#### 1 Tips

•  $\epsilon$  is not a terminal symbol

# Context-free Grammars

Left-associative -  $(1 \oplus 2) \oplus 3$ 

$$E \to E \oplus T \ | \ T$$
 
$$T \to N$$

Right-associative -  $1 \oplus (2 \oplus 3)$ 

$$E \to T \oplus E \mid T$$
 
$$T \to N$$

$$E \to TE'$$

$$E' \to \epsilon \mid \oplus TE'$$

$$T \to N$$

### Left-factoring and left-recursion removal

#### Removing left recursion

$$E \to E \oplus T \ | \ T$$

is transformed into

$$E \to TE'$$

$$E' \to \epsilon \mid \oplus TE'$$

This transformers a left-associative grammar into a right-associative grammar

# First, Follow, and LL(1)

### Calculating First sets

- If production of form  $N \to \epsilon$ , add  $\epsilon$  to first set for N to indicate nullability
- If production of form  $N \to S_1 S_2 \dots S_n$ , then if  $\forall i \in 1..n, \forall j \in 1..i - 1 \cdot S_j$  is nullable, we add current first set for  $S_i$  to first
- If every construct  $S_1, \ldots, S_n$  is nullable, add  $\epsilon$  to first set for N

Perform for all productions, repeating the process until no sets are modified

### Shift/reduce parsing

### LR(x) parsing action conflicts

There is no such thing as a shift/shift conflict | 5.3.1 Subsubsection Header

# 5.2 LR(1) parsing algorithm

- 1. Perform state transition, after dequeueing start symbol of the Input
  - (a) If state transition was *shift*, put dequeued symbol on the Parsing stack
  - (b) If state transition was reduce, pop start symbol of the RHS of the reduction, and all stack elements above the start symbol, off the stack. Transition to state indicated by number currently on top of stack. Put reduced symbol on the stack. If LR(1), choose production s.t.  $queue_0 \in T$ , where T is look-ahead set. Follow transition path of current state, based on the reduced symbol.
  - (c) If performed state transition was accept, do nothing
- 2. Put number indicating current state on the stack

#### 5.3 Subsection Header