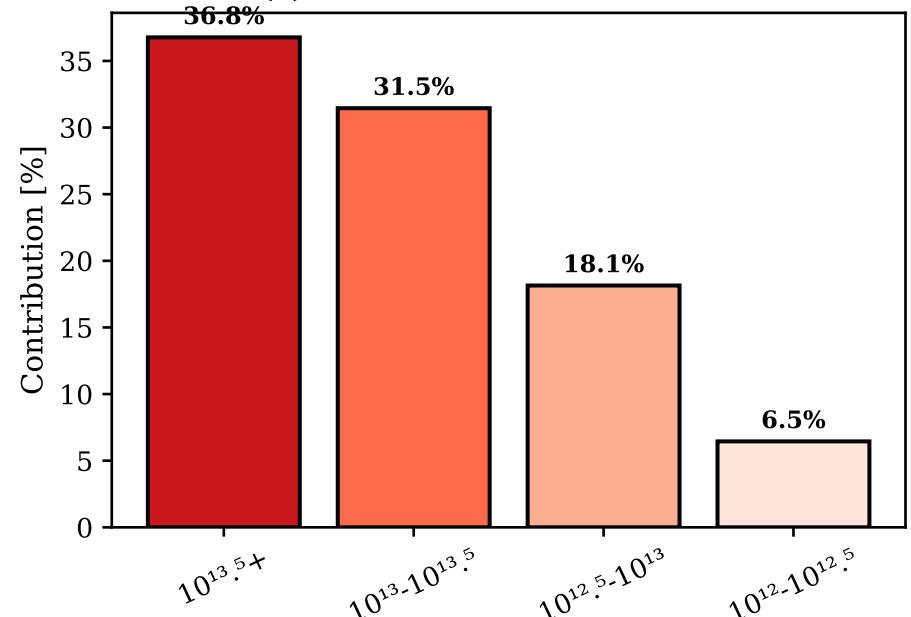
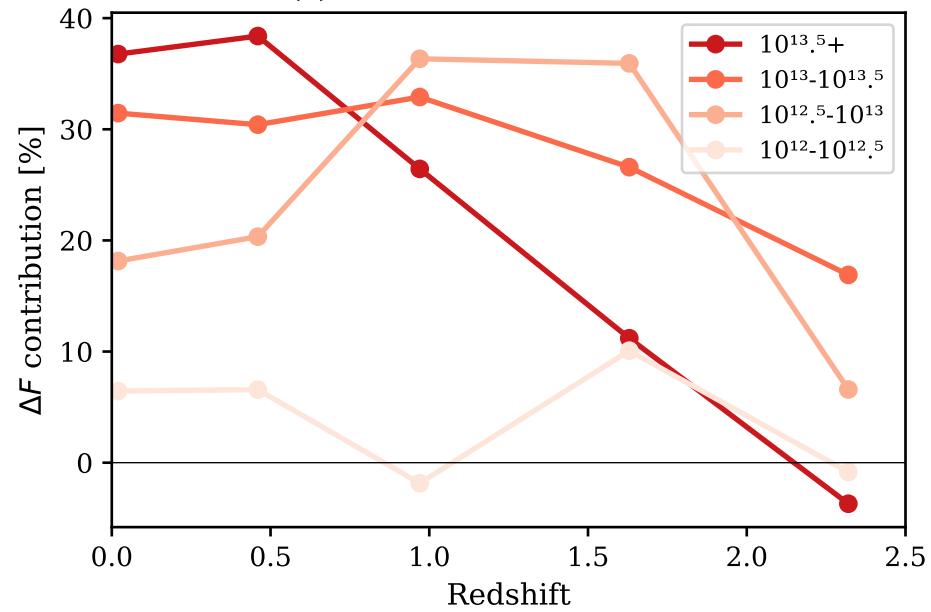


Baryonic Effects on P(k): Mass-Scale Requirements

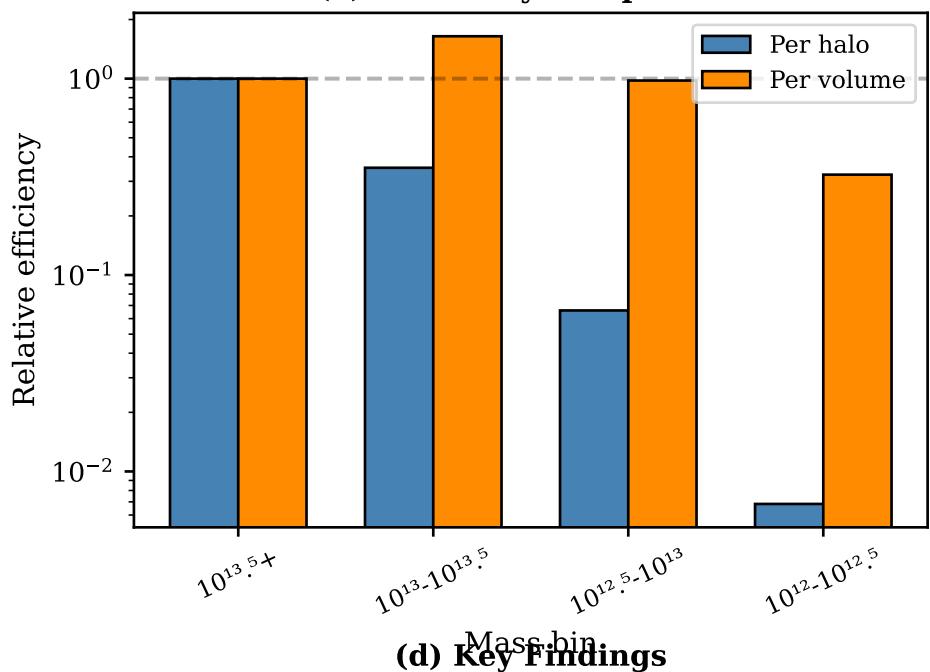
(a) Mass Contribution at $z = 0$



(c) Evolution of Mass Bin Redshift



(b) Efficiency Comparison



(d) Key Findings

Key Findings at $k = 10 \text{ h/Mpc}$:

- At $z = 0$:
 - $M > 10^{13} \text{ M}_\odot/\text{h}$ captures 68% of $P(k)$ suppression
 - $10^{12}-10^{12.5}$ bin adds only 6.5%
 - Total within $5R_{200}$: 93%
- Per-halo efficiency:
 - Each $10^{13.5+}$ halo: 146x more than $10^{12}-10^{12.5}$
 - Low-mass halos numerous but weak
- Per-volume efficiency:
 - $10^{13}-10^{13.5}$ most efficient (45 %/ 10^5 Mpc^3)
 - Massive halos not volume-optimal
- Redshift evolution:
 - At $z \sim 1$: $10^{12.5}-10^{13}$ dominates
 - At $z > 2$: Total drops to ~20%

Implication: BCM efforts should prioritize $M > 10^{13}$ halos at $z < 1$