

ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY



ILLINOIS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

CS487 - SECTION: 02

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

Team Final Report

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April 28, 2023



1 Updates on Requirements and Design

Based on the user feedback, we determined the update requirements for the Student Assist App. The updated requirements include the additional UI interface, system performance improvements, and security policy.

1.1 System Performance Improvements

As the system performance improved, we refactored our whole system. We renamed variables, splatted large functions into smaller ones, removed duplicated code, and improved the code's overall design.

1.2 Additional User Interface

In this part, we create more user interfaces and optimized our old previous interface.

1.2.1 User Interface Update

(1) Campus Safety Page: We collected the result from the user and found out that people didn't like to enter the detail message every time since the user may be in an urgent situation and have no time to fill in the information.

Therefore, we add the "Remember me" switch to the campus safety page.

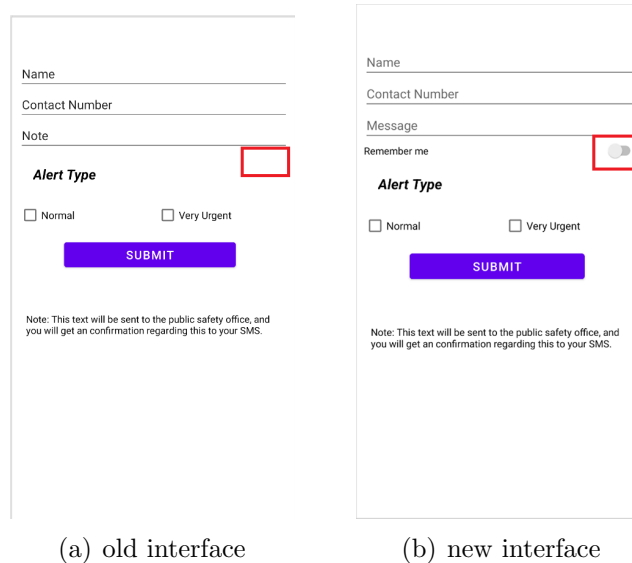


Figure 1: campus safety interface



(2) Main Page: User feedback on the main page is too monotonous. So, we add the user icon and user name to the main page.

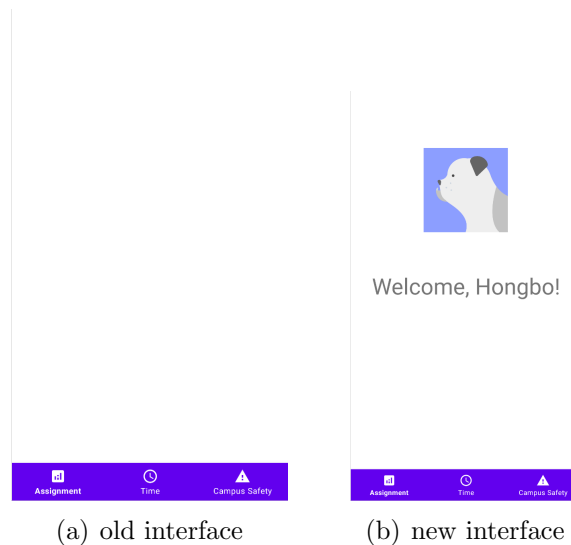


Figure 2: main page interface

(3) Assignment Page: The user feedback information displayed on the page is too sparse. So, we add a button on each course and highlight the course which might fail.

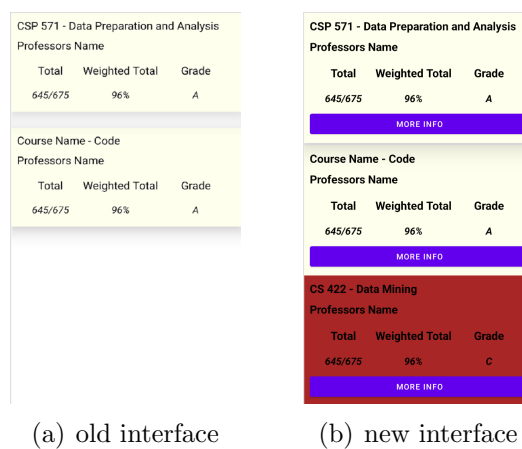


Figure 3: assignment page interface

(4) About Page: We complete the About page with a button under the text.

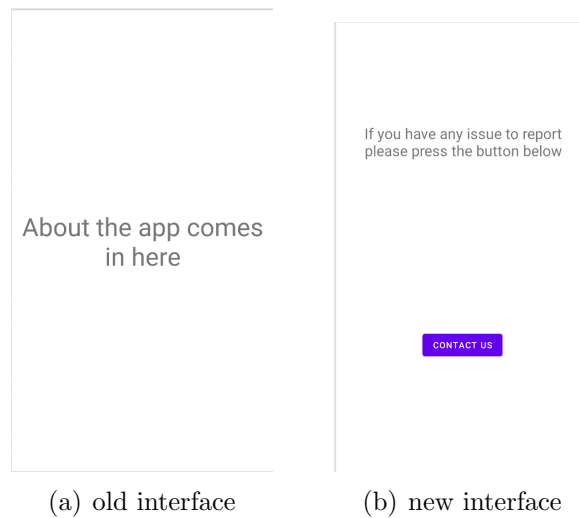


Figure 4: about page interface

(5) Profile Page: We have added a user information verification page before jumping to the user profile page

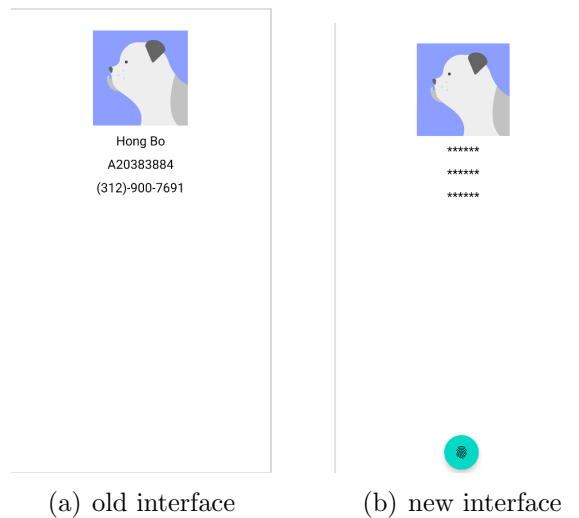


Figure 5: profile page interface

1.2.2 New User Interface

(1) Start Page: Before the main page, we added a start page to verify user identity.

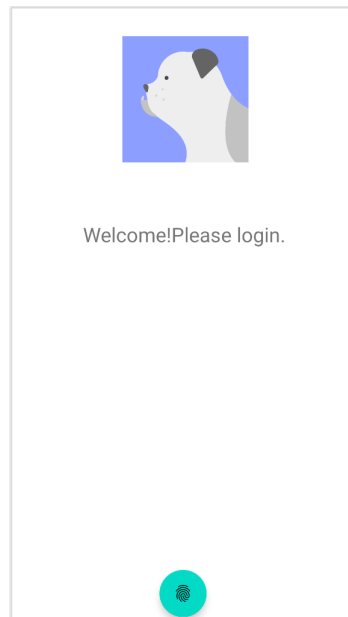


Figure 6: add a start page

(2) Assignment Detail Page: When the user press the more detail button on the assignment page, it will jump to the assignment detail page. It will show more information about the course.

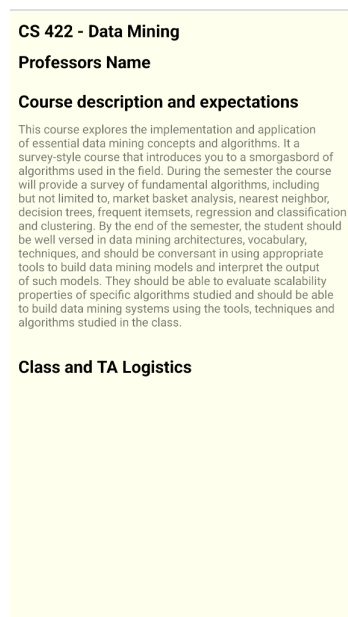


Figure 7: add an assignment detail page



1.3 security policy

(2) **Assignment Detail Page:** As the most important part, we have upgraded the security level of the program. When the user is trying to get the sensitive data, the program will identify the user's identity every time.

2 Test Results

In the APP, we have a total of four parts (assignment, time, and campus safety), and we have tested the buttons and displays in them. In the process of testing, the text can be displayed correctly in the text box, and the button will not cause excessive system usage or system crashes during repeated tests.

2.1 Assignment Function

In this part, there are two text boxes and one button are tested.

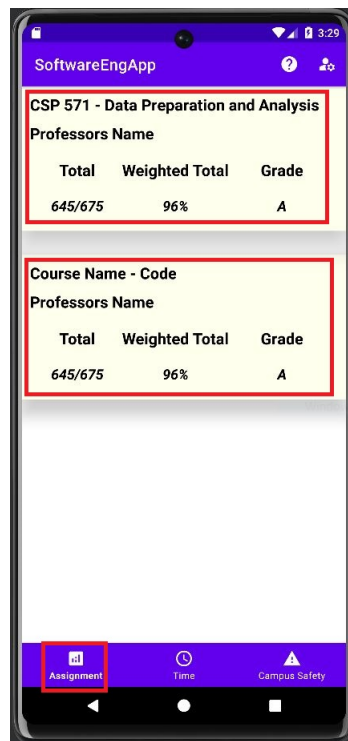


Figure 8: Assignment management interface testing area



2.2 Time Function

In this part, there is one text box and three buttons are tested.

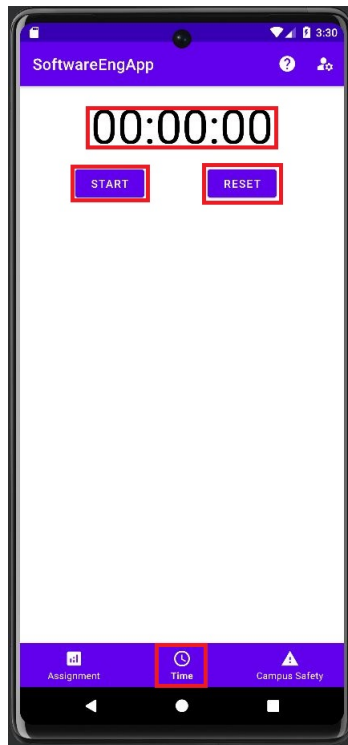


Figure 9: time management interface testing area

2.3 Campus Safety Function

In this part, there are three text boxes, two check-boxes, one button, and one text box are tested.



The image shows a mobile application interface for reporting a campus safety issue. It contains the following elements:

- Name:** A text input field.
- Contact Number:** A text input field.
- Message:** A text input field.
- Remember me:** A toggle switch.
- Alert Type:** A section header with two radio button options: ☐ Normal and ☐ Very Urgent.
- SUBMIT:** A blue button with white text.
- Note:** A text box containing the message: "Note: This text will be sent to the public safety office, and you will get an confirmation regarding this to your SMS."

Red rectangular boxes are drawn around the Name, Contact Number, Message, Remember me toggle, the Normal and Very Urgent radio buttons, the SUBMIT button, and the Note text box.

Figure 10: campus safety interface testing area



3 Core Code Fragment

In this part, we will introduce some core codes, such as the processing of click time, processing of input events, and how to realize some basic display information.

3.1 Assignment Function

3.1.1 Click Event

The processing function and code when a click event occurs on the assignment management interface.

```
20 class Assignment : Fragment() {
21     // TODO: Rename and change types of parameters
22     private var param1: String? = null
23     private var param2: String? = null
24
25     override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
26         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
27         arguments?.let { it: Bundle?
28             param1 = it.getString(ARG_PARAM1)
29             param2 = it.getString(ARG_PARAM2)
30         }
31     }
32
33     override fun onCreateView(
34         inflater: LayoutInflater, container: ViewGroup?,
35         savedInstanceState: Bundle?
36     ): View? {
37         // Inflate the layout for this fragment
38         return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_assignment, container, attachToRoot: false)
39     }
40 }
```

Figure 11: click event code fragment

3.2 Time Function

3.2.1 Click Event

The processing function and code when a click event occurs on the time management interface.



```
20
21 class TimeManagement : Fragment() {
22
23     private lateinit var binding: ActivityMainBinding
24
25     // TODO: Rename and change types of parameters
26     private var param1: String? = null
27     private var param2: String? = null
28
29     override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
30         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
31
32         binding = ActivityMainBinding.inflate(layoutInflater)
33
34         arguments?.let { it: Bundle?
35             param1 = it.getString(ARG_PARAM1)
36             param2 = it.getString(ARG_PARAM2)
37         }
38     }
39
40     override fun onCreateView(
41         inflater: LayoutInflater, container: ViewGroup?,
42         savedInstanceState: Bundle?
43     ): View? {
44         // Inflate the layout for this fragment
45         return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_time_management, container, attachToRoot: false)
46     }
47
48 }
```

Figure 12: click event code fragment

3.2.2 Calculate Time Function

The function and code snippet of how the time counts when the user clicks the button

```
9 class TimeService : Service() {
10
11     override fun onBind(intent: Intent?): IBinder? = null
12
13     override fun onStartCommand(intent: Intent?, flags: Int, startId: Int): Int {
14         val time = intent?.getDoubleExtra(TIME_EXTRA, defaultValue: 0.0)
15         timer.scheduleAtFixedRate(time?.let { TimeTask(it) }, delay: 0, period: 1000)
16         return START_NOT_STICKY
17     }
18
19     override fun onDestroy() {
20         timer.cancel()
21         super.onDestroy()
22     }
23
24     private inner class TimeTask(private var time: Double): TimerTask(){
25         override fun run() {
26             val intent = Intent(TIMER_UPDATED)
27             time++
28             intent.putExtra(TIME_EXTRA, time)
29             sendBroadcast(intent)
30         }
31     }
32 }
```

Figure 13: time counts code fragment



3.3 Campus Safety Function

3.3.1 Click Event

The processing function and code when a click event occurs on the campus safety interface.

```
20 class CampusSafety : Fragment() {
21     // TODO: Rename and change types of parameters
22     private var param1: String? = null
23     private var param2: String? = null
24
25     override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
26         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
27         arguments?.let { it: Bundle
28             param1 = it.getString(ARG_PARAM1)
29             param2 = it.getString(ARG_PARAM2)
30         }
31     }
32
33     override fun onCreateView(
34         inflater: LayoutInflater, container: ViewGroup?,
35         savedInstanceState: Bundle?
36     ): View? {
37         // Inflate the layout for this fragment
38         return inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_campus_safety, container, attachToRoot: false)
39     }
40 }
```

Figure 14: click event code fragment

3.3.2 User Input Event

The code fragment of the user enters text in the input box and records the code snippet in the background.

```
15 class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
16
17     private val assignmentFragment = Assignment()
18     private val campusSafetyFragment = CampusSafety()
19     private val timeManagementFragment = TimeManagement()
20
21     lateinit var bottomNavigationBar: BottomNavigationView
22
23     override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
24         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
25         setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
26
27         bottomNavigationBar = findViewById(R.id.bottomNavBar)
28         bottomNavigationBar.setOnItemSelectedListener { it: MenuItem
29             when(it.itemId){
30                 R.id.assignmentMenu -> replaceFragment(assignmentFragment)
31                 R.id.timeMenu -> replaceFragment(timeManagementFragment)
32                 R.id.safetyMenu -> replaceFragment(campusSafetyFragment)
33             }
34             true ^setOnItemSelectedListener
35         }
36     }
37 }
```

Figure 15: user input event code fragment



4 Documentation

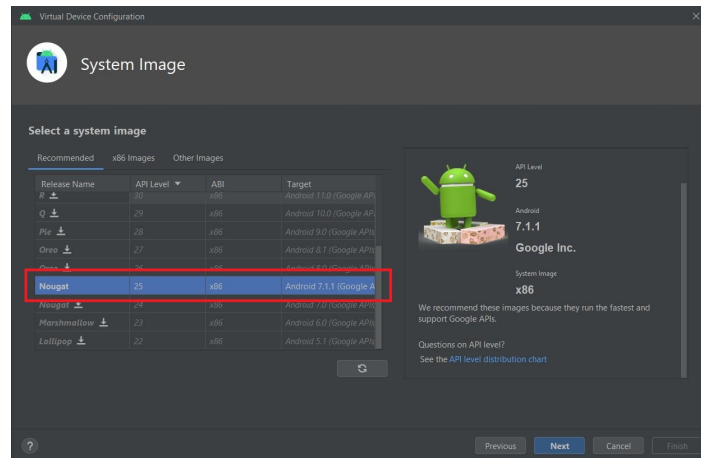


Figure 16: The fifth step of running code

Name: Student Assistance Application

Team Member:

- Hongbo Wang
- Jachie McAninch
- Yiqi Wang
- Xiaoqian Yang
- Khiem Truong

Environment:

- Android Studio 11.0.15
- JDK: 19.0.1
- Android SDK: 7.1.1

Details:

- Type: term project
- Professor: Dennis Hood
- Developing Language: Java
- Project Name: Student Assist App



- Time: 2023/04/27
- Description: Student Assist App is a mobile phone software developed through Android Studio. This software mainly has three functions: homework management, time management, and safety assistance.

Dependencies:

- None

Install package:

- None

Run Program:

Method:

- Download JDK and Android Studio (Environment)
- Using Android Studio, open SoftwareEngApp (Figure 17)

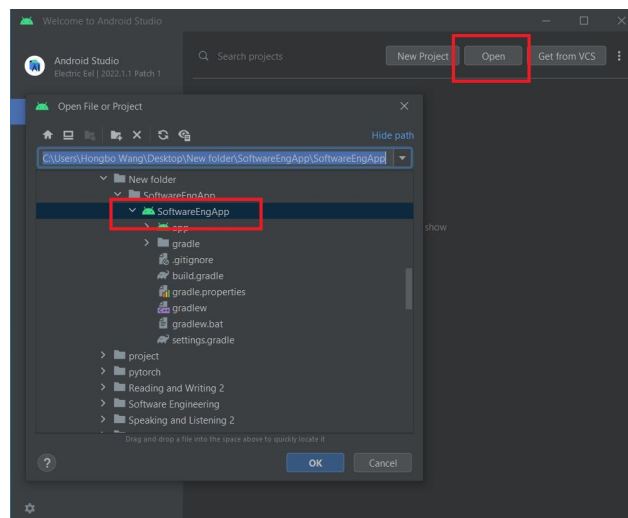


Figure 17: The first step of running code

- Wait for the Gradle build yourself environment (Figure 18)

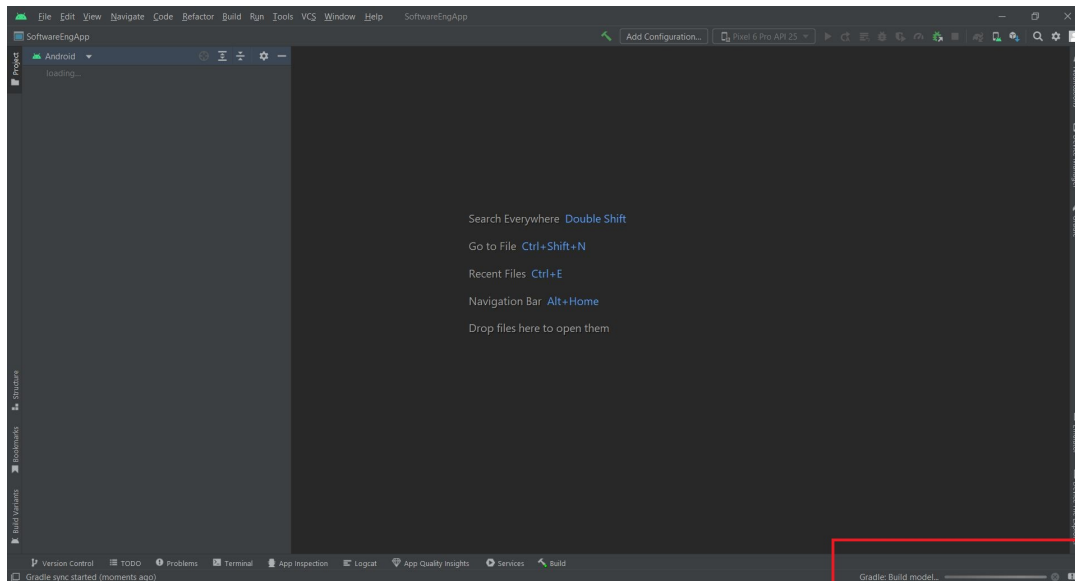


Figure 18: The second step of running code

- Click the run button (Figure 19)

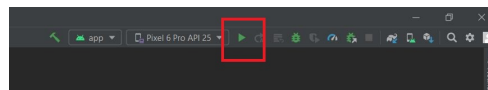


Figure 19: The third step of running code

- Select Pix 6 Pro and click the Next button (Figure 20)

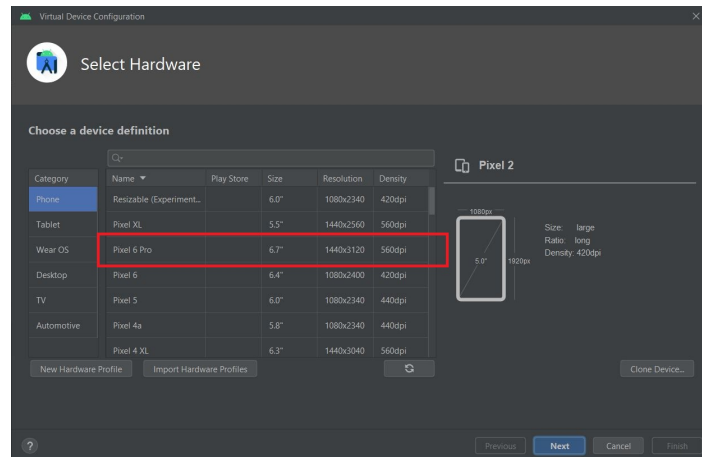


Figure 20: The forth step of running code

- Click Nougat and click next button (Figure 21)

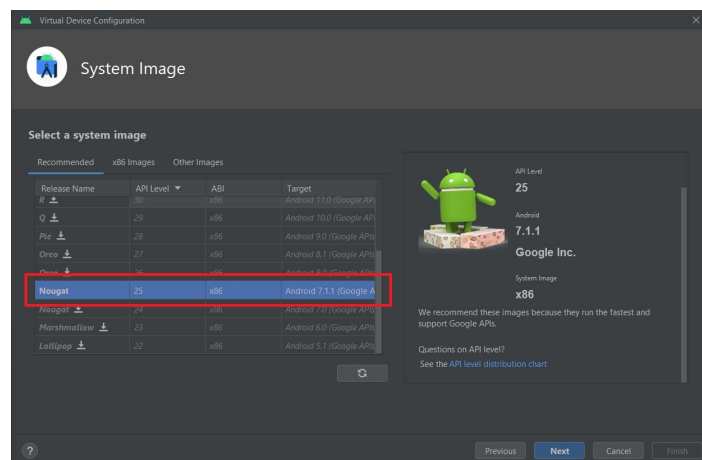


Figure 21: The fifth step of running code

- Click the Finish button (Figure 22)

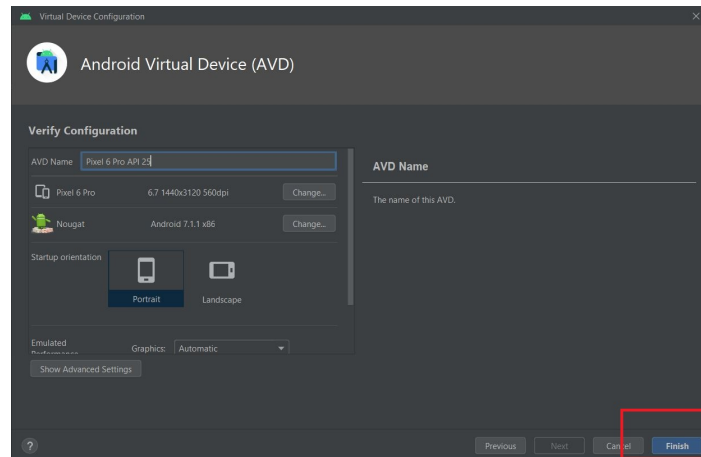


Figure 22: The sixth step of running code

- Click the run button (Figure 23)

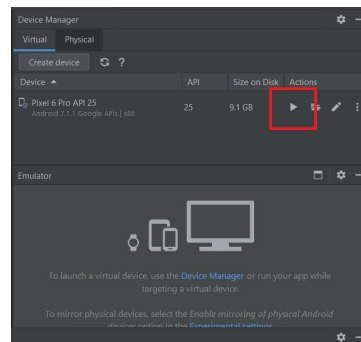


Figure 23: The seventh step of running code

- If there is the interface of the phone, you can click the run button again (Figure 24)
- Now you successfully open the App in Android Studio



Example:

1. The screenshot of assignment management.

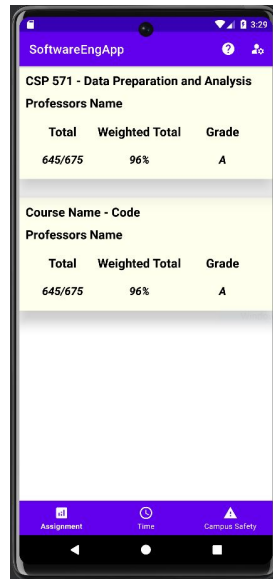


Figure 24: The interface of assignment management function

2. The screenshot of time management.

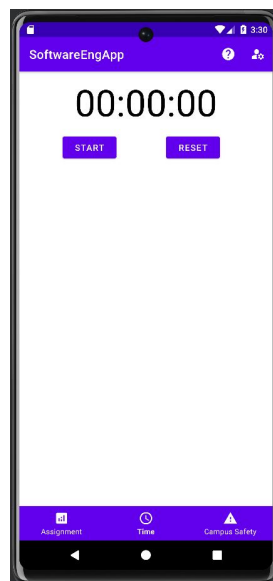


Figure 25: The interface of time management function



3. The screenshot of safety assistance.

The screenshot shows a mobile application interface titled "SoftwareEngApp". It features a form with three input fields: "Name", "Contact Number", and "Message". Below these fields is a section titled "Alert Type" with two radio button options: "Normal" and "Very Urgent". A blue "SUBMIT" button is positioned below the "Alert Type" section. At the bottom of the form, a note states: "Note: This text will be sent to the public safety office, and you will get an confirmation regarding this to your SMS." The bottom of the screen displays a navigation bar with three icons and labels: "Assignment", "Time", and "Campus Safety".

Figure 26: The interface of safety management function