Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Ministry of Education Imam Abdulrahman bin Faisal University College of Science and Humanities Computer Science department



Design and configure dynamic routing protocols (RIP, OSPF, OR RIP, BGP) for an organization (business/educational/office) using Cisco Packet Tracer.

"IT Infrastructure Management Course Project Second Semester 2022/2023"

By:

Ghala M. Alkhaldi – 2200003157 May M. AlOtaibi – 2200004606 Fida M. Alelou – 2200003041

> Supervised by: L. Tagreed Balhareth TA. Maha Alghamdi

Introduction

A network is the connecting of at least two computer systems via a cable or wireless connection. A network can be as simple as two computers connected by a cable. However, today's networks are more complicated and do not consist of merely two computers. Client-server networks are used in huge systems. Recently, attacks on banks have increased exposing the bank to legal accountability for the importance of protecting the valuable information held by banks. From this problem, all banks tend to design and implement a high-performance and secure banking system and continue to develop the system and increase security by identifying attacks in various ways.

There are 3 types of protocols, firstly, OSPF is a routing protocol that exchanges data with adjacent devices (neighbors) and distributes it to all AS in order to identify the next hop's address and choose the best path. Secondly, RIP is a dynamic routing protocol that employs certain algorithms to find the shortest path for packets to travel on a network. Finally, by sharing routing and information across edge routers, BGP regulates how packets are sent from one network to the next. BGP is a protocol that allows packets to be routed between independent computers (AS).

Hence banks must constantly increase security. Therefore, we need to use dynamic routing protocols (RIP and BGP). We will first talk about the use of the Border Gateway Protocol, which is responsible for searching all available paths through which data can travel and choosing the best path, which will increase the level of security. Routing Information Protocol will send routing update messages at regular intervals and when a RIP routing updater receives changes to an entry, the device updates its routing table to reflect the new route.

In this network, a banking network of three regions namely Central, Eastern and Western regions was designed, and memo protocols were previously implemented to communicate with each other. The comparison between using RIP and BGP will be discussed in order to clarify the differences between them in several aspects, including the percentage of packet loss and the use of memory in order to choose the best and most suitable for this network.

Methodology

In this project, a network was designed using Cisco Packet Tracer 8.0.1 virtualization software for ease of use and availability of all network requirements and simulated a secure and easy banking system in the scope of banking transactions from different regions where all bank branches provide banking services to customers.

The metrics used to make a network performance comparison are the CPU utilization and the memory usage of Routing Information Protocol and Border Gateway Protocol by the Activity Monitor.

Proposed model

• Network Topology of the proposed model

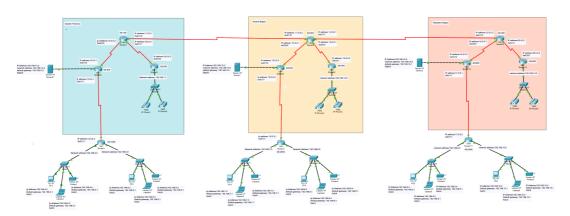


Figure 1 Network Topology

This network is designed from three main regions expressing a wide network connected to each other by serial connection. While In the network were installed 9 routers type 1941 and 3 type 2811. Devices such as computers, printers, servers, and IP phones are placed in local networks

Addressing table

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default
				Gateway
Router1	Se0/0/0	10.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/1/0	11.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/1/1	18.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
Router2	Se0/1/0	10.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/1/1	13.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Gig0/0	192.168.14.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
Router3	Se0/1/1	13.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Gig0/0	192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	Gig0/1	192.168.5.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
Router4	Se0/3/0	18.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Fa0/1	192.168.11.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
Router5	Se0/1/0	11.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/0/0	15.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/1/1	12.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/0/1	19.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
Router6	Se0/1/0	15.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/1/1	16.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Gig0/0	192.168.15.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
Router7	Se0/1/1	16.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Gig0/0	192.168.7.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	Gig0/1	192.168.8.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
Router8	Se0/3/0	19.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Fa0/1	192.168.12.1	255.255.255.0	N/A

D . 0	G 0/1/0	12.0.0	255000	37/4
Router9	Se0/1/0	12.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/0/0	14.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/1/1	20.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
Router10	Se0/1/0	14.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Se0/1/1	17.0.0.1	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Gig0/0	192.168.16.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
Router11	Se0/1/1	17.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Gig0/0	192.168.9.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	Gig0/1	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
Router12	Se0/3/0	20.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	N/A
	Fa0/1	192.168.13.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
Jubail	N/A	Vlan 1	N/A	N/A
Khobar	N/A	Vlan 1	N/A	N/A
Switch1	N/A	Vlan 1	N/A	N/A
Riyadh	N/A	Vlan 1	N/A	N/A
AlQassim	N/A	Vlan 1	N/A	N/A
Switch2	N/A	Vlan 1	N/A	N/A
Jeddah	N/A	Vlan 1	N/A	N/A
Mecca	N/A	Vlan 1	N/A	N/A
Switch3	N/A	Vlan 1	N/A	N/A
Server0	NIC	192.168.14.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.14.1
Server1	NIC	192.168.15.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.15.1
Server2	NIC	192.168.16.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.16.1
PC1	NIC	192.168.4.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.4.1
PC2	NIC	192.168.5.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.5.1
PC3	NIC	192.168.7.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.7.1
PC4	NIC	192.168.8.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.8.1
PC5	NIC	192.168.9.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.9.1
PC6	NIC	192.168.10.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1
Laptop1	NIC	192.168.4.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.4.1
Laptop2	NIC	192.168.5.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.5.1
Laptop3	NIC	192.168.7.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.7.1
Laptop4	NIC	192.168.8.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.8.1
Laptop5	NIC	192.168.9.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.9.1
Laptop6	NIC	192.168.10.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1
Printer1	NIC	192.168.4.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.4.1
Printer2	NIC	192.168.5.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.5.1
Printer3	NIC	192.168.7.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.7.1
Printer4	NIC	192.168.8.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.8.1
Printer5	NIC	192.168.9.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.9.1
Printer6	NIC	192.168.10.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.10.1
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	IVIC	174.100.10.4	433.433.433.0	174.100.10.1

Table 1 Addressing Table

• Devices configurations.

Router1 Configurations:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#int s0/1/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 11.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 18.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/0/0

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/0

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router2 Configurations:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/1/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 13.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int g0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.14.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router3 Configurations:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 13.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int g0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.4.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int g0/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.5.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router4 Configurations(IP Phone):

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/3/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 18.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int f0/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.11.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#ip dhcp pool phone

Router(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.11.0 255.255.255.0

Router(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.11.1

Router(dhcp-config)#option 150 ip 192.168.11.1

Router(dhcp-config)#exit

Router(config)#tele

Router(config-telephony)#max-dn 4

Router(config-telephony)#max-ephone 4

Router(config-telephony)#ip source-address 192.168.11.1 port 2000

Router(config-telephony)#auto assign 1 to 4

Router(config-telephony)#exit

Router(config)#ephone-dn 1

Router(config-ephone-dn)#number 12000

Router(config-ephone-dn)#ephone-dn 2

Router(config-ephone-dn)#number 12300

Router(config-ephone-dn)#exit

Router(config)#

Router5 Configurations:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 15.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#int s0/1/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 11.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 12.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/0/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 19.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/0/0

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/0/1

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router6 Configurations:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/1/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 15.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 16.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int g0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.15.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router7 Configurations:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 16.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#int g0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.7.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int g0/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.8.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown Router(config-if)#exit Router(config)#

Router8 Configurations(IP Phone):

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/3/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 19.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int f0/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.12.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#ip dhcp pool phone

Router(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.12.0 255.255.255.0

Router(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.12.1

Router(dhcp-config)#option 150 ip 192.168.12.1

Router(dhcp-config)#exit

Router(config)#tele

Router(config-telephony)#max-dn 4

Router(config-telephony)#max-ephone 4

Router(config-telephony)#ip source-address 192.168.12.1 port 2000

Router(config-telephony)#auto assign 1 to 4

Router(config-telephony)#exit

Router(config)#ephone-dn 1

Router(config-ephone-dn)#number 13000

Router(config-ephone-dn)#ephone-dn 2

Router(config-ephone-dn)#number 13400

Router(config-ephone-dn)#exit

Router(config)#

Router9 Configurations:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 14.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#int s0/1/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 12.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/0/0

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router10 Configurations:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/1/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 14.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 17.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int g0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.16.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router11 Configurations:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/1/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 17.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#int g0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.9.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int g0/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router12 Configurations(IP Phone):

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#int s0/3/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 20.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#

Router(config)#int f0/1

Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.13.1 255.255.255.0

Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#ip dhcp pool phone

Router(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.13.0 255.255.255.0

Router(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.13.1

Router(dhcp-config)#option 150 ip 192.168.13.1

Router(dhcp-config)#exit

Router(config)#tele

Router(config-telephony)#max-dn 4

Router(config-telephony)#max-ephone 4

Router(config-telephony)#ip source-address 192.168.13.1 port 2000

Router(config-telephony)#auto assign 1 to 4

Router(config-telephony)#exit

Router(config)#ephone-dn 1

Router(config-ephone-dn)#number 14000

Router(config-ephone-dn)#ephone-dn 2

Router(config-ephone-dn)#number 14500

Router(config-ephone-dn)#exit

Router(config)#

Switch Configurations:

for Switch1, Switch2 and Switch3

Switch>enable
Switch# config terminal
Switch(config)#int range f0/1-24
Switch(config-if-range)#switchport mode access
Switch(config-if-range)#switchport voice vlan 1
Switch(config-if-range)#exit
Switch(config)#

• Protocols configurations.

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router1:

Router/enable
Router# config terminal
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#version 2
Router(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 11.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 18.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router2:

Router/enable
Router# config terminal
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#version 2
Router(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0
Router(config-router)#network 10.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 13.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.14.0
Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router3:

Router*=config terminal
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#version 2
Router(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0
Router(config-router)#passive-interface g0/1
Router(config-router)#network 13.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.4.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.5.0 Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router4:

Router/enable
Router# config terminal
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#version 2
Router(config-router)#passive-interface f0/1
Router(config-router)#network 18.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.11.0
Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router5:

Router/enable
Router# config terminal
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#version 2
Router(config-router)#network 11.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 15.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 12.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 19.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 19.0.0.0

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router6:

Router/enable
Router# config terminal
Router(config)#router rip
Router(config-router)#version 2
Router(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0
Router(config-router)#network 15.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 16.0.0.0
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.15.0
Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router7:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router rip

Router(config-router)#version 2

Router(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0

Router(config-router)#passive-interface g0/1

Router(config-router)#network 16.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.7.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.8.0

Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router8:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router rip

Router(config-router)#version 2

Router(config-router)#passive-interface f0/1

Router(config-router)#network 19.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.12.0

Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router9:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router rip

Router(config-router)#version 2

Router(config-router)#network 12.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#network 14.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#network 20.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router10:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router rip

Router(config-router)#version 2

Router(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0

Router(config-router)#network 14.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#network 17.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.16.0

Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router11:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router rip

Router(config-router)#version 2

Router(config-router)#passive-interface g0/0

Router(config-router)#passive-interface g0/1

Router(config-router)#network 17.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.9.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.10.0

Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing RIP Of Router12:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router rip

Router(config-router)#version 2

Router(config-router)#passive-interface f0/1

Router(config-router)#network 20.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.13.0

Router(config-router)#no auto-summary

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router1:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router bgp 100

Router(config-router)#neighbor 10.0.0.1 remote-as 400

Router(config-router)#neighbor 11.0.0.2 remote-as 200

Router(config-router)#neighbor 18.0.0.2 remote-as 500

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router2:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router bgp 400

Router(config-router)#neighbor 10.0.0.2 remote-as 100

Router(config-router)#neighbor 13.0.0.2 remote-as 1000

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.14.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router3:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router bgp 1000

Router(config-router)#neighbor 13.0.0.1 remote-as 400

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.4.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.5.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router4:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router bgp 500

Router(config-router)#neighbor 18.0.0.1 remote-as 100

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.11.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router5:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router bgp 200

Router(config-router)#neighbor 11.0.0.1 remote-as 100

Router(config-router)#neighbor 15.0.0.2 remote-as 600

Router(config-router)#neighbor 19.0.0.2 remote-as 700

Router(config-router)#neighbor 12.0.0.2 remote-as 300

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router6:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router bgp 600

Router(config-router)#neighbor 15.0.0.1 remote-as 200

Router(config-router)#neighbor 16.0.0.1 remote-as 2000

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.15.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router7:

Router>enable

Router# config terminal

Router(config)#router bgp 2000

Router(config-router)#neighbor 16.0.0.2 remote-as 600

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.7.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Router(config-router)#network 192.168.8.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router8:

Router* config terminal
Router(config)#router bgp 700
Router(config-router)#neighbor 19.0.0.1 remote-as 200
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.12.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router9:

Router/enable
Router# config terminal
Router(config)#router bgp 300
Router(config-router)#neighbor 12.0.0.1 remote-as 200
Router(config-router)#neighbor 14.0.0.2 remote-as 800
Router(config-router)#neighbor 20.0.0.2 remote-as 900

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router10:

Router# config terminal
Router(config)#router bgp 800
Router(config-router)#neighbor 14.0.0.1 remote-as 300
Router(config-router)#neighbor 17.0.0.2 remote-as 3000
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.16.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router11:

Router*=enable
Router# config terminal
Router(config)#router bgp 3000
Router(config-router)#neighbor 17.0.0.2 remote-as 800
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.9.0 mask 255.255.255.0
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.10.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Configuration Routing BGP Of Router12:

Router*=enable
Router# config terminal
Router(config)#router bgp 900
Router(config-router)#neighbor 20.0.0.1 remote-as 300
Router(config-router)#network 192.168.13.0 mask 255.255.255.0

Results and Discussion

Based on the chosen metrics, we find that the Border Gateway Protocol consumes a higher percentage of CPU and memory than the RIP and we conclude from figure 1 that the most efficient and performance in the network is the RIP protocol.

Protocol type	BGP	RIP	
CPU	29.78 %	16.57%	
Real Memory Size	1.77 GB	1.38 GB	
Virtual Memory Size	12.50 GB	12.63 GB	
Shared Memory Size	56.3 MB	43.8 MG	
Private Memory Size	242.4 MG	154.8 MG	

Table 2 Performance of BGP and RIP

Moreover, one of the tests used to make a comparison is the packet loss rate of Routing Information Protocol and Border Gateway Protocol using the ping command, followed by the IP address of the respective device to check inter-network communication on the computer for each network.

1. Routing Information Protocol

No	Sender	Receiver	Input	Output	(%)
1	PC1	PC3	4	4	0
2	PC1	PC5	4	4	0
3	PC3	PC1	4	4	0
4	PC3	PC5	4	4	0
5	PC5	PC1	4	4	0
6	PC5	PC3	4	4	0

Table 3 Result of packet loos in RIP

2. Border Gateway Protocol

No	Sender	Receiver	Input	Output	(%)
1	PC1	PC3	4	4	0
2	PC1	PC5	4	4	0
3	PC3	PC1	4	4	0
4	PC3	PC5	4	4	0
5	PC5	PC1	4	4	0
6	PC5	PC3	4	4	0

Table 4 Result of packet loos in BGP

From the results of verifying the connection using a computer from one network to another, we can say after sending 24 packets from the sender to the receiver that the packet loss rate is 0% in both protocols used in the network.

3. Conclusion

The following conclusions may be drawn based on the results:

- 1. The routing performance of RIP and BGP is excellent; after transmitting messages numerous times, RIP and BGP routing have an average packet loss of 0%
- 2. The RIP routing method of using network space works effectively, resulting in quicker and more efficient information distribution
- 3. RIP consumes less memory.

References

- Frezzo, D. C., Behrens, J. T., Mislevy, R. J., West, P., & DiCerbo, K. E. (2009, April).
 Psychometric and evidentiary approaches to simulation assessment in Packet Tracer software. In 2009 Fifth International Conference on Networking and Services (pp. 555-560).
 IEEE.
- Tanenbaum, A. S. (1981). Network protocols. ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR), 13(4), 453-489.
- 3. Nazumudeen, N., & Mahendran, C. (2014). Performance Analysis of Dynamic Routing Protocols Using Packet Tracer. *International Journal of Innovative Research in Science, Engineering and Technology*, *3*(1), 5.
- 4. Hannan, A., Bakkre, M. J. B., Ray, R. C., & Hossain, M. S. Design and Simulation of a Banking Network System.
- 5. Javid, S. R. (2014). Role of packet tracer in learning computer networks. *International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer and Communication Engineering*, *3*(5), 6508-6511.
- Diansyah, T. M., Handoko, D., Faisal, I., Yunianti, A., Chiuloto, K., & Liza, R. (2019, November). Design Analysis of OSPF (Open Shortest Path First) Routing by Calculating Packet Loss Of Network WAN (Wide Area Network). In *Journal of Physics: Conference Series* (Vol. 1361, No. 1, p. 012087). IOP Publishing.