Flight Simulator Adventure Creator

Command-line version



Source code (C++), betas, and latest data files: https://github.com/MaximumOctopus/FlightSimAdventureCreator

Latest version zip download:

https://flightsim.to/file/41477/flight-simulator-adventure-creator

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Introduction

Flight Simulator Adventure Creator (FSAC) is a powerful command-line tool for generating random routes for flight simulators (currently optimised for Microsoft Flight Simulator 2020).

It offers the ability to create MSFS plan files (.pln), so it's easy to load your newly generated route into MSFS 2020.

There are many options available for customising the type of route that will be built.

If you have any questions or suggestions for new features, then don't hesitate to get in touch.

By default, with no options selected, FSAC will randomly select an aircraft and start location for you. It will even give you a suggested job, a reason for your journey.

Adding more options will allow for a more controlled experience, still random, but tweaked towards your preferences.

FSAC has a database of around 23200 airports. All of these are valid within MSFS 2020, although its airport list is much larger (around 35000). It's currently very difficult to get hold of a definitive MSFS airport list. I'll add to the FSAC list as and when airports are found to be missing.

Included Files and Customisation Options

Every file that comes with FSAC is editable and customisation is encouraged. Keep a backup of your edits, as new updates will overwrite any changes.

```
config readme.txt
```

Details on creating and customising configuration files. These are an alternative to using FSAC with a set of command-line parameters. See the *Configuration File Handling* section below.

```
custom aircraft.txt
```

Add your purchased and free aircraft to this file. Details for editing it can be found inside.

Alternatively, use the <code>/fsacca</code> option to automatically generate the file from the contents of your community folder.

```
default aircraft.txt
```

This file contains information on every aircraft that comes with the various versions of MSFS 2020.

```
favourites.txt
```

A list of favourite airports specified using ICAO codes. This comes populated with a list of interesting airports. Feel free to add your own.

Installation

FSAC doesn't need installing in the normal sense. Download the zip from either *github* or *FlightSim.to* and extract it to a folder of your choice.

This is a command-line tool, you'll need to use it from a Windows console. Navigate to the folder where it's installed (in Windows Explorer), click in the folder path area (so the entire folder path is highlighted, type "cmd", then press enter. You'll now have a new console window set to the location of FCAS!

Command Line Parameters

To get live help run FSAC with the /? Parameter:

fsac /?

This will show you all the available commands and some detail on their use.

You find a set of example parameters at the end of this document.

All comments and suggestions are gratefully received, please email them to me at paul@freshney.org

Aircraft Selection

These settings affect the pool of aircraft that the random aircraft is selected from. Without setting any options, every aircraft contained in the default_aircraft.txt and custom_aircraft.txt files will be included.

/aircrafttype:type

Limits the randomly selected aircraft to a specific type, where *type* must be one of the following options:

- 0 Props
- 1 Jets
- 2 Helicopters
- 3 Gliders
- 4 Twin props
- 5 Turbo props
- 6 Twin turbo props
- 7 Balloons

/noairliner

Removes airliners from the list of aircraft that can be selected randomly.

/nomilitary

Removes military aircraft from the list of aircraft that can be selected randomly.

/msfsversion:version

Select the random aircraft based on the version of MSFS 2020 they are available in. Where version can be one of these:

- 0 All (includes third party aircraft)
- 1 Deluxe version and above
- 2 Premium deluxe

/maxspeed:speed

Set a maximum cruise for your random aircraft. Specify the speed in knots.

/minspeed:speed

Set a minimum cruise for your random aircraft. Specify the speed in knots.

/ga

Select only GA aircraft. All props, turbo props, twins. No military, and no airliners.

/ja

Select only jet airliners. Jets, airliners, no military.

/props

Only props and twin props.

/seaplanes

Disables all aircraft except seaplanes, and enables the seaplane base airport type.

/twins

Only twin props and twin turbo props.

/turbos

Only turbo props and twin turbo props.

/nocustom

Ignore aircraft from the custom aircraft.txt file.

/nodefault

Ignore aircraft from the default aircraft.txt file.

Airport Selection

The following options affect the pool of airports from which your random route is created.

/continent:ico code

Filters available airports by continent. The ICO code must be one of these:

AF Africa

AN Antarctica

AS Asia

EU Europe

NA North America

OC Oceania

SA South America

/country:ico_code

Filters available airports by country. Must be a value ICO country code. A complete list can be found here:

 $https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ISO_3166-1_alpha-2\n$

/region:ico code

Filters available airports by specific region (eg. US-FL for Florida). Must be a valid ICO region code. A complete list can be found here:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ISO_3166-2

/elevation: value

Allows only airports above this value, in feet.

/latfrom:angle degrees

Limit airport location by latitude. Set the from angle in degrees. 0° is the Greenwich Meridian. 180° is the international date line.

From -> to should go clockwise around the Earth, as soon from the North Pole.

/latto:angle degrees

Limit airport location by latitude. Set the from angle in degrees. 0° is the Greenwich Meridian. 180° is the international date line.

From -> to should go clockwise around the Earth, as soon from the North Pole.

/longfrom:angle degrees

Limit airport location by longitude. Set the angle in degrees. 0° is the equator, $+90^{\circ}$ is the North Pole, -90° is the South Pole.

From -> to should go anti-clockwise around the Earth, as soon from side-on with 0° latitude (the Greenwich Meridian) to the left.

/longto:angle_degrees

Limit airport location by longitude. Set the angle in degrees. 0° is the equator, $+90^{\circ}$ is the North Pole, -90° is the South Pole.

 $From \rightarrow to$ should go anti-clockwise around the Earth, as soon from side-on with 0° latitude (the Greenwich Meridian) to the left.

/nosmall

No small airports.

/nomedium

No medium airports.

/nolarge

No large airports.

/noheliports

No heliports.

/onlysmall

Only small airports.

/onlymedium

Only medium airports

/onlylarge

Only large airports.

/onlyheliports

Only heliports. This option also sets aircraft selection to helicopters only.

/day

Limit airports to those currently in daylight. This is a beta feature, improvements are incoming.

/night

Limit airports to those currently in darkness. This is a beta feature, improvements are incoming.

/list

List all loaded airports (those in the random selection pool). Not useful unless you know there's going be a small number to show.

Route Creation

/atob

Informs FSAC that you want to create a route of at least one leg (A->B).

If FSAC detects that you want a route, but you've forgotten this parameter (I've done it several times while testing!), then it will add it for you.

/legs:number

The number of legs comprising your journey. Each leg will be a new airport to visit. The default value is 1.

/range:number

The length in nautical miles of each leg of your journey. The default is 100 nm. FSAC will add +10% and -10% of this value when searching for airports (so with 100nm, it will search from 90 to 110nm).

If you want to specify the range in kilometres, then append a K to the end of your value, eg.:

/range:100k

/startairport:icao

Your route will start at the specified airport. The ICAO code supplied must be an airport that exists in the FSAC airport database.

/endairport: icao

Your route will end at the specified airport. The ICAO code supplied must be an airport that exists in the FSAC airport database.

/favourite

Select the start airport from one of the airports in the favourites file (favourites.txt).

/number:value

The number of multi-leg routes to generate. Default is 1.

/simple:value

The number of single leg routes to generate. Default is 5.

/bearing:compass bearing

Set a direction for you journey using a compass bearing. Valid values are:

N, NNE, NE, ENE, E, ESE, SE, SSE, S, SSW, SW, WSW, W, WNW, NW, NNW

/direction:angle

Set an angle to travel for your journey. angle should be between 0 and 360.

/time:minutes

Instead of using *range*, set the length of each leg based on the cruise speed of the selected aircraft. Where *minutes* is the number of minutes each leg of the journey should take.

The calculated distance value will have the same margins applied as if using the /range option.

/useaircraftrange

Use the selected aircraft's range as the basis of the leg length. By default FSAC uses 75% of the aircraft's maximum range. This percentage can be altered with the option below.

/aircraftrange:percent

Sets the aircraft percent modifier to the value of percent. The specified value must be between 1 and 100.

/allowexcessrange

Allow routes longer than the selected aircraft's maximum range. By default, the maximum leg length will be adjusted to fit. But don't forget to refuel!

```
/route:start airport icao:range:legs:direction or bearing
```

This is a new option in 0.4 that allows for several of the most popular settings to be entered in a single parameter. No option is mandatary, don't enter anything.

```
/route:EGNX::2
```

Sets the start airport to EGNX (East Midlands airport), no range is specified, so the default of 100 nm is used, 2 legs, and doesn't specify a route direction.

```
/route::120:3:NE
```

No start airport, so one will be selected at random, 120nm range, 3 legs, and a route direction of NE.

```
/route:CYPU:50:2:180
```

Start at CYPU in Canada, range of 50nm, 2 legs, and a route direction of 180 (South).

```
/keeptrying
```

There are plenty of places in the world where 20 miles between airports isn't going to cause a problem. There are plenty of places where <5 will work! But this isn't true for many remote locations. So, rather than not getting a route at all (or if you're having trouble completing routes in certain locations), try using /keeptrying.

If a search finds no airports within range, it will search again but will multiply range by 1.25 and (if set) increase the direction angle by 5 degrees plus and minus. If it still can't find an airport it will try again, modifying range and direction by the same amounts. It will give-up after 21 tries...

Export Options

/exportmsfs

Export each route to an MSFS 2020 plan file (.pln). These are stored in the *plans* folder in the following format:

```
\plans\icao from to icao to yyyymmdd hhmmss.pln
```

Where *yyyymmdd* is the current date, and *hhmmss* is the current time.

```
/exporttext
```

Export each route to a text itinerary file. These are stored in the *reports* folder in the following format:

```
\reports\icao from to icao to yyyymmdd hhmmss.txt
```

Where *yyyymmdd* is the current date, and *hhmmss* is the current time.

Configuration File Handling

If you find yourself running FSAC regularly with the same options, then you can make life easier by saving those options into a config file and loading at your leisure.

/loadconfig:file_name
Load a config file with the specified file_name.
/saveconfig:file_name

Save a config file to the *file name* specified.

Miscellaneous Options

/fsacca

Generates a <code>custom_aircraft.txt</code> file based on the contents of your MSFS 2020 community folder. It's currently not 100% accurate in determining whether an aircraft is military or not.

It can't populate the minimum runway required field (this information isn't available in the aircraft configuration files), but this isn't that important *yet*.

This option must be used on its own, without any aircraft, airport, or route options.

It will overwrite the existing file, and you will lose any edits. So keep a backup.

/q

Silences some console output (particularly the full configuration list and loaded-data statistics).

/cat

This option must **never** be used.

Data Analysis

There is a lot of data available to FSAC: over 23000 airports, and over 25000 runways. I'll be adding interesting options over time that will allow you to interrogate the data, and maybe find something previously unknown.

Once run, these functions will close FSAC. They can't be used in conjunction with route or aircraft generation.

/findnearest:icao code

Will show all airports within range (default 100nm) of the specified airport.

Combine this with other airport selection options to show only small airports within 50nm, for example:

/onlysmall /findnearest:EGNX /range:50

Examples

Not all options or combinations are demonstrated here; for a complete list use the help parameter, "FSAC /?" or see the section above.

```
fsac /prop
```

Will pick a random prop aircraft and random starting airport. Does not generate a route (/atob does that).

```
fsac /atob /continent:NA
```

Generate simple routes (from one airport to another) in the continent of North America.

```
fsac /atob /continent:AS /minspeed:300
```

Generate simple routes (from one airport to another) in the continent of Asia, with a plane that has a minimum cruise speed of 300 kts.

```
fsac /atob /continent:EU /nomedium
```

A simple route, in Europe, with medium airports disabled (leaving only large and small).

As mentioned below, the data available is larger than the number of valid airports in MSFS 2020. There is no definitive list of MSFS airports, but Brian Bernacki (many thanks) has done a lot of work to get this going. The data file for FSAC has around 23000 airports which is sizeable percentage of those advertised to exist in the sim (around 35000).

Generate simple routes (from one airport to another) in the continent of North America.

```
fsac /atob /legs:2
```

Generate a route of two legs. Starting location can be anywhere, maximum distance between legs is 100 nm (default).

```
fsac /atob /legs:2 /range:80
```

Generate a route of two leg. Starting location can be anywhere, maximum distance between legs is 80 nm.

```
fsac /atob /legs:2 /range:80 /ga
```

As above, but will now limit the random aircraft selection to either prop or twin prop, ignores military and airliners.

```
fsac /atob /legs:3 /range:200 /jet /noairliner
```

A route of 3 leg, where each leg is no more than 200 nm. Only jets, no airliners. Military jets allowed.

```
fsac /atob /legs:3 /range:200 /jet /noairliner /country:GB
```

As above, but limit airports to Great Britain.

A complete list of ISO country codes can be found here:

```
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ISO_3166-1_alpha-2
```

A complete list of ISO region codes (for use with /region) can be found here:

```
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ISO 3166-2
```

```
fsac /atob /useaircraftrange /legs:3
```

Creates a three-leg journey where each leg length is determined by the chosen aircraft's max range. A modifier is first applied to the aircraft's max range (the default is 75%) before dividing the range by the number of legs.

So if an aircraft is chosen with a max range of 1000 nm, this becomes 750 nm (75% of 1000), then this gets divided by three. So each leg can be a maximum length of 250 nm.

Use the option /allowexcessrange to disable this behaviour, just don't forget to refuel!

```
fsac /atob /range:50 /twins
```

A 50 mile route from airport A to B, and I only want to fly twin props or twin turbo props. Airliners and military are allowed.

```
fsac /atob /day
```

A->B route but only airports in daylight will be added to the random selection pool. /night does the opposite.

This is very much a beta feature. It'll likely work better for Northern Hemisphere locations (the airport, not you), but you might find yourself in an airport after dusk or before dawn. A better implementation will appear very soon!

```
fsac /atob /startairport:EKCH /bearing:N /legs:2 /range:200
```

So we start a 2-leg journey from Copenhagen (EKCH) and will fly north into Sweden.

```
fsac /startairport:EGKK /endairport:EGXW /range:50
```

Generate a route from Gatwick Airport to Waddington Airfield.

This will automatically set the number of legs based on distance from the start to end airports. If legs was specified instead, then the range would be automatically calculated.

Notice that /atob is missing. From version 0.3 onwards, the application will see that it's missing (providing some other settings have been set) and add it automatically.

Setting start and end is in beta at the moment. It seems to work well with testing. If you get any issues from it, then please send me details.

```
fsac /atob /turbos /favourite
```

As you can guess by now, this one plots an A->B route (a single leg) and specifies only turbo props or twin turbo props. It will pick the starting airport from one of the airports in the "favourites.txt" file. As with all FSAC files, this is editable, and I suggest you fill it full of your own favourite places. It comes prepopulated with a selection of interesting airports from across the world.

```
fsac /atob /props /range:20 /keeptrying
```

A nice short route in a slow-but-fun prop (probably). There are plenty of places in the world where 20 miles between airports isn't going to cause a problem. There are plenty of places where <5 will work! But this isn't true for many remote locations. So, rather than not getting a route at all, try using /keeptrying. If a search finds no airports, then it will search again but will multiply range by 1.25 and (if set) increase the direction angle by 5 degrees plus and minus. If it still can't find an airport it will try again, modifying range and direction by the same amounts. It will give-up after 21 tries...

```
fsac /startairport:YSSY /range:200k
```

A->B route (/atob added automatically as a start airport is specified). Range is specified in kilometers (which will be converted to nautical miles).

/saveconfig:filename

This will save your route/aircraft configuration, using all of the options you've selected, to a file.

```
/loadconfig:filename
```

This will load a previously saved or created configuration. You won't have to use command-line options again!

```
/findnearest:ICAO /range:50
```

Show all airports within range of the specified airport. If the range parameter is omitted, then the default (100 nm) will be used.

This is one of a planned list of "data analysis" functions that will be added to regularly.

These can't be combined with any other route options. Once it's listed the nearest airports the application will exit.

Credits

Programming Paul Alan Freshney

Development Cats Rutherford, Freeman, and Maxwell

(maximumoctopus.com/developmentcats.htm)

Airport/Runway data ourairports.com

Thanks to Brian Bernacki for his MSFS airport data

And everyone who has sent me feedback. Please keep it coming!

Written with C++ 20 in Visual Studio 2022.

All of my software is free and open source.

Please donate to your local cat charity or shelter, thanks.

