# ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U

# **Datasheet**

2.4 GHz Wi-Fi (802.11 b/g/n) and Bluetooth® 5 (LE) module
Built around ESP32-S3 series of SoCs, Xtensa® dual-core 32-bit LX7 microprocessor
Flash up to 16 MB, PSRAM up to 8 MB
36 GPIOs, rich set of peripherals
On-board PCB antenna or external antenna connector



ESP32-S3-WROOM-1



ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U



## 1 Module Overview

#### Note:

Check the link or the QR code to make sure that you use the latest version of this document: https://www.espressif.com/sites/default/files/documentation/esp32-s3-wroom-1\_wroom-1u\_datasheet\_en.pdf



#### 1.1 Features

#### **CPU and On-Chip Memory**

- ESP32-S3 series of SoCs embedded, Xtensa<sup>®</sup> dual-core 32-bit LX7 microprocessor, up to 240 MHz
- 384 KB ROM
- 512 KB SRAM
- 16 KB SRAM in RTC
- Up to 8 MB PSRAM

#### Wi-Fi

- 802.11 b/g/n
- Bit rate: 802.11n up to 150 Mbps
- A-MPDU and A-MSDU aggregation
- 0.4  $\mu$ s guard interval support
- Center frequency range of operating channel: 2412 ~ 2484 MHz

#### Bluetooth

- Bluetooth LE: Bluetooth 5, Bluetooth mesh
- 2 Mbps PHY
- Long range mode
- Advertising extensions
- Multiple advertisement sets
- Channel selection algorithm #2

#### **Peripherals**

 GPIO, SPI, LCD interface, Camera interface, UART, I2C, I2S, remote control, pulse counter, LED PWM, USB 1.1 OTG, USB Serial/JTAG controller, MCPWM, SDIO host, GDMA, TWAI<sup>®</sup> controller (compatible with ISO 11898-1), ADC, touch sensor, temperature sensor, timers and watchdogs

#### **Integrated Components on Module**

- 40 MHz crystal oscillator
- Up to 16 MB SPI flash

#### **Antenna Options**

- On-board PCB antenna (ESP32-S3-WROOM-1)
- External antenna via a connector (ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U)

#### **Operating Conditions**

- Operating voltage/Power supply: 3.0 ~ 3.6 V
- Operating ambient temperature:
  - 65 °C version: -40 ~ 65 °C
  - 85 °C version: -40 ~ 85 °C
  - 105 °C version: -40 ~ 105 °C
- Dimensions: See Table 1

## 1.2 Description

ESP32-S3-WROOM-1 and ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U are two powerful, generic Wi-Fi + Bluetooth LE MCU modules that are built around the ESP32-S3 series of SoCs. On top of a rich set of peripherals, the acceleration

for neural network computing and signal processing workloads provided by the SoC make the modules an ideal choice for a wide variety of application scenarios related to Al and Artificial Intelligence of Things (AloT), such as wake word detection, speech commands recognition, face detection and recognition, smart home, smart appliances, smart control panel, smart speaker, etc.

ESP32-S3-WROOM-1 comes with a PCB antenna. ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U comes with an external antenna connector. A wide selection of module variants are available for customers as shown in Table 1. Among the module variants, those embed ESP32-S3R8 operate at  $-40 \sim 65$  °C ambient temperature, ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-H4 and ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-H4 operate at  $-40 \sim 105$  °C ambient temperature, and other module variants operate at  $-40 \sim 85$  °C ambient temperature.

**Table 1: Ordering Information** 

Ordering Code	Chip Embedded	Flash (MB)	PSRAM (MB)	Dimensions (mm)
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-N4	ESP32-S3	4	0	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-N8	ESP32-S3	8	0	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-N16	ESP32-S3	16	0	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-H4 (105 °C)	ESP32-S3	4	0	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-N4R2	ESP32-S3R2	4	2 (Quad SPI)	18 × 25.5 × 3.1
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-N8R2	ESP32-S3R2	8	2 (Quad SPI)	10 x 20.0 x 3.1
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-N16R2	ESP32-S3R2	16	2 (Quad SPI)	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-N4R8 (65 °C)	ESP32-S3R8	4	8 (Octal SPI)	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-N8R8 (65 °C)	ESP32-S3R8	8	8 (Octal SPI)	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1-N16R8 (65 °C)	ESP32-S3R8	16	8 (Octal SPI)	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-N4	ESP32-S3	4	0	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-N8	ESP32-S3	8	0	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-N16	ESP32-S3	16	0	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-H4 (105 °C)	ESP32-S3	4	0	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-N4R2	ESP32-S3R2	4	2 (Quad SPI)	18 × 19.2 × 3.2
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-N8R2	ESP32-S3R2	8	2 (Quad SPI)	10 x 19.2 x 3.2
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-N16R2	ESP32-S3R2	16	2 (Quad SPI)	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-N4R8 (65 °C)	ESP32-S3R8	4	8 (Octal SPI)	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-N8R8 (65 °C)	ESP32-S3R8	8	8 (Octal SPI)	
ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U-N16R8 (65 °C)	ESP32-S3R8	16	8 (Octal SPI)	

At the core of the modules is an ESP32-S3 series of SoC \*, an Xtensa® 32-bit LX7 CPU that operates at up to 240 MHz. You can power off the CPU and make use of the low-power co-processor to constantly monitor the peripherals for changes or crossing of thresholds.

ESP32-S3 integrates a rich set of peripherals including SPI, LCD, Camera interface, UART, I2C, I2S, remote control, pulse counter, LED PWM, USB Serial/JTAG controller, MCPWM, SDIO host, GDMA, TWAI<sup>®</sup> controller (compatible with ISO 11898-1), ADC, touch sensor, temperature sensor, timers and watchdogs, as well as up to 45 GPIOs. It also includes a full-speed USB 1.1 On-The-Go (OTG) interface to enable USB communication.

#### Note:

<sup>\*</sup> For more information on ESP32-S3 series of SoCs, please refer to ESP32-S3 Series Datasheet.

## 1.3 Applications

- Generic Low-power IoT Sensor Hub
- Generic Low-power IoT Data Loggers
- Cameras for Video Streaming
- Over-the-top (OTT) Devices
- USB Devices
- Speech Recognition
- Image Recognition
- Mesh Network
- Home Automation

- Smart Building
- Industrial Automation
- Smart Agriculture
- Audio Applications
- Health Care Applications
- Wi-Fi-enabled Toys
- Wearable Electronics
- Retail & Catering Applications

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# 2 Block Diagram

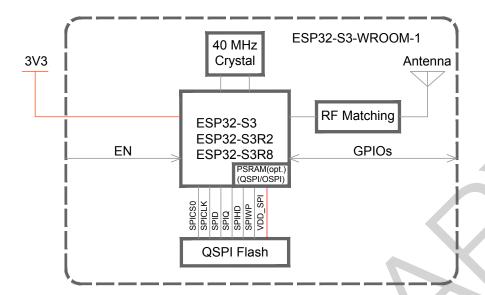


Figure 1: ESP32-S3-WROOM-1 Block Diagram

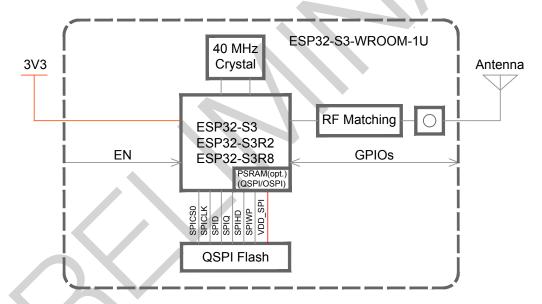


Figure 2: ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U Block Diagram

## 3 Pin Definitions

## 3.1 Pin Layout

The pin diagram below shows the approximate location of pins on the module. For the actual diagram drawn to scale, please refer to Figure 7.1 *Physical Dimensions*.

The pin diagram is applicable for ESP32-S3-WROOM-1 and ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U, but the latter has no keepout zone.

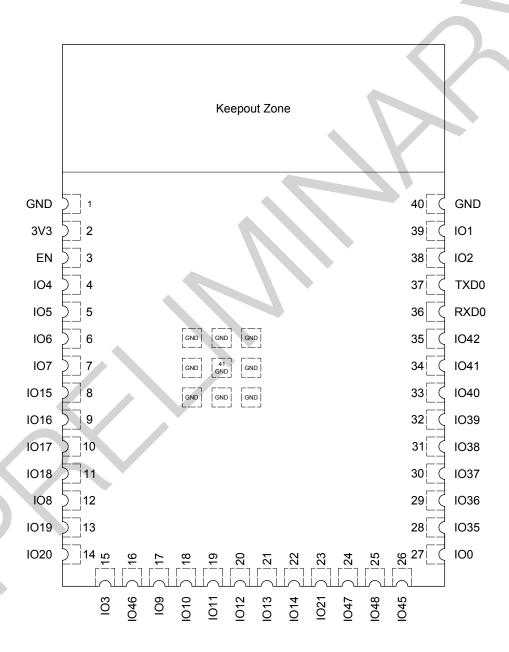


Figure 3: Pin Layout (Top View)

#### **Pin Description** 3.2

The module has 41 pins. See pin definitions in Table 2.

For explanations of pin names and function names, as well as configurations of peripheral pins, please refer to ESP32-S3 Series Datasheet.

Table 2: Pin Definitions

Name	No.	Type <sup>a</sup>	Function
GND	1	Р	GND
3V3	2	Р	Power supply
			High: on, enables the chip.
EN	3	I	Low: off, the chip powers off.
			Note: Do not leave the EN pin floating.
IO4	4	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO4, <b>GPIO4</b> , TOUCH4, ADC1_CH3
IO5	5	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO5, <b>GPIO5</b> , TOUCH5, ADC1_CH4
106	6	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO6, <b>GPIO6</b> , TOUCH6, ADC1_CH5
107	7	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO7, <b>GPIO7</b> , TOUCH7, ADC1_CH6
IO15	8	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO15, GPIO15, UORTS, ADC2_CH4, XTAL_32K_P
IO16	9	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO16, GPIO16, U0CTS, ADC2_CH5, XTAL_32K_N
IO17	10	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO17, GPIO17, U1TXD, ADC2_CH6
IO18	11	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO18, GPIO18, U1RXD, ADC2_CH7, CLK_OUT3
IO8	12	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO8, GPIO8, TOUCH8, ADC1_CH7, SUBSPICS1
IO19	13	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO19, GPIO19, U1RTS, ADC2_CH8, CLK_OUT2, USB_D-
IO20	14	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO20, GPIO20, U1CTS, ADC2_CH9, CLK_OUT1, USB_D+
IO3	15	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO3, GPIO3, TOUCH3, ADC1_CH2
IO46	16	I/O/T	GPIO46
109	17	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO9, GPIO9, TOUCH9, ADC1_CH8, FSPIHD, SUBSPIHD
IO10	18	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO10, <b>GPIO10</b> , TOUCH10, ADC1_CH9, FSPICS0, FSPIIO4,
1010	10	1/0/1	SUBSPICS0
IO11	19	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO11, <b>GPIO11</b> , TOUCH11, ADC2_CH0, FSPID, FSPIIO5,
1011	5	1/0/1	SUBSPID
IO12	20	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO12, <b>GPIO12</b> , TOUCH12, ADC2_CH1, FSPICLK, FSPIIO6,
1012	20	1/0/1	SUBSPICLK
IO13	21	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO13, <b>GPIO13</b> , TOUCH13, ADC2_CH2, FSPIQ, FSPIIO7,
1010	21	1/ 0/ 1	SUBSPIQ
1014	22	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO14, <b>GPIO14</b> , TOUCH14, ADC2_CH3, FSPIWP, FSPIDQS,
1011		., 0, 1	SUBSPIWP
IO21	23	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO21, <b>GPIO21</b>
IO47	24	I/O/T	SPICLK_P_DIFF, <b>GPI047</b> , SUBSPICLK_P_DIFF
IO48	25	I/O/T	SPICLK_N_DIFF, <b>GPI048</b> , SUBSPICLK_N_DIFF
IO45	26	I/O/T	GPIO45
100	27	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO0, <b>GPIO0</b>
IO35 b	28	I/O/T	SPIIO6, <b>GPIO35</b> , FSPID, SUBSPID
IO36 b	29	I/O/T	SPIIO7, <b>GPIO36</b> , FSPICLK, SUBSPICLK

No. Type a **Function** Name IO37 b I/O/T 30 SPIDQS, GPIO37, FSPIQ, SUBSPIQ **IO38** 31 I/O/T GPIO38, FSPIWP, SUBSPIWP 1039 32 I/O/T MTCK, GPIO39, CLK OUT3, SUBSPICS1 IO40 33 I/O/T MTDO, GPIO40, CLK\_OUT2 IO41 34 I/O/T MTDI, GPIO41, CLK\_OUT1 1042 35 I/O/T MTMS, GPIO42 RXD0 36 I/O/T UORXD, GPIO44, CLK\_OUT2 TXD0 37 I/O/T U0TXD, GPIO43, CLK OUT1 102 38 I/O/T RTC\_GPIO2, GPIO2, TOUCH2, ADC1\_CH1 101 39 I/O/T RTC GPIO1, GPIO1, TOUCH1, ADC1 CH0 **GND** 40 Ρ **GND** Ρ **GND EPAD** 41

Table 2 – cont'd from previous page

## 3.3 Strapping Pins

#### Note:

The content below is excerpted from Section Strapping Pins in <u>ESP32-S3 Series Datasheet</u>. For the strapping pin mapping between the chip and modules, please refer to Chapter 5 <u>Module Schematics</u>.

ESP32-S3 has four strapping pins:

- GPI00
- GPIO45
- GPIO46
- GPIO3

Software can read the values of corresponding bits from register "GPIO\_STRAPPING".

During the chip's system reset (power-on-reset, RTC watchdog reset, brownout reset, analog super watchdog reset, and crystal clock glitch detection reset), the latches of the strapping pins sample the voltage level as strapping bits of "0" or "1", and hold these bits until the chip is powered down or shut down.

GPIO0, GPIO45 and GPIO46 are connected to the chip's internal weak pull-up/pull-down during the chip reset. Consequently, if they are unconnected or the connected external circuit is high-impedance, the internal weak pull-up/pull-down will determine the default input level of these strapping pins.

GPIO3 is floating by default. Its strapping value can be configured to determine the source of the JTAG signal inside the CPU, as shown in Table 4. In this case, the strapping value is controlled by the external circuit that cannot be in a high impedance state. Table 3 shows more configuration combinations of EFUSE\_DIS\_USB\_JTAG, EFUSE\_DIS\_PAD\_JTAG, and EFUSE\_STRAP\_JTAG\_SEL that determine the JTAG signal source.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> P: power supply; I: input; O: output; T: high impedance. Pin functions in bold font are the default pin functions.

b In module variants that have embedded OSPI PSRAM, i.e., that embed ESP32-S3R8, pins IO35, IO36, and IO37 connect to the OSPI PSRAM and are not available for other uses.

**Table 3: JTAG Signal Source Selection** 

EFUSE_STRAP_JTAG_SEL	EFUSE_DIS_USB_JTAG	EFUSE_DIS_PAD_JTAG	JTAG Signal Source
1	0	0	Refer to Table 4
0	0	0	USB Serial/JTAG controller
don't care	0	1	USB Serial/JTAG controller
don't care	1	0	On-chip JTAG pins
don't care	1	1	N/A

To change the strapping bit values, users can apply the external pull-down/pull-up resistances, or use the host MCU's GPIOs to control the voltage level of these pins when powering on ESP32-S3.

After reset, the strapping pins work as normal-function pins.

Refer to Table 4 for a detailed configuration of the strapping pins.

Table 4: Strapping Pins

VDD_SPI Voltage <sup>1</sup>						
Pin	Default	3.3 V	1.8 V			
GPIO45	Pull-down	0	1			
	Booting Mode <sup>2</sup>					
Pin	Default	SPI Boot	Download Boot			
GPIO0	Pull-up	1	0			
GPIO46	Pull-down	Don't care 0				
E	nabling/Disabli	ng ROM Messages Print During B	ooting <sup>3 4</sup>			
Pin	Default	Enabled	Disabled			
GPIO46	Pull-down	See the fourth note	See the fourth note			
		JTAG Signal Selection				
Pin	Default	EFUSE_DIS_USB_JTAG = 0, EFUSE_DIS_PAD_JTAG = 0,				
1 111	Deladit	EFUSE_STRAP_JTAG_SEL=1				
GPIO3	N/A	0: JTAG signal from on-chip JTAG pins				
GI 100	10/7	1: JTAG signal from USB Serial/JTAG controller				

#### Note:

- 1. VDD\_SPI voltage is determined either by the strapping value of GPIO45 or by VDD\_SPI\_TIEH. When EFUSE\_VDD\_SPI\_FORCE is 0, VDD\_SPI voltage is determined by the strapping value of GPIO45; when EFUSE\_VDD\_SPI\_FORCE is 1, VDD\_SPI voltage is determined by VDD\_SPI\_TIEH.
- 2. The strapping combination of GPIO46 = 1 and GPIO0 = 0 is invalid and will trigger unexpected behavior.
- 3. ROM boot messages can be printed over U0TXD (by default) or GPIO17 (U1TXD), depending on the eFuse bit EFUSE\_UART\_PRINT\_CHANNEL.
- 4. When both EFUSE\_DIS\_USB\_SERIAL\_JTAG and EFUSE\_DIS\_USB\_OTG are 0, ROM boot messages will be printed to the USB Serial/JTAG controller. Otherwise, the messages will be printed to UART, controlled by GPIO46 and EFUSE\_UART\_PRINT\_CONTROL. Specifically, when EFUSE\_UART\_PRINT\_CONTROL value is:
  - 0, print is normal during boot and not controlled by GPIO46.
  - 1 and GPIO46 is 0, print is normal during boot; but if GPIO46 is 1, print is disabled.

2 and GPIO46 is 0, print is disabled; but if GPIO46 is 1, print is normal.

3, print is disabled and not controlled by GPIO46.

Figure 4 shows the setup and hold times for the strapping pin before and after the CHIP\_PU signal goes high. Details about the parameters are listed in Table 5.

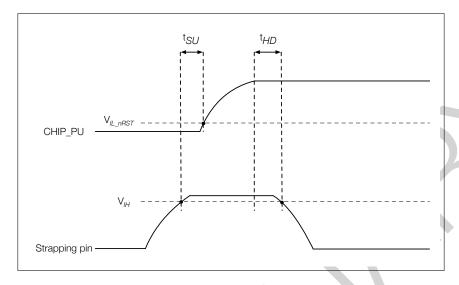


Figure 4: Setup and Hold Times for the Strapping Pin

Table 5: Parameter Descriptions of Setup and Hold Times for the Strapping Pin

Parameter	Description	Min (ms)
$t_{SU}$	Setup time before CHIP_PU goes from low to high	0
$t_{HD}$	Hold time after CHIP_PU goes high	3

## 4 Electrical Characteristics

The values presented in this section are preliminary and may change with the final release of this datasheet.

## 4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses above those listed in *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 6: Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
VDD33	Power supply voltage	-0.3	3.6	V
$T_{STORE}$	Storage temperature	-40	105	°C

# 4.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

**Table 7: Recommended Operating Conditions** 

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VDD33	Power supply voltage		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
$I_{VDD}$	Current delivered by external power supply		0.5	_	_	Α
		65 °C version			65	
$T_A$	Operating ambient temperature	85 °C version	-40	_	85	°C
		105 °C version			105	

# 4.3 DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C)

Table 8: DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$C_{IN}$	Pin capacitance		2		рF
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	$0.75 \times VDD^1$	_	VDD <sup>1</sup> + 0.3	V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	-0.3	_	$0.25 \times VDD^1$	V
$ I_{IH} $	High-level input current		_	50	nA
$ I_{IL} $	Low-level input current	_	_	50	nA
$V_{OH}^2$	High-level output voltage	$0.8 \times VDD^1$	_	_	V
$V_{OL}^2$	Low-level output voltage	_	_	0.1 × VDD <sup>1</sup>	V
1.	High-level source current (VDD $^1$ = 3.3 V, V $_{OH}$ >=		40		mA
OH	2.64 V, PAD_DRIVER = 3)		40		IIIA
	Low-level sink current (VDD <sup>1</sup> = 3.3 V, $V_{OL}$ =		28		mA
lOL	0.495 V, PAD_DRIVER = 3)	_ <del>_</del>	20		шА

Table 8 – cont'd from previous page

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$R_{PU}$	Internal weak pull-up resistor		45		kΩ
$R_{PD}$	Internal weak pull-down resistor	_	45	_	kΩ
$V_{IH\_nRST}$	Chip reset release voltage (EN voltage is within	0.75 × VDD <sup>1</sup>		VDD <sup>1</sup> + 0.3	\/
	the specified range)	0.75 x VDD		VDD + 0.3	, v
V	Chip reset voltage (EN voltage is within the	-0.3		0.25 × VDD <sup>1</sup>	V
$V_{IL\_nRST}$	specified range)	-0.3		0.20 X VDD	V

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> VDD is the I/O voltage for pins of a particular power domain.

#### **Current Consumption Characteristics** 4.4

With the use of advanced power-management technologies, the module can switch between different power modes. For details on different power modes, please refer to Section Low Power Management in ESP32-S3 Series Datasheet.

Table 9: Current Consumption Depending on RF Modes

Work mode	Des	cription	Peak (mA)
Active (RF working)		802.11b, 1 Mbps, @20.5 dBm	355
		802.11g, 54 Mbps, @18 dBm	297
		802.11n, HT20, MCS 7, @17.5 dBm	286
		802.11n, HT40, MCS 7, @17 dBm	285
		802.11b/g/n, HT20	95
	RX	802.11n, HT40	97

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The current consumption measurements are taken with a 3.3 V supply at 25 °C of ambient temperature at the RF port. All transmitters' measurements are based on a 100% duty cycle.

Note that the data in Table 10 only applies to the module variants that embed the chip variant ESP32-S3.

Table 10: Current Consumption Depending on Work Modes

Work mode	Description	Тур	Unit
Light-sleep	_	240	$\mu$ A
Deep-sleep	RTC memory and RTC peripherals are powered on.	8	$\mu$ A
Hibernation	RTC memory is powered on. RTC peripherals are powered off.	7	μΑ
Power off	CHIP_PU is set to low level. The chip is powered off.	1	μΑ

#### Wi-Fi RF Characteristics 4.5

#### 4.5.1 Wi-Fi RF Standards

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$   $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$  are measured using high-impedance load.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The current consumption figures for in RX mode are for cases when the peripherals are disabled and the CPU idle.

Table 11: Wi-Fi RF Standards

Name		Description		
Center frequency range of operating channel <sup>1</sup>		2412 ~ 2484 MHz		
Wi-Fi wireless standard		IEEE 802.11b/g/n		
		11b: 1, 2, 5.5 and 11 Mbps		
Data rate	20 MHz	11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps		
Data Tale		11n: MCS0-7, 72.2 Mbps (Max)		
	40 MHz	11n: MCS0-7, 150 Mbps (Max)		
Antenna type		PCB antenna, external antenna via the connector		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Device should operate in the center frequency range allocated by regional regulatory authorities. Target center frequency range is configurable by software.

## 4.5.2 Wi-Fi RF Transmitter (TX) Specifications

Target TX power is configurable based on device or certification requirements. The default characteristics are provided in Table 12.

Table 12: TX Power with Spectral Mask and EVM Meeting 802.11 Standards

Data	Min	Тур	Max	
Rate	(dBm) (dBm) (			
802.11b, 1 Mbps	<b>▶</b> −	20.5	_	
802.11b, 11 Mbps	_	20.5	_	
802.11g, 6 Mbps	_	20.0	_	
802.11g, 54 Mbps	_	18.0	_	
802.11n, HT20, MCS 0	_	19.0	_	
802.11n, HT20, MCS 7	_	17.5	_	
802.11n, HT40, MCS 0	_	18.5	_	
802.11n, HT40, MCS 7	_	17.0	_	

Table 13: TX EVM Test

Rate	Min	Тур	SL <sup>1</sup>
nate	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)
802.11b, 1 Mbps, @20.5 dBm	_	-24.5	-10
802.11b, 11 Mbps, @20.5 dBm		-24.5	-10
802.11g, 6 Mbps, @20 dBm	_	-23.0	-5
802.11g, 54 Mbps, @18 dBm	_	-29.5	-25
802.11n, HT20, MCS 0, @19 dBm		-24.0	-5
802.11n, HT20, MCS 7, @17.5 dBm	_	-30.5	-27
802.11n, HT40, MCS 0, @18.5 dBm	_	-25.0	-5
802.11n, HT40, MCS 7, @17 dBm		-30.0	-27

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SL stands for standard limit value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For the modules that use external antennas, the output impedance is 50  $\Omega$ . For other modules without external antennas, the output impedance is irrelevant.

## 4.5.3 Wi-Fi RF Receiver (RX) Specifications

Table 14: RX Sensitivity

Rate	Min	Тур	Max
nate	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
802.11b, 1 Mbps		-98.2	
802.11b, 2 Mbps		-95.6	
802.11b, 5.5 Mbps		-92.8	
802.11b, 11 Mbps		-88.5	
802.11g, 6 Mbps		-93.0	
802.11g, 9 Mbps		-92.0	
802.11g, 12 Mbps		-90.8	_
802.11g, 18 Mbps		-88.5	
802.11g, 24 Mbps	_	-85.5	X
802.11g, 36 Mbps	_	-82.2	1
802.11g, 48 Mbps		-78.0	
802.11g, 54 Mbps		-76.2	_
802.11n, HT20, MCS 0	_	-93.0	
802.11n, HT20, MCS 1	_	-90.6	
802.11n, HT20, MCS 2	_	-88.4	
802.11n, HT20, MCS 3	1	-84.8	_
802.11n, HT20, MCS 4	_	-81.6	_
802.11n, HT20, MCS 5	\	-77.4	_
802.11n, HT20, MCS 6	_	-75.6	_
802.11n, HT20, MCS 7	_	-74.2	_
802.11n, HT40, MCS 0	_	-90.0	_
802.11n, HT40, MCS 1	_	-87.5	_
802.11n, HT40, MCS 2	_	-85.0	_
802.11n, HT40, MCS 3	_	-82.0	_
802.11n, HT40, MCS 4		-78.5	
802.11n, HT40, MCS 5	_	-74.4	_
802.11n, HT40, MCS 6	_	-72.5	_
802.11n, HT40, MCS 7	_	-71.2	_

Table 15: Maximum RX Level

Rate	Min	Тур	Max
nate	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
802.11b, 1 Mbps		5	
802.11b, 11 Mbps		5	_
802.11g, 6 Mbps		5	_
802.11g, 54 Mbps	_	0	_
802.11n, HT20, MCS 0	_	5	_
802.11n, HT20, MCS 7		0	

Table 15 - cont'd from previous page

Rate	Min (dBm)	Typ (dBm)	Max (dBm)
802.11n, HT40, MCS 0	_	5	_
802.11n, HT40, MCS 7	_	0	_

Table 16: RX Adjacent Channel Rejection

Rate	Min (dB)	Typ (dB)	Max (dB)
802.11b, 1 Mbps	_	35	
802.11b, 11 Mbps		35	
802.11g, 6 Mbps	_	31	< -
802.11g, 54 Mbps	_	14	
802.11n, HT20, MCS 0	_	31	
802.11n, HT20, MCS 7	_	13	
802.11n, HT40, MCS 0	4	19	_
802.11n, HT40, MCS 7	_	8	_

## 4.6 Bluetooth LE Radio

Table 17: Bluetooth LE Frequency

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max
	(MHz)	(MHz)	(MHz)
Center frequency of operating channel	2402	_	2480

## 4.6.1 Bluetooth LE RF Transmitter (TX) Specifications

Table 18: Transmitter Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 1 Mbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DE transmit nower	RF power control range	-25.00	0	20.00	dBm
RF transmit power	Gain control step	_	3.00	_	dB
	$  Max  _{n=0,1,2,k}$	_	2.50		kHz
Carrier frequency offset and drift	$Max \left  f_0 - f_n \right $		2.00	_	kHz
Camer frequency offset and drift	$Max \left  f_{n-} f_{n-5} \right $	_	1.40	_	kHz
	$ f_1-f_0 $	_	1.00		kHz
	$\Deltaf1_{ ext{avg}}$	_	249.00		kHz
Modulation characteristics	Min $\Delta$ $f2_{\rm max}$ (for at least		198.00		kHz
Modulation Griaracteristics	99.9% of all $\Delta$ $f2_{ m max}$ )	_	190.00	_	KI IZ
	$\Delta~f2_{ m avg}/\Delta~f1_{ m avg}$	_	0.86		
	±2 MHz offset	_	-37.00		dBm
In-band spurious emissions	±3 MHz offset	_	-42.00	_	dBm

Table 18 - cont'd from previous page

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	>±3 MHz offset	_	-44.00	_	dBm

Table 19: Transmitter Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 2 Mbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
RF transmit power	RF power control range	-25.00	0	20.00	dBm
ni transmit power	Gain control step	_	3.00	_	dB
	$  Max  _{n=0,1,2,k}$		2.50		kHz
Carrier frequency offset and drift	$Max \left  f_0 - f_n \right $	_	2.00		kHz
Carrier frequency offset and drift	$Max \left  f_{n-} f_{n-5} \right $		1.40	_	kHz
	$ f_1-f_0 $	_	1.00		kHz
	$\Delta  f 1_{avg}$	_	499.00		kHz
Modulation characteristics	Min $\Delta$ $f2_{\rm max}$ (for at least	2	416.00		kHz
iviodulation characteristics	99.9% of all $\Delta$ $f2_{\rm max}$ )		410.00		NI IZ
	$\Delta~f2_{\rm avg}/\Delta~f1_{\rm avg}$	_	0.89	_	_
	±4 MHz offset		-42.00	_	dBm
In-band spurious emissions	±5 MHz offset	7	-44.00	_	dBm
	>±5 MHz offset	_	-47.00	_	dBm

Table 20: Transmitter Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 125 Kbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DE transmit nower	RF power control range	-25.00	0	20.00	dBm
RF transmit power	Gain control step	_	3.00	_	dB
	$\max  f_n _{n=0, 1, 2,k}$	_	0.80		kHz
Carrier frequency offset and drift	$Max  f_0 - f_n $	_	1.00	_	kHz
Carrier frequency offset and drift	$ f_{n}-f_{n-3} $	_	0.30	_	kHz
	$ f_0-f_3 $	_	1.00	_	kHz
	$\Delta f 1_{avg}$		248.00		kHz
Modulation characteristics	Min $\Delta f1_{ m max}$ (for at least		222.00		kHz
	99.9% of all $\Delta f1_{\text{max}}$	_	222.00	_	KI IZ
	±2 MHz offset	_	-37.00	_	dBm
In-band spurious emissions	±3 MHz offset	_	-42.00	_	dBm
	>±3 MHz offset	_	-44.00	_	dBm

Table 21: Transmitter Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 500 Kbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
RF transmit power	RF power control range	-25.00	0	20.00	dBm
ni transmit power	Gain control step	_	3.00	_	dB
	$\left  \left  \text{Max} \left  f_n \right _{n=0, 1, 2,k} \right  \right $		0.80	_	kHz
Carrier frequency offset and drift	$  Max   f_0 - f_n  $	_	1.00	_	kHz
Carrier frequency offset and unit			0		

Table 21 - cont'd from previous page

Parameter Description		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	$ f_{n}-f_{n-3} $	_	0.85		kHz
	$ f_0 - f_3 $	_	0.34	_	kHz
	$\Delta f 2_{avg}$	_	213.00		kHz
Modulation characteristics	Min $\Delta$ $f2_{\text{max}}$ (for at least		196.00		kHz
	99.9% of all $\Delta$ $f2_{\text{max}}$ )	_	190.00	_	KI IZ
	±2 MHz offset	_	-37.00	_	dBm
In-band spurious emissions	±3 MHz offset	_	-42.00	_	dBm
	>±3 MHz offset	_	-44.00	_	dBm

## 4.6.2 Bluetooth LE RF Receiver (RX) Specifications

Table 22: Receiver Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 1 Mbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Sensitivity @30.8% PER	-	— <del>-</del>	-96.5	_	dBm
Maximum received signal @30.8% PER	_	+	8	_	dBm
Co-channel C/I	F = F0 MHz		9	_	dB
	F = F0 + 1 MHz		-3	_	dB
	F = F0 – 1 MHz	_	-3	_	dB
	F = F0 + 2 MHz	_	-28		dB
Adjacent channel selectivity C/I	F = F0 - 2 MHz	_	-30	_	dB
Adjacent charmer selectivity C/1	F = F0 + 3 MHz		-31		dB
	F = F0 - 3 MHz	_	-33		dB
	F > F0 + 3 MHz		-32		dB
	F > F0 - 3 MHz	_	-36	_	dB
Image frequency			-32		dB
Adjacent channel to image frequency	$F = F_{image} + 1 \text{ MHz}$	_	-39	_	dB
Adjacent charmer to image frequency	$F = F_{image} - 1 \text{ MHz}$	_	-31	_	dB
	30 MHz ~ 2000 MHz	_	-9	_	dBm
Out-of-band blocking performance	2003 MHz ~ 2399 MHz	_	-18	_	dBm
	2484 MHz ~ 2997 MHz	_	-15	_	dBm
	3000 MHz ~ 12.75 GHz	_	-5	_	dBm
Intermodulation	_		-29	_	dBm

Table 23: Receiver Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 2 Mbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Sensitivity @30.8% PER	_	_	-92.5	_	dBm
Maximum received signal @30.8% PER	_	_	3	_	dBm
Co-channel C/I	F = F0 MHz	_	10		dB
	F = F0 + 2 MHz	_	-8	_	dB
	F = F0 - 2 MHz	_	-5	_	dB

Table 23 - cont'd from previous page

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	F = F0 + 4 MHz	_	-31	_	dB
	F = F0 – 4 MHz	_	-33	_	dB
	F = F0 + 6 MHz	_	-37	_	dB
	F = F0 – 6 MHz	_	-37	_	dB
	F > F0 + 6 MHz	_	-40	_	dB
	F > F0 - 6 MHz	_	-40	_	dB
Image frequency	_	_	-31	_	dB
Adjacent channel to image frequency	$F = F_{image} + 2 MHz$	_	-37	_	dB
Adjacent charmer to image frequency	$F = F_{image} - 2 \text{ MHz}$	_	-8		dB
	30 MHz ~ 2000 MHz	_	-15	<u> </u>	dBm
Out-of-band blocking performance	2003 MHz ~ 2399 MHz	_	-19		dBm
Out-of-band blocking performance	2484 MHz ~ 2997 MHz	_	-15		dBm
	3000 MHz ~ 12.75 GHz	4	-6	_	dBm
Intermodulation	_		-29	_	dBm

Table 24: Receiver Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 125 Kbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Sensitivity @30.8% PER	- 4	_	-103.5		dBm
Maximum received signal @30.8% PER	-	_	8		dBm
Co-channel C/I	F = F0 MHz	_	6		dB
	F = F0 + 1 MHz	_	-6		dB
	F = F0 – 1 MHz		-5		dB
	F = F0 + 2 MHz	_	-32		dB
Adjacent channel selectivity C/I	F = F0 - 2 MHz		-39		dB
Adjacent channel selectivity O/I	F = F0 + 3 MHz	_	-35	_	dB
	F = F0 - 3  MHz	_	-45		dB
	F > F0 + 3 MHz	_	-35	_	dB
	F > F0 – 3 MHz	_	-48		dB
Image frequency	_	_	-35	_	dB
Adjacent channel to image frequency	$F = F_{image} + 1 \text{ MHz}$	_	-49		dB
Adjacent charmento image frequency	$F = F_{image} - 1 \text{ MHz}$	_	-32		dB

Table 25: Receiver Characteristics - Bluetooth LE 500 Kbps

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Sensitivity @30.8% PER	_	_	-100	_	dBm
Maximum received signal @30.8% PER	_	_	8	_	dBm
Co-channel C/I	F = F0 MHz	_	4	_	dB
	F = F0 + 1 MHz	_	-5	_	dB
	F = F0 – 1 MHz	_	-5	_	dB
	F = F0 + 2 MHz	_	-28	_	dB

Adjacent channel selectivity C/I

Table 25 - cont'd from previous page

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	F = F0 – 2 MHz	_	-36	_	dB
	F = F0 + 3 MHz	_	-36	_	dB
	F = F0 – 3 MHz	_	-38	_	dB
	F > F0 + 3 MHz	_	-37	_	dB
	F > F0 – 3 MHz	_	-41	_	dB
Image frequency	_	_	-37	_	dB
Adjacent channel to image frequency	$F = F_{image} + 1 \text{ MHz}$	_	-44	_	dB
Aujacent channel to image frequency	$F = F_{image} - 1 \text{ MHz}$	_	-28	_	dB

S

# 5 Module Schematics

This is the reference design of the module.

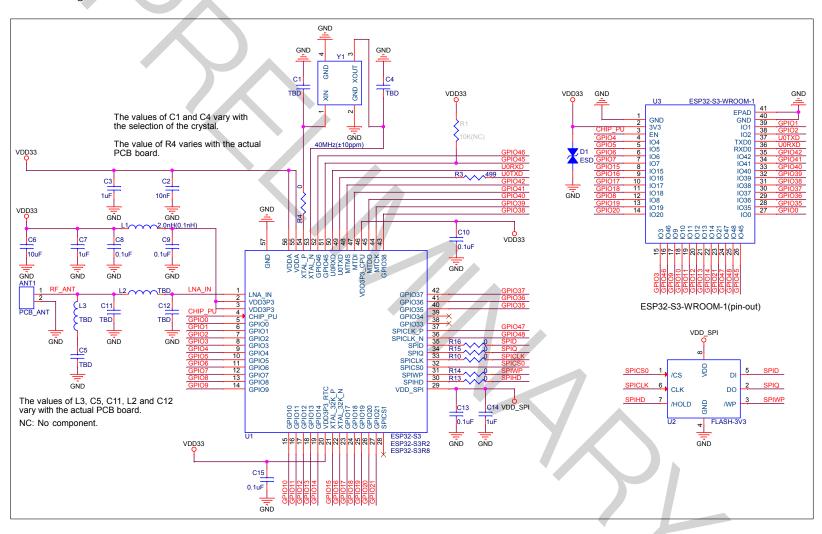


Figure 5: ESP32-S3-WROOM-1 Schematics

S

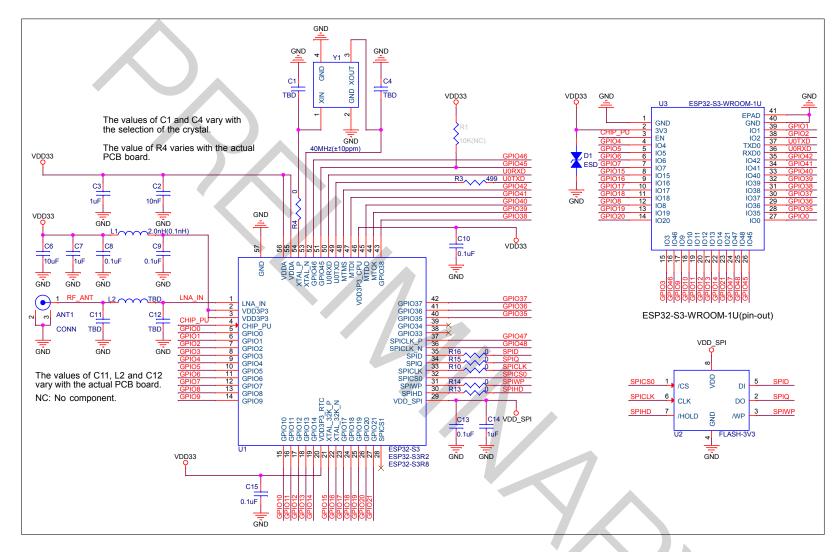


Figure 6: ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U Schematics

Internal pull-up resistor (R1) for IO45 is not populated in the module, as the flash in the module works at 3.3 V by default (output by VDD\_SPI). Please make sure IO45 is not pulled high when the module is powered up by external circuit.

## 6 Peripheral Schematics

This is the typical application circuit of the module connected with peripheral components (for example, power supply, antenna, reset button, JTAG interface, and UART interface).

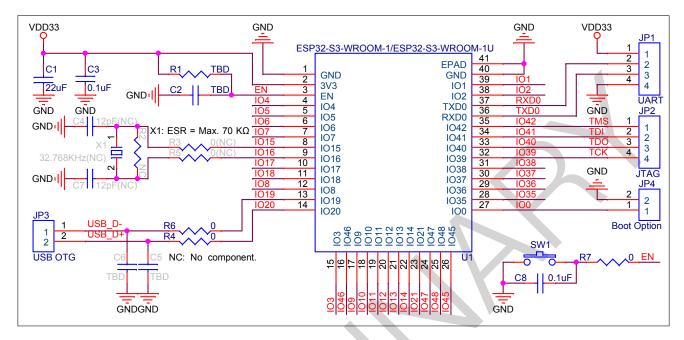


Figure 7: Peripheral Schematics

- Soldering the EPAD to the ground of the base board is not a must, however, it can optimize thermal performance. If you choose to solder it, please apply the correct amount of soldering paste.
- To ensure that the power supply to the ESP32-S3 chip is stable during power-up, it is advised to add an RC delay circuit at the EN pin. The recommended setting for the RC delay circuit is usually R = 10 k $\Omega$  and C = 1  $\mu$ F. However, specific parameters should be adjusted based on the power-up timing of the module and the power-up and reset sequence timing of the chip. For ESP32-S3's power-up and reset sequence timing diagram, please refer to Section *Power Scheme* in *ESP32-S3 Series Datasheet*.

#### 7

# 7 Physical Dimensions and PCB Land Pattern

## 7.1 Physical Dimensions

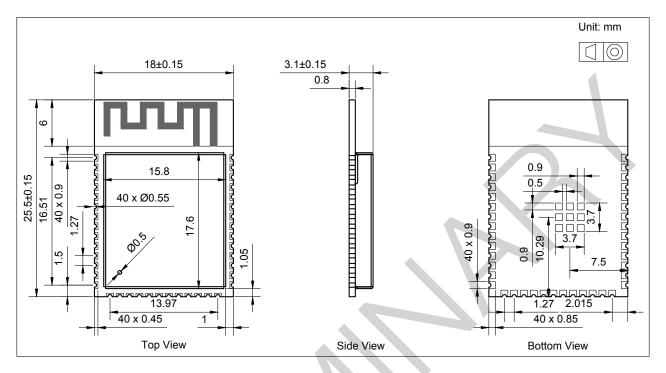


Figure 8: ESP32-S3-WROOM-1 Physical Dimensions

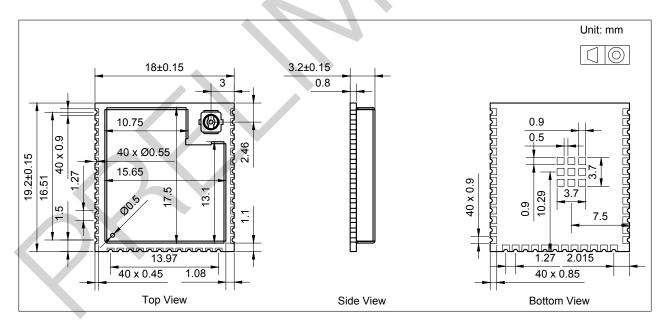


Figure 9: ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U Physical Dimensions

#### Note:

For information about tape, reel, and product marking, please refer to Espressif Module Package Information.

## 7.2 Recommended PCB Land Pattern

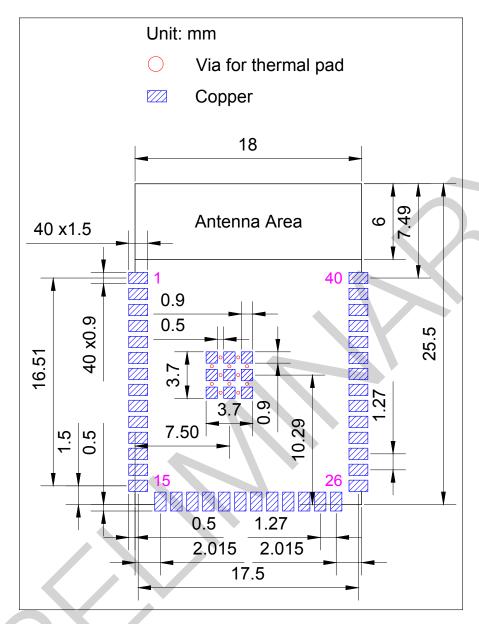


Figure 10: ESP32-S3-WROOM-1 Recommended PCB Land Pattern

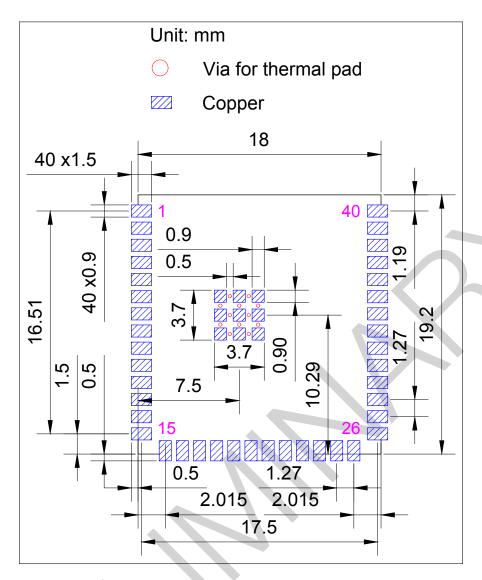


Figure 11: ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U Recommended PCB Land Pattern

## 7.3 Dimensions of External Antenna Connector

ESP32-S3-WROOM-1U uses the first generation external antenna connector as shown in Figure 12. This connector is compatible with the following connectors:

- U.FL Series connector from Hirose
- MHF I connector from I-PEX
- AMC connector from Amphenol

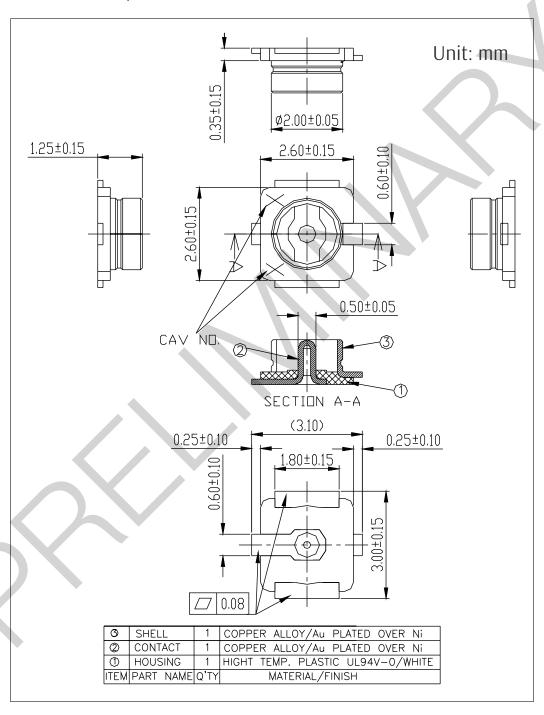


Figure 12: Dimensions of External Antenna Connector

# 8 Product Handling

## 8.1 Storage Conditions

The products sealed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) should be stored in a non-condensing atmospheric environment of < 40 °C and /90%RH. The module is rated at the moisture sensitivity level (MSL) of 3.

After unpacking, the module must be soldered within 168 hours with the factory conditions 25±5 °C and /60%RH. If the above conditions are not met, the module needs to be baked.

## 8.2 Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

- Human body model (HBM): ±2000 V
- Charged-device model (CDM): ±500 V

#### 8.3 Reflow Profile

Solder the module in a single reflow.

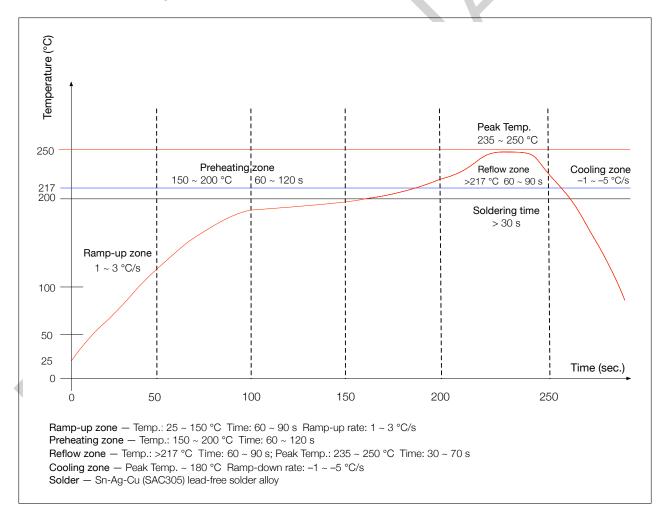


Figure 13: Reflow Profile

## 9 Related Documentation and Resources

#### **Related Documentation**

- ESP32-S3 Series Datasheet Specifications of the ESP32-S3 hardware.
- ESP32-S3 Technical Reference Manual Detailed information on how to use the ESP32-S3 memory and peripherals.
- ESP32-S3 Hardware Design Guidelines Guidelines on how to integrate the ESP32-S3 into your hardware product.
- Certificates
  - http://espressif.com/en/support/documents/certificates
- Documentation Updates and Update Notification Subscription http://espressif.com/en/support/download/documents

## **Developer Zone**

- ESP-IDF and other development frameworks on GitHub.
  - http://github.com/espressif
- ESP32 BBS Forum Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community for Espressif products where you can post questions, share knowledge, explore ideas, and help solve problems with fellow engineers.
  - http://esp32.com/
- The ESP Journal Best Practices, Articles, and Notes from Espressif folks http://blog.espressif.com/
- See the tabs SDKs and Demos, Apps, Tools, AT Firmware. http://espressif.com/en/support/download/sdks-demos

#### **Products**

- ESP32-S3 Series SoCs Browse through all ESP32-S3 SoCs.
  - http://espressif.com/en/products/socs?id=ESP32-S3
- ESP32-S3 Series Modules Browse through all ESP32-S3-based modules.
  - http://espressif.com/en/products/modules?id=ESP32-S3
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# **Revision History**

Date	Version	Release notes
2021-10-29	v0.6	Overall update for chip revision 1
2021-07-19	v0.5.1	Preliminary release, for chip revision 0







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