

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}; \overrightarrow{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}; \overrightarrow{OC} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}; \overrightarrow{OD} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -9 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overrightarrow{AB} &= \overrightarrow{OB} - \overrightarrow{OA} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overrightarrow{BC} &= \overrightarrow{OC} - \overrightarrow{OB} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overrightarrow{CD} &= \overrightarrow{OD} - \overrightarrow{OC} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -9 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -12 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overrightarrow{DA} &= \overrightarrow{OA} - \overrightarrow{OD} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -9 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 10 \\ -12 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overrightarrow{AB} &= \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} & \overrightarrow{BC} &= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \\ \overrightarrow{CD} &= \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -12 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} & \overrightarrow{DA} &= \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 10 \\ -12 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Einfach gesehen lul:

$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \lambda \cdot \overrightarrow{CD}$$

$$A = \frac{\left| \overrightarrow{AB} \right| + \left| \overrightarrow{CD} \right|}{2} \cdot h$$

$$h = \left| \overrightarrow{OS} - \overrightarrow{OA} \right| \quad \left| \begin{array}{ll} \overrightarrow{OS} \in g : \vec{x} & g : \vec{x} \parallel \overrightarrow{CD} \\ \overrightarrow{AS} \perp g : \vec{x} & \overrightarrow{OD} \in g : \vec{x} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} g : \vec{x} &= \overrightarrow{OD} + \lambda \cdot \overrightarrow{CD} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -9 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -12 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \\ \overrightarrow{OA} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\overrightarrow{CD} \circ \left[\overrightarrow{OX} - \overrightarrow{OA} \right] = 0$$

$$\overrightarrow{CD} \circ \overrightarrow{OX} - \overrightarrow{CD} \circ \overrightarrow{OA} = 0 \qquad | \quad + \overrightarrow{CD} \circ \overrightarrow{OA}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -12 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -12 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -6x_1 - 12x_2 + 12x_3 &= 6 & | \quad \div (-6) \\ x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$g : \vec{x} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -9 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -12 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (-4 - 6\lambda) + 2(-9 - 12\lambda) - 2(14 + 12\lambda) &= -1 \\ \lambda &= -\frac{49}{54} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} g : \vec{x} &= \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -9 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} + \left(-\frac{49}{54}\right) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -12 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} -4 + \frac{49}{54} \cdot 6 \\ -9 + \frac{49}{54} \cdot 12 \\ 14 - \frac{49}{54} \cdot 12 \end{pmatrix} \\ \overrightarrow{OS} &= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{13}{9} \\ \frac{17}{9} \\ \frac{28}{9} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h &= \left| \overrightarrow{OS} - \overrightarrow{OA} \right| \\ &= \left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{13}{9} \\ \frac{17}{9} \\ \frac{28}{9} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \right| \\ &= \left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{9} \\ \frac{8}{9} \\ \frac{10}{9} \end{pmatrix} \right| \\ &= \sqrt{\left(\frac{4}{9}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{8}{9}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{10}{9}\right)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{4^2}{9^2} + \frac{8^2}{9^2} + \frac{10^2}{9^2}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{16}{9^2} + \frac{64}{9^2} + \frac{100}{9^2}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{180}{9^2}} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{180}}{9} \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{3} \approx 1,4901 \text{ [LE]} \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \frac{\left| \overrightarrow{AB} \right| + \left| \overrightarrow{CD} \right|}{2} \cdot h$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \frac{\sqrt{2^2 + 4^2 + (-4)^2} + \sqrt{(-6)^2 + (-12)^2 + 12^2}}{2} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{3} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{4 + 16 + 16} + \sqrt{36 + 144 + 144}}{2} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{3} \\ &= \frac{6 + 18}{2} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{3} \\ &= 12 \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{3} \\ &= 8\sqrt{5} \approx 17,889 \text{ [FE]} \end{aligned}$$