

The University of Queensland
School of Information Technology and Electrical Engineering
Semester Two, 2016
CSSE2310 / CSSE7231 - Assignment 4
Due: 11:10pm 28th October, 2016
Marks: 50
Weighting: 25% of your overall assignment mark (CSSE2310).
Version: 4.4

1 Introduction

In this assignment, you will write two C99 programs to carry out the “agent” simulation described below. The first program (`2310team`) will be used to represent a team of agents in the simulation. The second program (`2310controller`) will control the simulation environment. There will be no user input in this assignment. Instead, the configuration for the simulation will be read from files.

Your programs must not create any files on disk not mentioned in this specification. Your programs must not execute other programs. Your assignment submission must comply with the C style guide (version 2.0.3) available on the course blackboard area. This is an individual assignment. You should feel free to discuss aspects of C programming and the assignment specification with fellow students. You should not actively help (or seek help from) other students with the actual coding of your assignment solution. It is cheating to look at another student’s code and it is cheating to allow your code to be seen or shared in printed or electronic form. You should note that all submitted code may be subject to automated checks for plagiarism and collusion. If we detect plagiarism or collusion, formal misconduct proceedings will be initiated against you. A likely penalty for a first offence would be a mark of 0 for the assignment. Don’t risk it! If you’re having trouble, seek help from a member of the teaching staff. Don’t be tempted to copy another student’s code. You should read and understand the statements on student misconduct in the course profile and on the school web-site: <http://www.itee.uq.edu.au/itee-student-misconduct-including-plagiarism>.

You are not to give this specification to anyone else.

2 Context

The simulation will involve teams battling each other through the use of agents and their attacks.

A team will have four agents which will battle against the four agents of an opposing team. An agent has a type and a set of attacks it can use. Each attack, which also has a type, will have a different level of effectiveness (high, normal or low) against an opponent agent, depending on the types of the both the attack and the opponent. Agents will take damage from an attack based on its effectiveness. Once an agent has lost 10 health, it is eliminated and the next agent in the team will take its place in the battle. The battle is over once all agents in one team have been eliminated.

Teams can also participate in a larger simulation with multiple teams, through a controller. The controller will wait for a number of teams to join, then play out one or more rounds. In each round, a team will battle all the other teams in its zone, then report back to the controller. After all of the battles in a round are complete, teams will move to new zones to battle the teams there. This continues until all of the rounds are complete.

3 Team

3.1 Invocation / Modes

The `2310team` program will have three modes of operation. The first mode (“simulation”) will connect to a controller process to be part of a larger simulation. The second (“wait”) and third (“challenge”) forms are used for a single battle between two teams (i.e. there is no controller involved). In this case the description of the battle will be printed by both teams and then they will both exit.

3.1.1 Simulation

Usage: `2310team controllerport teamfile`

This mode will connect the team to a `2310controller` process so it can be part of a simulation. As soon as the team connects, it will receive the sinister information from the controller. After this, it will load its team and start waiting on an OS assigned port for challenges from other teams. The team then lets the controller know that it would like to be involved in the simulation by sending an `iwannaplay` message.

Following this setup, the team will follow the sequence of operations outlined in Section 4.2.

3.1.2 Wait

Usage: `2310team wait teamfile sinisterfile`

The **wait** process will listen on an OS chosen port for a **challenge** team. Upon starting, the process will print out the port it is listening on. For example:

57829

After a **challenge** team connects to the port, both teams will engage in a battle, followed by the narrative being printed to **stdout**.

3.1.3 Challenge

Usage: `2310team challenge teamfile sinisterfile targetport`

The **challenge** team will connect to the **wait** team on the specified target port. A battle will then play out between the two teams, followed by the narrative being printed to **stdout**.

3.2 Sequence

The two teams will start by setting up ready for a battle:

1. Challengers send team name using **fightmeirl**
2. Waiting team responds using **haveatyou**
3. Challengers select first agent and notify the waiting team
4. Waiting team responds with their first agent

Once the setup is complete, the battle can commence. The challengers will attack first. The battle will consist of attacks made in the following order:

1. Team 1 attacks using its current agent
2. Team 2 takes damage from the attack
3. Team 2 attacks using its current agent
4. Team 1 takes damage from the attack
5. Repeat, until all agents of one team are eliminated

Each agent in a team starts with 10 points of health. An attack will remove a number of points of health from the targeted agent, as indicated in Table 1. When a team's current agent is eliminated, it is replaced by the next agent and the opposition is sent an **iselectyou** message.

Effectiveness	Points lost
High	3
Normal	2
Low	1

Table 1: Damage taken from attacks

When all agents of one team have been eliminated, the battle is over. Both teams will then print out a narrative for the battle, in the following format:

otherteam has a difference of opinion

challengeteam chooses *agent*

waitteam chooses *agent*

agent uses attack: *result string*

agent uses attack: *result string*

...

agent uses attack: *result string* - *agent* was eliminated.

...

Team *teamname* was eliminated.

Note:

- In **challenge** and **wait** modes, only the messages sent from Team to Team are used. See Section 5 for the message formats.
- The narrative will include the details of attacks made and agents selected by both teams.
- Both sides detect the loss of the other by a read failure. Write calls could also fail, but your program should ignore these failures and wait for the associated read failure. Such write failures must not cause your program to crash.

3.3 Exit Statuses

All messages are to be printed to **stderr**.

Condition	Exit	Message
Normal exit due to game over	0	
Wrong number of arguments	1	Usage: 2310team controllerport teamfile or: 2310team wait teamfile sinisterfile or: 2310team challenge teamfile sinisterfile targetport
Unable to open sinister file for reading	2	Unable to access sinister file
Contents of sinister file are invalid	3	Error reading sinister file
Unable to open team file for reading	4	Unable to access team file
Contents of team file are invalid	5	Error reading team file
Port number is invalid	6	Invalid port number
Cannot open a connection to the controller	7	Unable to connect to controller
Cannot open a connection to the waiting team (ONLY used during challenge mode)	8	Unable to connect to team
Controller disconnected early (NOT used during wait/challenge mode)	9	Unexpected loss of controller
Other team disconnected early (ONLY used during wait/challenge mode)	10	Unexpected loss of team
Problem encountered while parsing message, etc	19	Protocol error
System error (eg. malloc failure)	20	System error

Table 2: Exit statuses for team

4 Controller

4.1 Invocation

The parameters to start the controller are:

- The height and width of the grid of zones.
- The path to the sinister file.
- Simulations to run, given as triples of: the number of rounds in the simulation, port number and number of teams expected on that port. If the port number is a dash, then the port number should be chosen by the OS. eg: 3 - 5 9 3500 8 would run two simulations, the first on an OS assigned port requiring 5 teams with three rounds and the second on port 3500 requiring 8 teams and taking nine rounds.

For example:

```
2310controller 3 7 files/sinister3 3 - 4
```

would create a grid of zones 3 high and 7 wide. Agent capabilities will be read from **files/sinister3**. The controller will wait for 4 teams to connect on a port chosen by the OS. The simulation will run for 3 rounds.

As soon as the controller has checked its arguments, it should print out (on a new line) the port used for each simulation (in the order given on the command line). For example:

```
2310controller 4 4 files/sinister2 7 - 2 6 7502 8 6 - 5
might print:
```

```
59010
7502
55033
```

Another run with the same parameters might print:

```
54323
7502
60010
```

4.2 Sequence

The controller will run until all simulations have completed (successfully or unsuccessfully). Each simulation will do the following:

Once the required number of teams have connected, the controller will run the required number of rounds. The simulation environment will consist of a grid of zones and a number of teams (each team being in a zone). In each round of the simulation, any teams in the same zone will battle.

At the start of each round, the controller will send a message to each team telling them which zone they are in and which other teams they need to challenge (the other teams in the same zone). Each team will display a message indicating their location:

Team is in zone x y

where **x y** is replaced with the coordinates of the zone.

The teams will then receive a **battle** message to tell them which other teams they are going to fight. The ports listed in the **battle** message should be arranged as follows:

1. Teams in the simulation should be sorted in lexicographic order by name (the first in sequence being Team 0).
2. Ports are to be listed in their team number order.
3. Each team will be told to challenge all teams with a higher team number than themselves, not including the last team. The last team will challenge everyone. For example: Suppose 4 teams must battle in a given zone ($t0, t1, t2, t3$), where $t0$ has the lowest team number.
 - $t0$ will challenge $t1, t2$
 - $t1$ will challenge $t2$
 - $t2$ will not challenge anyone
 - $t3$ will challenge $t0, t1, t2$

Upon receiving a **battle** message, a team will engage in a battle with each of the opposition teams they were sent. Such battles follow the same sequence as described earlier in Section 3.2. After a battle is complete, the team will send either a **donefighting** message to indicate the battle completed successfully, or a **disco** message to indicate the opposition disconnected early or sent invalid setup information. At the end of each round, each team will output their narratives in order (lexicographic order by opponent team names). Note that this is done by the **2310team** process responsible for the team, not by the controller.

When the controller has received enough **donefighting** messages, the round is over and it will send each team either:

- a **wherenow?** to ask for their next move, or
- a **gameoverman** message to indicate the end of the simulation.

If the controller receives a **disco** message from a team instead of a **donefighting** message, the simulation will end early. When the simulation has ended, all teams will be sent a **gameoverman** message. Teams that receive this message will then exit normally.

Note:

- The borders of the grid wrap. For example, this means if a team tries to move off the top of the grid, they will reappear at the bottom.
- As per team battles, both sides detect the loss of the other by a read failure. A write failure must not crash your program.

4.3 Exit Statuses

All messages are to be printed to `stderr`.

Condition	Exit	Message
Normal exit due to game over	0	
Wrong number of arguments	1	Usage: 2310controller height width sinisterfile rounds port teams [[rounds port teams] ...]
Invalid grid height	2	Invalid height
Invalid grid width	3	Invalid width
Unable to open sinister file for reading	4	Unable to access sinister file
Contents of sinister file are invalid	5	Error reading sinister file
Invalid number of rounds	6	Invalid number of rounds
Port number is invalid	7	Invalid port number
Port number is in use	8	Unable to listen on port
Invalid number of teams	9	Invalid number of teams
Problem encountered while parsing message, etc	19	Protocol error
System error (eg. malloc failure)	20	System error

Table 3: Exit statuses for controller

5 Messages

Message	Params	From	To	Meaning
sinister	This is a multi-line message	Controller	Team	Used to send the sinister file to a team
iwannaplay x y N P	x y are grid coordinates where the team wants to start. N is the team name. P is the port the team is waiting on.	Team	Controller	A new team wants to join the simulation
battle x y P	x and y are grid coordinates where the team is currently located. P is a space separated list of port numbers (it could be empty).	Controller	Team	Starts a new round. Connect to all those ports and challenge the team at each one.
fightmeirl n	n is a team name	Team	Team	Used by challenger to send name to team they are challenging
haveatyou n	n is a team name	Team	Team	Response to <code>fightmeirl</code> to send name back
iselectyou a	a is an agent name	Team	Team	Tell the opposition team which agent they are using
attack a m	a is an agent name, m is an attack name	Team	Team	Indicate an attack
donefighting		Team	Controller	Sent by both teams once their battle has successfully completed
disco		Team	Controller	Sent by a team when the battle finished early due to the opposition disconnecting or sending invalid setup information
gameoverman		Controller	Team	Sent to all teams to indicate the simulation is over
wherenow?		Controller	Team	After a round is over, ask team which direction to move next
travel d	d is a single character direction (N, E, S, W)	Team	Controller	Direction to move after all fights (in response to <code>wherenow?</code>)

6 File Formats

There are two types of file that are used by the team and controller when running a simulation or battle.

6.1 Team file

The members of each team, the attacks to be used in battle and the directions to move to new zones are recorded in a `teamfile`.

Here is an example team file:

```
teamdoomed
cobra slither poison
gull flap swoop swoop
flying_fox flap poison
cobra poison poison slither slither
3 4
N N E E W N W E
```

The first line gives the name of the team. The next four lines give team members and a sequence of attacks they will try to use (in order). The next line gives the coordinates which this team will start at when joining a full simulation being run by a `2310controller` (the controller will mod these by the relevant dimension). The final line gives the sequence of moves that this team will make after each round of the simulation.

6.2 Sinister file

The capabilities of the agents are described in a common `sinister` file.

Here is an example sinister file:

```
# Type names
bird
mammal
reptile
australian
.
# Type effectiveness strings
mammal it_worked_well ok something_went_wrong
bird it_worked_great ok not_great
australian bonza ok it_was_pretty_average
reptile it_was_effective it_was_ok it_was_ineffective
.
# Type relations
australian +bird +mammal +reptile -australian
bird -reptile +mammal
reptile -mammal +bird
mammal +reptile -bird
.
# Attacks
add_beetroot australain
add_vegemite australain
eat_egg mammal
pounce mammal
slither reptile
poison reptile
lose_tail reptile
flap bird
peck bird
swoop bird
scratch mammal
.
# Agents
mongoose mammal pounce scratch swoop
cobra reptile poison slither swoop
gull bird peck swoop flap
flying_fox mammal flap poison add_beetroot
croc australain pounce add_beetroot add_vegemite
.
```

The file consists of five sections, each ending with a `.` on a newline. The items on each line should be separated by a space. A line beginning with a `#` is a comment and should be discarded. The sections will be as follows:

Section 1 List of available types on separate lines. Each agent has a type and each attack has a type.

Section 2 Attacks will have have one of three levels of effectiveness: High, Normal and Low. Each line of this section will give a type followed by an effectiveness string for each level of effectiveness in order from High to Low. These are phrases to be used when an attack of that type and effectiveness is performed.

Section 3 Describes the effectiveness of each type against the other types.

Each line gives the type followed by a list of other types preceded by `+`, `=` or `-` indicating whether the first type has High, Normal or Low effectiveness against that type. If a type relationship is not listed, then it defaults to Normal effectiveness.

Section 4 List of available attacks. Each line gives an attack and which type the attack is.

Section 5 List of agents. Each line gives an agent, its type and then three attacks which that agent can perform.

Since the file uses the space character as a delimiter, types, attacks and effectiveness strings can use an underscore ('_') to have it replaced by a space.

7 Marking

As with previous assignments, up to 8 marks will be given for style and up to 42 marks for functionality. Style marks will be calculated as follows:

Let A be the number of style violations detected by simpatico plus the number of build warnings. Let H be the number of style violations detected by human markers. Let F be the functionality mark for your assignment.

- If $A > 10$, then your style mark will be zero and M will not be calculated.
- Otherwise, let $M_A = 4 \times 0.8^A$ and $M_H = M_A - 0.5 \times H$ your style mark S will be $M_A + \max\{0, M_H\}$.

Your total mark for the assignment will be $F + \min\{F, S\}$.

Functionality marks will be allocated as follows:

- With fixed sinister file:
 - Team operating in **challenge** mode. (4 marks)
 - Team operating in **wait** mode. (4 marks)
- With unknown sinister file:
 - Team operating in **challenge** mode. (4 marks)
 - Team operating in **wait** mode. (4 marks)
- Teams used with controller:
 - Controller and team argument checking for use with controller (3 marks)
 - Two teams in a single round simulation (4 marks)
 - Multiple rounds with at most one battle per round (5 marks)
 - Multiple simulations, multiple rounds with at most one battle per round (4 marks)
 - Multiple simulations, multiple rounds (10 marks)

7.1 Banned functions/features

One of the aims of this assignment is to operate with threads and TCP networking. Your programs are not permitted to start additional processes or create additional files on the filesystem or make use of IPC pipes. Further, you are not permitted to make use of gnu language extensions or any of the following:

`__attribute__`, `getdelim`, `getline`, `setjump`, `longjump`, `goto`, `select`.

You are not permitted to use posix regex features.

You are also not to use non-blocking IO nor `setbuff()` or equivalents to switch off buffering on `FILE*`.

Late Penalties

Late penalties will apply as outlined in the course profile.

Specification Updates

It is possible that this specification contains errors or inconsistencies or missing information. It is possible that clarifications will be issued via the course website. Any such clarifications posted 5 days (120 hours) or more before the due date will form part of the assignment specification. If you find any inconsistencies or omissions, please notify the teaching staff.

Test Data

Test data and scripts for this assignment will be made available. (`testa4.sh`, `reptesta4.sh`) The idea is to help clarify some areas of the specification and to provide a basic sanity check of code which you have committed. *They are not guaranteed to check all possible problems nor are they guaranteed to resemble the tests which will be used to mark your assignments.* Testing that your assignment complies with this specification is still *your* responsibility.

8 Tips

- You will need a map data structure.
- You will need a list/queue/iterable sequence.

9 Changes

- 4.3 → 4.4
 - Explain the `2310team` simulation mode setup and operations order
 - Change order of `2310team` exit statuses to reflect order of validation (*sinister then team*) and remove `Invalid setup information received` exit status
- 4.2 → 4.3
 - Consistent spelling of `flying_fox`
 - `flying_fox` now uses legal moves in team file.
 - Effectiveness strings are chosen from the move type not the attacking agent type.
 - corrected an indefinite article.
- 4.1 → 4.2
 - Added missing moves to teamfile
- 4.0 → 4.1
 - Fixed Due date.
 - Added posix regex to the banned list.
 - Added style mark formulae
 - Assignment submission will be via svn commit to `/trunk/ass4` in your repository.
 - Your assignment must compile (with `make`) with at least the following flags: `-std=gnu99 -pedantic -Wall`. The usual rules about not trying to suppress warnings with pragma or compiler flags still apply.