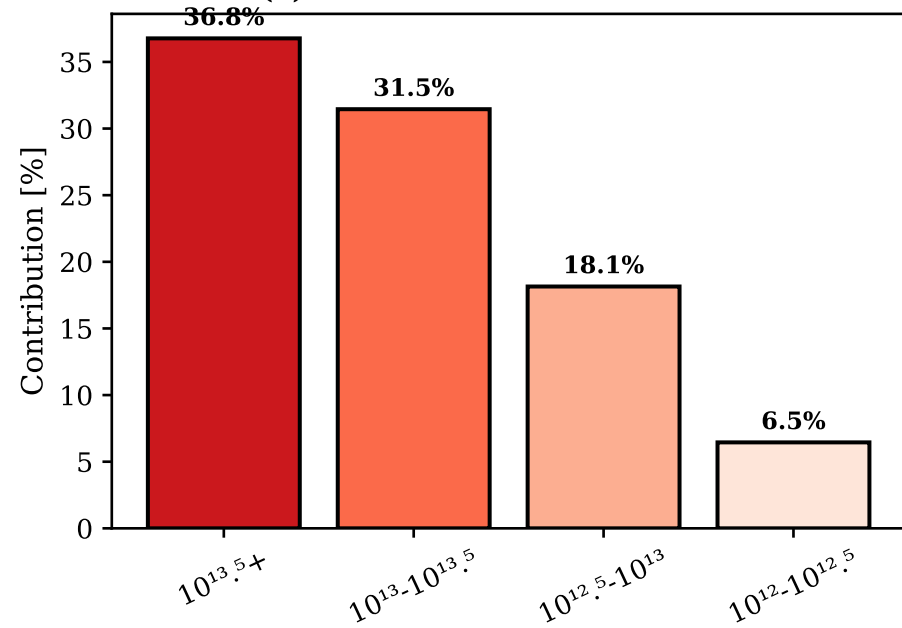
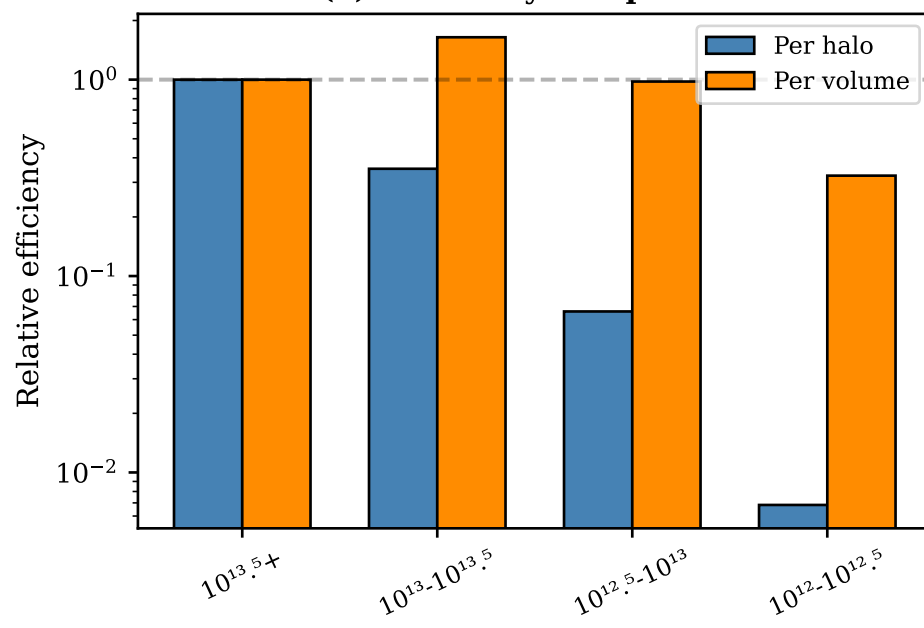


# Baryonic Effects on P(k): Mass-Scale Requirements

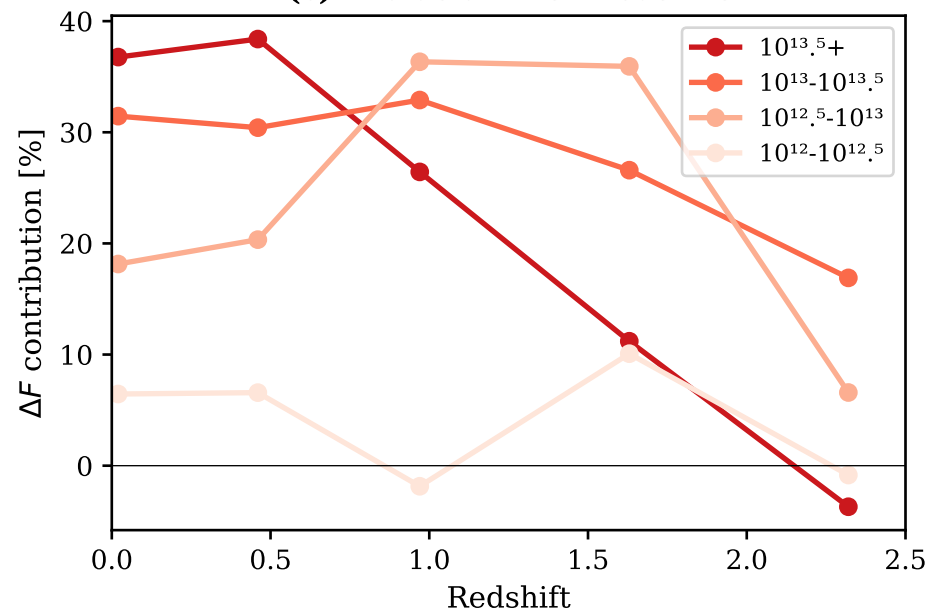
(a) Mass Contribution at  $z = 0$



(b) Efficiency Comparison



(c) Evolution with Redshift



(d) Key Findings

## Key Findings at $k = 10 \text{ h/Mpc}$ :

- At  $z = 0$ :
  - $M > 10^{13} \text{ M}_\odot/\text{h}$  captures 68% of  $P(k)$  suppression
  - $10^{12}-10^{12.5}$  bin adds only 6.5%
  - Total within  $5R_{200}$ : 93%
- Per-halo efficiency:
  - Each  $10^{13.5+}$  halo: 146× more than  $10^{12}-10^{12.5}$
  - Low-mass halos numerous but weak
- Per-volume efficiency:
  - $10^{13}-10^{13.5}$  most efficient (45 %/ $10^5 \text{ Mpc}^3$ )
  - Massive halos not volume-optimal
- Redshift evolution:
  - At  $z \sim 1$ :  $10^{12.5}-10^{13}$  dominates
  - At  $z > 2$ : Total drops to ~20%

Implication: BCM efforts should prioritize  $M > 10^{13}$  halos at  $z < 1$