Weekly Report

CS3500: Operating Systems

Visualisation Tool for Process Scheduling



Computer Science and Engineering Indian Institute of Technology Madras

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Under the supervision of Prof. Janakiram D submitted by

Team 8

- Anjali Samudrala (CS22B046)
- Chaitanya Sai Teja G (CS22B036)
- Jwala Likitha Reddy M (CS22B078)
- Karthikeya P (CS22B026)
- Naveen Koushik Reddy E (CS22B006)

- Navya Sree B (CS22B045)
- Rushi Babu G (CS22B040)
- Sravya Rangu (CS22B044)
- Yashwanth Sai P (CS22B002)
- Yaswanth Sai V (CS22B043)

1 Frontend Team

1.1 Tasks

- The tasks for this week is to identify the components that are required for the frontend. This includes the following.
 - Coming up with a frontend design and layout.
 - Ideation on what all different plots can be displayed.
 - Informing the backend team about the requirements of various informations.

1.2 Progress

1.2.1 Frontend Design and Basic implementation

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- 1.2.2 Ideas for Plots and information from backend
 - Processes Running on the System:

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• Gantt Chart of various Processes

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• Status wise distribution of processes

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• CPU Utilization

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2 Backend Team

2.1 Linking Backend and Frontend

The objective is to create a backend server that fetches real-time system process statistics using the pidstat command and streams the data to a frontend via WebSockets. The application uses Flask as the web framework and Flask-SocketIO to establish real-time communication between the backend and frontend.

2.1.1 Tools and Libraries Used

- Flask: A lightweight web framework for Python that simplifies the development of web applications.
- Flask-SocketIO: An extension for Flask that enables real-time communication between the server and the client using WebSockets.
- subprocess: A Python module used to run external commands. In this case, it is used to execute the pidstat command, which collects CPU statistics for processes running on the system.

- re (Regular Expressions): A Python module for matching patterns in strings. It is used to parse the output of the pidstat command.
- threading: A Python module used to create background threads. In this project, it allows the data-fetching process to run concurrently with the main server.

2.1.2 Architecture

• Backend (Flask Server with SocketIO): The backend is responsible for fetching real-time process statistics using the pidstat command, parsing the output, and sending the data to the frontend using WebSockets.

• Real-Time Data Fetching:

- The pidstat command is used to gather CPU statistics for processes every second. The output contains several fields, including process ID (PID), user and system CPU usage, and the process command.
- A background thread is created to run the pidstat command continuously, fetching data at specified intervals (e.g., every 2 seconds).
- The data is parsed using a regular expression, and relevant statistics are extracted and formatted into a dictionary.

• Real-Time Communication :

- Flask-SocketIO is used to emit the parsed data to the frontend in real time. This
 allows the frontend to display the latest statistics as they are gathered by the backend.
- The data is emitted as a WebSocket event ('pidstat_data'), making it available for frontend visualization.

2.2 Process Migration

2.2.1 Enabling tracking to log the process migration

• Navigate to the tracing directory.

```
cd /sys/kernel/debug/tracing
```

• Enable "sched_migrate_task" that allows to track and log the migration of tasks.

```
echo 1 | sudo tee events/sched/sched_migrate_task/enable
```

• Start tracing the events.

```
echo 1 | sudo tee tracing_on
```

- Wait for some time and let tracer log some migrations.
- Stop the tracing.

```
echo 0 | sudo tee tracing_on
```

• Check the trace file.

```
cat trace
```

2.2.2 Logged Data

• An example of the logged data is shown below.

Chrome_ChildIOT-33594 [003] d..2. 27300.882725: sched_migrate_task: comm=

- In the above log entry, Chrome with PID 33594 initiated the migration of the Compositor process with PID 32759 from CPU 0 to CPU 3.
- prio = 120 is the priority of the process. Lower prio means higher priority.
- 27300.882725 is the timestamp of the event. (migration).

2.3 Studying the proc folder

2.3.1 What is the proc folder?

2.3.2 Add the folder name you studied!!

- try to put important points in bullet points
- At the end add some points on what you feel can be done with that information.