offsets in 't' at which data for each pixel starts |
| <i>t</i> | Time of arrival of photons at the camera. |
| <i>a</i> | Amplitudes of p.e. signals [mean p.e.] (optional, may be NULL). |
| <i>photon_counts</i> | Optional number of photons arriving at a pixel. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.15 read_shower_longitudinal()

```
int read_shower_longitudinal (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int * event,
    int * type,
    double * data,
    int ndim,
    int * np,
    int * nthick,
```

```
double * thickstep,
int max_np )
```

Read CORSIKA shower longitudinal distributions.

See `telling_()` in `iact.c` for more detailed parameter description.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>event</i> | return event number |
| <i>type</i> | return 1 = particle numbers, 2 = energy, 3 = energy deposits |
| <i>data</i> | return set of (usually 9) distributions |
| <i>ndim</i> | maximum number of entries per distribution |
| <i>np</i> | return number of distributions (usually 9) |
| <i>nthick</i> | return number of entries actually filled per distribution (is 1 if called without LONGI being enabled). |
| <i>thickstep</i> | return step size in g/cm**2 |
| <i>max_np</i> | maximum number of distributions for which we have space. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in `eventio`)

7.38.2.16 read_tel_array_end()

```
int read_tel_array_end (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int * array )
```

End reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (as opened in begin_write_tel_array()) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in `eventio`)

7.38.2.17 read_tel_array_head()

```
int read_tel_array_head (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
```

```
IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
int * array )
```

Begin reading data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Note: this function does not finish reading from the I/O block but after reading of the photons a call to [end_read_tel_array\(\)](#) is needed.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | – I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | – I/O item header (for item opened here) |
| <i>array</i> | – Number of array |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.18 read_tel_block()

```
int read_tel_block (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int type,
    real * data,
    int maxlen )
```

Read a CORSIKA header/trailer block of given type (see [mc_tel.h](#))

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>type</i> | block type (see mc_tel.h) |
| <i>data</i> | area for data to be read |
| <i>maxlen</i> | maximum number of elements to be read |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.19 read_tel_offset()

```
int read_tel_offset (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_array,
    int * narray,
```

```
double * toff,
double * xoff,
double * yoff )
```

Read offsets of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_array</i> | Maximum number of arrays that can be treated |
| <i>narray</i> | Number of arrays of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>toff</i> | Time offset (ns, from first interaction to ground) |
| <i>xoff</i> | X offsets of arrays |
| <i>yoff</i> | Y offsets of arrays |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

References `read_tel_offset_w()`.

7.38.2.20 read_tel_offset_w()

```
int read_tel_offset_w (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_array,
    int * narray,
    double * toff,
    double * xoff,
    double * yoff,
    double * weight )
```

Read offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_array</i> | Maximum number of arrays that can be treated |
| <i>narray</i> | Number of arrays of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>toff</i> | Time offset (ns, from first interaction to ground) |
| <i>xoff</i> | X offsets of arrays |
| <i>yoff</i> | Y offsets of arrays |
| <i>weight</i> | Area weight for uniform or importance sampled core offset. For old version data (uniformly sampled), 0.0 is returned. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

Referenced by `read_tel_offset()`.

7.38.2.21 `read_tel_photons()`

```
int read_tel_photons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_bunches,
    int * array,
    int * tel,
    double * photons,
    struct bunch * bunches,
    int * nbunches )
```

Read bunches of Cherenkov photons for one telescope/detector.

The data format may be either the more or less compact one.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>max_bunches</i> | maximum number of bunches that can be treated |
| <i>array</i> | array number |
| <i>tel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>photons</i> | sum of photons (and fractions) in this device |
| <i>bunches</i> | list of photon bunches |
| <i>nbunches</i> | number of elements in bunch list |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.22 `read_tel_pos()`

```
int read_tel_pos (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int max_tel,
    int * ntel,
    double * x,
    double * y,
    double * z,
    double * r )
```

Read positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|---|
| <i>max_tel</i> | maximum number of telescopes allowed |
| <i>ntel</i> | number of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>x</i> | X positions |
| <i>y</i> | Y positions |
| <i>z</i> | Z positions |
| <i>r</i> | radius of spheres including the whole devices |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.23 write_camera_layout()

```
int write_camera_layout (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int itel,
    int type,
    int pixels,
    double * xp,
    double * yp )
```

Write the layout (pixel positions) of a camera used for converting from photons to photo-electrons in a pixel.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>itel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>type</i> | camera type (hex/square) |
| <i>pixels</i> | number of pixels |
| <i>xp</i> | X positions of pixels |
| <i>yp</i> | Y position of pixels |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.24 write_input_lines()

```
int write_input_lines (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    struct linked_string * list )
```

Write a linked list of character strings (normally containing the text of the CORSIKA inputs file) as a dedicated block.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>list</i> | starting point of linked list |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.25 write_photo_electrons()

```
int write_photo_electrons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int array,
    int tel,
    int npe,
    int flags,
    int pixels,
    int * pe_counts,
    int * tstart,
    double * t,
    double * a,
    int * photon_counts )
```

Write the photo-electrons registered in a Cherenkov telescope camera.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>array</i> | array number |
| <i>tel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>npe</i> | Total number of photo-electrons in the camera. |
| <i>pixels</i> | No. of pixels to be written |
| <i>flags</i> | Bit 0: amplitudes available, bit 1: includes NSB p.e., bit 2: also including no. of photons hitting each pixel. |
| <i>pe_counts</i> | Numbers of photo-electrons in each pixel |
| <i>tstart</i> | Offsets in 't' at which data for each pixel starts |
| <i>t</i> | Time of arrival of photons at the camera. |
| <i>a</i> | Amplitudes of p.e. signals [mean p.e.] (optional, may be NULL). |
| <i>photon_counts</i> | Optional number of photons arriving at a pixel (with flags bit 2 set) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.26 write_shower_longitudinal()

```
int write_shower_longitudinal (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int event,
    int type,
    double * data,
    int ndim,
    int np,
    int nthick,
    double thickstep )
```

Write CORSIKA shower longitudinal distributions.

See `telling_()` in `iact.c` for more detailed parameter description.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>event</i> | event number |
| <i>type</i> | 1 = particle numbers, 2 = energy, 3 = energy deposits |
| <i>data</i> | set of (usually 9) distributions |
| <i>ndim</i> | maximum number of entries per distribution |
| <i>np</i> | number of distributions (usually 9) |
| <i>nthick</i> | number of entries actually filled per distribution (is 1 if called without LONGI being enabled). |
| <i>thickstep</i> | step size in g/cm**2 |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.27 write_tel_array_end()

```
int write_tel_array_end (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int array )
```

End writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (as opened in begin_write_tel_array()) |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.28 `write_tel_array_head()`

```
int write_tel_array_head (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    IO_ITEM_HEADER * ih,
    int array )
```

Begin writing data for one array of telescopes/detectors.

Note: this function does not finish writing to the I/O block but after writing of the photons a call to [end_write_tel_array\(\)](#) is needed.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ih</i> | I/O item header (for item opened here) |
| <i>array</i> | Number of array |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.29 `write_tel_block()`

```
int write_tel_block (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int type,
    int num,
    real * data,
    int len )
```

Write a CORSIKA block as given type number (see [mc_tel.h](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>type</i> | block type (see mc_tel.h) |
| <i>num</i> | Run or event number depending on type |
| <i>data</i> | Data as passed from CORSIKA |
| <i>len</i> | Number of elements to be written |

Returns

0 (OK), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.30 write_tel_compact_photons()

```
int write_tel_compact_photons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int array,
    int tel,
    double photons,
    struct compact_bunch * cbunches,
    int nbunches,
    int ext_bunches,
    char * ext_fname )
```

Write all the photon bunches for one telescope to an I/O buffer.

Usually, calls to this function for each telescope in an array should be enclosed within calls to [begin_write_tel_array\(\)](#) and [end_write_tel_array\(\)](#). This routine writes the more compact format (16 bytes per bunch). The more compact format should usually be used to save memory and disk space.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>array</i> | array number |
| <i>tel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>photons</i> | sum of photons (and fractions) in this device |
| <i>cbunches</i> | list of photon bunches |
| <i>nbunches</i> | number of elements in bunch list |
| <i>ext_bunches</i> | number of elements in external file |
| <i>ext_fname</i> | name of external (temporary) file |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.31 write_tel_offset()

```
int write_tel_offset (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int narray,
    double toff,
    double * xoff,
    double * yoff )
```

Write offsets of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>narray</i> | Number of arrays of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>toff</i> | Time offset (ns, from first interaction to ground) |
| <i>xoff</i> | X offsets of arrays |
| <i>yoff</i> | Y offsets of arrays |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

References `write_tel_offset_w()`.

7.38.2.32 write_tel_offset_w()

```
int write_tel_offset_w (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int narray,
    double toff,
    double * xoff,
    double * yoff,
    double * weight )
```

Write offsets and weights of randomly scattered arrays with respect to shower core.

With respect to the backwards-compatible non-weights version `write_tel_offset()`, this version adds a weight to each offset position which should be normalized in such a way that with uniform sampling it should be the area over which showers are thrown divided by the number of array in each shower. With importance sampling the same relation should hold on average. So in either case, the average sum of weights for the different offsets in one shower equals just the area over which cores are randomized. This leaves the possibility to change the number of offsets from shower to shower.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>narray</i> | Number of arrays of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>toff</i> | Time offset (ns, from first interaction to ground) |
| <i>xoff</i> | X offsets of arrays |
| <i>yoff</i> | Y offsets of arrays |
| <i>weight</i> | Area weight for uniform or importance sampled core offset. |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

Referenced by `write_tel_offset()`.

7.38.2.33 write_tel_photons()

```
int write_tel_photons (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int array,
    int tel,
    double photons,
```

```

    struct bunch * bunches,
    int nbunches,
    int ext_bunches,
    char * ext_fname )

```

Write all the photon bunches for one telescope to an I/O buffer.

Usually, calls to this function for each telescope in an array should be enclosed within calls to [begin_write_tel_array\(\)](#) and [end_write_tel_array\(\)](#). This routine writes the less compact format (32 bytes per bunch).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>array</i> | array number |
| <i>tel</i> | telescope number |
| <i>photons</i> | sum of photons (and fractions) in this device |
| <i>bunches</i> | list of photon bunches |
| <i>nbunches</i> | number of elements in bunch list |
| <i>ext_bunches</i> | number of elements in external file |
| <i>ext_fname</i> | name of external (temporary) file |

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.38.2.34 write_tel_pos()

```

int write_tel_pos (
    IO_BUFFER * iobuf,
    int ntel,
    double * x,
    double * y,
    double * z,
    double * r )

```

Write positions of telescopes/detectors within a system or array.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>iobuf</i> | I/O buffer descriptor |
| <i>ntel</i> | number of telescopes/detectors |
| <i>x</i> | X positions |
| <i>y</i> | Y positions |
| <i>z</i> | Z positions |
| <i>r</i> | radius of spheres including the whole devices |

Returns

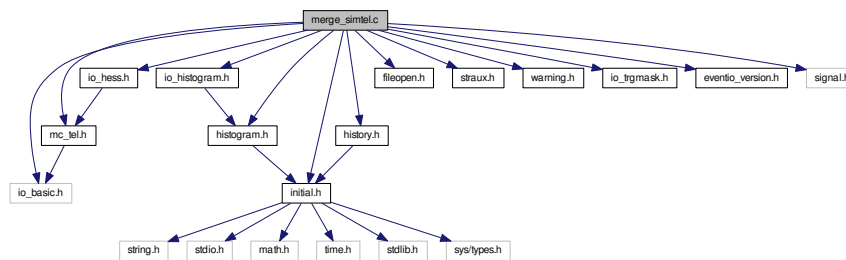
0 (o.k.), -1, -2, -3 (error, as usual in eventio)

7.39 merge_simtel.c File Reference

A program for merging events from separate telescope simulations of the same showers.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "history.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "straux.h"
#include "warning.h"
#include "io_trgmask.h"
#include "eventio_version.h"
#include <signal.h>
```

Include dependency graph for merge_simtel.c:



Data Structures

- struct [map_tel_struct](#)

Structure with per output telescope information keeping track of prerequisites.

Functions

- void [stop_signal_function](#) (int isig)
Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.
- int [find_in_tel_idx](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Offset of an input telescope of given ID within the input structures.
- int [find_out_tel_idx](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Offset of an input telescope of given ID within the output structures.
- int [find_mapped_telescope](#) (int tel_id, int ifile)
Mapping from telescope ID on input to telescope ID on output, with check.
- int [write_io_block_to_file](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, FILE *f)
Write an I/O block as-is to another file than foreseen for the I/O buffer.

- int **has_min_trg_tel** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, int mtrg, double rtm)
- int **check_for_delayed_write** (IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header, int ifile, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, IO_BUFFER *iobuf_out)
- int **merge_data_from_io_block** (IO_BUFFER *iobuf, IO_ITEM_HEADER *item_header, int ifile, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata, [AllHessData](#) *hsdata_out, IO_BUFFER *iobuf_out)

Processing and merging of I/O blocks from the two input files, hopefully presented in the right order.
- int **check_autoload_trgmask** (const char *input_fname, IO_BUFFER *iobuf, int ifile)

Check for a 'trgmask.gz' file matching the given input data file name and, if it exists, extract the corrected trigger bit patterns from it.
- void **print_process_status** (int prev_type1, int this_type1, int prev_type2, int this_type2)
- int **read_map** (const char *map_fname)
- static void **syntax** (const char *program)

Show program syntax.
- int **main** (int argc, char **argv)

Main program.

Variables

- static int **interrupted**
- static int **verbose** = 0
- struct **map_tel_struct** **map_tel** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- int **map_to** [2][[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]

Mapping structures from input telescope ID to output telescope ID.
- int **tel_idx** [2][[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]

Mapping from telescope IDs to offsets in the data structures, first for input telescope IDs.
- int **tel_idx_out** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)+1]

Mapping from output telescope ID to offset in output data structures.
- int **ntel1**
- int **ntel2**
- int **ntel**
- int **nrtel1**
- int **nrtel2**
- long **event1** = -1
- long **event2** = 0
- long **ev_hess_event** = 0
- long **ev_pe_sum** = 0

For delayed writing.
- int **run1** = -1
- int **run2** = -1
- int **min_trg** = 2
- double **distinct_sep** = 1.0
- static struct **trgmask_set** * **tms** [2] = { NULL, NULL }
- static struct **trgmask_hash_set** * **ths** [2] = { NULL, NULL }
- static int **events** [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int **mcshowers** [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int **mcevents** [2] = { 0, 0 }
- static int **max_list** = 999

7.39.1 Detailed Description

A program for merging events from separate telescope simulations of the same showers.

The program will read sim_telarray raw or DST data on two input files, map telescope ID according to a mapping file and write the merged blocks to an output file.

Inputs expected - and the action to be performed: Type Once per run: 70 (history) - Write as-is, impossible to merge 2000 (run_header) - Merging needed for telescope list and positions 2001 (MC run header) - Only one of two MC run-headers needed (should be identical) 1212 (input config = CORSIKA inputs) - Only one needed (should be identical, duplicate) Once per telescope (and per run for raw & DST levels 0-2; just once for DST level 3)↔ : 2002 (camera settings) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2003 (camera organization) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2004 (pixel settings) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2005 (pixel disable) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2006 (camera software settings) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2008 (tracking settings) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2007 (pointing corrections) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2022 (telescope monitoring) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) 2023 (Laser calibration) - Write after mapping of telescope ID (if mapped) Per shower: once: 2020 (MC shower) - Only one of two MC run-headers needed (should be identical) per array: 2021 (MC event) - Only one of two blocks needed (anything to get merged?) Optional per event; not immediately written but delayed until next MC etc. block: 2026 (MC pe sum) - ??? 1204 (photo-electrons individually) - ??? 2010 (event) - Needs remapping and merging at all levels At end of run: 2024 (run statistics - usually not present) 2025 (MC run statistics - usually not present) 100 (histograms) - Cannot be merged properly. Histograms of generated showers should agree, but for triggered showers we cannot tell how many are common.

FIXME: Ignoring 'trgmask' files initially - include them later on.

```
Syntax: merge_simtel [ options ] map-file input1 input2 output
```

Options:

```
--auto-trgmask : Load trgmask.gz files for each input file where available.
--min-trg-tel n : Require at least n telescopes in merged event (default: 2).
--verbose      : Show events being merged.
```

```
@author Konrad Bernloehr
```

```
@date @verbatim CVS $Date: 2017/05/16 12:31:52 $
```

Version

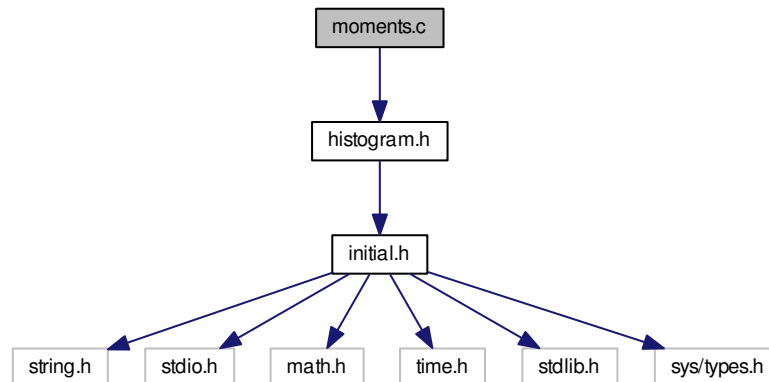
```
CVS $Revision: 1.11 $
```

7.40 moments.c File Reference

Calculate mean, rms, skewness, and kurtosis of data.


```
#include "histogram.h"
```

Include dependency graph for moments.c:



Functions

- [MOMENTS * alloc_moments \(HISTVALUE_REAL low, HISTVALUE_REAL high\)](#)
Allocate a structure for sums of powers of data.
- void [clear_moments \(MOMENTS *mom\)](#)
Initialize an existing moments structure (except for its range limits).
- void [free_moments \(MOMENTS *mom\)](#)
Deallocates memory previously allocated to a moments structure.
- void [fill_moments \(MOMENTS *mom, HISTVALUE_REAL value\)](#)
Add up those things needed to compute mean, standard deviation, skewness, and kurtosis (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_mean_and_sigma \(MOMENTS *mom, HISTVALUE_REAL value\)](#)
Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_mean \(MOMENTS *mom, HISTVALUE_REAL value\)](#)
Add up those things needed to compute – mean, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_real_moments \(MOMENTS *mom, HISTVALUE_REAL value, double weight\)](#)
Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, – skewness, and – kurtosis (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_real_mean_and_sigma \(MOMENTS *mom, HISTVALUE_REAL value, double weight\)](#)
Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- void [fill_real_mean \(MOMENTS *mom, HISTVALUE_REAL value, double weight\)](#)
Add up those things needed to compute – mean, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).
- int [stat_moments \(MOMENTS *mom, struct momstat *stmom\)](#)
Calculate moments (mean, rms, skewness, kurtosis) from the sums of powers of data values.

7.40.1 Detailed Description

Calculate mean, rms, skewness, and kurtosis of data.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

1995 to 2010

Date

2011/02/28 09:56:42

Revision

1.3

7.40.2 Function Documentation

7.40.2.1 alloc_moments()

```
MOMENTS* alloc_moments (
    HISTVALUE_REAL low,
    HISTVALUE_REAL high )
```

Allocate a structure for sums of powers of data.

Returns NULL if no structure could be allocated.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| <i>low</i> | Lower limit of range for truncation |
| <i>high</i> | Upper limit of range for truncation |

Returns

Pointer to allocated structure or NULL.

References clear_moments().

7.40.2.2 clear_moments()

```
void clear_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom )
```

Initialize an existing moments structure (except for its range limits).

Parameters

| | |
|------------|------------------------------|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to moments structure |
|------------|------------------------------|

Referenced by `alloc_moments()`.

7.40.2.3 fill_mean()

```
void fill_mean (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in `alloc_moments()`).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |

7.40.2.4 fill_mean_and_sigma()

```
void fill_mean_and_sigma (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in `alloc_moments()`).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |

7.40.2.5 fill_moments()

```
void fill_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value )
```

Add up those things needed to compute mean, standard deviation, skewness, and kurtosis (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in `alloc_moments()`).

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |

7.40.2.6 fill_real_mean()

```
void fill_real_mean (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value,
    double weight )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |
| <i>weight</i> | Weighting factor of this value |

7.40.2.7 fill_real_mean_and_sigma()

```
void fill_real_mean_and_sigma (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    HISTVALUE_REAL value,
    double weight )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |
| <i>weight</i> | Weighting factor of this value |

7.40.2.8 fill_real_moments()

```
void fill_real_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom,
```

```
HISTVALUE_REAL value,
double weight )
```

Add up those things needed to compute – mean, – standard deviation, – skewness, and – kurtosis (both for all data and separately for data in a range defined in [alloc_moments\(\)](#)).

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated MOMENTS structure. |
| <i>value</i> | One measurement value |
| <i>weight</i> | Weighting factor of this value |

7.40.2.9 free_moments()

```
void free_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom )
```

Deallocates memory previously allocated to a moments structure.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|---|
| <i>mom</i> | Pointer to previously allocated structure |
|------------|---|

7.40.2.10 stat_moments()

```
int stat_moments (
    MOMENTS * mom,
    struct momstat * stmom )
```

Calculate moments (mean, rms, skewness, kurtosis) from the sums of powers of data values.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>mom</i> | 'moments' structure with the sums of the powers of data values (only 1st power if only mean to be calculated, also 2nd power if r.m.s. to be calculated, and also 3rd and 4th if skewness and kurtosis wanted). |
| <i>stmom</i> | Pointer to structure for computed moments |

Returns

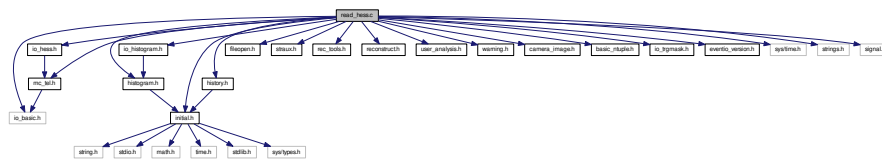
0 (o.k.), -1 and -2 (invalid data)

7.41 read_hess.c File Reference

A program reading simulated data, optionally analysing the data, and also optionally also writing summary ("DST") data.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "history.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "straux.h"
#include "rec_tools.h"
#include "reconstruct.h"
#include "user_analysis.h"
#include "warning.h"
#include "camera_image.h"
#include "basic_ntuple.h"
#include "io_trgmask.h"
#include "eventio_version.h"
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <strings.h>
#include <signal.h>
```

Include dependency graph for read_hess.c:



Data Structures

- struct [next_file_struct](#)
- struct [range_list_struct](#)

Macros

- #define [CALIB_SCALE](#) 0.92
The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.
- #define [_XSTR](#)(s) [_STR](#)(s)
- #define [_STR](#)(s) #s
- #define [SHOW](#)(s) if (strcmp(#s, [_XSTR](#)(s)) != 0) printf(" " #s " = " [_XSTR](#)(s) "\n")

Typedefs

- typedef struct [next_file_struct](#) **NextFile**
- typedef struct [range_list_struct](#) **RangeList**

Functions

- void [stop_signal_function](#) (int isig)
Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.
- static void **init_rand** (int is)
- double [grand48](#) (double mean, double sigma)
Like RandFlat() from rndm2.c but using the drand48 engine.
- static void [mc_event_fill](#) ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, double d_sp_idx)
Fill [histogram\(s\)](#) for DST writing which require all MC shower and event data and which cannot be filled from DST level ≥ 2 data.
- static int [write_dst_histos](#) (IO_BUFFER *iobuf2)
Write histograms for DST book-keeping and clear them afterwards.
- static void **show_run_summary** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int nev, int ntrg, double plidx, double wsum_all, double wsum_trg, double rmax_x, double rmax_y, double rmax_r)
- static void [syntax](#) (char *program)
Show program syntax.
- [NextFile](#) * **add_next_file** (const char *fn, [NextFile](#) *nxt)
- [RangeList](#) * **add_range** (long f, long t, [RangeList](#) *rl)
- int **is_in_range** (long n, [RangeList](#) *rl)
- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- struct [basic_ntuple](#) **bnt**
- static int **interrupted**
- static int **dst_processing**
- static int **g48_set**
- static double **g48_next**

7.41.1 Detailed Description

A program reading simulated data, optionally analysing the data, and also optionally also writing summary ("DST") data.

This program started as a skeleton for reading H.E.S.S. data in eventio format (which is what the `read_hess_nr` program is now intended for). The `read_hess` program reads the whole range of hessio item types into a single tree of data structures but normally does nothing with the data.

It can be instructed to create nice camera images similar to those generated in `sim_hessarray`.

It can also be instructed to redo the image cleaning (with the simple 10/5 tail-cut algorithm) and the shower reconstruction, writing ASCII output of the results.

In addition, it includes an interface for a full-scale analysis which can optionally be activated.

And finally, it can be instructed to extract DST-level data in order to reduce the amount of data by a large factor. This depends on the `dst-level` flag: 1) Remove all raw data (you cannot redo image cleaning) afterwards. 2) Remove also all MC data from non-triggered event (you should better stay with the spectral index used for DST extraction because you have to rely on its histograms for MC energy distribution). 3) and 4) Keep only user-defined events (with or without raw data).

read_hess: A program for viewing and analyzing sim_telarray (sim_hessarray) data.

Syntax: read_hess [options] [- | input_fname ...]

Options:

```
-p ps_filename      (Write a PostScript file with camera images.)
--plot-with-true-pe (If data available, include true p.e. plot in PS file.)
--plot-with-sum-only (Show only sum image even if we have traces.)
--plot-with-pixel-id (Show pixel ID number on top of pixel.)
--plot-with-pixel-amp (Show pixel amplitude value on top of pixel.)
--plot-with-pixel-pe (Show count of true Cherenkov p.e. on top of pixel.)
--plot-without-reco (Do not show reconstructed image/shower parameters.)
--plot-with-title text (User-defined title on top of page.)
-r level            (Use 10/5 tail-cut image cleaning and redo reconstruction.)
                    level >= 1: show parameters from sim_hessarray.
                    level >= 2: redo shower reconstruction
                    level >= 3: redo image cleaning (and shower reconstruction
                               with new image parameters)
                    level >= 4: redo amplitude summation
                    level >= 5: PostScript file includes original and
                               new shower reconstruction.
-v                 (More verbose output)
-q                 (Much more quiet output)
-s                 (Show data explained)
-S                 (Show data explained, including raw data)
--history (-h)      (Show contents of history data block)
--clean-history      (Drop previous history data blocks)
-i                 (Ignore unknown data block types)
-u                 (Call user-defined analysis function)
--global-peak        (For image analysis use amplitude sums around global peak
                    in 'on-line' pulse shape analysis.)
--local-peak         (For image analysis use amplitude sums around local peaks
                    in 'on-line' pulse shape analysis.)
--powerlaw x         (Use this spectral index for events weights in output.)
                    (Default spectral index is -2.7)
--only-run run1[,run2-run3[,...]] (Select runs being processed.)
--not-run run1[,run2-run3[,...]]
--only-telescope id1[,id2-id3[,...]] (Select telescopes being used.)
--not-telescope id1[,id2-id3[,...]]
--auto-trgmask        (Automatically load matching .trgmask.gz files.)
--trgmask-path dir    (Search the trgmask files in this path first.)
--trg-required b *(Required trigger bits, e.g. 5=1|4 -> majo or asum)
--type nt[,idl,id2,A,f,npix] (Set [requirements for] telescope type nt.)
--focal-length f *(Set telescope imaging effective focal length [m].)
--min-tel tmn *(The minimum number of tel. images required in analysis.)
--max-tel tmx (The maximum number of tel. images required in analysis.)
--min-trg-tel n (Minimum number of telescopes in system trigger.)
--hard-stereo id1,id2,.. (Telescope of ID id1 etc. only use if stereo.)
--min-amp npe *(Minimum image amplitude for shower reconstruction.)
--min-pix npix *(Minimum number of pixels for shower reconstruction.)
--max-events n (Skip remaining data after so many triggered events.)
--max-theta d (Maximum angle between source and shower direction [deg].)
--min-theta d (Where cut angle is multiplicity dependent, use this
              as the lower limit [deg].)
--theta-scale f (Scale fixed and optimized theta cut by this factor.)
--theta-E-scale t0,ts,min,max (Energy-dependent scaling beyond multiplicity.)
--tail-cuts l,h[,n,f] *(Low and high level tail cuts to be applied in analysis.)
--nb-radius rl[,r2[,r3]] *(Maximum distance of neighbour pixels [px diam.])
--ext-radius r *(Radius to extend preserved pixels beyond cleaning [px diam.])
--dE2-cut c (Cut parameter for dE2 cut.)
--hess-standard-cuts (Apply HESS-style selection with standard cuts.)
--hess-hard-cuts (Apply HESS-style selection with hard cuts.)
--hess-loose-cuts (Apply HESS-style selection with loose cuts.)
--hess-style-cuts (No shape parameter rescaling as HESS-style.)
--shape-cuts wmn,wmx,lmn,lmx (Shape cut parameters: mscrw/l min/max).
--dE-cut c (Scale parameter for dE cut strictness, def=1.0).
--hmax-cut c (Scale parameter for hmax cut strictness, def=1.0).
--min-img-angle a (Only use image pairs intersecting at angle > a deg, def=0).
--min-disp d *(Do not use round images with disp = (1-w/l) < d, def=0).
--max-core-distance r *(Only use images from telescope not further from core).
--impact-range r,x,y (Accept only events with reconstructed core in range).
--true-impact-range r,x,y (Accept only events with true core in range).
                    Note that r is in shower plane but x,y ranges are on surface.
--min-true-energy e (Completely skip events below given true energy.)
```

```

--clip-camera-radius r *(In image reconstruction clip camera at radius r deg.)
--clip-camera-diameter d *(Same as before but with diameter d deg.)
--clip-pixel-amplitude a *(Calibrated pixel ampl. does not exceed a mean p.e.)
--only-high-gain (Use only high-gain channel and ignore low gain.)
--only-low-gain (Use only low-gain channel and ignore high gain.)
--max-events (Stop after having processed this many events.)
--pure-raw (Discard any sub-items of TelescopeEvent which are not raw data.)
--no-mc-data (Discard MC shower and MC event data.)
--broken-pixels-fraction (Add random broken/dead pixels on run-by-run basis.)
--dead-time-fraction (Set telescopes randomly as dead from prior triggers.)
--integration-scheme n *(Set the integration scheme for sample-mode data.
    Use '--integration-scheme help' to show available schemes.)
--integration-window w,o[,ps] *(Set integration window width and offset.)
    For some integration schemes there is a pulse shaping option.
--integration-treshold h[,l] *(Set significance thresholds for integration.)
--integration-no-rescale *(Don't rescale pulse sum for integration with
    windows narrower than a single-p.e. pulse.)
--integration-rescale *(Rescale for single-p.e. fraction in window; default)
--calib-scale f *(Rescale from mean p.e. to experiment units. Default: 0.92)
--calib-error f (Random pixel relative calibration error. Default: 0.)
--calibrate (Store calibrated pixel intensities to DST file, if possible.)
--only-calibrated (Like '--calibrate' but omit raw data from DST.)
--diffuse-mode (True shower position assumed as source position.)
--random-seed n|auto (Initialize random number generator.)
--off-axis-range a1,a2 (Only for diffuse mode, restricting range in deg.)
--auto-lookup (Automatically generate lookup table (gammas only).)
--lookup-file name (Override automatic naming of lookup files.)
--cleaning n (Imaging cleaning setting: 0=no, 1-5=yes, see '--cleaning help')
--zero-suppression n (Zero suppression scheme; 0: off, 3=auto)
-z (Equivalent to '--zero-suppression auto')
--dst-level n (Level of data reduction when writing DST-type output.)
    Valid levels: 0, 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13.
    Raw data is stripped off at all levels except 0 and 10.
    Level 0 has any sample mode data reduced to sums,
    Level 1 includes all MC shower/event blocks,
    level 2 only for triggered events,
    level 3 has many config/calib blocks only once, not per run.
    Levels 10-13 include only selected gamma-like events.
--raw-level n (Re-write original raw data or processed data, with possible
    selection or reduction of other data according to level.)
    Level 0 has all data written as available.
    Level 1 has MC data only for triggered events.
    Level 2 has no MC data (--no-mc-data).
    Level 3 has only raw data for telescopes and nothing else (--pure-raw).
    Level 4 also cleans past history data (--clean-history).
--dst-file name (Name of output file for DST-type output.)
    A DST file is needed for cleaning > 0 or DST level >= 0.
--output-file (Synonym to --dst-file)
--histogram-file name (Name of histogram file.)
-f fname (Get list of input file names from fname.)

```

Parameters followed by a '*' can be type-specific if preceded by a '--type' option. Their interpretation is thus position-dependent.

@author Konrad Bernloehr

@date @verbatim CVS \$Date: 2018/03/27 14:33:26 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.141 \$

This program started as a skeleton for reading H.E.S.S. data in eventio format (which is what the read_hess_nr program is now intended for). The read_hess program reads the whole range of hessio item types into a single tree of data structures but normally does nothing with the data.

It can be instructed to create nice camera images similar to those generated in sim_hessarray.

It can also be instructed to redo the image cleaning (with the simple 10/5 tail-cut algorithm) and the shower reconstruction, writing ASCII output of the results.

In addition, it includes an interface for a full-scale analysis which can optionally be activated.

And finally, it can be instructed to extract DST-level data in order to reduce the amount of data by a large factor. This depends on the dst-level flag: 1) Remove all raw data (you cannot redo image cleaning) afterwards. 2) Remove also all MC data from non-triggered event (you should better stay with the spectral index used for DST extraction because you have to rely on its histograms for MC energy distribution). 3) and 4) Keep only user-defined events (with or without raw data).

Syntax: read_hess [options] [- | input_fname ...]

Options:

```
-p ps_filename    (Write a PostScript file with camera images.)
-r level          (Use 10/5 tail-cut image cleaning and redo reconstruction.)
                  level >= 1: show parameters from sim_hessarray.
                  level >= 2: redo shower reconstruction
                  level >= 3: redo image cleaning (and shower reconstruction
                           with new image parameters)
                  level >= 4: redo amplitude summation
                  level >= 5: PostScript file includes original and
                           new shower reconstruction.
-v               (More verbose output)
-q               (Much more quiet output)
-s               (Show data explained)
-S               (Show data explained, including raw data)
--history (-h)   (Show contents of history data block)
-i               (Ignore unknown data block types)
-u               (Call user-defined analysis function)
--global-peak    (For image analysis use amplitude sums around global peak
                  in 'on-line' pulse shape analysis.)
--local-peak     (For image analysis use amplitude sums around local peaks
                  in 'on-line' pulse shape analysis.)
--powerlaw x     (Use this spectral index for events weights in output.)
                  (Default spectral index is -2.7)
--only-telescope id1[,id2[,...]]
--not-telescope id1[,id2[,...]]
--min-tel tmn    (The minimum number of tel. images required in analysis.)
--max-tel tmx    (The maximum number of tel. images required in analysis.)
--min-trg-tel n  (Minimum number of telescopes in system trigger.)
--min-amp npe    (Minimum image amplitude for shower reconstruction.)
--min-pix npix   (Minimum number of pixels for shower reconstruction.)
--max-events n   (Skip remaining data after so many triggered events.)
--max-theta d    (Maximum angle between source and shower direction [deg].)
--theta-scale f  (Scale fixed and optimized theta cut by this factor.)
--theta-E-scale t0,ts,min,max (Energy-dependent scaling beyond multiplicity.)
--tail-cuts l,h[,n,f] (Low and high level tail cuts to be applied in analysis.)
--dE2-cut c      (Cut parameter for dE2 cut.)
--hess-standard-cuts (Apply HESS-style selection with standard cuts.)
--hess-hard-cuts  (Apply HESS-style selection with hard cuts.)
--hess-loose-cuts (Apply HESS-style selection with loose cuts.)
--hess-style-cuts (No shape parameter rescaling as HESS-style.)
--shape-cuts wmn,wmx,lmn,lmx (Shape cut parameters: mscrw/l min/max).
--dE-cut c       (Scale parameter for dE cut strictness, def=1.0).
--hmax-cut c     (Scale parameter for hmax cut strictness, def=1.0).
--clip-camera-radius r *(In image reconstruction clip camera at radius r deg.)
--clip-camera-diameter d *(Same as before but with diameter d deg.)
--auto-lookup    (Automatically generate lookup table (gammas only).)
--lookup-file name (Override automatic naming of lookup files.)
--dst-level n    (Level of data reduction when writing DST-type output.)
                  Valid levels: 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13.
                  Raw data is stripped off at all levels except 10.
                  Level 1 includes all MC shower/event blocks,
                  level 2 only for triggered events,
                  level 3 has many config/calib blocks only once, not per run.
                  Levels 10-13 include only selected gamma-like events.
--dst-file name  (Name of output file for DST-type output.)
--dst-process    (Telescope configuration etc. may appear only once.)
-f fname        (Get list of input file names from fname.)
```

Parameters followed by a '*' can be type-specific if preceded by a '--type' option. Their interpretation is thus position-dependent.

@author Konrad Bernloehr

@date @verbatim CVS \$Date: 2010/03/19 18:09:32 \$

Version

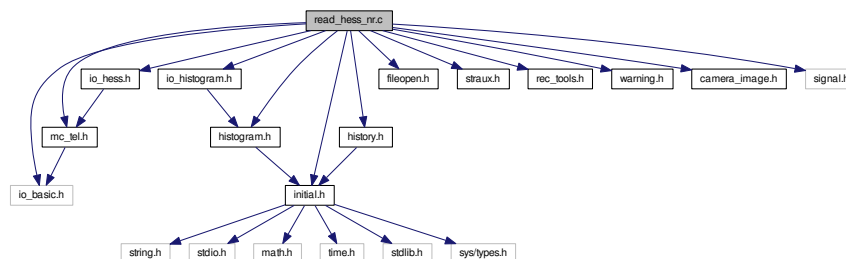
CVS \$Revision: 1.76 \$

7.42 read_hess_nr.c File Reference

A skeleton program reading H.E.S.S.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "history.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "straux.h"
#include "rec_tools.h"
#include "warning.h"
#include "camera_image.h"
#include <signal.h>
```

Include dependency graph for read_hess_nr.c:



Macros

- `#define _UNUSED_`
- `#define CALIB_SCALE 0.92`

The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.

Functions

- double `calibrate_pixel_amplitude` (`AllHessData` *hsdata, int itel, int ipix, int dummy, double cdummy)
Calibrate a single pixel amplitude, for cameras with two gains per pixel.
- double `calibrate_pixel_amplitude` (`AllHessData` *hsdata, int itel, int ipix, `_UNUSED_` int dummy, `_UNUSED_` double cdummy)

- void `stop_signal_function` (int isig)
Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.
- static void `show_run_summary` (`AllHessData` *hsdata, int nev, int ntrg, double plidx, double wsum_all, double wsum_trg, double rmax_x, double rmax_y, double rmax_r)
- static void `syntax` (char *program)
Show program syntax.
- int `main` (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- static int `interrupted`

7.42.1 Detailed Description

A skeleton program reading H.E.S.S.

data.

As a skeleton for programs reading H.E.S.S. data in eventio format, this program reads the whole range of hessio item types into a single tree of data structures but normally does nothing with the data.

It can be instructed, though, to create nice camera images similar to those generated in `sim_hessarray`.

Syntax: `read_hess_nr [options] [- | input_fname ...]`

Options:

```
-p ps_filename  (Write a PostScript file with camera images.)
-r level        (Reconstruction level not fully used in this program version.)
                level >= 1: show parameters from sim_hessarray.
-v             (More verbose output)
-q             (Much more quiet output)
-s             (Show data explained)
-S            (Show data explained, including raw data)
--history (-h) (Show contents of history data block)
-i            (Ignore unknown data block types)
-u            (Call user-defined analysis function)
--powerlaw x   (Use this spectral index for events weights in output.)
                (Default spectral index is -2.7)
--max-events n (Skip remaining data after so many triggered events.)
```

@author Konrad Bernloehr

@date @verbatim CVS \$Date: 2011/07/21 16:07:26 \$

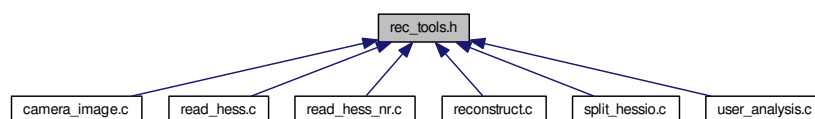
Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.16 \$

7.43 rec_tools.h File Reference

Tools for shower geometric reconstruction.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- void [angles_to_offset](#) (double obj_azimuth, double obj_altitude, double azimuth, double altitude, double focal_length, double *xoff, double *yoff)
Transform telescope and object Alt/Az to offset in camera.
- void [offset_to_angles](#) (double xoff, double yoff, double azimuth, double altitude, double focal_length, double *obj_azimuth, double *obj_altitude)
Transform from offset in camera to corresponding Az/Alt.
- void [get_shower_trans_matrix](#) (double azimuth, double altitude, double trans[][3])
Calculate transformation matrix.
- void [cam_to_ref](#) (double ximg, double yimg, double phi, double ref_azimuth, double ref_altitude, double cam_rot, double azimuth, double altitude, double focal_length, double *axref, double *ayref, double *phiref)
Transform from one camera to common reference frame.
- int [intersect_lines](#) (double xp1, double yp1, double phi1, double xp2, double yp2, double phi2, double *xs, double *ys, double *sang)
Intersect pairs of lines.
- int [shower_geometric_reconstruction](#) (int ntel, const double *amp, const double *ximg, const double *yimg, const double *phi, const double *disp, const double *xtel, const double *ytel, const double *ztel, const double *az, const double *alt, const double *flen, const double *cam_rot, double ref_az, double ref_alt, int flag, double *shower_az, double *shower_alt, double *var_dir, double *xc, double *yc, double *var_core)
Simple reconstruction by intersecting pairs of lines.
- double [angle_between](#) (double azimuth1, double altitude1, double azimuth2, double altitude2)
Calculate the angle between two directions given in spherical coordinates.
- double [line_point_distance](#) (double xp1, double yp1, double zp1, double cx, double cy, double cz, double x, double y, double z)
Distance between a straight line and a point in space.

7.43.1 Detailed Description

Tools for shower geometric reconstruction.

Shower geometric reconstruction based on the major axes of the telescope images. The image parameters from each telescope are transformed to a common reference frame first before the average intersection point of all images is calculated in plane coordinates.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

2000, 2009

CVS \$Date: 2014/05/07 13:08:25 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.17 \$

7.43.2 Function Documentation

7.43.2.1 angle_between()

```
double angle_between (
    double azimuth1,
    double altitude1,
    double azimuth2,
    double altitude2 )
```

Calculate the angle between two directions given in spherical coordinates.

Returns

The angle between the two directions in units of radians.

7.43.2.2 angles_to_offset()

```
void angles_to_offset (
    double obj_azimuth,
    double obj_altitude,
    double azimuth,
    double altitude,
    double focal_length,
    double * xoff,
    double * yoff )
```

Transform telescope and object Alt/Az to offset in camera.

Transform from given telescope and object angles (Az/Alt) to the offset the object has in the camera plane.

Transform from given telescope and object angles (Az/Alt) to the offset the object has in the camera plane.

This does not account for any rotation of the camera and its pixels.

Referenced by cam_to_ref().

7.43.2.3 cam_to_ref()

```
void cam_to_ref (
    double ximg,
    double yimg,
    double phi,
    double ref_azimuth,
    double ref_altitude,
    double cam_rot,
    double azimuth,
    double altitude,
    double focal_length,
    double * axref,
    double * ayref,
    double * phiref )
```

Transform from one camera to common reference frame.

Transform from the camera plane coordinate system of a telescope looking to altitude/azimuth to a plane coordinate system of a potential telescope looking to a reference direction ref_azimuth, ref_altitude and having unit focal length. Rotation of image angles is accounted for but not imaging errors.

References angles_to_offset(), and offset_to_angles().

7.43.2.4 get_shower_trans_matrix()

```
void get_shower_trans_matrix (
    double azimuth,
    double altitude,
    double trans[][3] )
```

Calculate transformation matrix.

Calculate transformation matrix from horizontal reference frame to one z axis in the given Az/Alt direction and the x axis in the plane defined by Az/Alt and zenith.

7.43.2.5 intersect_lines()

```
int intersect_lines (
    double xp1,
    double yp1,
    double phi1,
    double xp2,
    double yp2,
    double phi2,
    double * xs,
    double * ys,
    double * sang )
```

Intersect pairs of lines.

Intersect a pair of straight lines in a plane and return the intersection point and the angle at which the lines intersect.

7.43.2.6 line_point_distance()

```
double line_point_distance (
    double xp1,
    double yp1,
    double zp1,
    double cx,
    double cy,
    double cz,
    double x,
    double y,
    double z )
```

Distance between a straight line and a point in space.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| <i>xp1,yp1,zp1</i> | reference point on the line |
| <i>cx,cy,cz</i> | direction cosines of the line |
| <i>x,y,z</i> | point in space |

Returns

distance

References `main()`.

Referenced by `mc_event_fill()`, and `user_mc_event_fill()`.

7.43.2.7 offset_to_angles()

```
void offset_to_angles (
    double xoff,
    double yoff,
    double azimuth,
    double altitude,
    double focal_length,
    double * obj_azimuth,
    double * obj_altitude )
```

Transform from offset in camera to corresponding Az/Alt.

Transform from the offset an object or image has in the camera plane of a telescope to the corresponding Az/Alt.

Transform from the offset an object or image has in the camera plane of a telescope to the corresponding Az/Alt.

This does not account for any rotation of the camera and its pixels. (xoff and yoff are assumed to be corrected for camera rotation).

Referenced by `cam_to_ref()`.

7.43.2.8 shower_geometric_reconstruction()

```
int shower_geometric_reconstruction (
    int ntel,
    const double * amp,
    const double * ximg,
    const double * yimg,
    const double * phi,
    const double * disp,
    const double * xtel,
    const double * ytel,
    const double * ztel,
    const double * az,
    const double * alt,
    const double * flen,
    const double * cam_rot,
    double ref_az,
    double ref_alt,
    int flag,
    double * shower_az,
    double * shower_alt,
```

```
double * var_dir,
double * xc,
double * yc,
double * var_core )
```

Simple reconstruction by intersecting pairs of lines.

Simple geometric shower reconstruction by intersecting pairs of straight lines (from major axis of second moments ellipses after transformation to a common plane), first for the shower direction and then for the core position. No errors on reconstructed direction or core position are calculated. This should sooner or later be superseded by a fit procedure taking advantage of estimated errors on image positions and angles.

Parameters

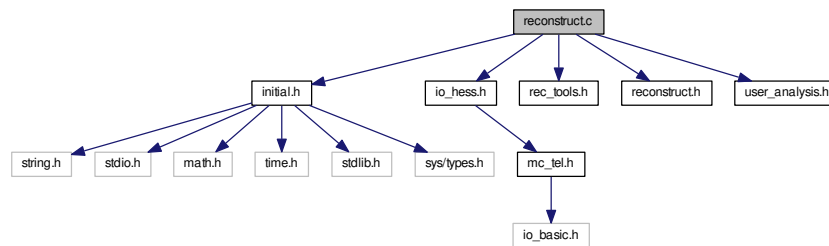
| | |
|-------------------|---|
| <i>ntel</i> | The number of telescopes with suitable images. |
| <i>amp</i> | The image amplitudes in each suitable telescope [p.e.]. |
| <i>ximg</i> | The image c.o.g. x positions in the local camera coordinate systems. |
| <i>yimg</i> | The image c.o.g. y positions in the local camera coordinate systems. |
| <i>phi</i> | The image major axis direction [rad]. |
| <i>disp</i> | The DISP parameter (1.-width/length), used for giving preference to elongated images. Set all to 1.0 if unknown or no preference wanted. Can also be passed as a NULL pointer instead. |
| <i>xtel</i> | The x coordinate of the telescope positions within array [m]. |
| <i>ytel</i> | The y coordinate of the telescope positions within array [m]. |
| <i>ztel</i> | The z coordinate of the telescope positions within array [m]. |
| <i>az</i> | The azimuth angles to which the telescopes are pointing (N->E->S->W) [rad]. |
| <i>alt</i> | The altitude angles to which the telescopes are pointing [rad]. |
| <i>flen</i> | The focal length to which ximg and yimg are scaled (1.0 if in units of radians, otherwise flen is in meters). |
| <i>cam_rot</i> | Camera rotation angle [rad]. |
| <i>ref_az</i> | The reference azimuth angle (system nominal azimuth) [rad]. |
| <i>ref_alt</i> | The reference altitude angle (system nominal altitude) [rad]. |
| <i>flag</i> | Use the reconstructed direction to derive the core position (0) or use the nominal direction for that (1 or any other non-zero). The second version may slightly improve core distance and thus energy accuracy for well-defined point sources. |
| <i>shower_az</i> | Return the reconstructed shower azimuth angle (N->E->S->W) [rad]. |
| <i>shower_alt</i> | Return the reconstructed shower altitude angle [rad]. |
| <i>var_dir</i> | Variance (dx**2+dy**2)/ntel of reconstructed direction for more than two images. Can be NULL if you are not interested in it. |
| <i>xc</i> | Return the reconstructed core position x coordinate (at z=0) [m]. |
| <i>yc</i> | Return the reconstructed core position y coordinate (at z=0) [m]. |
| <i>var_core</i> | Variance (dx**2+dy**2)/ntel of reconstructed core position for more than two images. Can be NULL if you are not interested in it. |

7.44 reconstruct.c File Reference

Second moments type image analysis.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include "rec_tools.h"
```

```
#include "reconstruct.h"
#include "user_analysis.h"
Include dependency graph for reconstruct.c:
```



Data Structures

- struct [camera_nb_list](#)

Macros

- #define [CALIB_SCALE](#) 0.92
The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.
- #define [H_MAX_NB](#) 50
- #define [WITH_PZPSA](#) 1

Functions

- int [allocate_nb_list](#) (int itel, int npix, int shape_type, int nnbs, int *nbs)
- int [deallocate_nb_list](#) (int itel)
- int [set_disabled_pixels](#) ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, double broken_pixels_fraction)
Set up pixels to be ignored (regarded as zero amplitude) in the analysis if they either have HV disabled or the camera active radius is clipped.
- static int [guess_pixel_shape](#) ([CameraSettings](#) *camset, int itel)
Guess the common pixel shape type from relative positions of neighbours.
- static int [find_neighbours](#) ([CameraSettings](#) *camset, int itel)
Find the list of neighbours for each pixel.
- int [store_camera_radius](#) ([CameraSettings](#) *camset, int itel)
- double [get_camera_radius](#) (int itel, int maxflag)
- void [select_calibration_channel](#) (int chn)
Control if only low-gain or high-gain should get used instead of both.
- int [calibrate_amplitude](#) ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int flag_amp_tm, double clip_amp)
Calibrate amplitudes in all pixels of a camera.
- double [calibrate_pixel_amplitude](#) ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int ipix, int flag_amp_tm, int itime, double clip_amp)
Calibrate a single pixel amplitude.
- static int [simple_integration](#) ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int nsum, int nskip)
Integrate sample-mode data (traces) over a common and fixed interval.
- static int [global_peak_integration](#) ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int nsum, int nbefore, int *sigamp)
Integrate sample-mode data (traces) over a common interval around a global signal peak.

- static int **local_peak_integration** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int nsum, int nbfore, int *sigamp)
Integrate sample-mode data (traces) around a pixel-local signal peak.
- static int **nb_peak_integration** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int lwt, int itel, int nsum, int nbfore, int *sigamp)
Integrate sample-mode data (traces) around a peak in the signal sum of neighbouring pixels.
- static int **gradient_integration** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int nsum, int nbfore, int *sigamp)
Fit gradient of pixel pulse peak times along image and evaluate the fitted line for getting the time around which pulses get integrated.
- static int **PzpsaSmoothUpsampleU16** (int n, int us, uint16_t *ip, double bl, double pz, double *op, double *max, int *at)
Upsample (expand the n input values to us samples each) Subtract baseline bl and correct for a single pole decay with the decay time pz and smooth the resulting trace with two moving averages with a width of us.
- static double **PzpsaPeakProperty** (int n, double *in, int pos, int w, double *intsum, double *cog)
Calculates the peak property of the signal in (n samples) at position pos.
- static int **nb_fc_shaped_peak_integration** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int nsum, int nbfore, int *sigamp, int psopt, int ithr)
Pulse integration based on peaks in neighbour pixel signals after FlashCam-style pulse shaping.
- static double **qpol** (double x, int np, double *yval)
Quick interpolation in array of points equidistant in x coordinate.
- static int **set_integration_correction** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int integrator, int *intpar)
With partial pulse integration we extract a correction factor from partial to full pulse area from the reference pulse shape provided by MC.
- static int **pixel_integration** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, struct [user_parameters](#) *up)
Pixel integration steering function.
- static int **clean_image_tailcut** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, double al, double ah, int lref, double minfrac)
Use dual-level tail-cut image cleaning procedure to get pixel list.
- static int **second_moments** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int cut_id, int nimg, double clip_amp)
Reconstruction of second moments parameters from cleaned image.
- static int **pixel_timing_analysis** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int nimg)
Calculate summary results from pixel timing data.
- static int **image_reconstruct** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int cut_id, double tcl, double tch, int lref, double minfrac, int nimg, int flag_amp_tm, double clip_amp)
Calibrate and clean image pixels and reconstruct second moments parameters from images.
- int **clean_raw_data** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int itel, int clean_flag, int tcl, int tch, struct [user_parameters](#) *up)
- static int **shower_reconstruct** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, const double *min_amp_tel, const size_t *min_pix_tel, int cut_id)
Shower reconstruction (geometrical reconstruction only)
- int **reconstruct** ([AllHessData](#) *hsdata, int reco_flag, const double *min_amp, const size_t *min_pix, const double *tcl, const double *tch, const int *lref, const double *minfrac, int nimg, int flag_amp_tm, int clean_↵ flag)
Image/shower reconstruction function.
- void **set_reco_verbosity** (int v)

Variables

- static int **px_shape_type** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- static struct [camera_nb_list](#) nb_lists [[H_MAX_TEL](#)][3]
To be filled with up to 3 neighbour lists for each telescope.
- static struct [camera_nb_list](#) ext_list [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
Optional extension lists beyond image cleaning.
- static int **image_list** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)][[H_MAX_PIX](#)]
- static int **image_numpix** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- static double **pixel_amp** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)][[H_MAX_PIX](#)]

- static int **show_total_amp** = 0
- static int **pixel_sat** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- static char **pixel_disabled** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)][[H_MAX_PIX](#)]
- static int **any_disabled** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- static double **camera_radius_eff** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- static double **camera_radius_max** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)]
- static double **integration_correction** [[H_MAX_TEL](#)][[H_MAX_GAINS](#)]
- static int **verbosity** = 0
- static int **no_low_gain** = 0
- static int **no_high_gain** = 0

7.44.1 Detailed Description

Second moments type image analysis.

Date

```
CVS $Revision: 1.70 $
```

Version

```
CVS $Date: 2017/06/07 14:33:27 $
```

7.44.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.44.2.1 CALIB_SCALE

```
#define CALIB_SCALE 0.92
```

The factor needed to transform from mean p.e.

units to units of the single-p.e. peak: Depends on the collection efficiency, the asymmetry of the single p.e. amplitude distribution and the electronic noise added to the signals. Default value is for HESS.

7.44.3 Function Documentation

7.44.3.1 `calibrate_amplitude()`

```
int calibrate_amplitude (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int flag_amp_tm,
    double clip_amp )
```

Calibrate amplitudes in all pixels of a camera.

This function is operating only on pulse sums, either from normal raw data or from timing/pulse shape analysis. Use [calibrate_pixel_amplitude\(\)](#) for calibration of individual samples.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>itel</i> | Index of telescope in the relevant arrays (not the ID). |
| <i>flag_amp_tm</i> | 0: Use normal integrated amplitude. 1: Use integration around global peak position from pulse shape analysis. May include all pixels or only selected. 2: Use integration around local peak position from pulse shape analysis. Return 0 for pixels without a fairly significant peak. |
| <i>clip_amp</i> | if >0, any calibrated amplitude is clipped not to exceed this value [mean p.e.]. |

References `camera_nb_list::npix`, and `hess_camera_settings_struct::num_pixels`.

Referenced by `image_reconstruct()`.

7.44.3.2 `calibrate_pixel_amplitude()`

```
double calibrate_pixel_amplitude (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int ipix,
    int flag_amp_tm,
    int itime,
    double clip_amp )
```

Calibrate a single pixel amplitude.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>itel</i> | Index of telescope in the relevant arrays (not the ID). |
| <i>ipix</i> | The pixel number (0 ... npix-1). |
| <i>flag_amp_tm</i> | 0: Use normal integrated amplitude. 1: Use integration around global peak position from pulse shape analysis. May include all pixels or only selected. 2: Use integration around local peak position from pulse shape analysis. Return 0 for pixels without a fairly significant peak. |
| <i>itime</i> | -1: sum of samples of type as given in <code>flag_amp_tm</code> 0...(nsamples-1): sample data (if available) for one time slice |
| <i>clip_amp</i> | if >0, any calibrated amplitude is clipped not to exceed this value [mean p.e.]. |

Returns

Pixel amplitude in peak p.e. units (based on conversion factor from H.E.S.S.).

References `camera_nb_list::npix`.

7.44.3.3 `clean_image_tailcut()`

```
static int clean_image_tailcut (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
```

```

int itel,
double al,
double ah,
int lref,
double minfrac ) [static]

```

Use dual-level tail-cut image cleaning procedure to get pixel list.

In contrast to the classical dual-level tail-cuts this function has an optional restriction to only those pixels having an amplitude above a given fraction of the n-th hottest pixel. This should almost stop the increase of width and length with increasing intensity after some point.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|---|
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>itel</i> | Sequence number of the telescope being processed. |
| <i>al</i> | The lower of the two tail-cut thresholds. |
| <i>ah</i> | The higher of the two tail-cut thresholds. |
| <i>lref</i> | Determines which pixel, after sorting by amplitude, will be used as providing the reference amplitude. Example: use 3 for the third hottest pixel. If this number is ≤ 0 , the classical scheme is used. |
| <i>minfrac</i> | Which fraction of the reference amplitude is required for pixels to be included in the final image. If this number is ≤ 0.0 , the classical scheme is used. |

Referenced by `image_reconstruct()`, and `pixel_integration()`.

7.44.3.4 find_neighbours()

```

static int find_neighbours (
    CameraSettings * camset,
    int itel ) [static]

```

Find the list of neighbours for each pixel.

< Temporary neighbour lists for one telescope.

Referenced by `image_reconstruct()`, and `nb_peak_integration()`.

7.44.3.5 global_peak_integration()

```

static int global_peak_integration (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int nsum,
    int nbefore,
    int * sigamp ) [static]

```

Integrate sample-mode data (traces) over a common interval around a global signal peak.

The integration window can be anywhere in the available length of the traces. Since the calibration function subtracts a pedestal that corresponds to the total length of the traces we may also have to add a pedestal contribution for the samples not summed up. No weighting of individual samples is applied.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|---|
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>itel</i> | Sequence number of the telescope being processed. |
| <i>nsum</i> | Number of samples to sum up (is reduced if exceeding available length). |
| <i>nbefore</i> | Start the integration a number of samples before the peak, as long as it fits into the available data range. Note: for multiple gains, this results in identical integration regions. |
| <i>sigamp</i> | Amplitude in ADC counts above pedestal at which a signal is considered as significant (separate for high gain/low gain). |

Referenced by `pixel_integration()`, and `simple_integration()`.

7.44.3.6 `gradient_integration()`

```
static int gradient_integration (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int nsum,
    int nbefore,
    int * sigamp ) [static]
```

Fit gradient of pixel pulse peak times along image and evaluate the fitted line for getting the time around which pulses get integrated.

There are basically three problems: a) bootstrap problem for finding significant pixels, b) robustness of the fit in case of pixels that don't follow the time gradient, and c) what to do with pixels that have a large enough signal at a time not consistent with the fitted line.

References `H_MAX_TEL`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::known`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_samples`, `Pzpsa`↔`SmoothUpsampleU16()`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::raw`, and `hess_event_data_struct::teldata`.

Referenced by `nb_peak_integration()`, and `pixel_integration()`.

7.44.3.7 `image_reconstruct()`

```
static int image_reconstruct (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int cut_id,
    double tcl,
    double tch,
    int lref,
    double minfrac,
    int nimg,
    int flag_amp_tm,
    double clip_amp ) [static]
```

Calibrate and clean image pixels and reconstruct second moments parameters from images.

References `calibrate_amplitude()`, `clean_image_tailcut()`, `hess_tel_image_struct::cut_id`, `find_neighbours()`, `H`↔`_MAX_TEL`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::img`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::known`, `hess_tel_image_struct::known`, `nb_lists`, `camera_nb_list::nblist`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::num_image_sets`, `pixel_timing_analysis()`, `hess_tel`↔`_event_data_struct::raw`, `second_moments()`, and `hess_event_data_struct::teldata`.

Referenced by `pixel_timing_analysis()`.

7.44.3.8 local_peak_integration()

```
static int local_peak_integration (
    AllHessData * hsddata,
    int itel,
    int nsum,
    int nbefore,
    int * sigamp ) [static]
```

Integrate sample-mode data (traces) around a pixel-local signal peak.

The integration window can be anywhere in the available length of the traces. Since the calibration function subtracts a pedestal that corresponds to the total length of the traces we may also have to add a pedestal contribution for the samples not summed up. No weighting of individual samples is applied.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>hsddata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>itel</i> | Sequence number of the telescope being processed. |
| <i>nsum</i> | Number of samples to sum up (is reduced if exceeding available length). |
| <i>nbefore</i> | Start the integration a number of samples before the peak, as long as it fits into the available data range. Note: for multiple gains, this may result in identical integration regions (depending on signal). |
| <i>sigamp</i> | Amplitude in ADC counts above pedestal at which a signal is considered as significant (separate for high gain/low gain). |

References `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::adc_known`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::adc_sample`, `hess_tel_event_`
`_adc_struct::adc_sum`, `H_MAX_TEL`, `HI_GAIN`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::known`, `LO_GAIN`, `nb_peak_`
`integration()`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_gains`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_pixels`, `hess_tel_event_`
`_adc_struct::num_samples`, `hess_tel_monitor_struct::pedestal`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::raw`, `hess_tel_event_`
`_adc_struct::significant`, `hess_event_data_struct::teldata`, and `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::zero_sup_mode`.

Referenced by `pixel_integration()`.

7.44.3.9 nb_fc_shaped_peak_integration()

```
static int nb_fc_shaped_peak_integration (
    AllHessData * hsddata,
    int itel,
    int nsum,
    int nbefore,
    int * sigamp,
    int psopt,
    int ithr ) [static]
```

Pulse integration based on peaks in neighbour pixel signals after FlashCam-style pulse shaping.

Basically like `nb_peak_integration` for `lwt=0` but pulses are all upscaled in sampling frequency by a factor of four and one several variants for FlashCam-style pulse shaping is applied first. Signal extraction = integration also allows for different variants. There are actually way more variants available than necessary, intended for evaluation and testing.

Note that the `psopt` parameter is specified with the `-integration-window` command line option as the third value. (Recommended values for the first two are 1,0 (=nsum,nbefore). Nsum=0 means nsum=1.) Interpret `psopt` as decimal MHTO (with $M=psopt/1000$, $H=(psopt\%1000)/100$, $T=(psopt\%100)/10$, $O=psopt\%10$): $O = -1$: Full pzpsa shaping and peak finding over full readout range, no neighbours involved. This results in a significant bias for positive NSB fluctuations. 0 : Full pzpsa shaping but peak finding in signal of neighbours, avoiding the beginning (first 7) and end (last 3) of the upsampled signal because these are noisier and result in artifacts. (OK to use) 9 : Like '0' but include the beginning and end for peak finding. (better use 0 or 1) 1 : Like '9' but do own differencing to have smooth start and end. (recommended) 2 : Like '1' but do differencing between second-to-next original samples. 3 : Like '1' but do pulse shaping with own, more explicit code (differs in the beginning and the end but otherwise the same). 4 : Like '2' but do pulse shaping with own, more explicit code. $T = 0$: Use integration from nbefore the peak for nsum upsampled samples and determine the pixel timing as the peak position close to the peak times in the signal of neighbour pixels (except for $O = -1$). > 0 : Use the `PzpsaPeakProperty` code for summation and center-of-gravity determination of peaks, with T as width parameter. Nsum and nbefore are ignored. $H = 0$: Summation region is entirely determined by the peak in the signal of neighbourin pixels, without any bias for NSB fluctuations. 1 : Summation region allows for small adjustement in peak position in the signal of the pixel itself. Small NSB bias. $M = 0$: Not touching pixel timing structure. 1 : Re-evaluate and refill pixel timing from shaped signals and peaks. Unless a new 'integration threshold' is given, the old threshold for significant pixel timings gets re-used (but pixel is list still new).

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>itel</i> | Sequence number of the telescope being processed. |
| <i>nsum</i> | Number of samples to sum up (is reduced if exceeding available length). |
| <i>nbefore</i> | Start the integration a number of samples before the peak, as long as it fits into the available data range. Note: for multiple gains, this may result in identical integration regions (depending on signal). |
| <i>sigamp</i> | (not used) |
| <i>psopt</i> | Pulse shaping option as described |
| <i>ithr</i> | Integration threshold in ADC counts gets actually used for significance in pixel timing. |

Returns

0 (OK), -1 (error)

< Pedestal in raw signal, per sample.

< Extension of summation/cog region [peakpos-w : peakpos+w]

References `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::adc_sum`, `hess_pixel_timing_struct::after_peak`, `hess_pixel_timing_struct::before_peak`, `H_MAX_SLICES`, `H_MAX_TEL`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::known`, `hess_pixel_timing_struct::known`, `hess_pixel_timing_struct::list_size`, `hess_pixel_timing_struct::list_type`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_gains`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_pixels`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_samples`, `hess_pixel_timing_struct::num_types`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::pixtm`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::raw`, `hess_event_data_struct::teldata`, `hess_pixel_timing_struct::threshold`, `hess_pixel_timing_struct::time_level`, and `hess_pixel_timing_struct::time_type`.

Referenced by `pixel_integration()`.

7.44.3.10 nb_peak_integration()

```
static int nb_peak_integration (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int lwt,
    int itel,
    int nsum,
    int nbefore,
    int * sigamp ) [static]
```

Integrate sample-mode data (traces) around a peak in the signal sum of neighbouring pixels.

The integration window can be anywhere in the available length of the traces. Since the calibration function subtracts a pedestal that corresponds to the total length of the traces we may also have to add a pedestal contribution for the samples not summed up. No weighting of individual samples is applied.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|---|
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>lwt</i> | Weight of the local pixel (0: peak from neighbours only, 1: local pixel counts as much as any neighbour). |
| <i>itel</i> | Sequence number of the telescope being processed. |
| <i>nsum</i> | Number of samples to sum up (is reduced if exceeding available length). |
| <i>nbefore</i> | Start the integration a number of samples before the peak, as long as it fits into the available data range. Note: for multiple gains, this results in identical integration regions. |
| <i>sigamp</i> | Amplitude in ADC counts above pedestal at which a signal is considered as significant (separate for high gain/low gain). |

References `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::adc_known`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::adc_sample`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::adc_sum`, `find_neighbours()`, `gradient_integration()`, `H_MAX_SLICES`, `H_MAX_TEL`, `HI_GAIN`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::known`, `LO_GAIN`, `nb_lists`, `camera_nb_list::nblist`, `camera_nb_list::nbsize`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_gains`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_pixels`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_samples`, `hess_tel_monitor_struct::pedestal`, `camera_nb_list::pix_first_nb`, `camera_nb_list::pix_num_nb`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::raw`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::significant`, `hess_event_data_struct::teldata`, and `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::zero_sup_mode`.

Referenced by `local_peak_integration()`, and `pixel_integration()`.

7.44.3.11 pixel_integration()

```
static int pixel_integration (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    struct user_parameters * up ) [static]
```

Pixel integration steering function.

Work is done in selected integration function.

References `clean_image_tailcut()`, `global_peak_integration()`, `gradient_integration()`, `user_parameters::integ_param`, `user_parameters::integ_thresh`, `user_parameters::integrator`, `local_peak_integration()`, `nb_fc_shaped_peak_integration()`, `nb_peak_integration()`, `set_integration_correction()`, and `simple_integration()`.

7.44.3.12 pixel_timing_analysis()

```
static int pixel_timing_analysis (
    AllHessData * hsddata,
    int itel,
    int nimg ) [static]
```

Calculate summary results from pixel timing data.

References hess_camera_settings_struct::flen, H_MAX_PIX_TIMES, H_MAX_TEL, image_reconstruct(), hess_tel_event_data_struct::img, hess_pixel_timing_struct::known, hess_tel_event_data_struct::num_image_sets, hess_pixel_timing_struct::num_pixels, hess_pixel_timing_struct::num_types, hess_tel_image_struct::phi, PIX_TIME_PEAKPOS_TYPE, PIX_TIME_STARTPOS_REL_TYPE, PIX_TIME_WIDTH_ABS_TYPE, PIX_TIME_WIDTH_REL_TYPE, hess_tel_event_data_struct::pixtm, hess_event_data_struct::teldata, hess_pixel_timing_struct::time_level, hess_pixel_setting_struct::time_slice, hess_pixel_timing_struct::time_type, hess_pixel_timing_struct::timval, hess_tel_image_struct::tm_residual, hess_tel_image_struct::tm_rise, hess_tel_image_struct::tm_slope, hess_tel_image_struct::tm_width1, hess_tel_image_struct::tm_width2, hess_tel_image_struct::x, hess_camera_settings_struct::xpix, hess_tel_image_struct::y, and hess_camera_settings_struct::ypix.

Referenced by image_reconstruct().

7.44.3.13 PzpsaPeakProperty()

```
static double PzpsaPeakProperty (
    int n,
    double * in,
    int pos,
    int w,
    double * intsum,
    double * cog ) [static]
```

Calculates the peak property of the signal in (n samples) at position pos.

The signal is integrated from sample pos-w to pos+w and the result is stored in intsum.

The cog is the center of gravity calculated by the area above the minimum of the signal from pos-w to pos+w

Returns a quality value for the signal which is defined as $\text{in}[\text{pos}] - (\text{in}[\text{start}] + \text{in}[\text{stop}]) / 2$. Negative values indicate that no positive signal was found.

Referenced by PzpsaSmoothUpsampleU16().

7.44.3.14 PzpsaSmoothUpsampleU16()

```
static int PzpsaSmoothUpsampleU16 (
    int n,
    int us,
    uint16_t * ip,
    double bl,
    double pz,
    double * op,
    double * max,
    int * at ) [static]
```

Upsample (expand the n input values to us samples each) Subtract baseline bl and correct for a single pole decay with the decay time pz and smooth the resulting trace with two moving averages with a width of us.

The output is placed in array op and returns the new number of samples (n*us).

This function derived from code by T.Kihm, using uint16_t for input array element type and double for output. Example: PzpsaSmoothUpsampleU16(50,4,tti,0.,mpz,tto,&mxop,&imxop);

Parameters

| | |
|------------|--|
| <i>n</i> | Number of elements in input array ip |
| <i>us</i> | Upsampling factor (use '4' to upsample from 250 MHz to one GHz). |
| <i>ip</i> | Pointer to input array of ADC raw data of type uint16_t |
| <i>bl</i> | Baseline (pedestal) on input per sample |
| <i>pz</i> | Pole-zero compensation factor in differencing ($0 \leq pz \leq 1$) |
| <i>op</i> | Pointer to output array of type double |
| <i>max</i> | Maximum content in output array (only filled if not NULL) |
| <i>at</i> | Position of maximum bin in output array (only filled if not NULL) |

< running indices

< the next and prev. input samples

< the running sum of 1.st and 2.nd average

< a temp var for intermediate copy

< the next and prev. pz corrected value

< the out pointer of the first runsum

< the out pointer of the second runsum

< the multiplier to correct the two runsums

< peak maximum

< peak position

References PzpsaPeakProperty().

Referenced by gradient_integration().

7.44.3.15 reconstruct()

```
int reconstruct (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int reco_flag,
    const double * min_amp,
    const size_t * min_pix,
    const double * tcl,
    const double * tch,
    const int * lref,
    const double * minfrac,
    int nimg,
    int flag_amp_tm,
    int clean_flag )
```

Image/shower reconstruction function.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>reco_flag</i> | If ≥ 3 then redo image cleaning before shower reconstruction. If ≥ 4 then the total image intensities are re-determined and that may change which images are used or not in the shower reconstruction. |
| <i>min_amp</i> | The minimum amplitude required in images (telescope-specific, that means requiring an array of at least size <code>H_MAX_TEL</code>). |
| <i>min_pix</i> | The minimum number of pixels required in images (telescope-specific). |
| <i>tcl</i> | The lower of the two tail-cut thresholds (telescope-specific). |
| <i>tch</i> | The higher of the two tail-cut thresholds (telescope-specific). |
| <i>lref</i> | Determines which pixel, after sorting by amplitude, will be used as providing the reference amplitude (telescope-specific). Example: use 3 for the third hottest pixel. If this number is ≤ 0 , the classical scheme is used. |
| <i>minfrac</i> | Which fraction of the reference amplitude is required for pixels to be included in the final image (telescope-specific). If this number is ≤ 0.0 , the classical scheme is used. |
| <i>nimg</i> | Which of (sometimes) several images should be filled? Use -1 to replace an existing image of the same cut id (if such an image exists) or add another image (if there is free space for it) or replace the first image (if all else fails). Use -2 to indicate that image analysis from normal integrated amplitude should go into first image and (if available) that from pixel timing (around local peak position or otherwise global peak position) should go into the second image. |
| <i>flag_amp_tm</i> | 0: Use normal integrated amplitude. 1: Use integration around global peak position from pulse shape analysis. May include all pixels or only selected. 2: Use integration around local peak position from pulse shape analysis. Return 0 for pixels without a fairly significant peak. |

References `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::known`, `hess_run_header_struct::ntel`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::raw`, `hess_event_data_struct::teldata`, and `user_get_type()`.

7.44.3.16 `second_moments()`

```
static int second_moments (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int cut_id,
    int nimg,
    double clip_amp ) [static]
```

Reconstruction of second moments parameters from cleaned image.

Referenced by `image_reconstruct()`.

7.44.3.17 `select_calibration_channel()`

```
void select_calibration_channel (
    int chn )
```

Control if only low-gain or high-gain should get used instead of both.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|--|
| <i>chn</i> | 0 (both channels), 1 (only high gain), 2 (only low gain) |
|------------|--|

7.44.3.18 set_disabled_pixels()

```
int set_disabled_pixels (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    double broken_pixels_fraction )
```

Set up pixels to be ignored (regarded as zero amplitude) in the analysis if they either have HV disabled or the camera active radius is clipped.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>itel</i> | Telescope index where we set new values. |
| <i>broken_pixels_fraction</i> | Optional fraction of additional pixels to be set like dead pixels (not usable for analysis). |

Disabled pixels are ignored in the evaluation of the camera radius.

References camera_nb_list::npix.

7.44.3.19 set_integration_correction()

```
static int set_integration_correction (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int integrator,
    int * intpar ) [static]
```

With partial pulse integration we extract a correction factor from partial to full pulse area from the reference pulse shape provided by MC.

Since actual pulses may have an intrinsic width (and as a result are wider than the reference pulse) this can still lead to a bit underestimated p.e. values. But this is hard to fix without knowing the true width of light pulses.

References H_MAX_SLICES, H_MAX_TEL, hess_pixel_setting_struct::lrefshape, hess_pixel_setting_struct::nrefshape, hess_camera_organisation_struct::num_gains, hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_samples, hess_tel_event_data_struct::raw, hess_pixel_setting_struct::ref_step, hess_pixel_setting_struct::refshape, hess_event_data_struct::teldata, and hess_pixel_setting_struct::time_slice.

Referenced by pixel_integration(), and qpol().

7.44.3.20 simple_integration()

```
static int simple_integration (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int itel,
    int nsum,
    int nskip ) [static]
```

Integrate sample-mode data (traces) over a common and fixed interval.

The integration window can be anywhere in the available length of the traces. Since the calibration function subtracts a pedestal that corresponds to the total length of the traces we may also have to add a pedestal contribution for the samples not summed up. No weighting of individual samples is applied.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>hsdata</i> | Pointer to all available data and configurations. |
| <i>itel</i> | Sequence number of the telescope being processed. |
| <i>nsum</i> | Number of samples to sum up (is reduced if exceeding available length). |
| <i>nskip</i> | Number of initial samples skipped (adapted such that interval fits into what is available). Note: for multiple gains, this results in identical integration regions. |

References `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::adc_known`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::adc_sample`, `hess_tel_event_`
`_adc_struct::adc_sum`, `global_peak_integration()`, `H_MAX_TEL`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::known`, `hess_`
`tel_event_adc_struct::num_gains`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_pixels`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::num_`
`_samples`, `hess_tel_monitor_struct::pedestal`, `hess_tel_event_data_struct::raw`, `hess_tel_event_adc_struct_`
`::significant`, `hess_event_data_struct::teldata`, and `hess_tel_event_adc_struct::zero_sup_mode`.

Referenced by `pixel_integration()`.

7.45 rndm2.h File Reference

Prototypes for random number generators adapted from HEP Random C++ code.

Macros

- `#define rndm(idummy) RandFlat()`
Backwards compatibility with rndm.c.
- `#define rannor(mean, sigma) RandGauss(mean,sigma)`
- `#define rdmin(iseed) Ranlux_setSeed(iseed,3);`
- `#define rdmout(piseed) fprintf(stderr,"rdmout() not implemented; use Ranlux_getStatus/Ranlux_setStatus instead\n");`
- `#define irndm(idummy) ((long)(RandFlat()*2147483648.))`

Typedefs

- `typedef int HepBoolean`
- `typedef double(* PFVD_t) (void)`

Functions

- void **SetRandomEngine** (PFVD_t f)
- void **Ranlux_setSeed** (long seed, int lux)
- void **Ranlux_setSeeds** (long *seeds, int lux)
- void **Ranlux_getStatus** (int *pseed, int seed_table[24], int *pi_lag, int *pj_lag, int *pcount24, double *pcarry)
- void **Ranlux_setStatus** (int *pseed, int seed_table[24], int *pi_lag, int *pj_lag, int *pcount24, double *pcarry)
- void **Ranlux_saveStatus** (const char *fname)
- void **Ranlux_restoreStatus** (const char *fname)
- void **Ranlux_showStatus** (void)
- double **Ranlux_RandFlat** (void)
- void **Ranlux_RandFlatArray** (int size, double *vect)
- double **RandFlat** (void)
- void **RandFlatArray** (int size, double *vect)
- void **RandGauss_setFlag** (HepBoolean val)
- HepBoolean **RandGauss_getFlag** (void)
- void **RandGauss_setVal** (double nextVal)
- double **RandGauss_getVal** (void)
- double **RandGauss** (double mean, double sigma)
- void **RandPoisson_setOldMean** (double val)
- double **RandPoisson_getOldMean** (void)
- double **RandPoisson_getMaxMean** (void)
- void **RandPoisson_setPStatus** (double sq, double alxm, double g)
- double * **RandPoisson_getPStatus** (void)
- long **RandPoisson** (double xm)
- double **RandExponential** (double mean)

7.45.1 Detailed Description

Prototypes for random number generators adapted from HEP Random C++ code.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

11 July 1997

CVS \$Date: 2009/12/07 18:27:28 \$

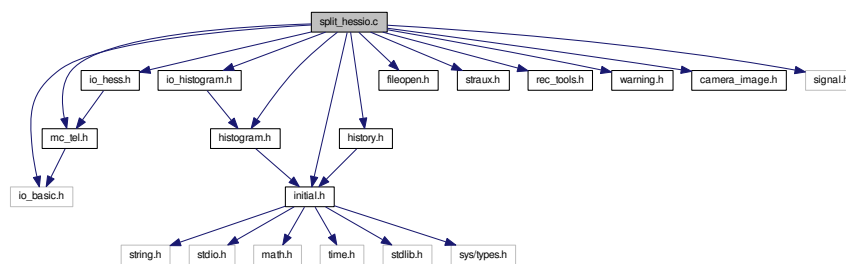
CVS \$Revision: 1.5 \$

7.46 split_hessio.c File Reference

Rip out data for each telescope into individual files.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "history.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "straux.h"
#include "rec_tools.h"
#include "warning.h"
#include "camera_image.h"
#include <signal.h>
```

Include dependency graph for split_hessio.c:



Functions

- void [stop_signal_function](#) (int isig)
Stop the program gracefully when it catches an INT or TERM signal.
- static void [syntax](#) (char *program)
Show program syntax.
- int [main](#) (int argc, char **argv)
Main program.

Variables

- static int **interrupted**

7.46.1 Detailed Description

Rip out data for each telescope into individual files.

Syntax: `split_hessio [options] [- | input_fname ...]`

Options:

```
-x          (Extract TelescopeEvent data from Event.)
-X          (Extract TelescopeEvent raw data (samples or sum).)
-i|--ignore (Ignore unknown data block types.)
-q|--quiet  (More quiet on standard output.)
-v|--verbose (More verbose on standard output.)
--max-events n (Skip remaining data after so many triggered events.)
--pure-raw   (Discard any sub-items of TelescopeEvent which are not raw data.)
--clean-history (Drop previous history data blocks)
--output-path d (Create output files in given directory instead of current.)
--only-telescope[s] (Only data for the given telescopes IDs is written.)
--not-telescope[s] (No data for the given telescopes IDs is written.)
```

@author Konrad Bernloehr

@date @verbatim CVS \$Date: 2017/05/16 12:31:52 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.8 \$

7.47 straux.c File Reference

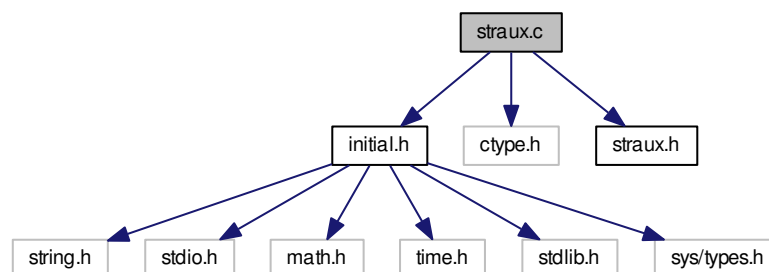
Check for abbreviations of strings and get words from strings.

```
#include "initial.h"
```

```
#include <ctype.h>
```

```
#include "straux.h"
```

Include dependency graph for straux.c:



Macros

- `#define NO_INITIAL_MACROS 1`

Functions

- int [abbrev](#) (CONST char *s, CONST char *t)
Compare strings s and t.
- int [getword](#) (CONST char *s, int *spos, char *word, int maxlen, char blank, char endchar)
*Copies a blank or '\0' or < endchar > delimited word from position *spos of the string s to the string word and increment *spos to the position of the first non-blank character after the word.*
- int [stricmp](#) (CONST char *a, CONST char *b)
Case independent comparison of character strings.

7.47.1 Detailed Description

Check for abbreviations of strings and get words from strings.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2010/07/20 13:37:45 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.4 \$

7.47.2 Function Documentation

7.47.2.1 abbrev()

```
int abbrev (
    CONST char * s,
    CONST char * t )
```

Compare strings *s* and *t*.

s may be an abbreviation of *t*. Upper/lower case in *s* is ignored. *s* has to be at least as long as the leading upper case, digit, and '_' part of *t*.

Parameters

| | |
|----------|--|
| <i>s</i> | The string to be checked. |
| <i>t</i> | The test string with minimum part in upper case. |

Returns

1 if *s* is an abbreviation of *t*, 0 if not.

7.47.2.2 getword()

```
int getword (
    CONST char * s,
    int * spos,
```

```
char * word,
int maxlen,
char blank,
char endchar )
```

Copies a blank or '\0' or < endchar > delimited word from position *spos of the string s to the string word and increment *spos to the position of the first non-blank character after the word.

The word must have a length less than or equal to maxlen.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>s</i> | string with any number of words. |
| <i>spos</i> | position in the string where we start and end. |
| <i>word</i> | the extracted word. |
| <i>maxlen</i> | the maximum allowed length of word. |
| <i>blank</i> | has the same effect as ' ', i.e. end-of-word. |
| <i>endchar</i> | his terminates the whole string (as '\0'). |

Returns

-2 : Invalid string or NULL -1 : The word was longer than maxlen (without the terminating '\0'); 0 : There were no more words in the string s. 1 : ok, we have a word and there are still more of them in the string s 2 : ok, but this was the last word

Referenced by addpath(), and user_set_tel_type_param_by_str().

7.47.2.3 stricmp()

```
int stricmp (
    CONST char * a,
    CONST char * b )
```

Case independent comparison of character strings.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|---------------------------|
| <i>a,b</i> | – strings to be compared. |
|------------|---------------------------|

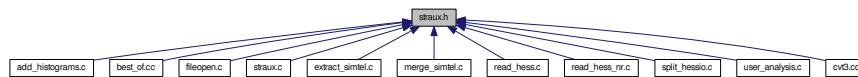
Returns

0 : strings are equal (except perhaps for case) >0 : a is lexically 'greater' than b <0 : a is lexically 'smaller' than b

7.48 straux.h File Reference

Check for abbreviations of strings and get words from strings.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- `#define` **CONST** const

Functions

- int **abbrev** (CONST char *s, CONST char *t)
Compare strings s and t.
- int **getword** (CONST char *s, int *spos, char *word, int maxlen, char blank, char endchar)
*Copies a blank or '\0' or < endchar > delimited word from position *spos of the string s to the string word and increment *spos to the position of the first non-blank character after the word.*
- int **stricmp** (CONST char *a, CONST char *b)
Case independent comparison of character strings.

7.48.1 Detailed Description

Check for abbreviations of strings and get words from strings.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2018/02/23 15:51:53 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.3 \$

7.48.2 Function Documentation

7.48.2.1 abbrev()

```
int abbrev (
    CONST char * s,
    CONST char * t )
```

Compare strings s and t.

s may be an abbreviation of t. Upper/lower case in s is ignored. s has to be at least as long as the leading upper case, digit, and '_' part of t.

Parameters

| | |
|----------|--|
| <i>s</i> | The string to be checked. |
| <i>t</i> | The test string with minimum part in upper case. |

Returns

1 if *s* is an abbreviation of *t*, 0 if not.

7.48.2.2 getword()

```
int getword (
    CONST char * s,
    int * spos,
    char * word,
    int maxlen,
    char blank,
    char endchar )
```

Copies a blank or '\0' or < *endchar* > delimited word from position **spos* of the string *s* to the string *word* and increment **spos* to the position of the first non-blank character after the word.

The word must have a length less than or equal to *maxlen*.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>s</i> | string with any number of words. |
| <i>spos</i> | position in the string where we start and end. |
| <i>word</i> | the extracted word. |
| <i>maxlen</i> | the maximum allowed length of word. |
| <i>blank</i> | has the same effect as ' ', i.e. end-of-word. |
| <i>endchar</i> | this terminates the whole string (as '\0'). |

Returns

-2 : Invalid string or NULL -1 : The word was longer than *maxlen* (without the terminating '\0'); 0 : There were no more words in the string *s*. 1 : ok, we have a word and there are still more of them in the string *s* 2 : ok, but this was the last word

7.48.2.3 stricmp()

```
int stricmp (
    CONST char * a,
    CONST char * b )
```

Case independent comparison of character strings.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|---------------------------|
| <i>a,b</i> | – strings to be compared. |
|------------|---------------------------|

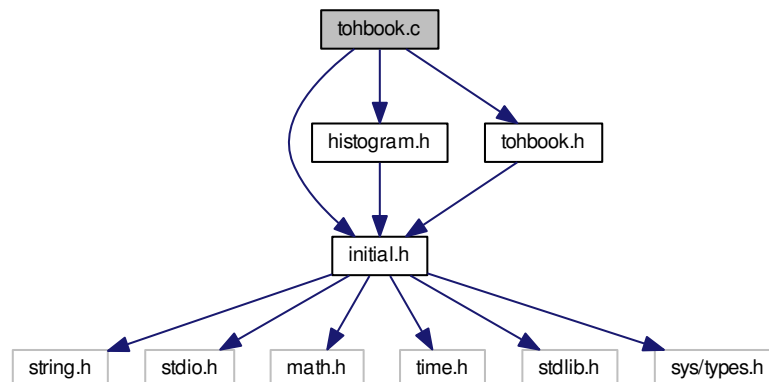
Returns

0 : strings are equal (except perhaps for case) >0 : a is lexically 'greater' than b <0 : a is lexically 'smaller' than b

7.49 tohbook.c File Reference

Convert my histograms to HBOOK (PAW) histograms.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "tohbook.h"
Include dependency graph for tohbook.c:
```

**Functions**

- void **convert_histograms_to_hbook** (const char *fname)
- int **histogram_to_hbook** (int ihisto, HISTOGRAM *histo)

7.49.1 Detailed Description

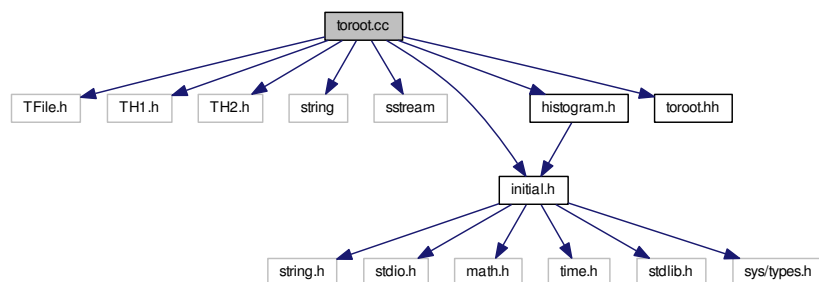
Convert my histograms to HBOOK (PAW) histograms.

7.50 toroot.cc File Reference

Functions for conversion of eventio histograms to ROOT format.

```
#include <TFile.h>
#include <TH1.h>
#include <TH2.h>
#include <string>
#include <sstream>
#include "initial.h"
#include "histogram.h"
#include "toroot.hh"
```

Include dependency graph for toroot.cc:



Functions

- string [num2str](#) (int i)
Convert an int to a string using the STL.
- string [num2str](#) (double d)
Convert a double to a string using the STL.
- template<class T >
string [num2str](#) (T num)
Convert various sorts of numbers to a string.
- void [convert_histograms_to_root](#) (const char *fname)
Open a ROOT file for output, convert all histograms known and write to file.
- int [histogram_to_root](#) (int ihisto, [HISTOGRAM](#) *histo)
Create a ROOT histogram from the eventio histogram.

7.50.1 Detailed Description

Functions for conversion of eventio histograms to ROOT format.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2018/04/16 16:57:08 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.13 \$

7.50.2 Function Documentation

7.50.2.1 convert_histograms_to_root()

```
void convert_histograms_to_root (
    const char * fname )
```

Open a ROOT file for output, convert all histograms known and write to file.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---------------------------|
| <i>fname</i> | Name of ROOT output file. |
|--------------|---------------------------|

References `get_first_histogram()`, `histogram_to_root()`, and `histogram::next`.

7.50.2.2 histogram_to_root()

```
int histogram_to_root (
    int ihisto,
    HISTOGRAM * histo )
```

Create a ROOT histogram from the eventio histogram.

Create a ROOT histogram and fill it with the contents of the given histogram, if it contains any entries. If the histogram has an ID number, it is booked with this Id. Otherwise, 90000 + a sequential number is used.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>ihisto</i> | Histogram sequential number |
| <i>histo</i> | Histogram pointer |

Returns

0 (ok), -1 (invalid histogram)

References `histogram::counts`, `Histogram_Extension::ddata`, `histogram::entries`, `histogram::extension`, `Histogram_Extension::fdata`, `get_histogram_by_ident()`, `histogram::ident`, `Histogram_Parameters::integer`, `Histogram_Parameters::lower_limit`, `histogram::nbins`, `histogram::nbins_2d`, `num2str()`, `histogram::overflow`, `histogram::overflow_2d`, `Histogram_Parameters::real`, `histogram::title`, `histogram::type`, `histogram::underflow`, `histogram::underflow_2d`, and `Histogram_Parameters::upper_limit`.

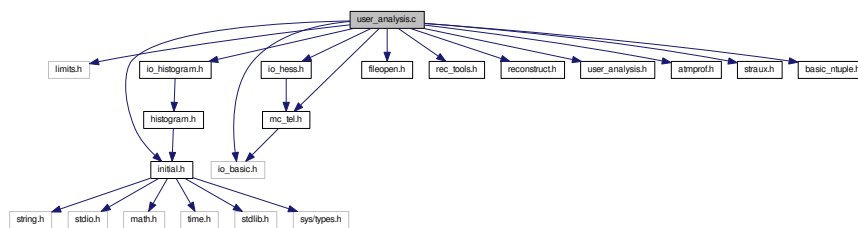
Referenced by `convert_histograms_to_root()`.

7.51 user_analysis.c File Reference

Code for analysis of simulated (and reconstructed) showers within the framework of the read_hess program.

```
#include <limits.h>
#include "initial.h"
#include "io_basic.h"
#include "mc_tel.h"
#include "io_hess.h"
#include "io_histogram.h"
#include "fileopen.h"
#include "rec_tools.h"
#include "reconstruct.h"
#include "user_analysis.h"
#include "atmprof.h"
#include "straux.h"
#include "basic_ntuple.h"
```

Include dependency graph for user_analysis.c:



Data Structures

- struct [tel_type_param](#)
- struct [telescope_list](#)
- struct [ebias_cor_data](#)

Macros

- #define **MAX_TEL_TYPES** 10
- #define **PATH_MAX** 4096

Functions

- static void [interp](#) (double x, double *v, int n, int *ipl, double *rpl)
Linear interpolation with binary search algorithm.
- static double [rpol](#) (double *x, double *y, int n, double xp)
Linear interpolation with binary search algorithm.
- void [user_set_lookup_file](#) (const char *fname)
Override the automatic naming for lookup files.
- void [user_set_histogram_file](#) (const char *fname)
Override the automatic naming for histogram files.
- void [user_set_telescope_type](#) (int itype)

- Select a specific telescope type for setting user parameters.*

 - int `user_set_tel_type_param_by_str` (const char *str)

Set telescope type parameters from a string (e.g.

 - int `which_telescope_type` (const struct `hess_camera_settings_struct` *cam_set)

Find out to which telescope type a telescope belongs, by best matching in the required parameters.

 - struct `user_parameters` * `user_get_parameters` (int tp)
 - int `user_get_type` (int itel)

Get the best matching telescope type for a given telescope index.

 - static double `eval_cut_param` (double *cut, double lgE)

Evaluate energy-dependent cut parameters with.

 - void `__attribute__` ((constructor))
 - void `user_set_flags` (int uf)

Set user-defined flags: used to active HESS-style analysis.

 - void `user_set_spectrum` (double di)

Set the difference between generated MC spectrum and the assumed source spectrum.

 - void `user_set_impact_range` (double *impact_range)

Set the acceptable ranges for reconstructed impact positions.

 - void `user_set_true_impact_range` (double *true_impact_range)

Set the acceptable ranges for true impact positions.

 - void `user_set_max_core_distance` (double rt)

Set the maximum core distance for telescopes if their images should be used beyond geometrical reconstruction.

 - void `user_set_min_amp` (double a)

Set the minimum amplitude of images usable for the analysis.

 - void `user_set_tail_cuts` (double tcl, double tch, int lref, double minfrac)

Set the lower and upper tail cuts for the standard two-level tail-cut scheme.

 - void `user_set_min_pix` (int mpx)

Set the minimum number of significant pixels in usable images.

 - void `user_set_reco_flag` (int rf)

Set the reconstruction level flag ('-r' option in read_hess).

 - void `user_set_tel_img` (int tmn, int tmx)

Set the minimum and maximum number of usable images for events used in analysis.

 - void `user_set_tel_list` (size_t min_tel, size_t ntel, int *tel_id)

You may have alternative selections of (fewer) telescopes.

 - void `user_set_max_theta` (double thmax, double thscale, double thmin)

Set the maximum angle between source and reconstructed shower direction.

 - void `user_set_theta_escalate` (double *thes)

By default the angular acceptance is the 80% containment radius.

 - void `user_set_de_cut` (double *dec)

The dE cut can be made more or less strict by a scale parameter which should be 1.0 by default and is below 1 for a stricter cut and above 1 for a looser cut.

 - void `user_set_de2_cut` (double *de2c)

Since the dE2 cut is not always of any help with default cut parameters, you can change the parameter to your needs.

 - void `user_set_hmax_cut` (double hmaxc)

The hmax cut can be made more or less strict by a scale parameter which should be 1.0 by default and is below 1 for a stricter cut and above 1 for a looser cut.

 - void `user_set_shape_cuts` (double wmin, double wmax, double lmin, double lmax)

Set shape cut parameters.

 - void `user_set_width_max_cut` (double *wmax)

Set energy dependent scaled width limit.

 - void `user_set_length_max_cut` (double *lmax)

Set energy dependent scaled length limit.

- void [user_set_focal_length](#) (double f)
Set the telescope effective focal length.
- void [user_set_clipping](#) (double dc)
Set the maximum radius to be used of a camera.
- void [user_set_clipamp](#) (double cpa)
Set the maximum amplitude in a pixel.
- void [user_set_trg_req](#) (int trg_req)
Set the required trigger type(s) as a bit pattern.
- void [user_set_diffuse_mode](#) (int dm, double oar[])
- void [user_set_verbosity](#) (int v)
- int [user_selected_event](#) ()
- void [user_set_auto_lookup](#) (int al)
- void [user_set_integrator](#) (int scheme)
- void [user_set_integ_window](#) (int nsum, int noff, int ps_opt)
- void [user_set_integ_threshold](#) (int ithg, int itlg)
- void [user_set_integ_no_rescale](#) (int no)
- void [user_set_calib_scale](#) (double s)
- void [user_set_nb_radius](#) (double *r)
- void [user_set_nxt_radius](#) (double r)
- static double [expected_max_height](#) (double E, double theta, double height)
Expected height of the shower maximum above the detector for gamma rays, based on simple analytical formula and exponential atmospheric profile.
- static double [expected_max_distance](#) (double E, double theta, double height)
Expected distance of the shower maximum from the detector for gamma rays, based on simple analytical formula and exponential atmospheric profile.
- static int [img_norm](#) (double w, double l, double A, double lgA, double rc, int tel_type, double *scrw, double *scl, double *scw, double *scl, double *sce, double *scer, double *rco, double *rcor, double *dimgo, double *dimgor)
Get scaled + reduced scaled image parameters (both HEGRA and HESS type scaling) as well as energy scaling from the lookups.
- double [ebias_correction](#) (double lgE)
Ask for a correction to log10(reconstructed energy), if available.
- void [set_ebias_correction](#) (HISTOGRAM *h)
Set correction to log10(reconstructed energy), if available.
- static void [init_telescope_types](#) (AllHessData *hsdata)
Initialize what of type each telescope is.
- static void [book_hist_global](#) (AllHessData *hsdata)
- static void [book_hist_for_type](#) (AllHessData *hsdata, int itype)
- static void [user_init](#) (AllHessData *hsdata)
Initialisation of user analysis, booking of histograms etc.
- static void [user_mc_shower_fill](#) (AllHessData *hsdata)
Work to be done once per generated shower.
- static void [user_mc_event_fill](#) (AllHessData *hsdata)
Work to be done once per shower usage.
- static void [user_event_fill](#) (AllHessData *hsdata, int stage)
Fill (triggered) event specific histograms etc.
- static void [user_done](#) (AllHessData *hsdata)
After all data for a file (usually one run) was processed.
- static char * [prog_path](#) (void)
Find the path from which the current program was started.
- static void [user_finish](#) (AllHessData *hsdata)
Final call before program terminates.
- int [do_user_ana](#) (AllHessData *hsdata, unsigned long item_type, int stage)

Variables

- static int **verbosity** = 0
- static int **user_init_done** = 0
- static int **current_tel_type** = 0
- static struct **tel_type_param** **def_tel_type_param** [MAX_TEL_TYPES]
- static int **saved_tel_type** [H_MAX_TEL]
- static char **user_lookup_fname** [1024]
- static char **hist_fname** [1024]
- static struct **telescope_list** * **alt_list** = NULL
- static size_t **n_list** = 0
- static double **max_theta** = 0.2 * (M_PI/180.)
- static double **min_theta** = 0.2 * (M_PI/180.)
- static struct **user_parameters** **up** [MAX_TEL_TYPES+2]
- static int **nparams**
 - Number of parameters, including: the gamma-ray source offset plus d_sp_idx, min_amp, tailcut_low, tailcut_high, min_pix, reco_flag, min_tel_img, max_tel_img, max_theta, theta_scale.*
- static int **nparams_i**
- static int **nparams_d**
- static double * **params**
- static double **opt_theta_cut** [7][H_MAX_TEL]
 - Angular cut limit is multiplicity dependent.*
- static int **diffuse_mode** = 0
- static double **diffuse_off_axis_min** = 0.
- static double **diffuse_off_axis_max** = M_PI/2.
- static int **event_selected** = 0
- static int **auto_lookup** = 0
- static int **telescope_type** [H_MAX_TEL]
 - Declare local (static) data here ...*
- static char **lookup_fname** [1024]
- static double **Az_src**
- static double **Alt_src**
- static double **Az_nom**
- static double **Alt_nom**
- static double **source_offset**
- static **MOMENTS** * **pixmom** = NULL
- static struct **ebias_cor_data** **ebias**
- static int **tel_types_change** = 0
- static int **stat_type** [MAX_TEL_TYPES+2]
- static int **init_hist_for_type** [MAX_TEL_TYPES+2]
- static int **init_hist_global** = 0
- struct **basic_ntuple** **bnt**

7.51.1 Detailed Description

Code for analysis of simulated (and reconstructed) showers within the framework of the read_hess program.

Users wanting to make use of such analysis should modify the user_* functions provided here or the do_user_ana() function. Except for the do_user_ana() function and the user_set_...() functions, all functions are declared as static to emphasize that their interfaces can be changed here to the user's desires.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

initial version: August 2006

CVS \$Date: 2017/10/14 17:51:29 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.79 \$

7.51.2 Function Documentation

7.51.2.1 ebias_correction()

```
double ebias_correction (  
    double lgE )
```

Ask for a correction to log10(reconstructed energy), if available.

Returns

Bias in log10(energy), to be subtracted from log10(energy), or 0.

References rpol(), and set_ebias_correction().

7.51.2.2 eval_cut_param()

```
static double eval_cut_param (  
    double * cut,  
    double lgE ) [static]
```

Evaluate energy-dependent cut parameters with.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>cut[0]</i> | the cut parameter at 1 TeV (lgE=0), |
| <i>cut[1]</i> | the slope of the cut parameters versus lgE, |
| <i>cut[2]</i> | the minimum cut parameter, |
| <i>cut[3]</i> | the maximum cut parameter. |

7.51.2.3 expected_max_distance()

```
static double expected_max_distance (
    double E,
    double theta,
    double height ) [static]
```

Expected distance of the shower maximum from the detector for gamma rays, based on simple analytical formula and exponential atmospheric profile.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>E</i> | The energy of the shower [TeV]. |
| <i>theta</i> | Then zenith angle of the shower [radians]. |
| <i>height</i> | The height above sea level of the experiment [m]. |

Returns

Distance of shower maximum from detector [m]

References `expected_max_height()`, and `img_norm()`.

Referenced by `expected_max_height()`.

7.51.2.4 expected_max_height()

```
static double expected_max_height (
    double E,
    double theta,
    double height ) [static]
```

Expected height of the shower maximum above the detector for gamma rays, based on simple analytical formula and exponential atmospheric profile.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|---|
| <i>E</i> | The energy of the shower [TeV]. |
| <i>theta</i> | Then zenith angle of the shower [radians]. |
| <i>height</i> | The height above sea level of the experiment [m]. |

Returns

Height of shower maximum above detector [m]

References `expected_max_distance()`.

Referenced by `expected_max_distance()`.

7.51.2.5 img_norm()

```
static int img_norm (
    double w,
    double l,
    double A,
    double lgA,
    double rc,
    int tel_type,
    double * scrw,
    double * scl,
    double * scw,
    double * scl,
    double * sce,
    double * scer,
    double * rco,
    double * rcor,
    double * dimgo,
    double * dimgor ) [static]
```

Get scaled + reduced scaled image parameters (both HEGRA and HESS type scaling) as well as energy scaling from the lookups.

All variables for the results are optional. For variables which are of no interest, pass a NULL pointer.

Parameters

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| <i>w</i> | Image width [rad]. |
| <i>l</i> | Image length [rad]. |
| <i>A</i> | Image amplitude [peak p.e.]. |
| <i>lgA</i> | log10(A) |
| <i>rc</i> | Reconstructed core distance. |
| <i>tel_type</i> | Telescope type (for multiple lookups). |
| <i>scrw</i> | Variable getting the scaled reduced width (HESS style). |
| <i>scl</i> | Variable getting the scaled reduced length (HESS style). |
| <i>scw</i> | Variable getting the scaled width (HEGRA style). |
| <i>scl</i> | Variable getting the scaled length (HEGRA style). |
| <i>sce</i> | Variable getting the expected energy [TeV] for the given amplitude at the given core distance. |
| <i>scer</i> | Variable getting the relative fluctuation of energy/amplitude at this point. |
| <i>rco</i> | Variable getting the expected core distance based on width/length and amplitude. |
| <i>rcor</i> | Variable getting the relative error in the core distance estimate. |
| <i>dimgo</i> | Variable getting the expected distance in the image (as for rco). |
| <i>dimgor</i> | Variable getting the relative error in the image distance estimate. |

Referenced by expected_max_distance().

7.51.2.6 init_telescope_types()

```
static void init_telescope_types (
    AllHessData * hsdata ) [static]
```

Initialize what of type each telescope is.

In normal simulation data this is only needed once but in complex merged (via `merge_simtel`) data the necessary info may not be available for all of them when types for the first of them is needed.

References `hess_run_header_struct::ntel`, `hess_camera_settings_struct::num_mirrors`, `telescope_type`, and `which_telescope_type()`.

Referenced by `set_ebias_correction()`.

7.51.2.7 `interp()`

```
static void interp (
    double x,
    double * v,
    int n,
    int * ipl,
    double * rpl ) [static]
```

Linear interpolation with binary search algorithm.

Linear interpolation between data point in sorted (i.e. monotonic ascending or descending) order. This function determines between which two data points the requested coordinate is and where between them. If the given coordinate is outside the covered range, the value for the corresponding edge is returned.

A binary search algorithm is used for fast interpolation.

Parameters

| | |
|------------|--|
| <i>x</i> | Input: the requested coordinate |
| <i>v</i> | Input: tabulated coordinates at data points |
| <i>n</i> | Input: number of data points |
| <i>ipl</i> | Output: the number of the data point following the requested coordinate in the given sorting ($1 \leq ipl \leq n-1$) |
| <i>rpl</i> | Output: the fraction $(x-v[ipl-1])/(v[ipl]-v[ipl-1])$ with $0 \leq rpl \leq 1$ |

References `rpol()`.

Referenced by `rpol()`.

7.51.2.8 `prog_path()`

```
static char * prog_path (
    void ) [static]
```

Find the path from which the current program was started.

Referenced by `user_done()`.

7.51.2.9 rpol()

```
static double rpol (
    double * x,
    double * y,
    int n,
    double xp ) [static]
```

Linear interpolation with binary search algorithm.

Linear interpolation between data point in sorted (i.e. monotonic ascending or descending) order. The resulting interpolated value is returned as a return value.

This function calls [interp\(\)](#) to find out where to interpolate.

Parameters

| | |
|-----------|--|
| <i>x</i> | Input: Coordinates for data table |
| <i>y</i> | Input: Corresponding values for data table |
| <i>n</i> | Input: Number of data points |
| <i>xp</i> | Input: Coordinate of requested value |

Returns

Interpolated value

References [interp\(\)](#).

Referenced by [ebias_correction\(\)](#), and [interp\(\)](#).

7.51.2.10 user_done()

```
static void user_done (
    AllHessData * hsdata ) [static]
```

After all data for a file (usually one run) was processed.

References [prog_path\(\)](#).

7.51.2.11 user_event_fill()

```
static void user_event_fill (
    AllHessData * hsdata,
    int stage ) [static]
```

Fill (triggered) event specific histograms etc.

< true energy [TeV]

< Event for desired spectral slope

< true core distance [m]

< reconstructed core distance [m]

< image amplitude [peak p.e.]

< image width [rad]

< image length [rad]

< radius of image c.o.g. in camera plane

< distance of image c.o.g. to source [rad]

< Amplitude and edge distance are ok

References hess_mc_shower_struct::altitude, hess_mc_shower_struct::azimuth, user_parameters::d_sp_idx, hess_mc_shower_struct::energy, H_MAX_TEL, basic_ntuple::xc, basic_ntuple::xc_true, hess_mc_event_struct::xc_core, basic_ntuple::yc, basic_ntuple::yc_true, and hess_mc_event_struct::ycore.

7.51.2.12 user_finish()

```
static void user_finish (
    AllHessData * hsdata ) [static]
```

Final call before program terminates.

7.51.2.13 user_get_type()

```
int user_get_type (
    int itel )
```

Get the best matching telescope type for a given telescope index.

If user analysis is not activated, this will always be type 0.

Referenced by reconstruct().

7.51.2.14 user_mc_event_fill()

```
static void user_mc_event_fill (
    AllHessData * hsdata ) [static]
```

Work to be done once per shower usage.

Depending on sim_hessarray flags this might be called only for triggered events or also for non-triggered events (default).

References hess_mc_shower_struct::altitude, hess_mc_shower_struct::azimuth, user_parameters::d_sp_idx, hess_mc_shower_struct::energy, fill_histogram_by_ident(), line_point_distance(), hess_mc_event_struct::xcore, and hess_mc_event_struct::ycore.

7.51.2.15 user_mc_shower_fill()

```
static void user_mc_shower_fill (
    AllHessData * hsdata ) [static]
```

Work to be done once per generated shower.

7.51.2.16 user_set_clipping()

```
void user_set_clipping (
    double dc )
```

Set the maximum radius to be used of a camera.

7.51.2.17 user_set_flags()

```
void user_set_flags (
    int uf )
```

Set user-defined flags: used to active HESS-style analysis.

Parameters

| | |
|-----------|--|
| <i>uf</i> | 0: not exactly HESS-style analysis; 1: HESS-style standard cuts; 2: HESS-style hard cuts; 3: HESS-style loose cuts. >=4: HESS-style (no re-scaling) but user-defined cut parameters. |
|-----------|--|

7.51.2.18 user_set_focal_length()

```
void user_set_focal_length (
    double f )
```

Set the telescope effective focal length.

7.51.2.19 user_set_length_max_cut()

```
void user_set_length_max_cut (
    double * lmax )
```

Set energy dependent scaled length limit.

7.51.2.20 user_set_tel_type_param_by_str()

```
int user_set_tel_type_param_by_str (
    const char * str )
```

Set telescope type parameters from a string (e.g.

on the command line).

Can be used to set all relevant parameters (others set to 0) or just to switch the active type (no parameters other than the type number).

References `getword()`.

7.51.2.21 user_set_theta_escale()

```
void user_set_theta_escale (
    double * thes )
```

By default the angular acceptance is the 80% containment radius.

Performance may improve by using a smaller radius at low energies (stricter cut) and a larger radius at high energies (looser cut). This sets an additional $\lg(E)$ dependent scaling factor.

7.51.2.22 user_set_width_max_cut()

```
void user_set_width_max_cut (
    double * wmax )
```

Set energy dependent scaled width limit.

7.51.3 Variable Documentation

7.51.3.1 opt_theta_cut

```
double opt_theta_cut[7][H_MAX_TEL] [static]
```

Angular cut limit is multiplicity dependent.

7.51.3.2 telescope_type

```
int telescope_type[H_MAX_TEL] [static]
```

Declare local (static) data here ...

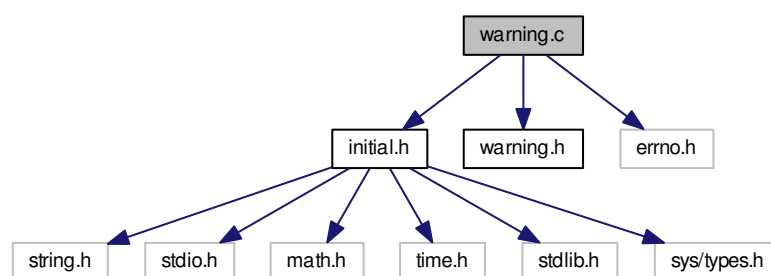
Referenced by `init_telescope_types()`.

7.52 warning.c File Reference

Pass warning messages to the screen or a usr function as set up.

```
#include "initial.h"
#include "warning.h"
#include <errno.h>
```

Include dependency graph for warning.c:



Data Structures

- struct [warn_specific_data](#)

A struct used to store thread-specific data.

Macros

- `#define __WARNING_MODULE 1`
- `#define get_warn_specific() (&warn_defaults)`

Functions

- void `warn_f_warning` (const char *msgtext, const char *msgorigin, int msglevel, int msgno)
Issue a warning to screen or other configured target.
- int `set_warning` (int level, int mode)
Set a specific warning level and mode.
- int `set_default_warning` (int level, int mode)
- void `warning_status` (int *plevel, int *pmode)
Inquire status of warning settings.
- void `set_logging_function` (void(*user_function)(const char *, const char *, int, int))
Set user-defined function for logging warnings and errors.
- void `set_default_logging_function` (void(*user_function)(const char *, const char *, int, int))
- int `set_log_file` (const char *fname)
Set a new log file name and save it in local storage.
- void `warn_f_output_text` (const char *text)
Print a text string (without appending a newline etc.) on the screen or send it to a controlling process, depending on the setting of the output function.
- void `flush_output` ()
Flush buffered output.
- void `set_output_function` (void(*user_function)(const char *))
Set a user-defined function as the function to be used for normal text output.
- void `set_default_output_function` (void(*user_function)(const char *))
- void `set_aux_warning_function` (char *(*auxfunc)(void))
Set an auxilliary function for warnings.
- void `set_default_aux_warning_function` (char *(*auxfunc)(void))

Variables

- static struct `warn_specific_data` `warn_defaults`

7.52.1 Detailed Description

Pass warning messages to the screen or a usr function as set up.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2014/02/20 10:53:06 \$

Version

```
CVS $Revision: 1.9 $
```

One of the most import parameter for setting up the bevaviour is the warning level:

```
-----
Warning level: The lowest level of messages to be displayed
-----
Warning mode:
bit 0: display on screen (stderr),
bit 1: write to file,
bit 2: write with user-defined logging function.
bit 3: display origin if supplied.
bit 4: open log file for appending.
bit 5: call auxilliary function for time/date etc.
bit 6: use the auxilliary function output as origin string
      if no explicit origin was supplied.
bit 7: use syslog().
-----
```

7.52.2 Function Documentation**7.52.2.1 flush_output()**

```
void flush_output (
    void )
```

Flush buffered output.

Output is flushed, no matter if it is standard output or a special output function;

Returns

(none)

7.52.2.2 set_aux_warning_function()

```
void set_aux_warning_function (
    char *(*)(void) auxfunc )
```

Set an auxilliary function for warnings.

This function may be used to insert time and date or origin etc. at the beginning of the warning text.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>auxfunc</i> | – Pointer to a function taking no argument and returning a character string. |
|----------------|--|

Returns

(none)

7.52.2.3 set_log_file()

```
int set_log_file (
    const char * fname )
```

Set a new log file name and save it in local storage.

If there was a log file with a different name opened previously, close it.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| <i>fname</i> | New name of log file for warnings |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (error)

7.52.2.4 set_logging_function()

```
void set_logging_function (
    void(*) (const char *, const char *, int, int) user_function )
```

Set user-defined function for logging warnings and errors.

Set a user-defined function as the function to be used for logging warnings and errors. To enable usage of this function, bit 2 of the warning mode must be set and other bits reset, if logging to screen and/or disk file is no longer wanted.

Parameter userfunc: Pointer to a function taking two strings (the message text and the origin text, which may be NULL) and two integers (message level and message number).

Returns

(none)

7.52.2.5 set_output_function()

```
void set_output_function (
    void(*) (const char *) user_function )
```

Set a user-defined function as the function to be used for normal text output.

Such a function may be used to send output back to a remote control process via network.

Parameter *userfunc*: Pointer to a function taking a string (the text to be displayed) as argument.

Returns

(none)

7.52.2.6 set_warning()

```
int set_warning (
    int level,
    int mode )
```

Set a specific warning level and mode.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>level</i> | Warnings with level below this are ignored. |
| <i>mode</i> | To screen, to file, with user function ... |

Returns

0 if ok, -1 if level and/or mode could not be set.

7.52.2.7 warn_f_output_text()

```
void warn_f_output_text (
    const char * text )
```

Print a text string (without appending a newline etc.) on the screen or send it to a controlling process, depending on the setting of the output function.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| <i>text</i> | A text string to be displayed. |
|-------------|--------------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.52.2.8 warn_f_warning()

```
void warn_f_warning (
    const char * msgtext,
    const char * msgorigin,
    int msglevel,
    int msgno )
```

Issue a warning to screen or other configured target.

Issue a warning to screen and/or file if the warning has a sufficiently large message 'level' (high enough severity). This function should best be called through the macros 'Information', 'Warning', and 'Error'. The name of this function has been changed from 'warning' to '_warning' to avoid trouble if you call 'warning' instead of 'Warning'. Now such a typo causes an error in the link step.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <i>msgtext</i> | Warning or error text. |
| <i>msgorigin</i> | Optional origin (e.g. function name) or NULL. |
| <i>msglevel</i> | Level of message importance: negative: debugging if needed, 0-9: informative, 10-19: warning, 20-29: error. |
| <i>msgno</i> | Number of message or 0. |

Returns

(none)

7.52.2.9 warning_status()

```
void warning_status (
    int * plevel,
    int * pmode )
```

Inquire status of warning settings.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>plevel</i> | Pointer to variable for storing current level. |
| <i>pmode</i> | Pointer to store the current warning mode. |

Returns

(none)

7.52.3 Variable Documentation

7.52.3.1 warn_defaults

```
struct warn_specific_data warn_defaults [static]
```

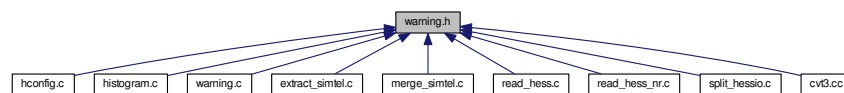
Initial value:

```
=
{
    0,
    1+8,
    "",
    "warning.log",
    "",
    0,
    NULL,
    NULL,
    NULL,
    NULL,
    0
}
```

7.53 warning.h File Reference

Pass warning messages to the screen or a usr function as set up.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- #define **WARNING_ORIGIN** (char *) NULL
- #define **Information**(string) [warn_f_warning](#)(string,WARNING_ORIGIN,0,0)
- #define **Warning**(string) [warn_f_warning](#)(string,WARNING_ORIGIN,10,0)
- #define **Error**(string) [warn_f_warning](#)(string,WARNING_ORIGIN,20,0)
- #define **Output**(string) [warn_f_output_text](#)(string)

Functions

- void **warn_f_warning** (const char *text, const char *origin, int level, int msgno)
Issue a warning to screen or other configured target.
- int **set_warning** (int level, int mode)
Set a specific warning level and mode.
- int **set_default_warning** (int level, int mode)
- void **warning_status** (int *plevel, int *pmode)
Inquire status of warning settings.
- void **set_logging_function** (void(*user_function)(const char *, const char *, int, int))
Set user-defined function for logging warnings and errors.
- void **set_default_logging_function** (void(*user_function)(const char *, const char *, int, int))
- int **set_log_file** (const char *fname)
Set a new log file name and save it in local storage.
- void **warn_f_output_text** (const char *text)
Print a text string (without appending a newline etc.) on the screen or send it to a controlling process, depending on the setting of the output function.
- void **flush_output** (void)
Flush buffered output.
- void **set_output_function** (void(*user_function)(const char *))
Set a user-defined function as the function to be used for normal text output.
- void **set_default_output_function** (void(*user_function)(const char *))
- void **set_aux_warning_function** (char *(*auxfunc)(void))
Set an auxilliary function for warnings.
- void **set_default_aux_warning_function** (char *(*auxfunc)(void))
- char * **warn_f_get_message_buffer** (void)

7.53.1 Detailed Description

Pass warning messages to the screen or a usr function as set up.

Author

Konrad Bernloehr

Date

CVS \$Date: 2010/07/20 13:37:45 \$

Version

CVS \$Revision: 1.5 \$

7.53.2 Function Documentation

7.53.2.1 flush_output()

```
void flush_output (
    void )
```

Flush buffered output.

Output is flushed, no matter if it is standard output or a special output function;

Returns

(none)

7.53.2.2 set_aux_warning_function()

```
void set_aux_warning_function (
    char *(*)(void) auxfunc )
```

Set an auxilliary function for warnings.

This function may be used to insert time and date or origin etc. at the beginning of the warning text.

Parameters

| | |
|----------------|--|
| <i>auxfunc</i> | – Pointer to a function taking no argument and returning a character string. |
|----------------|--|

Returns

(none)

7.53.2.3 set_log_file()

```
int set_log_file (
    const char * fname )
```

Set a new log file name and save it in local storage.

If there was a log file with a different name opened previously, close it.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| <i>fname</i> | New name of log file for warnings |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|

Returns

0 (o.k.), -1 (error)

7.53.2.4 set_logging_function()

```
void set_logging_function (
    void(*) (const char *, const char *, int, int) user_function )
```

Set user-defined function for logging warnings and errors.

Set a user-defined function as the function to be used for logging warnings and errors. To enable usage of this function, bit 2 of the warning mode must be set and other bits reset, if logging to screen and/or disk file is no longer wanted.

Parameter *userfunc*: Pointer to a function taking two strings (the message text and the origin text, which may be NULL) and two integers (message level and message number).

Returns

(none)

7.53.2.5 set_output_function()

```
void set_output_function (
    void(*) (const char *) user_function )
```

Set a user-defined function as the function to be used for normal text output.

Such a function may be used to send output back to a remote control process via network.

Parameter *userfunc*: Pointer to a function taking a string (the text to be displayed) as argument.

Returns

(none)

7.53.2.6 set_warning()

```
int set_warning (
    int level,
    int mode )
```

Set a specific warning level and mode.

Parameters

| | |
|--------------|---|
| <i>level</i> | Warnings with level below this are ignored. |
| <i>mode</i> | To screen, to file, with user function ... |

Returns

0 if ok, -1 if level and/or mode could not be set.

7.53.2.7 warn_f_output_text()

```
void warn_f_output_text (
    const char * text )
```

Print a text string (without appending a newline etc.) on the screen or send it to a controlling process, depending on the setting of the output function.

Parameters

| | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| <i>text</i> | A text string to be displayed. |
|-------------|--------------------------------|

Returns

(none)

7.53.2.8 warn_f_warning()

```
void warn_f_warning (
    const char * msgtext,
    const char * msgorigin,
    int msglevel,
    int msgno )
```

Issue a warning to screen or other configured target.

Issue a warning to screen and/or file if the warning has a sufficiently large message 'level' (high enough severity). This function should best be called through the macros 'Information', 'Warning', and 'Error'. The name of this function has been changed from 'warning' to '_warning' to avoid trouble if you call 'warning' instead of 'Warning'. Now such a typo causes an error in the link step.

Parameters

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <i>msgtext</i> | Warning or error text. |
| <i>msgorigin</i> | Optional origin (e.g. function name) or NULL. |
| <i>msglevel</i> | Level of message importance: negative: debugging if needed, 0-9: informative, 10-19: warning, 20-29: error. |
| <i>msgno</i> | Number of message or 0. |

Returns

(none)

7.53.2.9 warning_status()

```
void warning_status (
    int * plevel,
    int * pmode )
```

Inquire status of warning settings.

Parameters

| | |
|---------------|--|
| <i>plevel</i> | Pointer to variable for storing current level. |
| <i>pmode</i> | Pointer to store the current warning mode. |

Returns

(none)

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