

DATA SET DESCRIPTION

Hourly station observations of wind velocity ca. 10 m above ground in m/s for Germany

Version v21.3 & recent

Cite data set as: DWD Climate Data Center (CDC): Hourly station observations of wind velocity ca. 10 m above ground in m/s

for Germany, version v21.3, last accessed: <date>.

Dataset-ID: urn:x-wmo:md:de.dwd.cdc::OBS_DEU_PT1H_FF

alias: urn:x-wmo:md:de.dwd.cdc::VGSL_FF_MN008

INTENT OF THE DATASET

The hourly station measurements of the wind speed is the mean wind speed of the last 10 minutes before the observation (hh -10) on the ground at a height of approx. 10 m in m/s.

This data are from DWD stations operated for climatological and climate related applications (partner stations not included). Comprehensive station metadata (station relocation, instrument change, time zones, change of algorithms) are included in the downloads from the CDC Portal.

Up until the cut-off date, 2020-12-31, the data are versioned, for more recent data the quality control is not yet complete.

POINT OF CONTACT

Deutscher Wetterdienst CDC - Vertrieb Klima und Umwelt Frankfurter Straße 135

Tel.: + 49 (0) 69 8062-4400 Fax.: + 49 (0) 69 8062-4499 Mail: klima.vertrieb@dwd.de

63067 Offenbach

DATA DESCRIPTION

Spatial coverage Germany

Temporal coverage 1949-01-01 until - yesterday

Temporal resolution hourly

Projection EPSG:4326

Format(s) According to the SYNOP convention, the hour hh refers to the measurement time at hh - 10min (e.g., UTC11

is related to the observation of UTC10:50).

Units GUID CDC system wide unique String

identifier of the observation (PRODUCT_CODE.NUMBER)

record

SDO_GEOM the geometry of the spatial data String (OGC WKT)

object



SDO_TYPE type of the spatial data object, String (OGC WKT) like Station, Region, Cell, ...

SDO_GUID CDC system wide unique

identifier of the spatial data object

(SDO)

SDO_CODE ID of the spatial data object String

(SDO), as it is defined in the

domain of the DWD

SDO_NAME name of the spatial data object String

(SDO), as it is defined in the

domain of the DWD

ZEITSTEMPEL reference datetime for the value (! datetime (YYYY-MM-DD

= measurement time) hh:mi:ss)

Number

ZEITINTERVALL length of the reference interval String (ISO_8601#time_intervals)

WERT Hourly station observations of

wind velocity ca. 10 m above

ground in m/s

EINHEIT Unit of measure of the value String

QUALITAET_BYTE QUALITAET_BYTE (QB) denotes Number

whether the value was objected to and/or corrected (see quality

flag)

QUALITAET_NIVEAU QUALITAET_NIVEAU (QN) Number

describes the procedure of quality control and refers to a complete set of parameters at a specific

date.(see quality flag)

BEOBACHTER_GUID ::TO-DEPRECATE@cdc2.1- Number

next:: CDC system wide unique identifier of the spatial data object

(SDO)

STATION_ID ::TO-DEPRECATE@cdc2.1- String

next:: ID of the spatial data object (SDO), as it is defined in the

domain of the DWD

STATION_NAME ::TO-DEPRECATE@cdc2.1- String

next:: name of the spatial data object (SDO), as it is defined in the domain of the DWD

GEOM ::TO-DEPRECATE@cdc2.1- String (OGC WKT)

next:: the geometry of the spatial

data object

Uncertainties

The stations are nowadays selected and operated according to WMO guidelines. Though these guidelines aim at minimizing possible local effects, still some applications of certain parameters may require the consideration of local and regional effects. Note that when going back to historical times, such guidelines might not have been in place. Depending on the application, local, regional and influences changing with time should be considered, which can be location- and parameter specific. Sources of long-term uncertainty are (1) changes in station height when station was re-located, information on this is within the station's metadata; (2) changes in the observation times and (3) changes in the averaging interval. Details on (2)



and (3) can be found in the stationwise metadata. Uncertainties are also expected from (4) changes in instrumentation, see instrument metadata; and possibly also from (5) varying quality control procedures (Behrendt et al., 2011). Further, uncertainties are known to come from (6) errors during data transfer or errors in the software, (7) change of observing personnel, and (8) others, see Freydank, 2014.

Quality information

The QUALITAETS_BYTE (QB) denotes whether the value was objected to and/or corrected.

Explanation for QB:

QB = 0 : denotes not flagged,

QB = 1: had no objections (either checked and not objected, or not checked and not objected, this can be interpreted only when considering QN):

QB = 2 : corrected;

QB = 3: confirmed with objection rejected;

QB = 4 : added or calculated:

QB = 5 : objected;

QB = 6 : only formally checked; QB = 7 : formal objection;

QB = -999 : quality flag does not exist.

The QUALITAETS_NIVEAU (QN) shows the quality control procedure applied for a data report (of several parameters) for a certain reporting time.

Explanation for QN:

QN = 1: only formal control;

QN = 2: controlled with individually defined criteria;

QN = 3: automatic control and correction;

QN = 5: historic, subjective procedures;

QN = 7: second control done, before correction;

QN = 8 : quality control outside ROUTINE;

QN = 9: not all parameters corrected;

QN = 10 : quality control finished, all corrections finished.

Data before and including 1980 can reach as best quality check level QN=5. Data after 1980 can reach QN=10 as best quality check level.

DATA ORIGIN

The hourly station measurement of the wind speed is the mean wind speed of the last 10 minutes before the observation (hh -10) on the ground at a height of approx. 10 m in m/s.

The data are taken from the station measuring networks of Deutscher Wetterdienst as well as its predecessor organisations. The dataset is regularly updated with recent as well as with recovered historical data.

From 1997 onwards, the data have been imported operationally into the central specialist database and archived, see Behrendt et al., 2011, and Kaspar et al., 2013. Note that when going back to historical times, guidelines on observation procedure, instruments and observation times were issued by the authority in charge (see, e.g., Freydank, 2014), and might be incompletely recorded in the metadata. As explained in Kaspar et al., 2013 in the early years numerous meteorological agencies were active in the area of todays Germany. After establishment of the der International Meteorological Organization (IMO) in 1873, the various standards were gradually harmonized, resulting in a single standard 1936. After 1945, the standards in East and West Germany developed differently, and were harmonized again after re-unification in 1990. Between the end of the nineties and 2009 many stations were changed from manual to automated.

VALIDATION AND UNCERTAINTY ESTIMATE

Several steps of operational automatic quality control are applied (see Kaspar et al., 2013). Procedures completed depend on age of data. Automatic tests include tests for completeness, temporal and internal consistency, and against statistical thresholds (based on the software QualiMet, Spengler, 2002).



CONSIDERATIONS FOR APPLICATIONS

For the long term stability, refer to the relevant aspects of discussed in the section uncertainty.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For the most recent data the quality control is not completed yet. There are still issues to be discovered in the historical data. We welcome any hints to improve the data basis (see contact).

REFERENCES

Behrendt, J., et al.: Beschreibung der Datenbasis des NKDZ. Version 3.5, Offenbach, 15.02.2011.

Kaspar, F., et al.: Monitoring of climate change in Germany – data, products and services of Germany's National Climate Data Centre. Adv. Sci. Res., 10, doi:10.5194/asr-10-99-2013, 99–106, 2013.

Spengler, R.: The new Quality Control- and Monitoring System of the Deutscher Wetterdienst. Proceedings of the WMO Technical Conference on Meteorological and Environmental Instruments and Methods of Observation, Bratislava, 2002.

Freydank, E.: 150 Jahre staatliche Wetter- und Klimabeobachtungen in Sachsen. Tharandter Klimaprotokolle Band 21, 2014.

DWD Vorschriften und Betriebsunterlagen Nr. 3 (VuB 3), Technikerhandbuch (THB) für Wettermeldestellen des synoptisch-klimatologischen Mess- und Beobachtungsnetzes, März 2014b.

DWD Vorschriften und Betriebsunterlagen Nr. 3 (VuB 3), Beobachterhandbuch (BHB) für Wettermeldestellen des synoptischklimatologischen Mess- und Beobachtungsnetzes, März 2014a.

DWD Vorschriften und Betriebsunterlagen Nr. 2 (VuB 2), Wetterschlüsselhandbuch Band D, Nov 2013.

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REVISION HISTORY

This document is maintained by the Climate Data Center (CDC) of DWD, last edited on 2021-07-14.