Assignment 2: Verification

Maxwell Bo 43926871 April 13, 2017

1 Part A

Let

$$pre \triangleq D.len \geqslant max(\{A.len, B.len, C.len\})$$

 $\land sorted(A) \land sorted(B) \land sorted(C)$

$$post(r) \triangleq D_{[0,r)} = A \cap B \cap C$$

```
i, j, k, r, D : [pre, post(r)]
\sqsubseteq \{ \text{Composition: middle predicate is } inv \} 
i, j, k, r, D : [pre, inv]; \ i, j, k, r, D : [inv, post(r)]
```

where

$$inv \triangleq D_{[0,r)} = A_{[0,i)} \cap B_{[0,j)} \cap C_{[0,k)}$$

 $\land r \in [0, D.len] \land i \in [0, A.len] \land j \in [0, B.len] \land k \in [0, C.len]$

. .

٠.٠

$$\begin{array}{lll} inv[i,j,k,r\backslash 0,0,0,0] & \equiv & D_{[0,0)} = A_{[0,0)} \, \cap \, B_{[0,0)} \, \cap \, C_{[0,0)} \\ & \wedge \, 0 \in [0,D.len] \, \wedge \, 0 \in [0,A.len] \, \wedge \, 0 \in [0,B.len] \, \wedge \, 0 \in [0,C.len] \\ & \equiv & \varnothing = (\varnothing \, \cap \, \varnothing \, \cap \, \varnothing) \, \wedge \, (\text{true} \, \wedge \, \text{true} \, \wedge \, \text{true}) \\ & \equiv & \varnothing = \varnothing \, \wedge \, \text{true} \\ & \equiv & \text{true} \end{array}$$

 $guard(i, j, k) \triangleq (i \neq A.len \lor j \neq B.len \lor k \neq C.len)$

where guard is a function that takes i, j, k as implicit parameters.

$$inv \land \neg guard \equiv inv \land (i = A.len \land j = B.len \land k = C.len)$$

Assuming $(i = A.len \land j = B.len \land k = C.len)$ holds, we can show that still

$$inv \wedge (i = A.len \wedge j = B.len \wedge k = C.len) \implies post(r)$$

٠.٠

$$\begin{array}{ll} \operatorname{inv} \wedge (i = A.\operatorname{len} \, \wedge \, j = B.\operatorname{len} \, \wedge \, k = C.\operatorname{len}) & \equiv & \operatorname{inv}[i,j,k \backslash A.\operatorname{len},B.\operatorname{len},C.\operatorname{len}] \\ & \equiv & D_{[0,r)} = A_{[0,A.\operatorname{len})} \, \cap \, B_{[0,B.\operatorname{len})} \, \cap \, C_{[0,C.\operatorname{len})} \\ & \wedge & r \in [0,D.\operatorname{len}] \, \wedge \, A.\operatorname{len} \in [0,A.\operatorname{len}] \, \wedge \, B.\operatorname{len} \in [0,B.\operatorname{len}] \, \wedge \, C.\operatorname{len} \in [0,B.\operatorname{len}] \\ & \equiv & (D_{[0,r)} = A \, \cap \, B \, \cap \, C) \, \wedge \, (r \in [0,D.\operatorname{len}]) \\ & \equiv & (D_{[0,r)} = A \, \cap \, B \, \cap \, C) \, \wedge \, (r \in [0,D.\operatorname{len}]) \end{array}$$

$$(D_{[0,r)} = A \cap B \cap C) \wedge (r \in [0, D.len]) \Rightarrow post(r)$$

$$\Rightarrow D_{[0,r)} = A \cap B \cap C$$

where

$$V \triangleq (A.len - i) + (B.len - j) + (C.len - k)$$

$$\triangleq (A.len + B.len + C.len) - (i + j + k)$$

where

$$G_1(i,j) \triangleq A_i > B_j$$

$$G_2(j,k) \triangleq B_j > C_k$$

$$G_3(k,i) \triangleq C_k > A_i$$

$$G_4(i,j,k) \triangleq (A_i = B_j) \land (B_j = C_k)$$

. .

$$G_1(i,j) \vee G_2(j,k) \vee G_3(k,i) \vee G_4(i,j,k)$$

$$\equiv \{\text{Expansion of the guard definitions}\}$$

$$(A_i > B_j) \vee (B_j > C_k) \vee (C_k > A_i) \vee ((A_i = B_j) \wedge (B_j = C_k))$$

$$\equiv \{\text{Transitivity}\}$$

$$(A_i > B_j) \vee (B_j > C_k) \vee (C_k > A_i) \vee (A_i = B_j = C_k)$$

Actions that have undefined behaviour, such as out-of-bounds array indexing, are inexpressible in the Guarded Query Language. Therefore, for any array-index pairing A_i , there is an implicit constraint that $i \in [0, A.len).$ Thus

$$(A_i > B_j) \lor (B_j > C_k) \lor (C_k > A_i) \lor (A_i = B_j = C_k) \equiv ((A_i > B_j) \lor (B_j > C_k) \lor (C_k > A_i) \lor (A_i = B_j = C_k)) \\ \land (i \in [0, A.len) \land j \in [0, B.len) \land k \in [0, C.len))$$