## **Research Paper Summaries**

To expand the number of research papers that we can collectively cover during the course, a number of papers will be "presented" to the class in the form of written summaries (or if the student prefers, a 5-minute video clip instead of the written summary). Each student is responsible for reviewing one paper and contributing a high quality summary that will be shared with the class. This summary counts as part of the *scholarly engagement* component of the course grade. Reviews for papers are due during different modules; often the due date is designed so that the paper is topical for the current material.

Each student will be assigned to one of two groups (A or B). All students are expected to read/view the summaries for their respective group. There will be a discussion area to post questions about summarized papers; if you provided a review, you are expect to respond to posts asking questions about your paper. I may sometimes ask questions about a paper.

Summaries are not to exceed 2 printed pages (or a 5-minute video clip). The summary should be provided as a PDF (or MP4) attachment to a post which announces the summary in the Reviews area on the discussion forum. In your announcement post please include citation information (*i.e.*, authors and title), and if possible a link to where the original paper can be accessed online.

I can provide copies of papers that you are unable to find online. Just email me if you can't find a paper or have a particular question about it.

I have prepared a list of research papers below to choose from. Not every one of these papers will be reviewed. The due date for each review is the **start of the module** given in the leftmost column.

**To do by the end of Module 3:** Email me with a list of your top three (or at most four) choices for a paper to review from the list below. I am normally able to give everyone one of their top three selections. Also, if there is a paper not from the list below that you feel would be a good paper to review for the class, you can include that in your list as well (perhaps giving a rationale for why it is a good choice). If you do not send me your preferred list of three papers by the end of Module 3, I will select a paper for you.

During Module 4 I will contact you with a paper assignment. Also during Module 4 I will post a review of my own, which may serve as a useful example.

**To do at or near to the <u>start</u> of the indicated Module for your assigned paper**: Create an announcement post on the discussion forum indicating your summary is available. Attach your PDF/MP4 summary so others can view it.

Your review should cover the following aspects: the project/experiment's goals and motivation; essential review of background material/definitions/prior work; the key technical points and results of the paper; and reasoned criticism (strengths, weaknesses, and/or novel applications of the work). Below is a rubric that I will use to assess the summaries.

## **Assessment Rubric**

	Poor = 0	Fair = 1	Good = 2	Excellent $= 3$
Writing	The grammar and spelling is bad. Content is poorly organized, too short, or too long.	There are some distracting errors. Could be improved with editing.	Errors are few. Meaning is clear and content is well organized.	Summary is well organized, clear, and free from error.
Motivation	No attempt is made to explain why this paper is important or how it makes a meaningful contribution.	Author's own comments about motivation are repeated verbatim.	Reasonable explanation of why this problem is or is not important, and/or how its results can be applied.	Student clearly understands contribution of paper and impact of the work. May have done background research to appreciate the study.
Background	Unclear how well the student understood important technical background for this paper.	Reasonable attempt to convey important background details to reader.	Salient background material is explained in appropriate detail to reader.	Salient background material is explained in appropriate detail to reader. Evinces effort to make unfamiliar concepts understandable using an economy of space. May show evidence of additional research beyond the current paper.
Technical Detail	The reviewer fails to explain important details of the paper. Key findings may have been missed.	The reviewer understood some of the technical concepts of the paper and conveyed them, but some valuable elements are missing or unclear.	The reviewer understood the important technical details of the paper and these are clearly conveyed.	It is clear that the reviewer understood the important technical details of the paper. Key results and/or subtle observations are articulately explained. Nothing is missed.
Reasoned criticism	Little or no attempt is made to judge the merits of the paper and its impact.	Effort is made to judge the paper. Claims are mainly correct and have a justification.	The paper is judged on multiple dimensions. The review exhibits some non-trivial insights.	The implications of the work, and the strengths and weaknesses of problem, dataset, experimental design, and analysis are well articulated.
Online delivery and response	Review is late, or minimal effort is made to respond to posts about the review.	Review is posted on time. Effort is made to respond to questions about the review.	Review is posted on time.  Questions are responded to in a timely fashion, with appropriate responses.	Review is posted on time. Reponses to questions are timely and appropriate. Effort is spent to inform or educate readers about the subject.

## **List of Research Papers**

Mod	Paper	Possible URL for the paper	My comments
ule	M. C. d. L. All. M. L. L. L. A.	1,, //	T : ( 1 1 C II 1
5	M. Cartright, J. Allan, V. Lavrenko, and A. McGregor, 'Fast Query Expansion Using Approximations of Relevance Models'. ACM CIKM 2010.	http://maroo.cs.umass.edu/pub/web/getpdf.php?id=943	Trying to make relevance feedback efficient enough for web-scale use.
5	Yilmaz and Aslam, Estimating Average Precision with Incomplete and Imperfect Judgments, CIKM-06, pp. 102-111.	http://goanna.cs.rmit.edu.au/~aht/tiger/p102-yilmaz.pdf	An alternative method to evaluate IR systems instead of average precision
5	Sanderson and Zobel, Information Retrieval System Evaluation: Effort, Sensitivity, and Reliability, SIGIR 2005, pp. 162-169	http://goanna.cs.rmit.edu.au/~jz/ fulltext/sigir05.pdf	Statistical significance testing in IR evaluations, and whether more topics, shallowly assessed is a good idea.
6	Amati and van Rijsbergen, Probabilistic models of information retrieval based on measuring the divergence from randomness, ACM TOIS 20(4):357-389, 2002.	http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewd oc/download?doi=10.1.1.97.827 4&rep=rep1&type=pdf	A more theoretical paper about a novel method for computing document similarity.
6	D. Bahle., H. E. Williams, and J. Zobel, 'Efficient Phrase Querying with an Auxiliary Index.' SIGIR-02, pp. 215-221, 2002.	http://eprints.gla.ac.uk/3798/1/3 798.pdf	Using extra disk space to speed up phrasal querying. Neat data structures.
6	M. Yamamoto, and K. Church, 'Using Suffix Arrays to Compute Term Frequency and Document Frequency for All Substrings in a Corpus'. Computational Linguistics 27(1), 2001.	http://acl.ldc.upenn.edu/J/J01/J0 1-1001.pdf	A different form of index based on suffix arrays.
6	Dehghani et al., Neural Ranking Models with Supervision. SIGIR 2017	https://arxiv.org/abs/1704.08803	Weak supervision to train NNs for ad hoc ranking.
6	Goodwin et al., BitFunnel: Revisiting Signatures for Search. SIGIR 2017	https://danluu.com/bitfunnel- sigir.pdf	Microsoft paper describing efficiency technique (signatures) with improved accuracy.
7	R. Mihalcea and V. Nastase, Letter Level Learning for Language Independent Diacritics Restoration, CoNLL-2002	http://aclweb.org/anthology/W0 2-2021	A means to correct text with mistakes in diactrical markings.
7	T. Bekhuis and D. Demner-Fushman, Screening nonrandomized studies for medical systematic reviews: a comparative study of classifiers. AI in Medicine 55(3), 2012.	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pu bmed/22677493	Applied various supervised machine learning techniques to improve systematic reviews.
7	Piji Li, Zihao Wang, Zhaochun Ren, Lidong Bing, and Wai Lam. Neural Rating Regression with Abstractive Tips Generation for Recommendation. SIGIR 2017	https://arxiv.org/abs/1708.00154	Deep learning approach to collaborative filtering for product reviews.
8	A. Irvine & C. Callison-Burch, Hallucinating Phrase Translations for Low Resource MT, ACL 2014.	http://www.aclweb.org/antholog y/W14-1617	Learning to identify phrase translations for low-resource languages to improve MT. Relies on over-generate and test.
8	D. Munteanu and D. Marcu, 'Extracting Parallel Sub-Sentential Fragments from Comparable Corpora', ACL 2006.	http://www.isi.edu/~marcu/paper s/munteanu-marcu-acl06.pdf	Method to find more data to learn word translations.
8	Gupta et al., Query Expansion for Mixed-Script Information Retrieval, ACM SIGIR 2014	http://research.microsoft.com/pu bs/226107/SIGIR_2014_MSIR.p df	Explores issues when foreign language data is written in Romanized forms instead of the standards writing system.
9	A. Mehta, A. Saberi, U. Vazirani, and V. Vazirani, Adwords and generalized online matching, JACM 54(5), 2007.	http://web.stanford.edu/~saberi/a dwords.pdf	How should a search engine decide which sponsored ads to show with a query?
9	I. Vulic and M-F. Moens, Bilingual Word Embeddings from Non-Parallel Document- Aligned Data Applied to Bilingual Lexicon Induction, ACL 2015	http://www.aclweb.org/antholog y/P/P15/P15-2118.pdf	Technique for learning word translations using bilingual word embeddings produced from non-parallel training data.

9	K. Gyllstrom and M-F. Moens, 'Wisdom of the Ages: Toward Delivering the Children's Web with the Link-based AgeRank Algorithm'. CIKM 2010.	http://www.cs.unc.edu/~karl/cik m296i-gyllstrom.pdf	A PageRank inspired approach to identify web documents suited for younger readers
10	A. Severyn & A. Moschitti, Learning to Rank Short Text Pairs with Convolutional Deep Neural Networks. SIGIR 2015.	http://disi.unitn.it/~severyn/pape rs/sigir-2015-long.pdf	Using word embedding models to identify semantically similar short text spans (such as sentences).
10	Olga Vechtomova, Noun Phrases in Interactive Query Expansion and Document Ranking, Information Retrieval vol 9, 2006.	http://ov- research.uwaterloo.ca/papers/IR- 2006.pdf	Use of noun phrases in query expansion. Nice discussion about the value of phrases in IR.
10	Peter Christen, A Comparison of Personal Name Matching: Techniques and Practical Issues. Technical Report.	http://datamining.anu.edu.au/pub lications/2006/tr-cs-06-02.pdf	Explores methods to match personal names which are often spelled differently in data bases and texts.
11	David Carmel et al, Static Index Pruning for Information Retrieval Systems, SIGIR 2001, pp. 43-50.	http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewd oc/download?doi=10.1.1.58.875 9&rep=rep1&type=pdf	Reduce inverted file size by selectively removing some items in postings lists.
11	Shieh et al., 'Inverted file compression through document identifier reassignment', Information Processing and Management, 39(1), 117-131, 2003.	http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0306457302000201	An efficiency trick that reduces inverted file size.
11	Martinez et al., Improving search over Electronic Health Records using UMLS-based query expansion through random walks, Journal of Biomedical Informatics, v54, 2014.	http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1532046414000987	Use of random walks (like PageRank) to find expansion concepts to improve medical search.
11	Moshfeghi et al., Understanding Information Need: An fMRI Study, SIGIR 2016.	http://eprints.gla.ac.uk/118374/	Best paper at SIGIR 2016. Human subjects underwent fMRI while performing a QA task.
12	D. Ravichandran and E. Hovy, 'Learning Surface Text Patterns for a Question Answering System'. ACL 2002.	http://www.isi.edu/natural- language/projects/webclopedia/p ubs/02ACL-patterns.pdf	Reducing the need for supervised training in relation extraction
12	Y. Shinyama and S. Sekine. Preemptive Information Extraction Using Unrestricted Relation Discovery. HLT-2006.	http://www.aclweb.org/antholog y/N/N06/N06-1039.pdf	A paper on Open IE - an unsupervised type of information extraction
12	S. Kim and S. Cassidy, Finding Names in Trove: Named Entity Recognition for Australian Historical Newspapers, ALTA, 2015.	http://aclweb.org/anthology/U/U 15/U15-1007.pdf	Finding names in historical newspaper archives.
13	I. Yalniz and R. Manmatha, Finding Translations in Scanned Book Collections, SIGIR 2012	http://130.203.136.95/viewdoc/d ownload;jsessionid=BF0E3A51 C814B1E3254C9C8CF4E25F33 ?doi=10.1.1.367.269&rep=rep1 &type=pdf	A novel approach to long document deduplication using longest common subsequences
13	S. Bartlett, G. Kondrak, and C. Cherry, 'On the Syllabification of Phonemes', NAACL 2009.	http://www.aclweb.org/antholog y/N/N09/N09-1035.pdf	Deciding how written words are correctly pronounced and where syllable boundaries lie.
13	W. Magdy and K. Darwish, 'Effect of OCR Error Correction on Arabic Retrieval', Information Retrieval 11(5), pgs 405-425, 2008.	http://link.springer.com/article/1 0.1007%2Fs10791-008-9055- y?LI=true	Working with messy multilingual data.