TensorFlow 2.3.0 Support with Keras API

Overview

This document describes the modeling of networks using **TensorFlow 2 Keras API**. The ML models created and trained can be ported to and executed on MAX78000. Different types of Keras models with TensorFlow are supported, including high-level sequential, functional and sub-classing API . The following development approach has to be used:

1. Create Keras model using supported MAX78000 TF sub-classes which reflect hardware behavior and limit operations
2. Train model and store the model graph + weights into a **saved_model.pb** file
3. Use a Tensorflow-to-ONNX converter (**tf2onnx.convert**) to create an ONNX framework model from **saved_model.pb**
4. Quantize ONNX model weights and feed to MAX78000 synthesis tool to generate C code
5. Compile synthesized C code, load to MAX78000 and verify it

Setup

1- Install NVIDIA GPU drivers CUDA 10.1, CUDA Toolkit, CUPTI and cuDNN SDK 7.6 as described in Software requirements for Tensorflow:

https://www.tensorflow.org/install/gpu

2- Make sure that ~/.bash_profile includes path to CUDA and CUPTI:

```
export PATH="$PATH:/usr/local/cuda-10.1/bin"
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH="$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/usr/local/cuda-
10.1/extras/CUPTI/lib64"
```

3- To create a virtual environment please refer to section "Creating the Virtual Environment" of **[1]** document, including installation of ai8x-training and ai8x-synthesis requirements.

Supported MAX78000 TensorFlow Keras Subclasses:

ai85TF.py includes a set of customized TensorFlow 2 Keras subclasses to be used by any model that is designed to run on MAX78000.

Name	Description/Keras Equivalent
Conv1D	Generic Conv1D, padding_size=0
FusedConv1D	Conv1D with activation as None, padding_size=0
FusedConv1DReLU	Conv1D with activation as 'relu', padding_size=0
FusedMaxPoolConv1D	MaxPool1D, followed by Conv1D with activation as None, padding_size=0
FusedMaxPoolConv1DReLU	MaxPool1D, followed by Conv1D with activation as 'relu', padding_size=0
FusedAvgPoolConv1D	AveragePooling1D, followed by Conv1D with activation as None, padding_size=0
FusedAvgPoolConv1DReLU	AveragePooling1D followed by Conv1D with activation as 'relu', padding_size=0
MaxPool1D	MaxPool1D
AvgPool1D	AveragePooling1D
Conv2D	Generic Conv2D, padding_size=0
FusedConv2D	Conv2D with activation as None, padding_size=0
FusedConv2DReLU	Conv2D with activation as 'relu', padding_size=0
FusedMaxPoolConv2D	MaxPool2D, followed by Conv2D with activation as None, padding_size=0
FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU	MaxPool2D, followed by Conv2D with activation as 'relu', padding_size=0
FusedAvgPoolConv2D	AveragePooling2D, followed by Conv2D with activation as None, padding_size=0
FusedAvgPoolConv2DReLU	AveragePooling2D followed by Conv2D with activation as 'relu', padding_size=0
MaxPool2D	MaxPool2D
AvgPool2D	AveragePooling2D
Dense	Generic Dense
FusedDense	Dense with activation as None
FusedDenseReLU	Dense with activation as 'relu'

Limitations of supported operations:

`Conv2D`:

- Kernel sizes must be 1×1 or 3×3.
- Padding can be 0, 1, or 2 (default: padding_size = 0).
- Stride is fixed to 1. Pooling, including 1×1, can be used to achieve a stride other than 1.

`Conv1D`:

- Kernel sizes must be 1 through 9.
- Padding can be 0, 1, or 2 (default: padding_size = 0).
- Stride is fixed to 1. Pooling, including 1, can be used to achieve a stride other than 1.

`Conv2DTranspose`:

- Kernel sizes must be 3×3.
- Padding can be 0, 1, or 2 (default: padding_size = 0).
- Stride is fixed to 2

`Pooling`:

- Both max pooling and average pooling are available, with or without convolution.
- Pooling does not support padding.
- Pooling strides can be 1 through 16. For 2D pooling, the stride is the same for both dimensions.
- For 2D pooling, supported pooling kernel sizes are 1×1 through 16×16, including non-square kernels. 1D pooling supports kernels from 1 through 16. *Note: 1×1 kernels can be used when a convolution stride other than 1 is desired.*

- The number of input channels must not exceed 1024.
- The number of output channels must not exceed 1024.

For more details of MAX7800 HW related limitations please check **[1]** document.

Training Models

Following bash scripts are provided to download the dataset, train the model and to convert to onnx format:

```
train_cifar10.sh
train_kws20.sh
train_mnist.sh
train_cifar100.sh
train_fashionmnist.sh
train_rock.sh
```

Example: (train_mnist.sh)

```
python train.py --epochs 100 --batch_size 256 --optimizer Adam --lr 0.001 --model mnist_model --dataset mnist --save-sample 1
python -m tf2onnx.convert --saved-model export/mnist --opset 10 --output export/mnist/saved_model.onnx
```

The script automatically downloads corresponding dataset and process and copy into /**data**/ if needed and starts training. Training progress and results including checkpoint and a sample prediction for one test data in HWC format will be stored in log file inside /**logs**/ directory. The model graph and weights are stored as **saved_model.pb** file in log directory, as well as in /**export**/ directory.

Command-line args for Training

User can modify following training command-line parameters:

Training parameter	**Description**
--epochs	Number of training epochs (default: 100)
--batch_size	Training batch size (default: 32)
--optimizer	Optimizer type: Adam or SGD (default: Adam)
--lr	Initial learning rate (default: 0.0001). During training learning rate is adjusted according to schedule in model
--model	Model name
--dataset	Dataset name
--save-sample	Save input sample with specified index in **.npy** format in **/export/** folder for verification in synthesis in
--save-sample-per-class	Save one input sample for each class in **.npy** format in **logs** folder to be used for verification
--channel-first	Save sample in channel first format in multi-channel cases (default: channel last as native form on Tensorflow), suitable to be used by synthesis script (NCHW)
--swap	if --channel-first is selected, this option swaps order of H,W in saved sample data. This is only needed if first layer is a conv1d. (default: no swap)
--metrics	Metrics used in compiling model (default: accuracy)

Once training is complete, the model is converted to ONNX format and stored in /**export**/.

Models

Model examples are located in **models** directory. Each model includes a Tensorflow Keras sequential model, as well as the callback function for learning rate adjustment scheduler:

```
models/cifar10_model.py
models/cifar100_model.py
models/fashionmnist_model.py
models/kws20_model.py
models/mnist_model.py
models/rock_model.py
```

Learning rate scheduler

Each model script includes the lr scheduler callback function to be used for that model. The default schedule is ReduceLROnPlateau with following parameters:

```
lr_schedule = tf.keras.callbacks.ReduceLROnPlateau(
    monitor='val_accuracy',
    mode='max',
    factor=0.2,
    patience=3,
    verbose=1,
    min_lr=1e-5)
```

Datasets

Dataset scripts are located in /**dataset**/ directory and used to download the dataset and create a processed .**npz** dataset file (if needed) in /**data**/ to be used by training script:

```
datasets/cifar10.py
datasets/cifar100.py
datasets/fashionmnist.py
datasets/kws20.py
datasets/mnist.py
datasets/rock.py
```

Datasets include training, validation and test images and labels. Images are in [-128,127] range when created by dataset scripts.

In training script, they are normalized to [-0.5,0.5] and fed to the network. However, in synthesis script, samples are expected in [-128,127] range and normalized to [-1,+1] range to mimic hardware. To accommodate x2 scaling, the first layer weights are scaled by 1/2 by default, unless **--keep-first** is selected in synthesis.

Examples

MNIST model

The MNIST model is an example of Keras model with sequential API and it recognizes 28x28 images of handwritten digits from 0 to 9.

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.Input(shape=(28, 28)),
    tf.keras.layers.Reshape(target_shape=(28, 28, 1)),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=60,
```

```
            kernel_size=3,
            strides=1,
            padding_size=1,
            use_bias=False),
        ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
            filters=60,
            kernel_size=3,
            strides=1,
            padding_size=2,
            pool_size=2,
            pool_strides=2,
            use_bias=False),
        ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
            filters=56,
            kernel_size=3,
            strides=1,
            padding_size=1,
            pool_size=2,
            pool_strides=2,
            use_bias=False),
        ai8xTF.FusedAvgPoolConv2DReLU(
            filters=12,
            kernel_size=3,
            strides=1,
            padding_size=1,
            pool_size=2,
            pool_strides=2,
            use_bias=False),
        tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
        ai8xTF.FusedDense(10, wide=True, use_bias=True),
    ])
```

To train MNIST model execute following script:

```
$ bash train_mnist.sh
```

Training progress, accuracy results and confusion table are reported and stored in log file.

```
Epoch 98/100
211/211 - 2s - loss: 0.0022 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.0279 -
val_accuracy: 0.9908
Epoch 99/100
211/211 - 2s - loss: 0.0022 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.0279 -
val_accuracy: 0.9908
Epoch 100/100
211/211 - 2s - loss: 0.0021 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.0278 -
val_accuracy: 0.9908
188/188 - 0s - loss: 0.0302 - accuracy: 0.9900
Test Accuracy: 0.9900000095367432
Confusion Matrix:
tf.Tensor(
[[619   0   1   1   0   0   1   0   2   0]
 [  0 654   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0]
 [  0   1 569   0   0   0   0   1   0   1]
 [  0   0   2 584   0   2   0   0   1   0]
 [  1   0   0   0 572   0   0   1   0   6]
```

```
 [  1   0   0   1   0 544   2   0   3   0]
 [  2   0   1   1   1   2 572   0   1   0]
 [  0   1   3   0   1   0   0 627   0   1]
 [  1   0   2   1   1   0   0   0 580   0]
 [  0   0   0   1   7   1   0   3   1 619]], shape=(10, 10), dtype=int32)
```

At end of training a summary of the model is reported and model graph/weights are stored as **saved_model.pb** file

```
Model: "sequential"
_________________________________________________________________
Layer (type)                 Output Shape              Param #
=================================================================
reshape (Reshape)            (None, 28, 28, 1)         0
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu (FusedCon (None, 28, 28, 60)        540
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu  (None, 16, 16, 60)        32400
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 8, 8, 56)          30240
_________________________________________________________________
fused_avg_pool_conv2d_re_lu  (None, 4, 4, 12)          6048
_________________________________________________________________
flatten (Flatten)            (None, 192)               0
_________________________________________________________________
fused_dense (FusedDense)     (None, 10)                1930
=================================================================
Total params: 71,158
Trainable params: 71,158
Non-trainable params: 0
_________________________________________________________________
```

Note: Empty class may be included as part of subclasses in the sequential model. However, it is not needed and skipped in serialization.

Additionally, the model is converted to ONNX format:

```
export/mnist/saved_model.pb
export/mnist/saved_model.onnx
```

Fashion MNIST model

This model demonstrates recognition of 10 28x28 fashion images: **T-shirt/top, trouser, pullover, dress, coat, sandal, shirt, sneaker, bag, ankle boot.**

The Fashion MNIST model is an example of Keras model with functional API:

```
# create a functional model
input_layer = tf.keras.Input(shape=(28, 28))

reshape = tf.keras.layers.Reshape(target_shape=(28, 28, 1))(input_layer)
conv1 = ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
```

```
    filters=60,
    kernel_size=3,
    strides=1,
    padding_size=1)(reshape)

conv2 = ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
    filters=60,
    kernel_size=3,
    strides=1,
    padding_size=2,
    pool_size=2,
    pool_strides=2)(conv1)

# dropout1= tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(conv2)

conv3 = ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
    filters=56,
    kernel_size=3,
    strides=1,
    padding_size=1,
    pool_size=2,
    pool_strides=2)(conv2)

conv4 = ai8xTF.FusedAvgPoolConv2DReLU(
    filters=12,
    kernel_size=3,
    strides=1,
    padding_size=1,
    pool_size=2,
    pool_strides=2)(conv3)

flat = tf.keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28, 28))(conv4)

output_layer = ai8xTF.FusedDense(10, wide=True)(flat)

model = tf.keras.Model(inputs=[input_layer], outputs=[output_layer])
```

To train fashion MNIST model execute following script:

```
$ bash train_fashionmnist.sh
```

Training progress, accuracy results and confusion table are reported and stored in log file.

```
Epoch 97/100
211/211 - 2s - loss: 0.1520 - accuracy: 0.9490 - val_loss: 0.2439 -
val_accuracy: 0.9121
Epoch 98/100
211/211 - 2s - loss: 0.1517 - accuracy: 0.9492 - val_loss: 0.2441 -
val_accuracy: 0.9113
Epoch 99/100
211/211 - 2s - loss: 0.1515 - accuracy: 0.9491 - val_loss: 0.2440 -
val_accuracy: 0.9108
Epoch 100/100
211/211 - 2s - loss: 0.1512 - accuracy: 0.9493 - val_loss: 0.2441 -
val_accuracy: 0.9107
188/188 - 0s - loss: 0.2329 - accuracy: 0.9148
```

```
Test Accuracy: 0.9148333072662354
Confusion Matrix:
tf.Tensor(
[[522   1  11  14   1   0  46   0   2   0]
 [  0 597   0  10   0   0   1   0   0   0]
 [  9   0 545   3  31   0  22   0   1   0]
 [ 15   3   2 536  17   0  13   0   1   0]
 [  0   0  24  22 546   0  33   0   2   0]
 [  0   0   0   0   0 601   1  11   4   4]
 [ 60   2  32  17  35   0 467   0   6   0]
 [  0   0   0   0   0   7   0 533   0  10]
 [  2   1   2   0   2   2   3   0 578   0]
 [  0   0   0   0   0   3   0  22   1 564]], shape=(10, 10), dtype=int32)
```

At end of training a summary of the model is reported and model graph/weights are stored as **saved_model.pb** file

```
Model: "functional_1"
_________________________________________________________________
Layer (type)                 Output Shape              Param #
=================================================================
input_1 (InputLayer)         [(None, 28, 28)]          0
_________________________________________________________________
reshape (Reshape)            (None, 28, 28, 1)         0
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu (FusedCon (None, 28, 28, 60)        600
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu  (None, 16, 16, 60)        32460
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 8, 8, 56)          30296
_________________________________________________________________
fused_avg_pool_conv2d_re_lu  (None, 4, 4, 12)          6060
_________________________________________________________________
flatten (Flatten)            (None, 192)               0
_________________________________________________________________
fused_dense (FusedDense)     (None, 10)                1930
=================================================================
Total params: 71,346
Trainable params: 71,346
Non-trainable params: 0
_________________________________________________________________
```

Note: Empty class may be included as part of subclasses in the sequential model. However, it is not needed and skipped in serialization.

Additionally, the model is converted to ONNX format

```
export/fashionmnist/saved_model.pb
export/fashionmnist/saved_model.onnx
```

CIFAR10 model

The CIFAR-10 dataset consists of 60000 32x32 color images in 10 classes: **plane, car, bird, cat, deer, dog, frog, horse, ship, truck**.

https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar.html

The CIFAR10 model is an example of Keras model with sequential API:

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.Input(shape=(32, 32, 3)),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=60, kernel_size=3, strides=1, padding_size=1, use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=60,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=56,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedAvgPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=12,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2,
        use_bias=False),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    ai8xTF.FusedDense(10, wide=True, use_bias=False),
])
```

To train CIFAR10 model execute following script:

```
$ bash train_cifar10.sh
```

Training progress, accuracy results and confusion table are reported and stored in log file.

```
Epoch 98/100
704/704 - 5s - loss: 0.5455 - accuracy: 0.8174 - val_loss: 0.8520 -
val_accuracy: 0.7002
Epoch 99/100
704/704 - 6s - loss: 0.5443 - accuracy: 0.8179 - val_loss: 0.8533 -
val_accuracy: 0.7017
Epoch 100/100
704/704 - 6s - loss: 0.5436 - accuracy: 0.8173 - val_loss: 0.8515 -
val_accuracy: 0.7040
157/157 - 0s - loss: 0.8420 - accuracy: 0.7036
Test Accuracy: 0.7035999894142151
Confusion Matrix:
tf.Tensor(
[[356  15  21  10   6   3   3   8  31  23]
```

```
 [ 13 402   5   2   1   1   3   4  17  39]
 [ 41   3 311  32  43  36  36  13   6   6]
 [ 13   1  35 243  37 126  37  21   5   5]
 [ 16   1  22  20 335  17  26  41   4   4]
 [  3   1  27  91  26 312   9  31   1   3]
 [  7   2  31  26  33  12 367   4   1   2]
 [  9   2  20  15  36  30   3 382   3   9]
 [ 41  20   2   6   1   0   4   3 416  10]
 [ 15  47   4   6   7   5   2   5  15 394]], shape=(10, 10), dtype=int32)
```

At end of training a summary of the model is reported and model graph/weights are stored as **saved_model.pb** file

```
Model: "sequential"
_________________________________________________________________
Layer (type)                 Output Shape              Param #
=================================================================
fused_conv2d_re_lu (FusedCon (None, 32, 32, 60)        1620
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu  (None, 16, 16, 60)        32400
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 8, 8, 56)          30240
_________________________________________________________________
fused_avg_pool_conv2d_re_lu  (None, 4, 4, 12)          6048
_________________________________________________________________
flatten (Flatten)            (None, 192)               0
_________________________________________________________________
fused_dense (FusedDense)     (None, 10)                1920
=================================================================
Total params: 72,228
Trainable params: 72,228
Non-trainable params: 0
_________________________________________________________________
```

Note: Empty class may be included as part of subclasses in the sequential model. However, it is not needed and skipped in serialization.

Additionally, the model is converted to ONNX format

```
export/cifar10/saved_model.pb
export/cifar10/saved_model.onnx
```

CIFAR100 model

The CIFAR100 model classifies 100 32x32 color images from 60K dataset.

https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar.html

The CIFAR100 model is an example of Keras model with sequential API:

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.Input(shape=(32, 32, 3)),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=60, kernel_size=3, strides=1, padding_size=1, use_bias=False),
```

```
    ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=60,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=56,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedAvgPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=12,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2,
        use_bias=False),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    ai8xTF.FusedDense(10, wide=True, use_bias=False),
])
```

To train CIFAR100 model execute following script:

```
$ bash train_cifar100.sh
```

Training progress, accuracy results and confusion table are reported and stored in log file.

```
Epoch 99/100
1407/1407 - 11s - loss: 1.1360 - accuracy: 0.7284 - val_loss: 2.8744 -
val_accuracy: 0.3305
Epoch 100/100
1407/1407 - 11s - loss: 1.1316 - accuracy: 0.7310 - val_loss: 2.8761 -
val_accuracy: 0.3283
157/157 - 0s - loss: 2.8540 - accuracy: 0.3338
Test Accuracy: 0.33379998803138733
Confusion Matrix:
tf.Tensor(
[[34  2  0 ...  0  0  0]
 [ 0 18  1 ...  0  0  0]
 [ 0  0 19 ...  1  4  0]
 ...
 [ 0  0  0 ... 11  0  0]
 [ 0  0  2 ...  1 18  0]
 [ 0  0  0 ...  1  0  8]], shape=(100, 100), dtype=int32)
```

At end of training a summary of the model is reported and model graph/weights are stored as **saved_model.pb** file

```
Model: "sequential"
```

```
_________________________________________________________________
Layer (type)                 Output Shape              Param #
=================================================================
fused_conv2d_re_lu (FusedCon (None, 32, 32, 16)        432
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_1 (FusedC (None, 32, 32, 20)        2880
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_2 (FusedC (None, 32, 32, 20)        3600
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_3 (FusedC (None, 32, 32, 20)        3600
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu  (None, 16, 16, 20)        3600
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_4 (FusedC (None, 16, 16, 20)        3600
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_5 (FusedC (None, 16, 16, 44)        7920
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 8, 8, 48)          19008
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_6 (FusedC (None, 8, 8, 48)          20736
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 4, 4, 96)          41472
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 2, 2, 512)         49152
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_7 (FusedC (None, 2, 2, 128)         65536
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 1, 1, 128)         147456
_________________________________________________________________
conv2d_13 (Conv2D)           (None, 1, 1, 100)         12800
_________________________________________________________________
flatten (Flatten)            (None, 100)               0
=================================================================
Total params: 381,792
Trainable params: 381,792
Non-trainable params: 0
_________________________________________________________________
```

Note: Empty class may be included as part of subclasses in the sequential model. However, it is not needed and skipped in serialization.

Additionally, the model is converted to ONNX format

```
export/cifar100/saved_model.pb
export/cifar100/saved_model.onnx
```

KWS20 model

The KWS20 model uses the 2nd version of Google speech commands dataset which consists of 35 keywords and more than 100K utterances.

https://storage.cloud.google.com/download.tensorflow.org/data/speech_commands_v0.02.tar.gz

This model demonstrates recognition of 20 keywords: **'up', 'down', 'left', 'right', 'stop', 'go', 'yes', 'no', 'on', 'off', 'one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine', 'zero'.** The rest of keywords are placed into category as "unknown".

The KWS20 model is an example of Keras model with sequential API:

```
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    # Need to specify the input shape if you want to show it in model summary
    tf.keras.Input(shape=(128, 128)),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv1DReLU(
        filters=100,
        kernel_size=1,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=0,
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv1DReLU(
        filters=100,
        kernel_size=1,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=0,
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv1DReLU(
        filters=50,
        kernel_size=1,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=0,
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv1DReLU(
        filters=16,
        kernel_size=1,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=0,
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
        use_bias=False),

    # Conversion 1D to 2D
    tf.keras.layers.Reshape(target_shape=(8, 16, 16)),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=32,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=64,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
```

```
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=64,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=30,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
        use_bias=False),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=7,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
        use_bias=False),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    ai8xTF.FusedDense(
        21, wide=True,
        use_bias=False,
        kernel_regularizer=regularizer,
        activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer),
])
```

To train KWS20 model execute following script:

```
$ bash train_kws20.sh
```

Training progress, accuracy results and confusion table are reported and stored in log file.

```
Epoch 198/200
667/667 - 5s - loss: 0.3848 - accuracy: 0.9528 - val_loss: 0.6943 -
val_accuracy: 0.8573
Epoch 199/200
667/667 - 5s - loss: 0.3847 - accuracy: 0.9522 - val_loss: 0.7012 -
val_accuracy: 0.8545
Epoch 200/200
667/667 - 4s - loss: 0.3842 - accuracy: 0.9527 - val_loss: 0.6977 -
val_accuracy: 0.8561
319/319 - 1s - loss: 0.7320 - accuracy: 0.8514
Test Accuracy: 0.8514375686645508
Confusion Matrix:
tf.Tensor(
[[ 323    0    0    0    6    4    0    2    4   15    0    1    0    0     0
0    0    1    0    0   17]
```

```
 [   2  303    0    0    1   13    0   11    1    0    1    2    0    1    0
1    1    0    8    0   34]
 [   1    0  304    8    0    0   13    3    0    2    1    0    1    0    0
0    0    1    3    1   23]
 [   1    1    7  297    0    0    0    0    2    0    5    0    2    1    6
0    0    1   14    0   21]
 [   4    1    0    0  350    2    0    0    0    2    0    1    0    2    0
3    8    0    0    0    9]
 [   4   11    0    0    3  273    0   17    1    1    0    6    0    5    0
0    0    3    1    0   46]
 [   0    2    8    0    0    0  364    2    0    3    2    0    1    0    0
3    0    1    0    2   15]
 [   2   12    0    0    0   21    2  307    0    0    2    1    0    1    0
0    0    0    7    2   30]
 [   2    4    0    0    0    2    0    0  298   12    9    1    1    2   15
1    0    0    2    0   12]
 [  24    0    1    0    0    2    2    0    9  284    1    1    0    4    5
0    0    0    0    0    7]
 [   1    1    2    4    0    2    1    3    7    0  320    0    0    1    2
0    0    0    7    0   33]
 [   1    1    1    0    1    7    1    0    0    0    0  319    3    4    0
2    3    0    1   11   18]
 [   0    0    0    3    0    5    1    0    1    0    0    9  289    0    0
4    3    6    1    3   32]
 [   0    0    0    0    0    6    0    0    6    2    3    0    1  286    1
3    0    0    0    3   48]
 [   1    2    2   10    1    0    0    0    9    2    2    0    3    0  321
2    1    1    3    0   26]
 [   0    0    0    0    0    0    2    0    0    0    0    1    1    0    0
349    0    3    0    1    7]
 [   0    6    0    0    5    0    0    0    2    0    0    6    2    1    1
7  332    0    1    2   30]
 [   1    0    0    0    0    2    2    0    0    0    0    2    6    0    1
5    0  349    0    0   15]
 [   0    2    5    9    0    3    0    7    3    0    6    0    2    0    3
0    0    0  319    1   28]
 [   0    1    1    0    0    1    0    1    0    0    0    7    4    1    0
3    4    0    0  358   18]
 [  20   32   16   12    9   32   10   21   15   14   17   10   36   37   17
5   10    7   18   18 2332]], shape=(21, 21), dtype=int32)
```

At end of training a summary of the model is reported and model graph/weights are stored as **saved_model.pb** file

```
Model: "sequential"
_________________________________________________________________
Layer (type)                 Output Shape              Param #   
=================================================================
fused_conv1d_re_lu (FusedCon (None, 128, 100)          12800     
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv1d_re_lu_1 (FusedC (None, 128, 100)          10000     
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv1d_re_lu_2 (FusedC (None, 128, 50)           5000      
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv1d_re_lu_3 (FusedC (None, 128, 16)           800       
_________________________________________________________________
reshape (Reshape)            (None, 8, 16, 16)         0         
```

```
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu (FusedCon (None, 8, 16, 32)         4608
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_1 (FusedC (None, 8, 16, 64)         18432
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_2 (FusedC (None, 8, 16, 64)         36864
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_3 (FusedC (None, 8, 16, 30)         17280
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_4 (FusedC (None, 8, 16, 7)          1890
_________________________________________________________________
flatten (Flatten)            (None, 896)               0
_________________________________________________________________
fused_dense (FusedDense)     (None, 21)                18816
=================================================================
Total params: 126,490
Trainable params: 126,490
Non-trainable params: 0
_________________________________________________________________
```

Note: Empty class may be included as part of subclasses in the sequential model. However, it is not needed and skipped in serialization.

Additionally, the model is converted to ONNX format

```
export/kws20/saved_model.pb
export/kws20/saved_model.onnx
```

Rock-Paper-Scissor model

This model demonstrates recognition of images of hands playing rock, paper, scissor popular game.

https://www.tensorflow.org/datasets/catalog/rock_paper_scissors

The RPS model is an example of Keras model with sequential API:

```
IMG_SIZE = 64  # All images will be resized to 120x120
# Setup model
model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.Input(shape=(IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE, 3)),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=15,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1
        ),
    ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=30,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2
        ),
```

```
    tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2),
    ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=60,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2
        ),
    ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=30,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2
        ),
    ai8xTF.FusedMaxPoolConv2DReLU(
        filters=30,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1,
        pool_size=2,
        pool_strides=2
        ),
    ai8xTF.FusedConv2DReLU(
        filters=30,
        kernel_size=3,
        strides=1,
        padding_size=1
        ),
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2),
    ai8xTF.FusedDense(3, wide=True)
])
```

To train RPS model execute following script:

```
$ bash train_rock.sh
```

Training progress, accuracy results and confusion table are reported and stored in log file.

```
Epoch 98/100
79/79 - 0s - loss: 6.1023e-05 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.3391 -
val_accuracy: 0.9140
Epoch 99/100
79/79 - 1s - loss: 5.7724e-05 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.3437 -
val_accuracy: 0.9140
Epoch 100/100
79/79 - 0s - loss: 6.5221e-05 - accuracy: 1.0000 - val_loss: 0.3369 -
val_accuracy: 0.9140
6/6 - 0s - loss: 0.3191 - accuracy: 0.9140
Test Accuracy: 0.9139785170555115
Confusion Matrix:
tf.Tensor(
[[61  0  0]
 [ 8 47  8]
 [ 0  0 62]], shape=(3, 3), dtype=int32)
```

At end of training a summary of the model is reported and model graph/weights are stored as **saved_model.pb** file

```
Model: "sequential"
_________________________________________________________________
Layer (type)                 Output Shape              Param #
=================================================================
fused_conv2d_re_lu (FusedCon (None, 64, 64, 15)        420
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu  (None, 32, 32, 30)        4080
_________________________________________________________________
dropout (Dropout)            (None, 32, 32, 30)        0
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 16, 16, 60)        16260
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 8, 8, 30)          16230
_________________________________________________________________
fused_max_pool_conv2d_re_lu_ (None, 4, 4, 30)          8130
_________________________________________________________________
fused_conv2d_re_lu_1 (FusedC (None, 4, 4, 30)          8130
_________________________________________________________________
flatten (Flatten)            (None, 480)               0
_________________________________________________________________
dropout_1 (Dropout)          (None, 480)               0
_________________________________________________________________
fused_dense (FusedDense)     (None, 3)                 1443
=================================================================
Total params: 54,693
Trainable params: 54,693
Non-trainable params: 0
_________________________________________________________________
```

Note: Empty class may be included as part of subclasses in the sequential model. However, it is not needed and skipped in serialization.

Additionally, the model is converted to ONNX format

```
export/rock/saved_model.pb
export/rock/saved_model.onnx
```

Post-training model quantization

The synthesis script quantizes the weights from provided onnx file internally. if needed to run through evaluation, it can be run with **--generate-dequantized-onnx-file** and it will regenerate a dequantized onnx file that can be used with onnx runtime for evaluation.

Model evaluation

After quantization, the dequantized model can be evaluated and compared with unquantized model (MNIST example) :

```
$ bash evaluate_mnist.sh
```

Alternatively, the user can evaluate all model examples by running bash script:

```
$ bash evaluate_ALL.sh
```

MAX78000 synthesis

To quantize TensorFlow model and synthesize MAX78000 C source code from ONNX file execute the following command (MNIST example) :

```
$ (ai8x-synthesis) ./ai8xize.py --verbose -L --top-level cnn --test-dir
tensorflow --prefix tf-mnist --checkpoint-file ../ai8x-
training/TensorFlow/export/mnist/saved_model.onnx --config-file
./networks/mnist-chw-ai85-tf.yaml --sample-input ../ai8x-
training/TensorFlow/export/mnist/sampledata.npy --device MAX78000 --compact-data
--mexpress --embedded-code --scale 1.0 --softmax --display-checkpoint $@
```

It requires three input files:

/ai8x-training/TensorFlow/export/mnist/saved_model.onnx - ONNX presentation of TensorFlow model

/ai8x-synthesis/networks/mnist-chw-ai85-tf.yaml - YAML description of the model

/ai8x-training/TensorFlow/export/mnist/sampledata.npy - Input data sample file

Parameter	Description
--keep-first	If present, it applies same scale factor of weights as specified in **--scale** to the first layer, otherwise half of the scale factor is applied to the first layer. See Datasets section.
--scale	Scale factor of weight's quantization (default =1)
--generate-dequantized-onnx-file	Generates a dequantized copy of the onnx file to be used for evaluation. See Post-training model quantization section.

Other used parameters are described in section "Network Loader (AI8Xize)" of **[1]**

Generated C code is stored in **/ai8x-synthesis/tensorflow/tf-mnist/** directory.

To generate MAX78000 C source code for all TensorFlow examples execute following script:

```
$ (ai8x-synthesis) bash gen-tf-demos-max78000.sh
```

Expected shape of input data sample file:

Example	Tensorflow dataset native shape	Synthesis expected shape	commandline option for training to generate expected sample file shape
mnist, fashionmnist (or cases with conv2d as input with 1 channel)	(1,28,28)	same: (1,28,28)	none
cifar10, cifar100, (or cases with conv2d as input with multiple channels like rock)	(1,32,32,3)	channel first: (3,32,32)	--channel-first
kws20 (or cases with conv1d as input)	(1,128,128)	channel first: (128,128)	-- channel-first --swap

References

[1] ai8x-training/README.md