Assignment-2

Institute/Department: AIT/CSE

Division: 6 th

Subject Name: Technical Training

Subject Code: CSY-355

Max. Marks: 12

size++;

- 1. What is a dequeue?
- a) A queue with insert/delete defined for both front and rear ends of the queue
- b) A queue implemented with a doubly linked list
- c) A queue implemented with both singly and doubly linked lists

```
d) A queue with insert/delete defined for front side of the queue
2. Select the function which performs insertion at the front end of the dequeue?
a)
public void function(Object item)
           Node temp = new Node(item,null);
           if(isEmpty())
                      temp.setNext(trail);
                      head.setNext(temp);
           else
                      Node cur = head.getNext();
                      temp.setNext(cur);
                      head.setNext(temp);
           size++;
}
b)
public void function(Object item)
           Node temp = new Node(item,null);
           if(isEmpty())
           {
                      temp.setNext(trail);
                      head.setNext(trail);
           else
                      Node cur = head.getNext();
                      temp.setNext(cur);
                      head.setNext(temp);
```

```
}
c)
public void function(Object item)
           Node temp = new Node(item,null);
           if(isEmpty())
                      Node cur = head.getNext();
                      temp.setNext(cur);
                      head.setNext(temp);
           }
           else
                      temp.setNext(trail);
                      head.setNext(temp);
           size++;
}
d)
public void function(Object item)
           Node temp = new Node(item,null);
           if(isEmpty())
                      Node cur = head.getNext();
                      temp.setNext(cur);
                      cur.setNext(temp);
           }
           else
                      head.setNext(trail);
                      trail.setNext(temp);
           size++;
3. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?
public void function(Object item)
           Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
           if(isEmpty())
                      head.setNext(temp);
                      temp.setNext(trail);
           }
           else
                      Node cur=head.getNext();
                      while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
                      {
                                 cur=cur.getNext();
```

```
cur.setNext(temp);
           }
           size++;
}
```

- a) Insert at the front end of the dequeue
- b) Insert at the rear end of the dequeue
- c) Fetch the element at the rear end of the dequeue
- d) Fetch the element at the front end of the dequeue
- 4. Which one of the following is an application of Stack Data Structure?
- a. Managing function calls
- b. The stock span problem
- c. Arithmetic expression evaluation
- d. All of the above
- 5. Which of the following is true about linked list implementation of stack?
- a. In push operation, if new nodes are inserted at the beginning of linked list, then in pop operation, nodes must be removed from end.
- b. In push operation, if new nodes are inserted at the end, then in pop operation, nodes must be removed from the beginning.
- c. Both of the above
- d. None of the above
- 6. Pushing an element into stack already having five elements and stack size of 5, then stack becomes
- a) Overflow
- b) Crash
- c) Underflow
- d) User flow

```
7.
declare a stack of characters
while (there are more characters in the word to read)
 read a character
 push the character on the stack
while (the stack is not empty)
 pop a character off the stack
 write the character to the screen
What is output for input "geeksquiz"?
```

- a. geeksquizgeeksquiz
- b. ziugskeeg
- c. geeksquiz
- d. ziuqskeegziuqskeeg

8. What will be the output of the following C code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
 1.
 2.
        int main()
 3.
             char *str = "hello, world";
 4.
             char *str1 = "hello, world";
 5.
            if (strcmp(str, str1))
 6.
                 printf("equal");
 7.
 8.
            else
 9.
                 printf("unequal");
10.
```

- a. equal
- b. unequal
- c. Compilation error
- d. Depends on the compiler

9. What will be the output of the following C code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    char *str = "hello, world";
    char str1[9];
    strncpy(str1, str, 9);
    printf("%s %d", str1, strlen(str1));
}
```

- a. Compilation error
- b. Segmentation Fault
- c. hello, world
- d. hello, wo 9
- 10. What will be the output of the following C code?
- a. Compilation error
- b. Undefined behaviour
- c. 13
- d. 11

11. What does the following function do for a given Linked List with first node as head?

```
void fun1(struct node* head)
{
  if(head == NULL)
    return;

fun1(head->next);
  printf("%d ", head->data);
}
```

- a. Prints all nodes of linked lists
- b. Prints all nodes of linked list in reverse order
- c. Prints alternate nodes of Linked List
- d. Prints alternate nodes in reverse order
- 12. Which of the following sorting algorithms can be used to sort a random linked list with minimum time complexity?
- a. Insertion Sort
- b. Quick Sort
- c. Heap Sort
- d. Merge Sort