The amsbsy package

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This file is maintained by the LATEX Project team. Bug reports can be opened (category amslatex) at http://latex-project.org/bugs.html.

1 Introduction

The package amsbsy, first written in 1989, implements a few commands for producing **bold** characters in the 'normal' *math version*.

Note: It is recommended nowadays to use the bm package, which became available in 1997.

If we have bold fonts which contain the character in question then we will use these fonts to produce the wanted character. But sometimes math fonts are only available in a certain weight (e.g. the AMS symbol fonts). For these cases we provide a command which is called \pmb (an acronym for poor man's bold) with one argument. The bolder weight is achieved by copying the argument three times in slightly different positions which is better than nothing but no match for a real bold font.

\boldsymbol

There also exists the **\boldsymbol** command which is better in all cases where bold fonts exists. This command will internally switch to the corresponding 'bold' *math version* typeset its argument in this version.

Both commands will preserve the nature of their arguments, i.e. if they get a relational atom their result will again be a relation as far as TEX's mathspacing is concerned.

Since it is good policy to make at least a small test we try to typeset the infinity sign (∞) first with \pmb and then with \boldsymbol.

 $\infty = \infty$?

Standard package info.

\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}% LaTeX 2.09 can't be used (nor non-LaTeX) [1994/12/01]% LaTeX date must December 1994 or later \ProvidesPackage{amsbsy}[1999/11/29 v1.2d Bold Symbols]

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2 The implementation

We need some functions from the amsgen package.

\RequirePackage{amsgen}

\boldsymbol

In implementing boldsymbol, we must take into account TEX's limitation of only 16 mathgroups (math families, in Knuth's terminology). If we wanted to maintain mathgroups for both the bold and non-bold version of each math font, it would not take long to run out of mathgroups. Therefore what we do instead for a bold symbol is embed it in an hbox; inside that hbox, when we start another math formula, we can change all the mathgroups to their bold equivalents.

However, to get the correct math style inside the hbox (display, text, script or scriptscript) we have to use \mathchoice. Since \mathchoice \mathchoice \lambda a lot of overhead, and \mathchoice typesets the argument text four times, we would rather not put the \mathchoice typesets the argument text four times, we would rather not put the \mathchoice mathchoice and inside each \hbox in the \mathchoice; on the other hand, \mathchoice gives an error message if it's used in math mode. Therefore if we want to execute \mathchoice \mathchoice \lambda nomath error. (The error message is intended to keep people from accidentally emboldening a preceding part of a math formula, since only the mathgroups defined at the end of a math formula will determine the fonts used in that formula; but we are going to typeset our bold symbol not in the current formula but in an embedded formula, so that this danger doesn't apply here.)

\DeclareRobustCommand{\boldsymbol}[1]{%

Start a group to localize the change of \@nomath:

\begingroup

Disable \@nomath so that we don't have to leave math mode before executing \mathversion:

\let\@nomath\@gobble \mathversion{bold}%

\math@atom is a test macro which looks at its argument and produces a math atom of the proper class.

```
\mathbb{1}_{math@atom{#1}{%}}
```

Although it is tempting to use \text here, to save some main memory, that caused a bug in the past due to some internal interactions with \mathversion.

\mathchoice%

{\hbox{\$\m@th\displaystyle#1\$}}% {\hbox{\$\m@th\textstyle#1\$}}% {\hbox{\$\m@th\scriptstyle#1\$}}% {\hbox{\$\m@th\scriptscriptstyle#1\$}}}%

End the group we started earlier.

\endgroup}

\math@atom

The macro \math@atom looks at its argument and produce a correct math atom, i.e. a primitive like \mathopen. Until the day we have a real implementation for

all cases we use the $\begin{tabular}{l} \begin{tabular}{l} \begin{ta$

```
\def\math@atom#1#2{%
\binrel@{#1}\binrel@@{#2}}
```

\pmb Poor man's bold command, works by typesetting multiple copies of the given argument with small offsets.

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\pmb}{%
  \ifnmode\else \expandafter\pmb@@\fi\mathpalette\pmb@}
```

<page-header> is called by \pmb in the non-math-mode case. Discard the first two arguments which are for the math-mode case.

```
\def\pmb@@#1#2#3{\leavevmode\setboxz@h{#3}%
   \dimen@-\wdz@
   \kern-.5\ex@\copy\z@
   \kern\dimen@\kern.25\ex@\raise.4\ex@\copy\z@
   \kern\dimen@\kern.25\ex@\box\z@
}
\newdimen\pmbraise@
```

Note: because of the use of $\mbox{mathpalette}$, if $\mbox{pmb@}$ is applied to a single math italic character (or a single character from some other slanted math font), the italic correction will be added. This will cause subscripts to fall too far away from the character in some cases, e.g., T_1 or T_1 .

```
\label{lem:lembo} $$ \left( \frac{m0th#1{#2}}}\% \right) $$ \operatorname{lembo}(4.5) $$ \operatorname{lembo}(4.5) $$ \end{substitute} $$ \operatorname{lembo}(4.5) $$ \end{substitute} $$ \end{su
                   \binrel@{#2}%
                   \dimen@-\wd8 %
                   \binrel@@{%
                           \mkern-.8mu\copy8 %
                           \kern\dimen@\mkern.4mu\raise\pmbraise@\copy8 %
                           \kern\dimen@\mkern.4mu\box8 }%
          }
          \def\binrel@#1{\begingroup
                   \setboxz@h{\thinmuskip0mu
                           \medmuskip\m@ne mu\thickmuskip\@ne mu
                           \setbox\tw@\hbox{$#1\m@th$}\kern-\wd\tw@
                          ${}#1{}\m@th$}%
The \noexpand here should be unnecessary, but just in case ...
                   \edef\@tempa{\endgroup\let\noexpand\binrel@@
                           \else\ifdim\wdz@>\z@ \mathrel
                           \else \relax\fi\fi}%
                   \@tempa
For completeness, assign a default value for \binrel@@.
```

\let\binrel@@\relax

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The usual \endinput to ensure that random garbage at the end of the file doesn't get copied by docstrip.

\endinput